

**TENTATIVE**

**All information in this technical data sheet is tentative  
and subject to change without notice.**

# **5.7"VGA**

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

**AA057VF12**

**mitsubishi**  
**MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.**

Date: Dec.26,'11

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# 1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA057VF12.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

## (1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

## (2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

## (3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

The product specified in this document is designed for "Standard Usage" unless otherwise specified in this document. If customers intend to use the product for applications other than those specified for "Standard Usage", they should first contact MITSUBISHI sales representative for it's intended use in writing.

MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

## 2. OVERVIEW

AA057VF12 is 5.7" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, LED driver and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit digital data  $640 \times 480$ , 262k-color images are displayed on the 5.7" diagonal screen. Input power voltages are 3.3 V for LCD driving and 5.0 V for backlight unit.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via CMOS interface per Typ. 25 MHz clock cycle.

This product has LED driving circuit inside. The LED driving circuit has DC light dimming function, which is controlled by DC voltage.

General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	115.2 (H) $\times$ 86.4 (V) (5.7-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	$640 \times 3$ (H) $\times$ 480 (V)
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.18(H) $\times$ 0.18(V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white
Number of Color	262k
Luminance (cd/m <sup>2</sup> )	1100
Viewing Angle (CR $\geq$ 10)	-80~80° (H), -60~80° (V)
Surface Treatment	Clear and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	CMOS
Viewing Direction	Higher Contrast ratio: 6 o'clock Less gray scale reversal: 12 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	135.0 (W) $\times$ 104.6 (H) $\times$ 8.85 (D)
Module Mass (g)	165
Backlight Unit	LED

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

### 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	6.0	V
Backlight Input Voltage	VL	-0.6	6.5	V
Backlight ON-OFF	BLEN	-0.6	6.5	V
Light Dimming Control Voltage	VBRT	-0.6	6.5	V
Operation Temperature (Panel) <small>Note 1,2)</small>	T <sub>op(Panel)</sub>	-20	70	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) <small>Note 2)</small>	T <sub>op(Ambient)</sub>	-20	70	°C
Storage Temperature <small>Note 2)</small>	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30	80	°C

[Note]

1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface

2) Top, T<sub>stg</sub> ≤ 40°C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top, T<sub>stg</sub> > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

### 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT- LCD

Ambient temperature: Ta = 25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)
Power Supply Current for LCD	ICC	--	300	440	mA	*2)
Permissive Input Ripple Voltage	VRP	--	--	100	mVp-p	VCC=+3.3V
Logic Input Voltage	High	VIH	2.0	--	5.5	V
	Low	VIL	0	--	0.8	V

\*1) Power and signals sequence:

$$0.1 \text{ ms} \leq t_1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$$

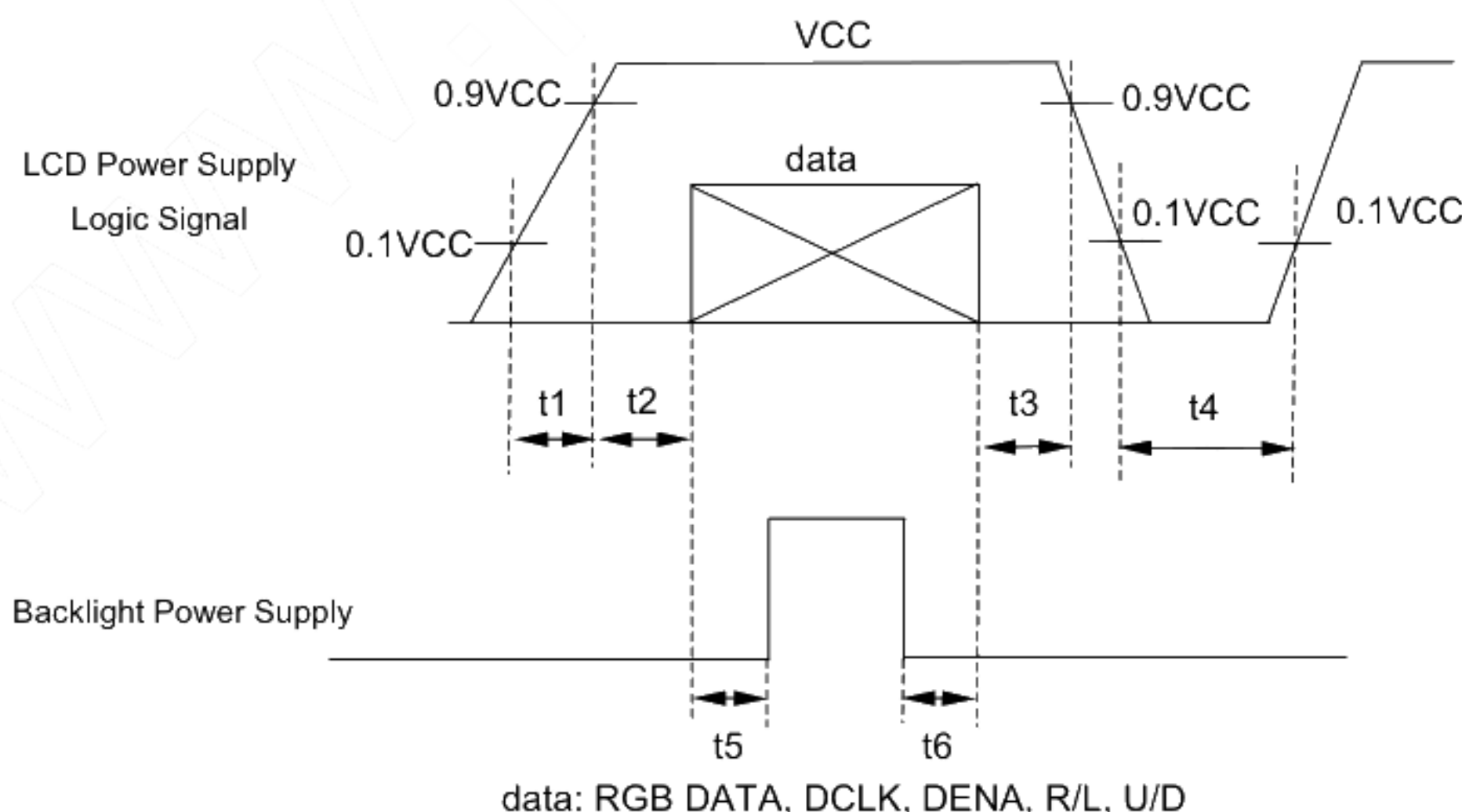
$$0 < t_2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$0 < t_3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t_4$$

