TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative and subject to change without notice.

Preliminary

5.7"VGA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

AA057VF02

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Aug.22,'07

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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA057VF02.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

The product specified in this document is designed for "Standard Usage" unless otherwise specified in this document. If customers intend to use the product for applications other than those specified for "Standard Usage", they should first contact MITSUBISHI sales representative for it's intended use in writing.

MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

2. OVERVIEW

AA057VF02 is 5.7" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, LED driver and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit digital data 640×480 , 262 k-color images are displayed on the 5.7" diagonal screen. Input power voltages are 3.3 V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via CMOS interface per Typ. 25 MHz clock cycle.

General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	115.2 (H) × 86.4 (V) (5.7-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	640 × 3 (H) × 480 (V)
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.18(H) × 0.18(V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white TN
Number of Color	262k
Luminance (cd/m²)	400
Wide Viewing Angle Technology	Optical compensation film
Viewing Angle (CR ≥ 10)	-80~80° (H) −60~80° (V)
Surface Treatment	Clear and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	CMOS
Optimum Viewing Angle (Contrast ratio)	6 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	135.0 (W) × 104.6 (H) × 8.85 (D)
Module Mass (g)	TBD
Backlight Unit	LED

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	6.5	V
Backlight (LED) Voltage	VL	TBD	TBD	V
Backlight ON-OFF	BLEN	TBD	TBD	V
Light Dimming Control Voltage	VBRT	TBD	TBD	V
Operation Temperature (Panel) Note 1.2)	Top(Panel)	-30	80	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) Note 2)	$T_{\mathrm{op}(\mathrm{Ambient})}$	-30	80	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{stg}}$	-30	80 /	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

[Note]

- 1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface
- 2) Top,Tstg ≤ 40°C: 90%RH max. without condensation

Top,Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT- LCD

Ambient temperature: $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

					THIS TOTAL CO		
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)	
Power Supply Current	ICC	(CA)	TBD	TBD	mA	*2)	
Permissive Input Ripp	ole Voltage	VRP			100	mVp-p	VCC=+3.3V
High		VIH	2.0		5.5	V	
Logic Input Voltage	Low	VIL	0		0.8	V	

^{*1)} Power and signals sequence:

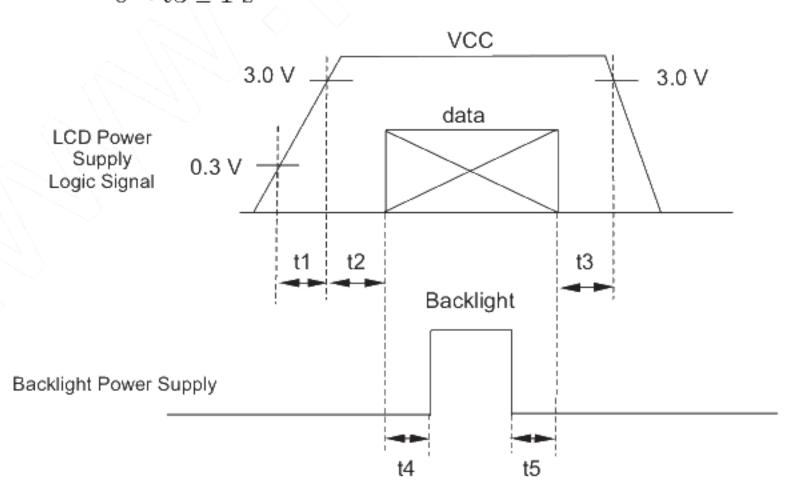
 $0 < t1 \le 20 \text{ ms}$

 $200 \text{ ms} \le t4$

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ ms}$

 $0 \le t5$

 $0 \le t3 \le 1 \text{ s}$

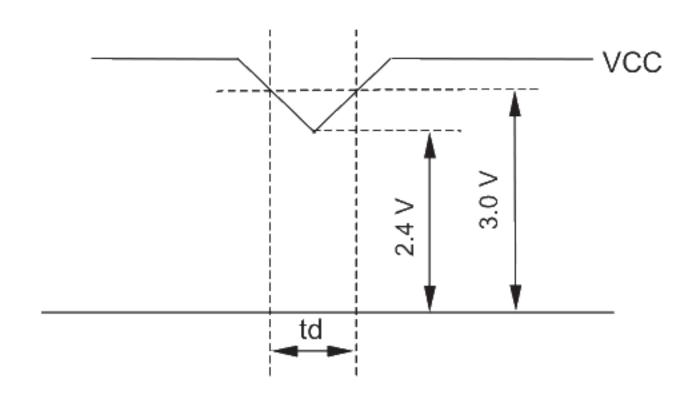


data: RGB DATA, DCLK, DENA, R/L, U/D

VCC-dip conditions:

- 1) When $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{VCC} < 3.0 \text{ V}$, $\text{td} \le 10 \text{ ms}$
- 2) When $VCC \le 2.4 \text{ V}$

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



*2) Typical current condition:

64- gray- bar-pattern 480 line mode

 $VCC = +3.3 \text{ V}, f_H=31.5 \text{kHz}, f_V=60 \text{Hz}, f_{CLK}=25 \text{MHz}$