$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t_5$$

$$0 \leq t_6$$

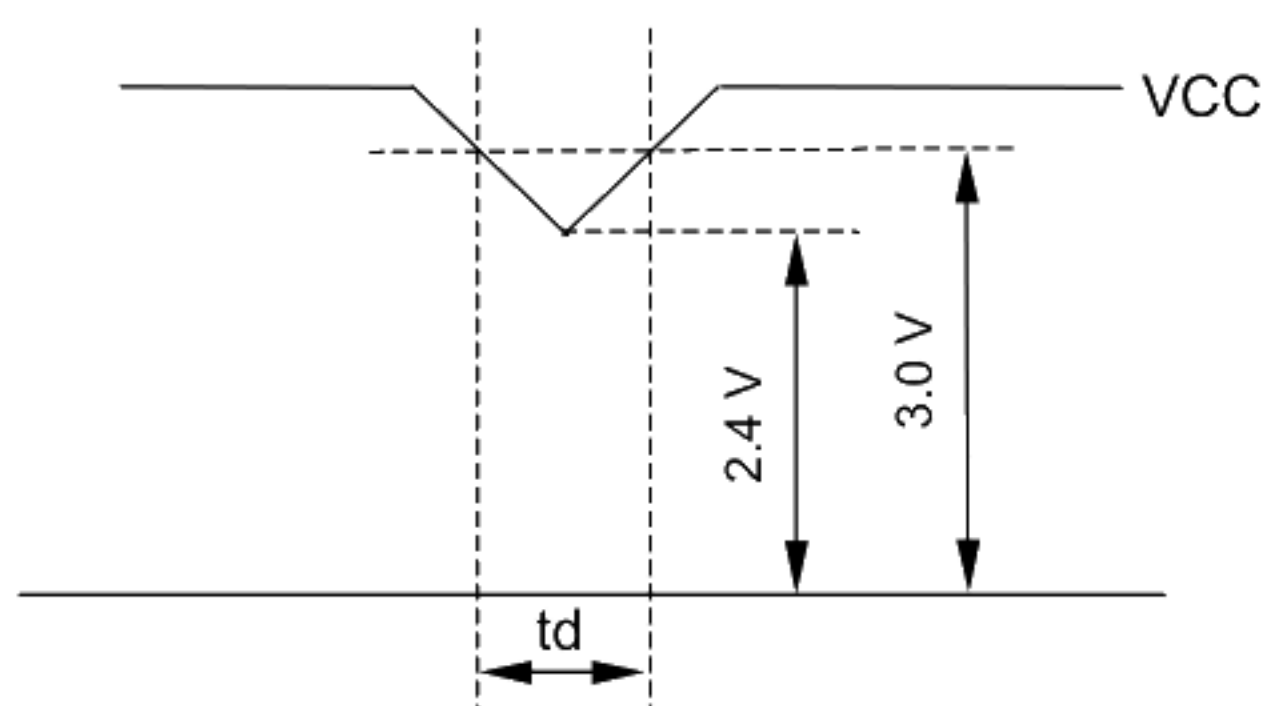


VCC-dip conditions:

1) When  $2.4\text{ V} \leq VCC < 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $t_d \leq 10\text{ ms}$

2) When  $VCC < 2.4\text{ V}$

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



\*2)  $VCC = +3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $f_H=31.5\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_V=60\text{ Hz}$ ,  $f_{CLK}=25\text{ MHz}$

Display image at typical power supply current value is 64-gray-bar pattern (6 bit), 480 line mode.

\*3) Fuse

Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
VCC	FCC16162AB	Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd.	*)

\*) The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

(2) Backlight

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Input Voltage		VL	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	*4)
Input Current		IL	--	680	870	mA	VL = 5.0 V, VBRT = 0 V
Backlight ON-OFF	High	BLEN	0.8VL	--	VL	V	ON
	Low		0	--	0.2VL	V	OFF
LED Life Time		LT	80,000	100,000	--	h	*1), *2)
Light Dimming Control Voltage		VBRT	0	--	2.5	V	*5), 0V: Max. Luminance 2.5V: Min Luminance (Luminance:0)

\*1) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.

\*2) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.

\*3) Comply with the LED power-on sequence of VL→BLEN, VBRT, and LED power-off sequence of BLEN, VBRT→VL.

\*4) Fuse

Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
VL	TF16SN3.15T	KOA	*)

\*) The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

\*5) In the dimming range of brightness ratio 0~20% flicker may be visible.