(2) Backlight

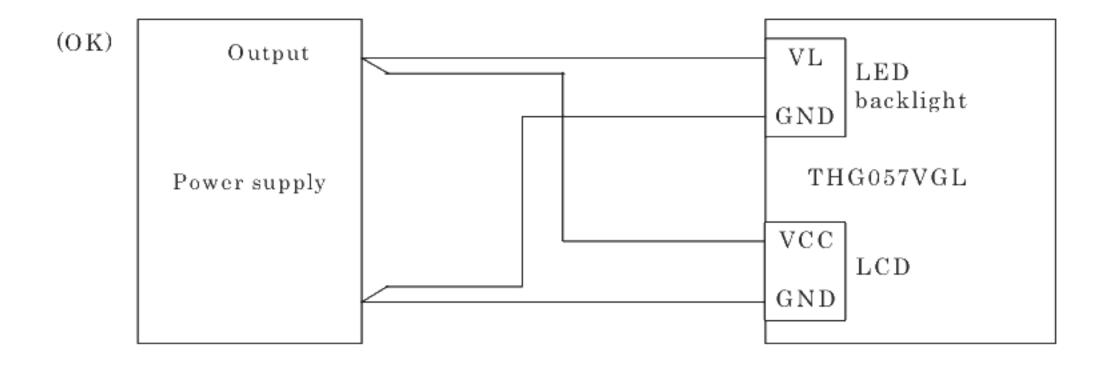
Ta=25°C

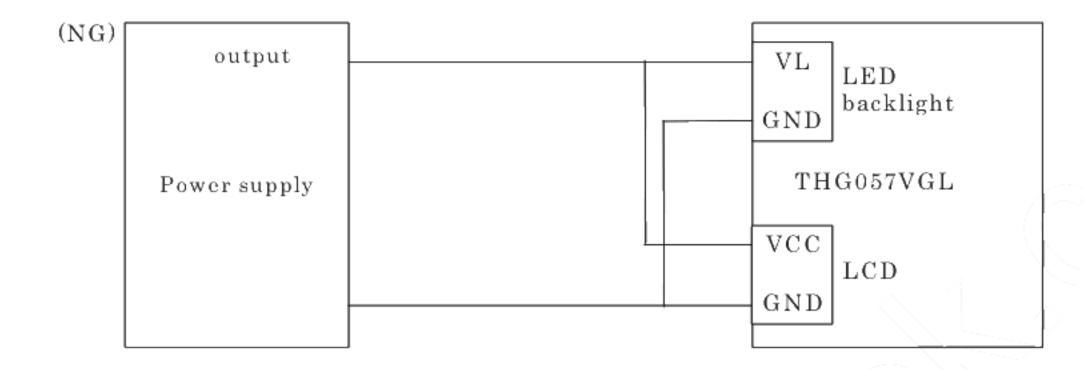
(2) Dackingin							1a-25 C
ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
LED Voltage		VL	3.0	//	5.5	V	
LED Cumont		11		TBD	TBD	mA	VL=3.3 V, IF=TBD mA
LED Current			/	TBD	TBD	mA	VL=5.0 V, IF=TBD mA
Fannand Cumont		112	TBD	TBD	TBD	mA	VBRT=TBD V
Forward Current		IF	<(\)	TBD		mA	VBRT=TBD V
D1-1: -1-4 ON OFF	High	DLEN	0.8VL		VL	V	ON
Backlight ON-OFF	Low	BLEN	0		0.2VL	V	OFF
LED Life Time		LT	50000			h	*2), IF= TBD mA Continuous Operation

^{*1)} LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.

- *2) Comply with the LED power-on sequence of VL→BLEN, VBRT, and LED power-off sequence of BLEN, VBRT→VL.
- *3) When supplying LCD power and backlight power from a same power supply, the wirings of VCC and LCD GND pair should be separated completely from VL and LED backlight GND pair.

 The multi-drop type wiring for LCD power and backlight power might cause flicker on display by each circuit interferences.





5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(Interface Signal)

Used connector: 08-6260-018-340-8298 (ELCO)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	HD	Horizontal sync signal *1)
4	VD	Vertical sync signal *1)
5	GND	
6	R0	Red data signal(LSB)
7	R1	Red data signal
8	R2	Red data signal
9	R3	Red data signal
10	R4	Red data signal
11	R5	Red data signal(MSB)
12	GND	
13	G0	Green data signal(LSB)
14	G1	Green data signal
15	G2	Green data signal
16	G3	Green data signal
17	G4	Green data signal
18	G5	Green data signal(MSB)
19	GND	
20	В0	Blue data signal(LSB)
21	B1	Blue data signal
22	B2	Blue data signal
23	В3	Blue data signal
24	B4	Blue data signal
25	В5	Blue data signal(MSB)
26	GND	
27	DENA	Data enable signal (to settle the viewing area)
28	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
29	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
30	R/L	Right/Left scanning direction (Low=Normal, High=Right/Left Reverse)
31	U/D	Up/Down scanning direction (Low=Normal, High=Up/Down Reverse)
32	NC	No Connect
33	GND	GND

^{*1)} HD and VD are not being used for timing control.

^{*2)} The shielding case is connected with GND

Backlight-side connector: 08-6260-033-340-8298 (ELCO)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VL	
2	VL	
3	VL	
4	VL	Lamp Voltage
5	VL	
6	VL	
7	VL	
8	VL	
9	BLEN	Backlight ON-OFF (High:ON, Low:OFF)
10	VBRT	Light Dimming Control Voltage
11	GND	
12	GND	
13	GND	
14	GND	GND
15	GND	
16	GND	
17	GND	
18	GND	

6. INTERFACE TIMING

(1) Timing Specifications

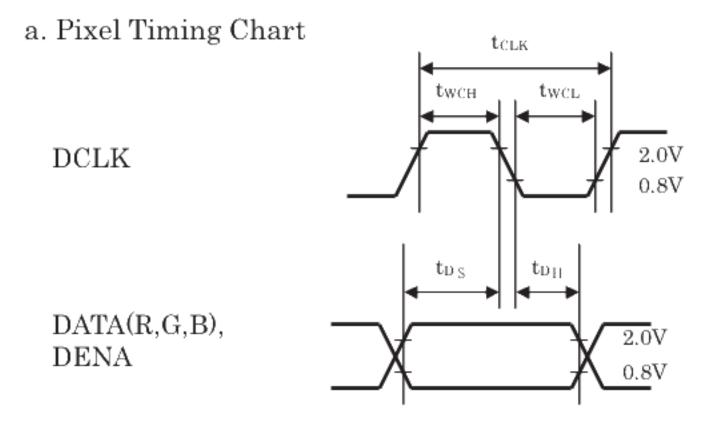
	ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Frequency		$f_{\rm CLK}$	20	25	30	MHz
D. GT. 11	Period		tclk	33.3	40	50	ns
DCLK	Low Width		twcl	10			ns
	High Width	1	twch	10			ns
DATA(R,G,B),	Set up time);	t_{DS}	4			ns
DENA	Hold time		${ m t_{DH}}$	4			ns
		Active Time	$t_{ m HA}$	640	640	640	tclk
	Horizontal	Blanking Time	$t_{ m HB}$	20	160		$t_{\rm CLK}$
		Frequency	f_{H}	27	31.5	38	kHz
D		Period	t _H	26.3	31.7	37.0	μs
DENA		Active Time	tvA	480	480	480	t_{H}
	Wantical	Blanking Time	tvB	3	45		t_{H}
	Vertical	Frequency	fv	55	60	70	Hz
		Period	tv	14.3	16.7	18.2	ms

[Note]

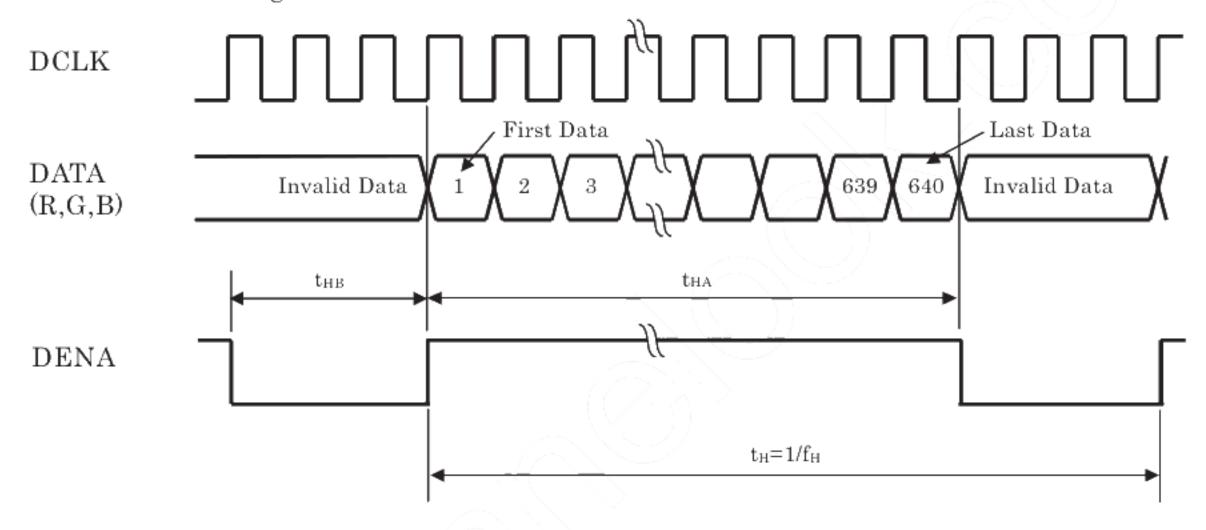
- 1) DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.
- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