## 5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(Interface Signal)

Used connector: 08 6260 033 340 829+ (KYOCERA ELCO)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	HD	Horizontal sync signal *1)
4	VD	Vertical sync signal *1)
5	GND	
6	R0	Red data signal(LSB)
7	R1	Red data signal
8	R2	Red data signal
9	R3	Red data signal
10	R4	Red data signal
11	R5	Red data signal(MSB)
12	GND	
13	G0	Green data signal(LSB)
14	G1	Green data signal
15	G2	Green data signal
16	G3	Green data signal
17	G4	Green data signal
18	G5	Green data signal(MSB)
19	GND	
20	B0	Blue data signal(LSB)
21	B1	Blue data signal
22	B2	Blue data signal
23	B3	Blue data signal
24	B4	Blue data signal
25	B5	Blue data signal(MSB)
26	GND	
27	DENA	Data enable signal (to settle the viewing area)
28	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
29	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
30	R/L	Right/Left scanning direction (Low=Normal, High=Right/Left Reverse)
31	U/D	Up/Down scanning direction (Low=Normal, High=Up/Down Reverse)
32	NC	This pin should be open.
33	GND	GND

\*1) HD and VD are not being used for timing control.

\*2) Metal frame is connected to signal GND.

(2) CN 2 (Backlight)

Backlight-side connector: 08 6260 018 340 829+ (KYOCERA ELCO)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VL	Lamp Voltage
2	VL	
3	VL	
4	VL	
5	VL	
6	VL	
7	VL	
8	VL	
9	BLEN	Backlight ON-OFF (High:ON, Low:OFF)
10	VBRT	Light Dimming Control Voltage
11	GND	GND
12	GND	
13	GND	
14	GND	
15	GND	
16	GND	
17	GND	
18	GND	



## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### (1) Timing Specifications

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	20	25	30	MHz
	Period	t <sub>CLK</sub>	33.3	40	50	ns
	Low Width	t <sub>WCL</sub>	10	--	--	ns
	High Width	t <sub>WCH</sub>	10	--	--	ns
DATA(R,G,B), DENA	Set up time	t <sub>DS</sub>	4	--	--	ns
	Hold time	t <sub>DH</sub>	4	--	--	ns
DENA	Horizontal	Active Time	t <sub>HA</sub>	640	640	t <sub>CLK</sub>
		Blanking Time	t <sub>HB</sub>	20	160	t <sub>CLK</sub>
		Frequency	f <sub>H</sub>	27	31.5	kHz
		Period	t <sub>H</sub>	26.3	31.7	μs
	Vertical	Active Time	t <sub>VA</sub>	480	480	t <sub>H</sub>
		Blanking Time	t <sub>VB</sub>	4	45	t <sub>H</sub>
		Frequency	f <sub>V</sub>	55	60	Hz
		Period	t <sub>V</sub>	14.3	16.7	ms

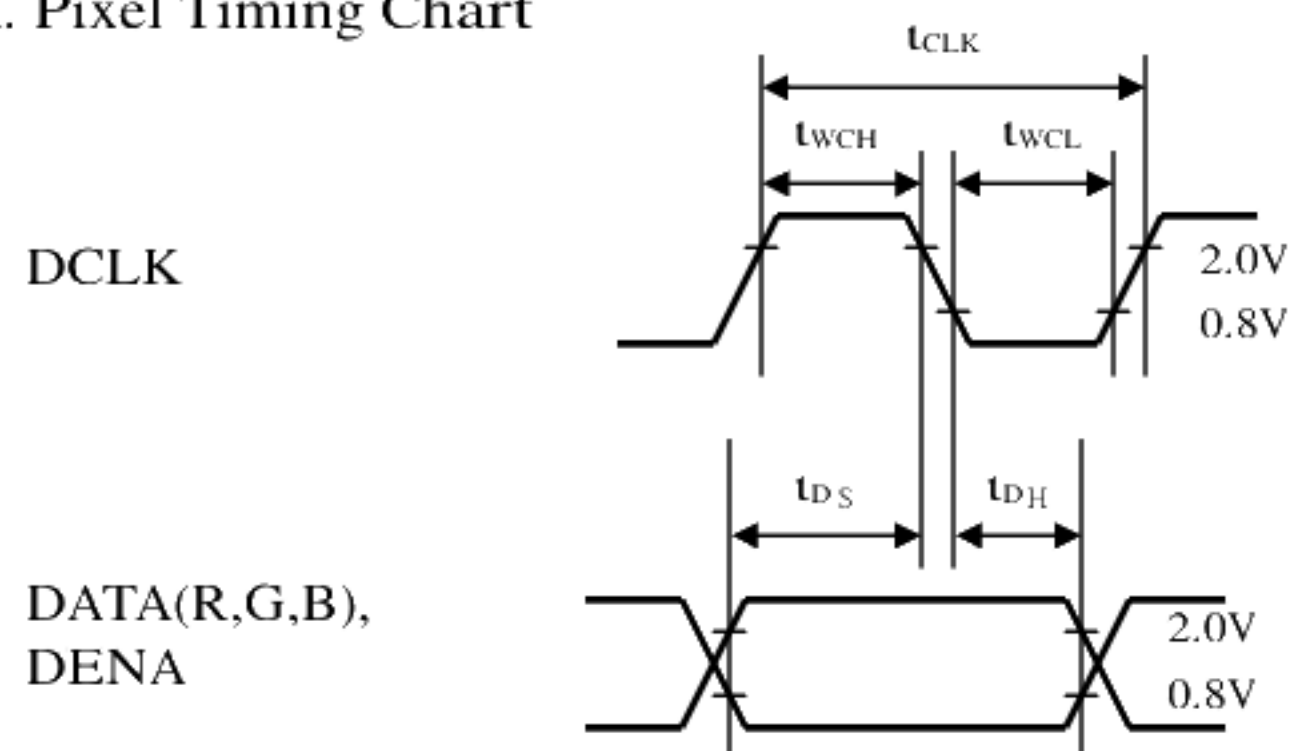
[Note]