$$t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$$

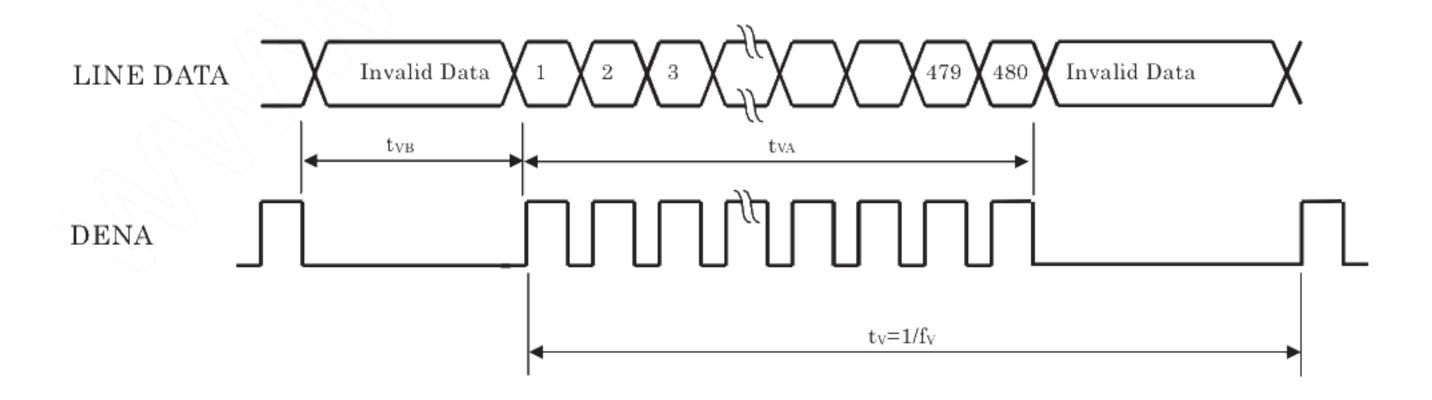
(2) Timing Chart



b. Horizontal Timing Chart



c. Vertical Timing Chart



(3) Color Data Assignment

(5) Color	· Data Assign	INPUT DATA																	
~~~		R DATA					G DATA						B DATA						
CO	OLOR	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	В4	В3	B2	В1	В0
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DED							ļ												
RED							ļ						ļ						
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN						4(	- -	.,					- - - - -						= = = = = = =
GREEN							ļ						<u> </u>						
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0 <	0	<u></u> 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE			<u> </u>				ļ												
DLOE							ļ						ļ						
4	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
[NT . 1	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

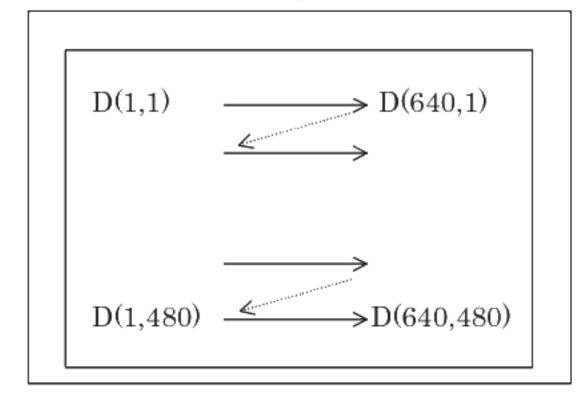
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

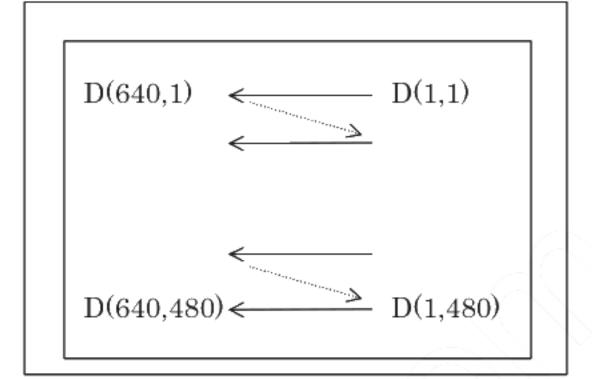
#### (4) Display Position and Scan Direction

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing PCB.

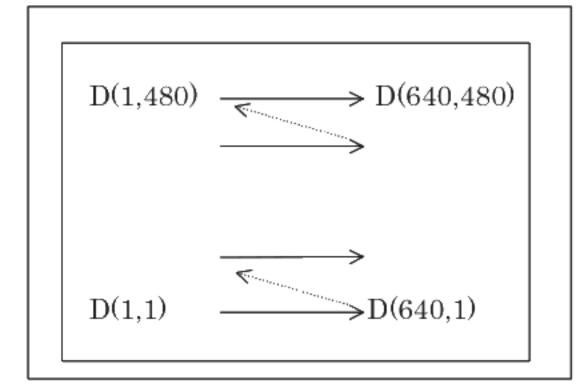
 $R/L=Low,\ U/D=High$ 



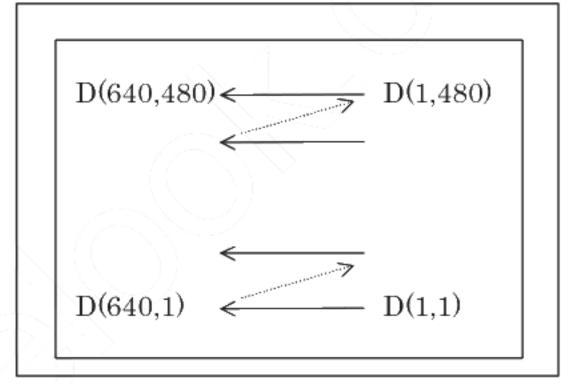
R/L=High, U/D=High



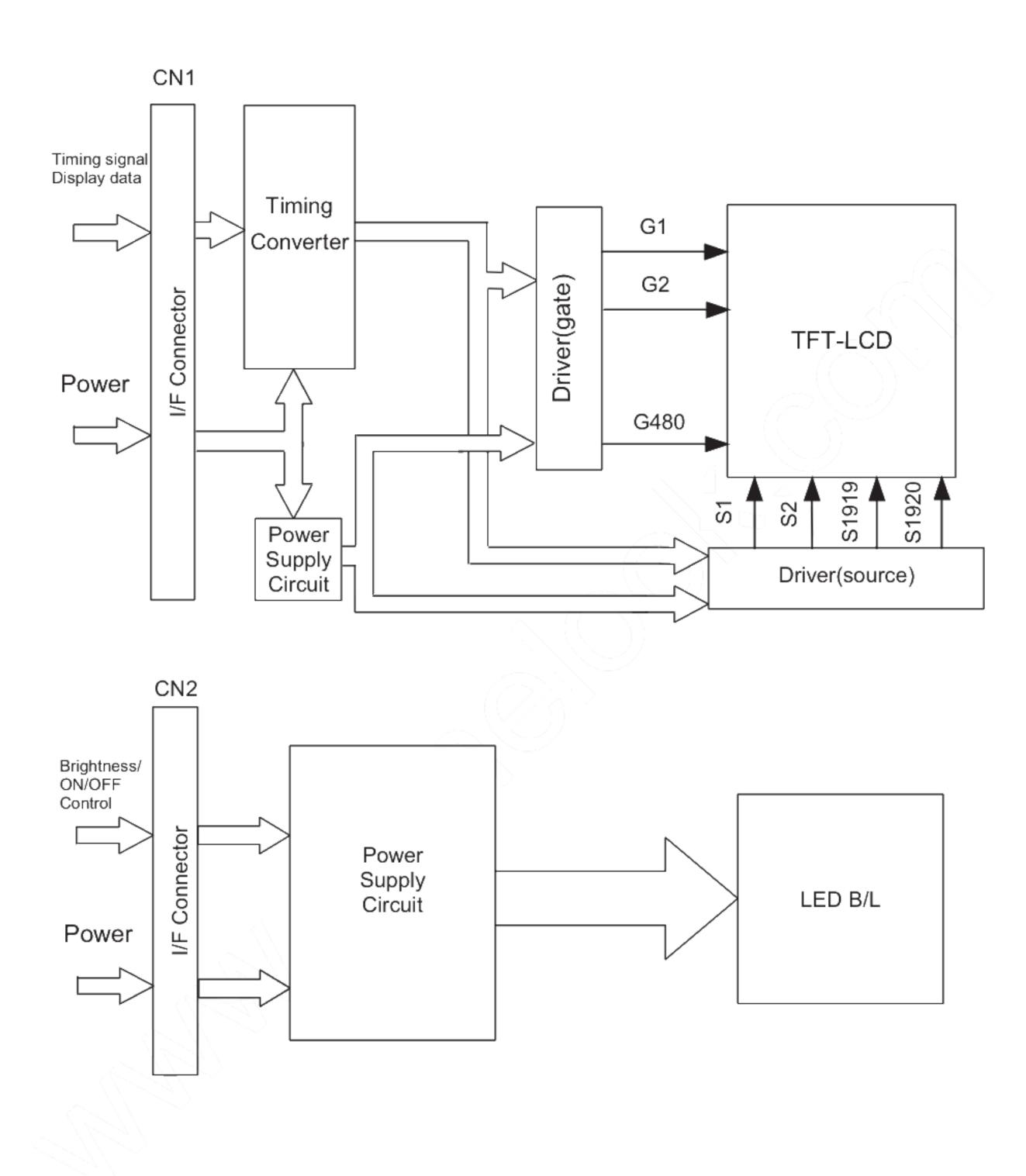
 $R/L=Low,\ U/D=Low$ 



 $R/L=High,\ U/D=Low$ 

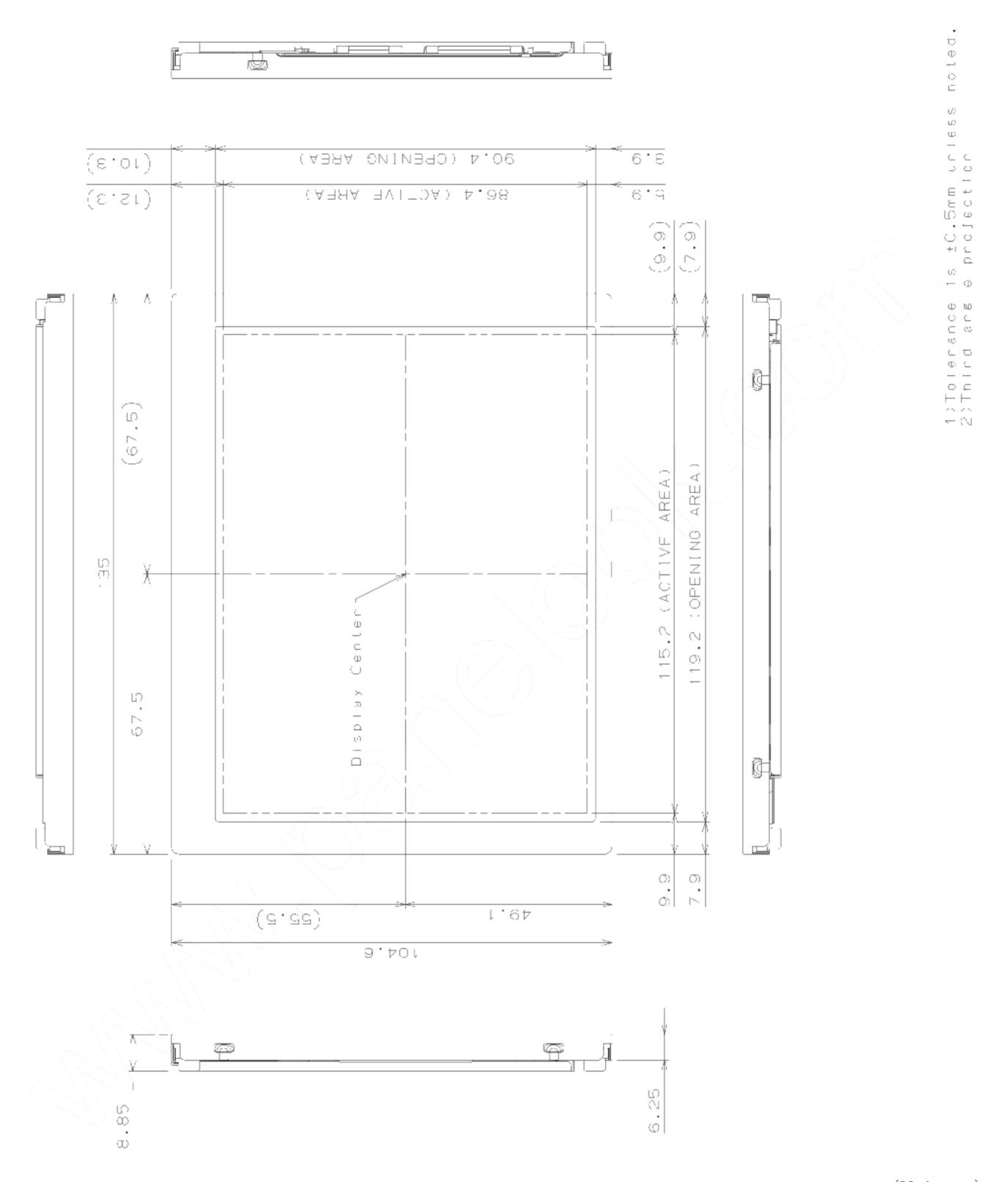


# 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM

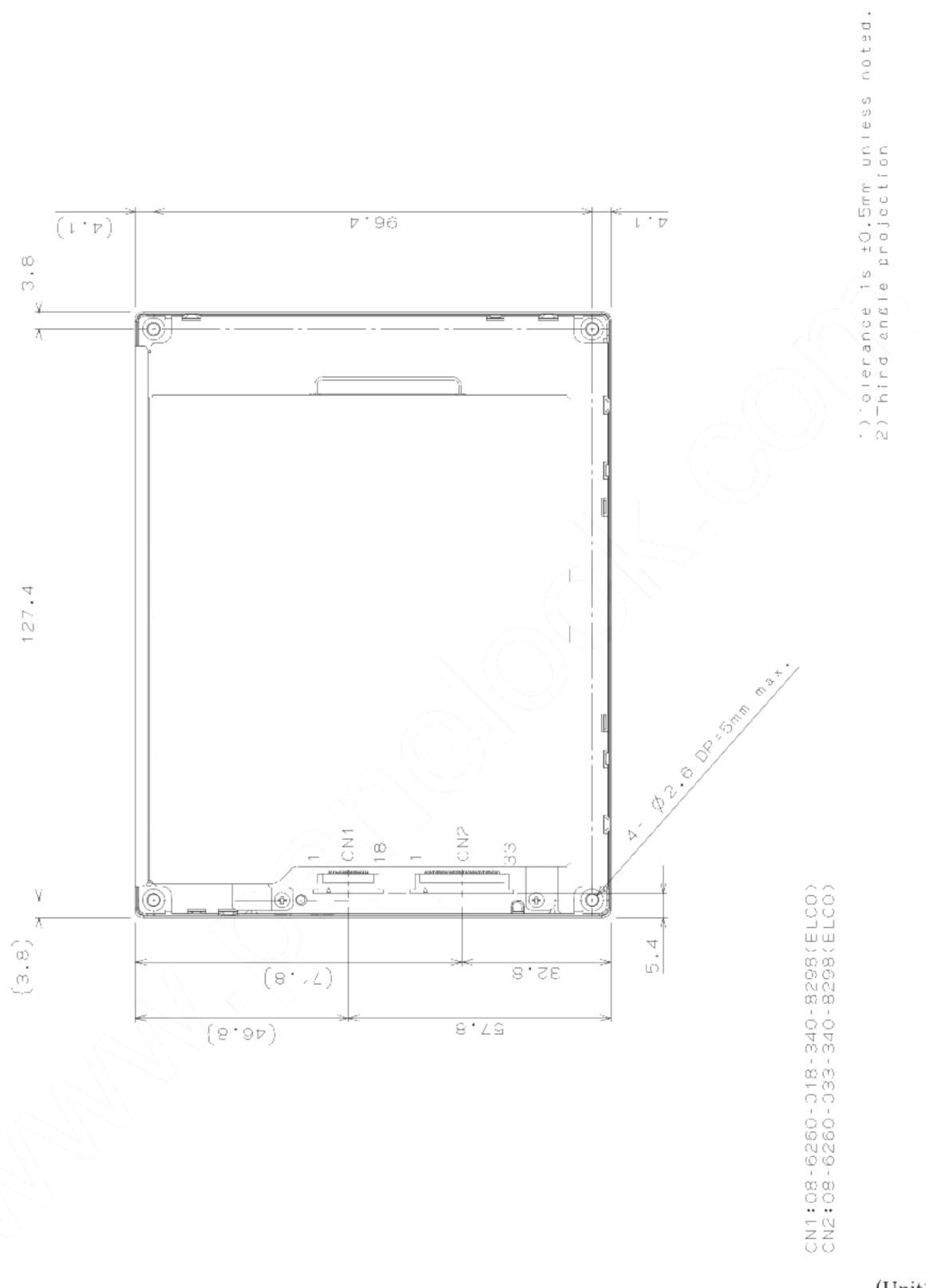


# 8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

# (1) Front Side



(Unit:mm)



(Unit:mm)

#### 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

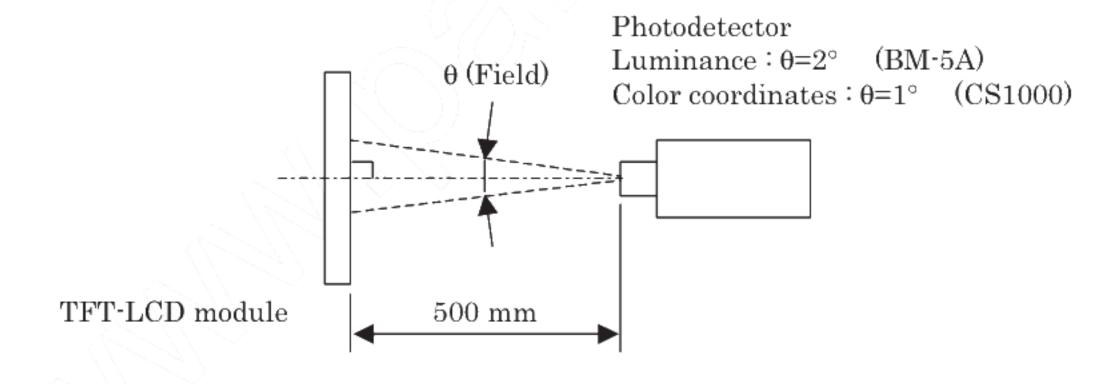
Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3 V, Input Signals: Typ. Values shown in Section 6

ITE	M	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	io	CR	CR $\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$		600			*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \ \theta_H=0^\circ$	320	400		cd/m²	*1)*5)
Luminance U	Jniformity	$\Delta Lw$	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\;\theta_H=0^\circ$			30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Daguanga Tin		tr	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \ \theta_H=0^\circ$		5		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Response Tir	ne	tf	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \ \theta_H=0^\circ$		20		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing	Horizontal	θн	CD > 10	-65~65	-80~80		٥	*1)*5)
Angle	Vertical	$\theta_{\rm V}$	CR ≥ 10	-50~65	-60~80		٥	*1)*5)
Image Sticki	ng	tis	2 h			2	s	*6)
	Red	Rx		TBD	TBD	TBD		
		Ry		TBD	TBD	TBD		
Color	Green	Gx		TBD	TBD	TBD		