- 1) DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.
- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

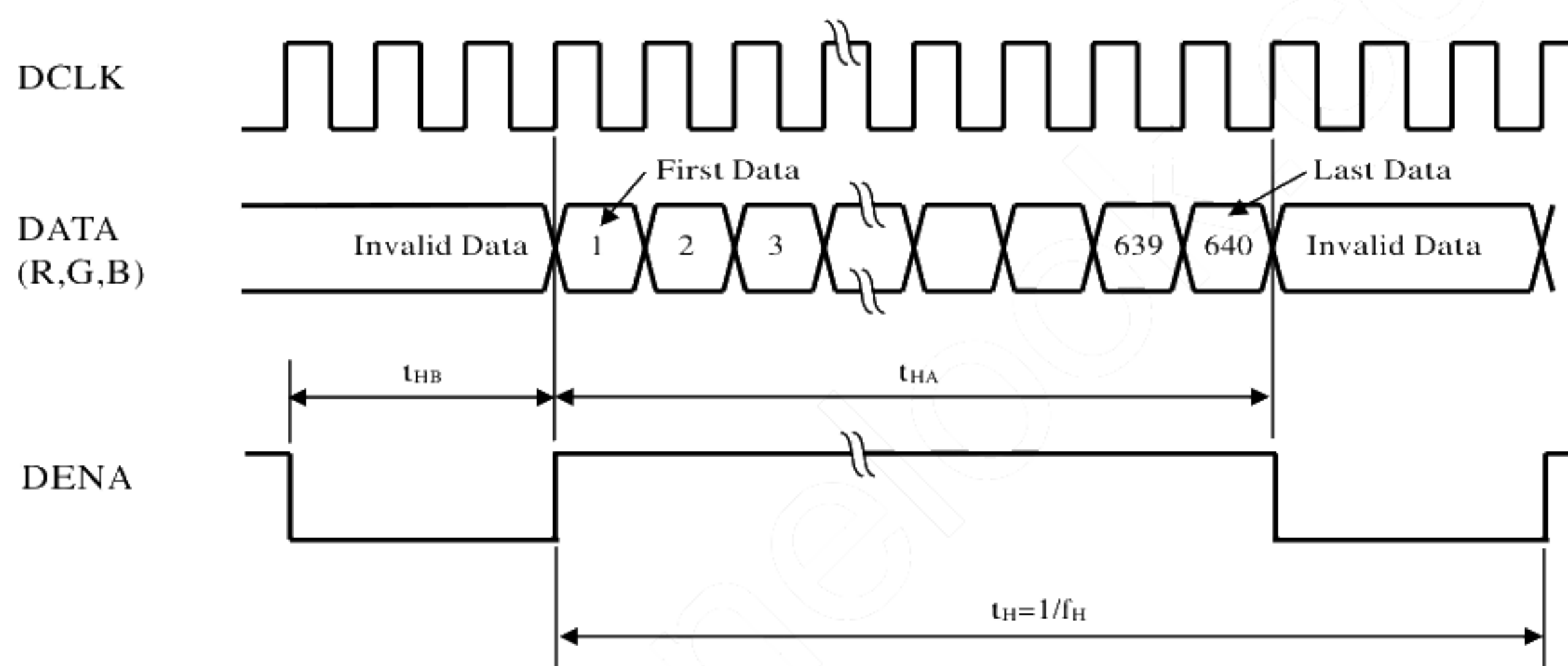
$$t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$$

## (2) Timing Chart

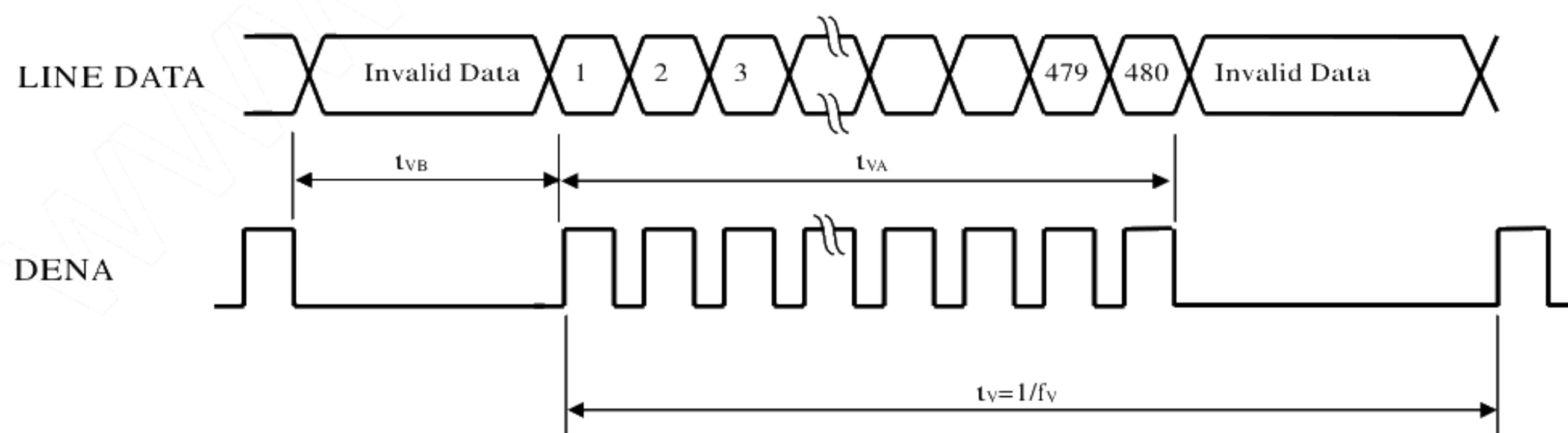
### a. Pixel Timing Chart



### b. Horizontal Timing Chart



### c. Vertical Timing Chart



### (3) Color Data Assignment

COLOR		INPUT DATA																	
		R DATA						G DATA						B DATA					
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

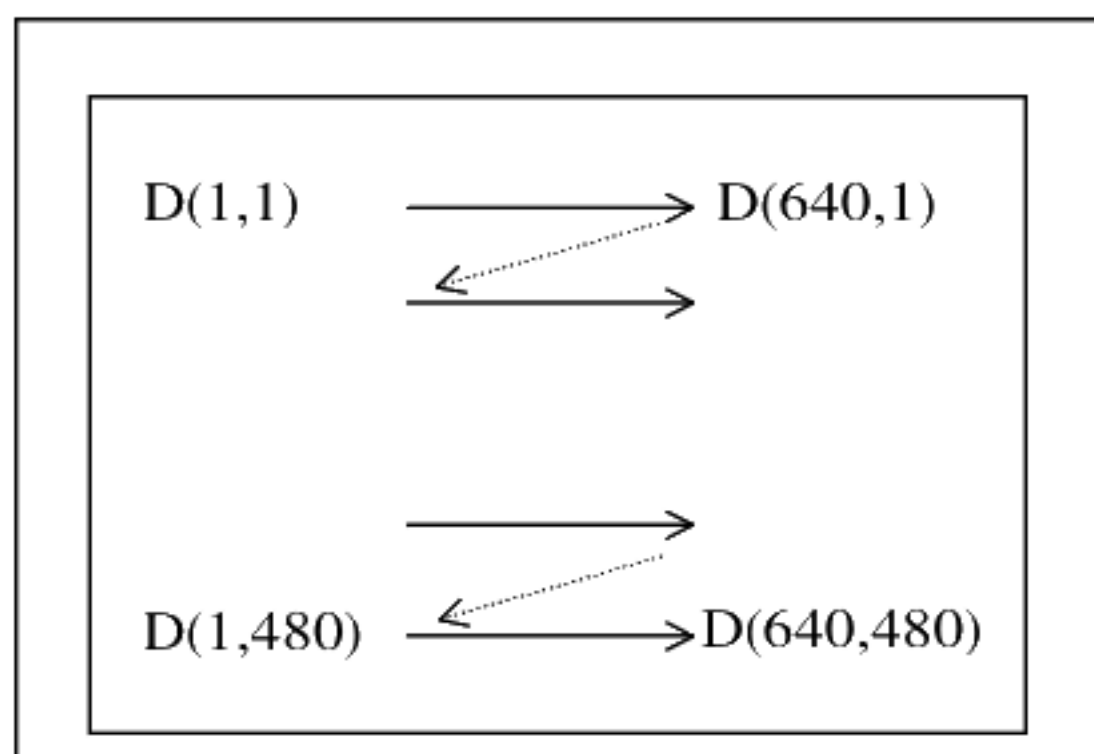
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

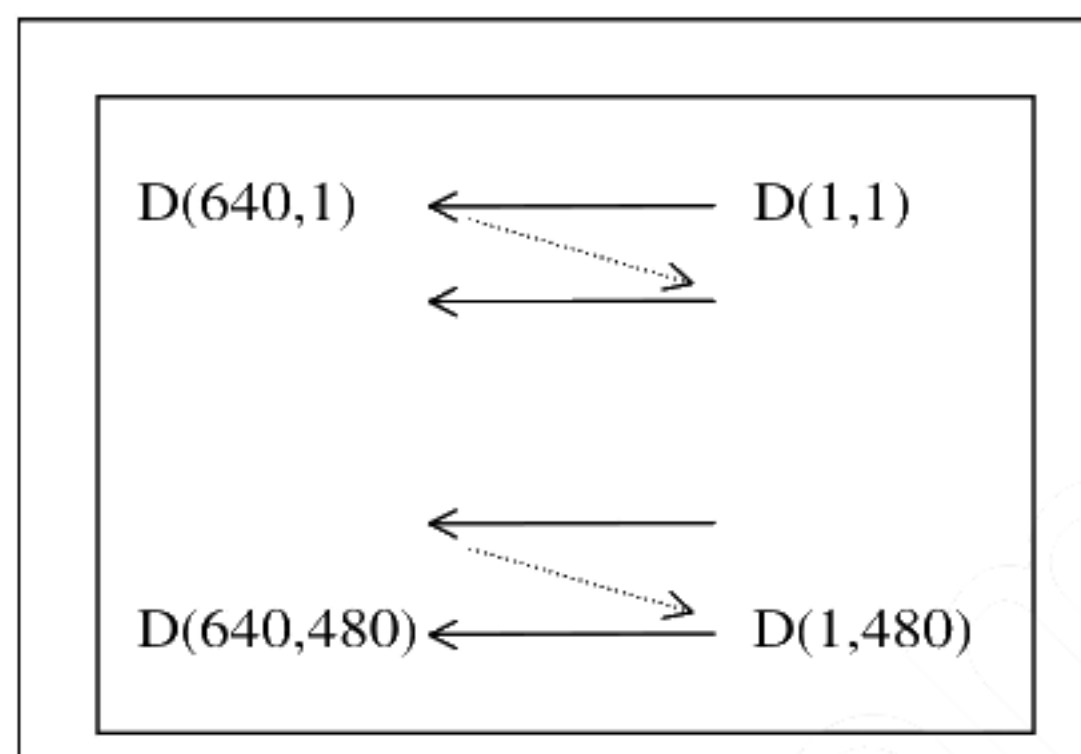
#### (4) Display Position and Scan Direction

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal.