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\;\theta_H=0^\circ$	TBD	TBD	TBD		*1)*5)
	Blue	Bx		TBD	TBD	TBD	/	
		By		TBD	TBD	TBD		
	White			TBD	TBD	TBD		
		Wy		TBD	TBD	TBD		

[Note]

These items are measured using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, EZContrast(ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

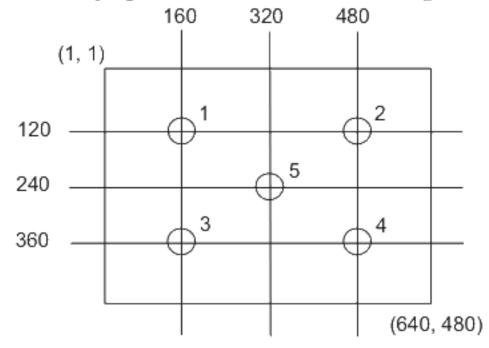
Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

#### *1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below

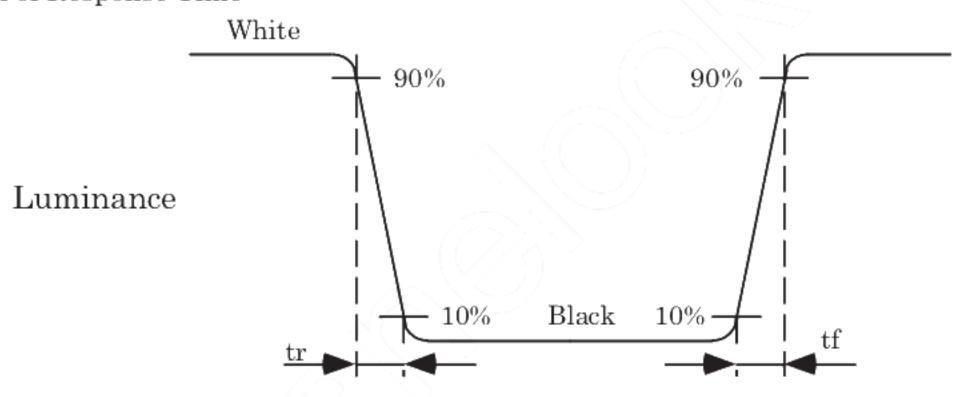


#### *2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

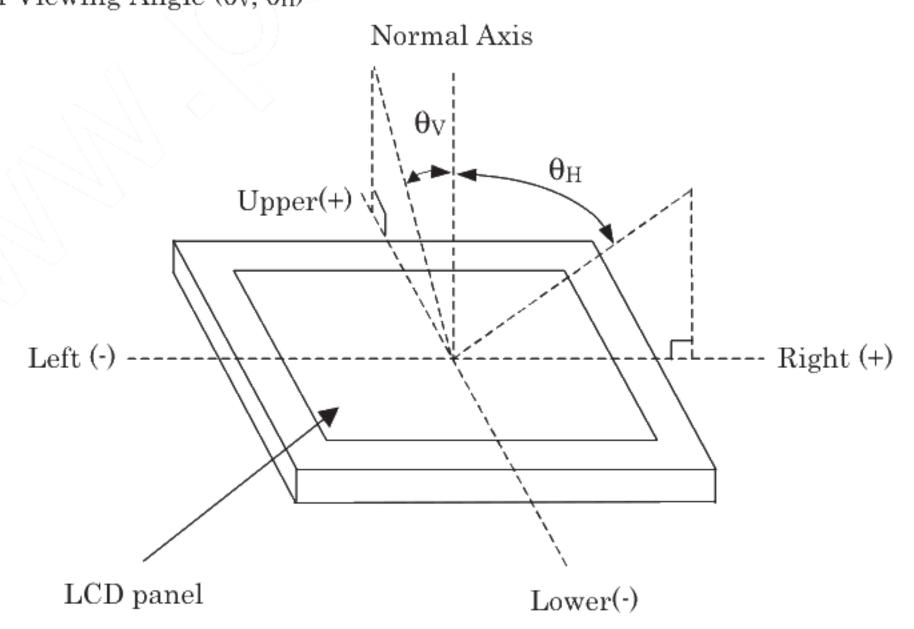
CR=Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels

# *3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity $\Delta Lw=[Lw(MAX)/Lw(MIN)-1] \times 100$

# *4) Definition of Response Time

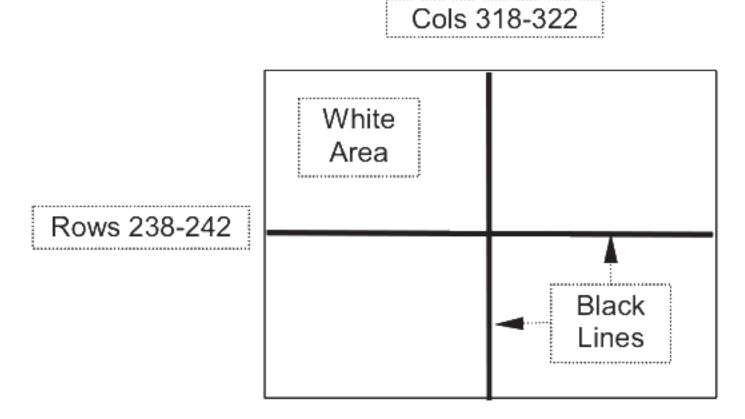


# *5) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_V$ , $\theta_H$ )



# *6) Image Sticking

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

# 10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

#### (1) Temperature and Humidity

ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	−30°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	−30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	BETWEEN –30°C(1 h) and 80°C(1 h), 100 CYCLES

#### (2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	Shock level: 1470m/s² (150G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs
VIBRATION (NON-OPERATION)	Vibration level: 9.8m/s² (1.0G)  Waveform: sinusoidal  Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz  Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min  Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually  perpendicular axis(total 3 hours)

#### (3) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

# 11. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with RoHS*) directive.

*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

#### 12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

#### (1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque (recommended value: TBD Nm). Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
  - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
  - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
  - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
  - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
  - (e) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interface the LCD module. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
  - (f) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source TCP, gate TCP, control circuit board and FPCs during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.
- e. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- f. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- g. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- h. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- i. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.
- j. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- k. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.

#### (2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change

- of ambient temperature.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. Even if image sticking happens, it may disappear as the operation time proceeds.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

#### (3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

#### (4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of high humidity and high temperature such as 60°C90%RH.
- b. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of low temperature; below -30°C.

#### (5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

#### (6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight and strong UV rays.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings;
  - (a) Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
  - (b) Please do not pile them up more than 5 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.
  - (c) Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
  - (d) Packaging box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)