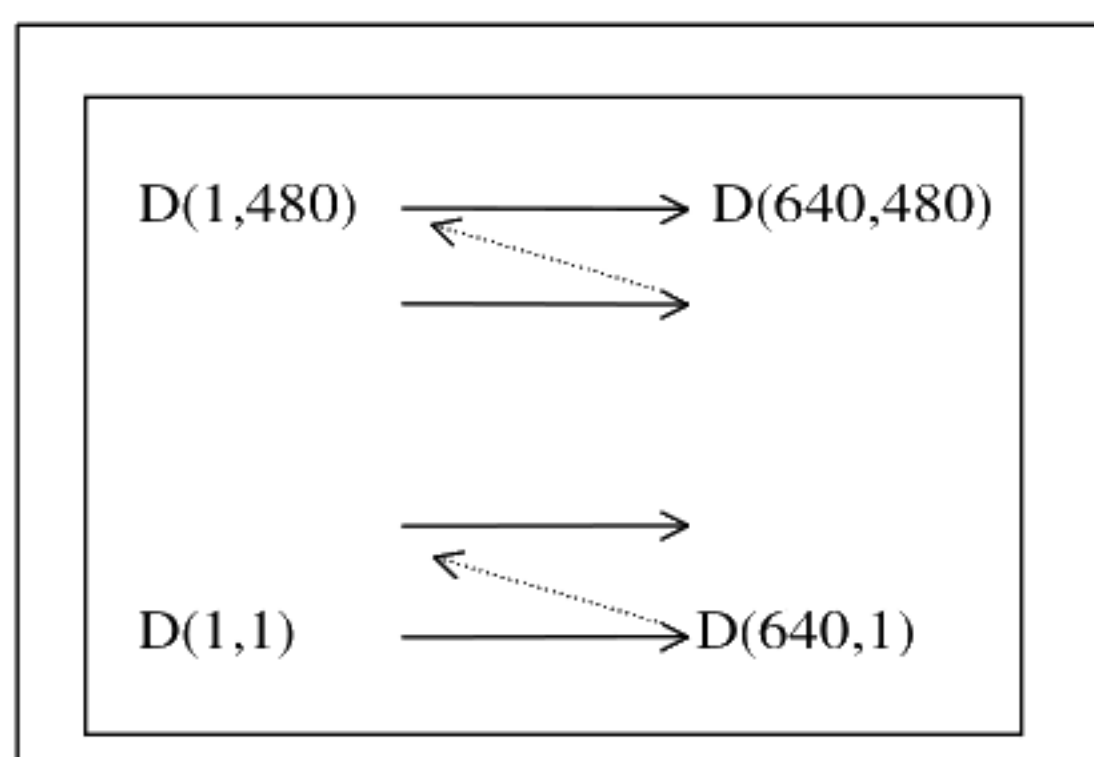
R/L=Low, U/D=Low



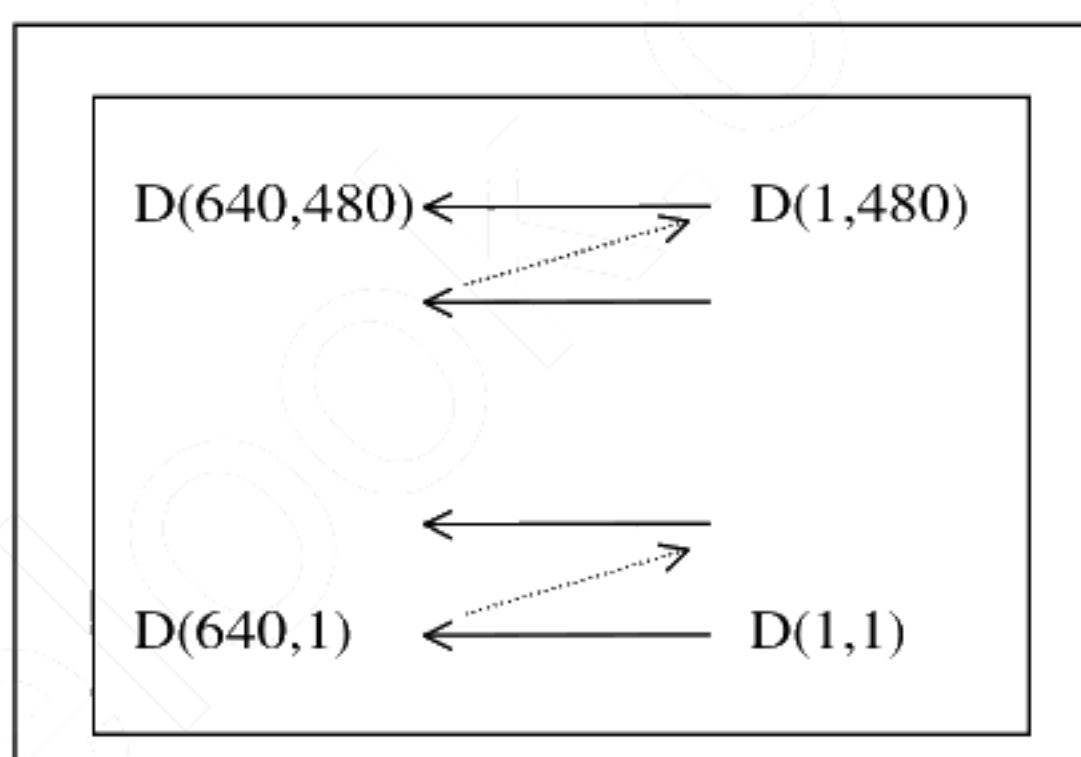
R/L=High, U/D= Low



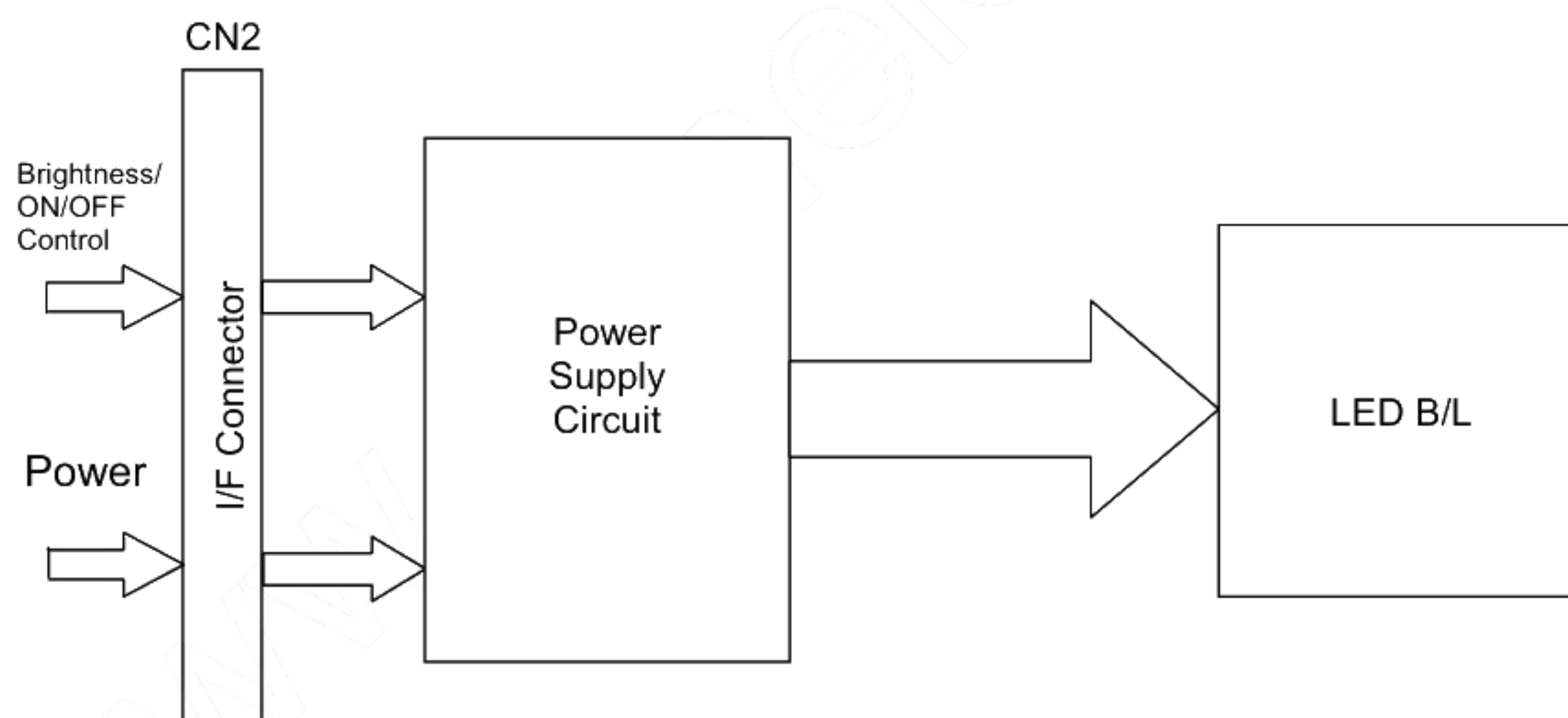
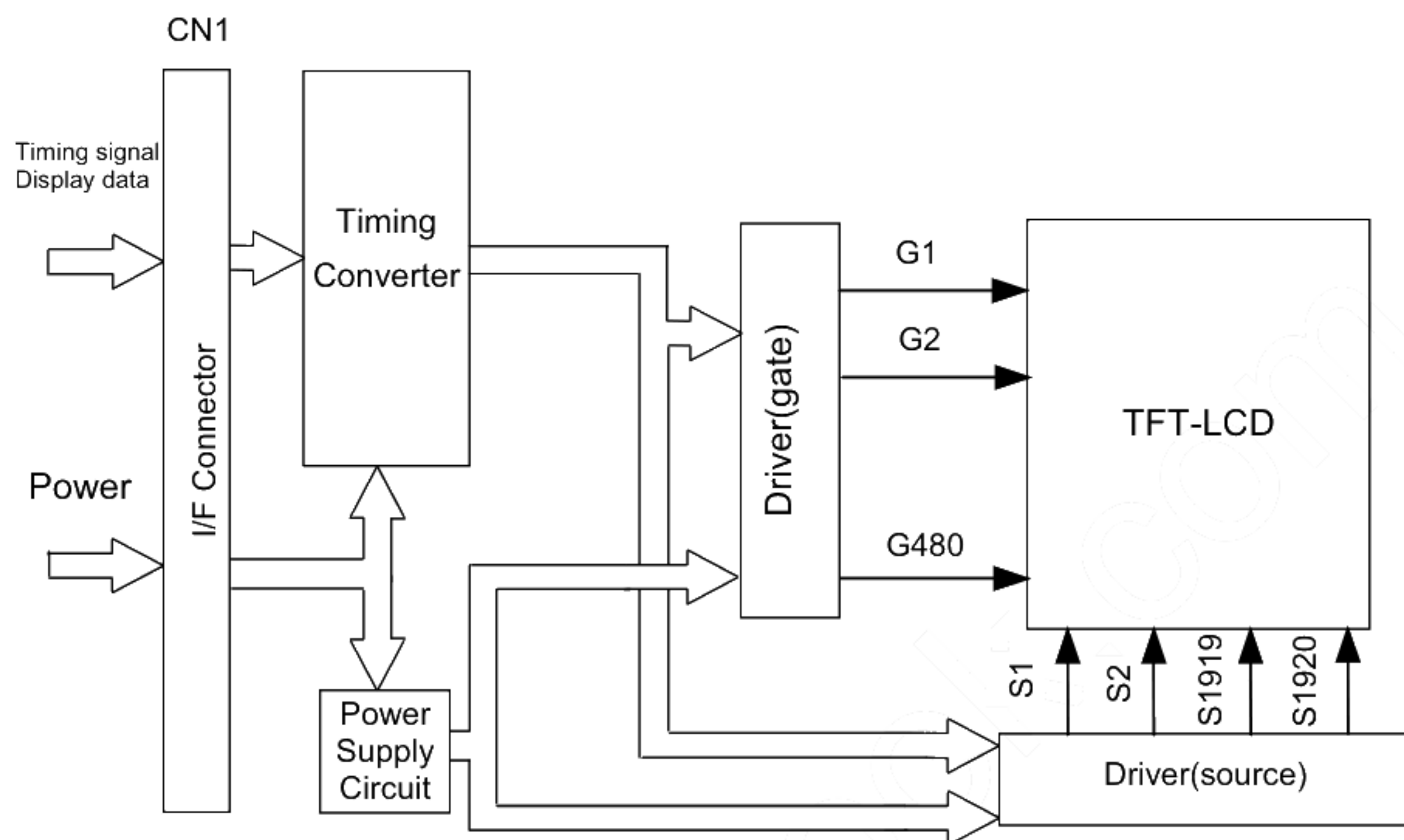
R/L=Low, U/D=High



R/L=High, U/D=High

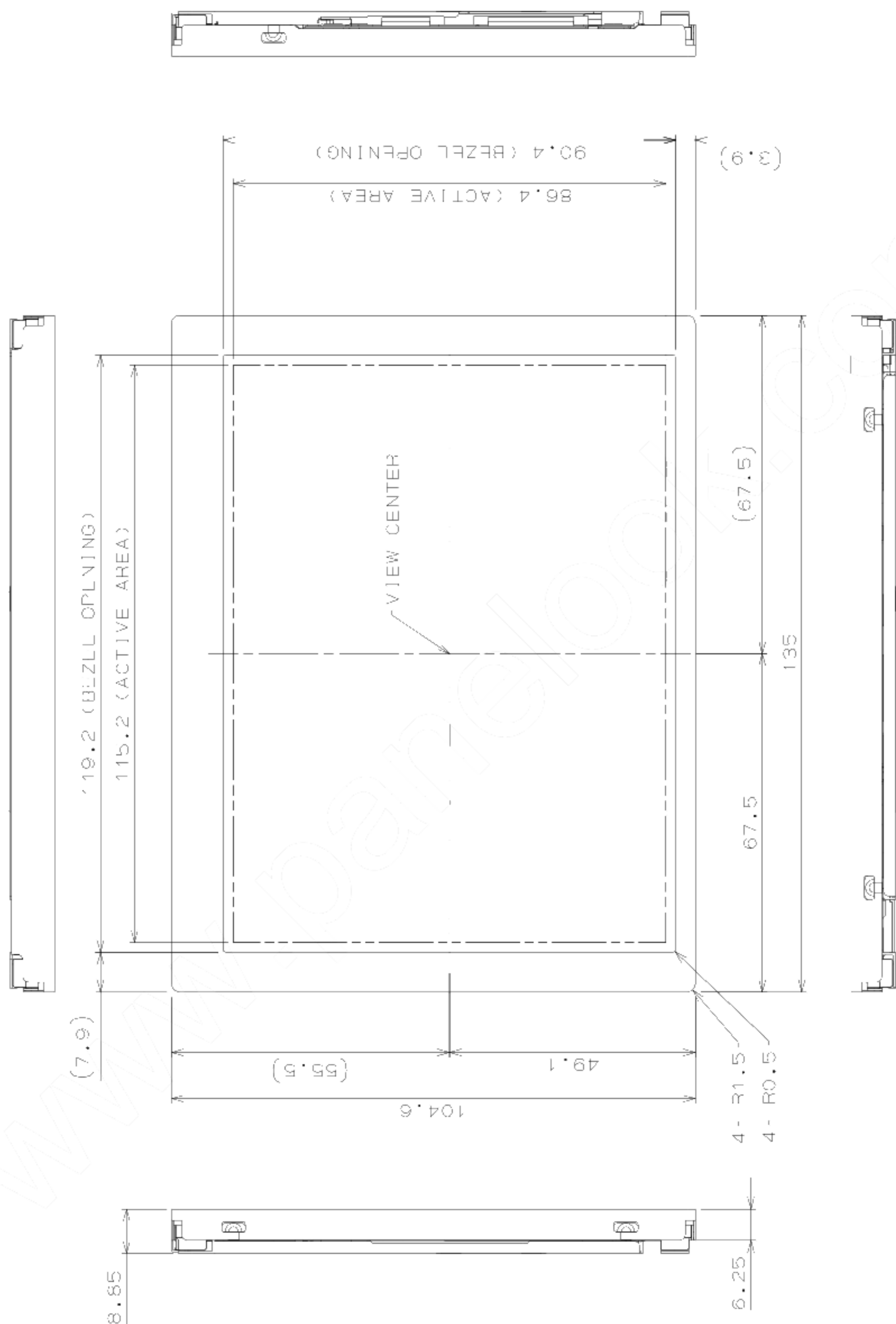


## 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



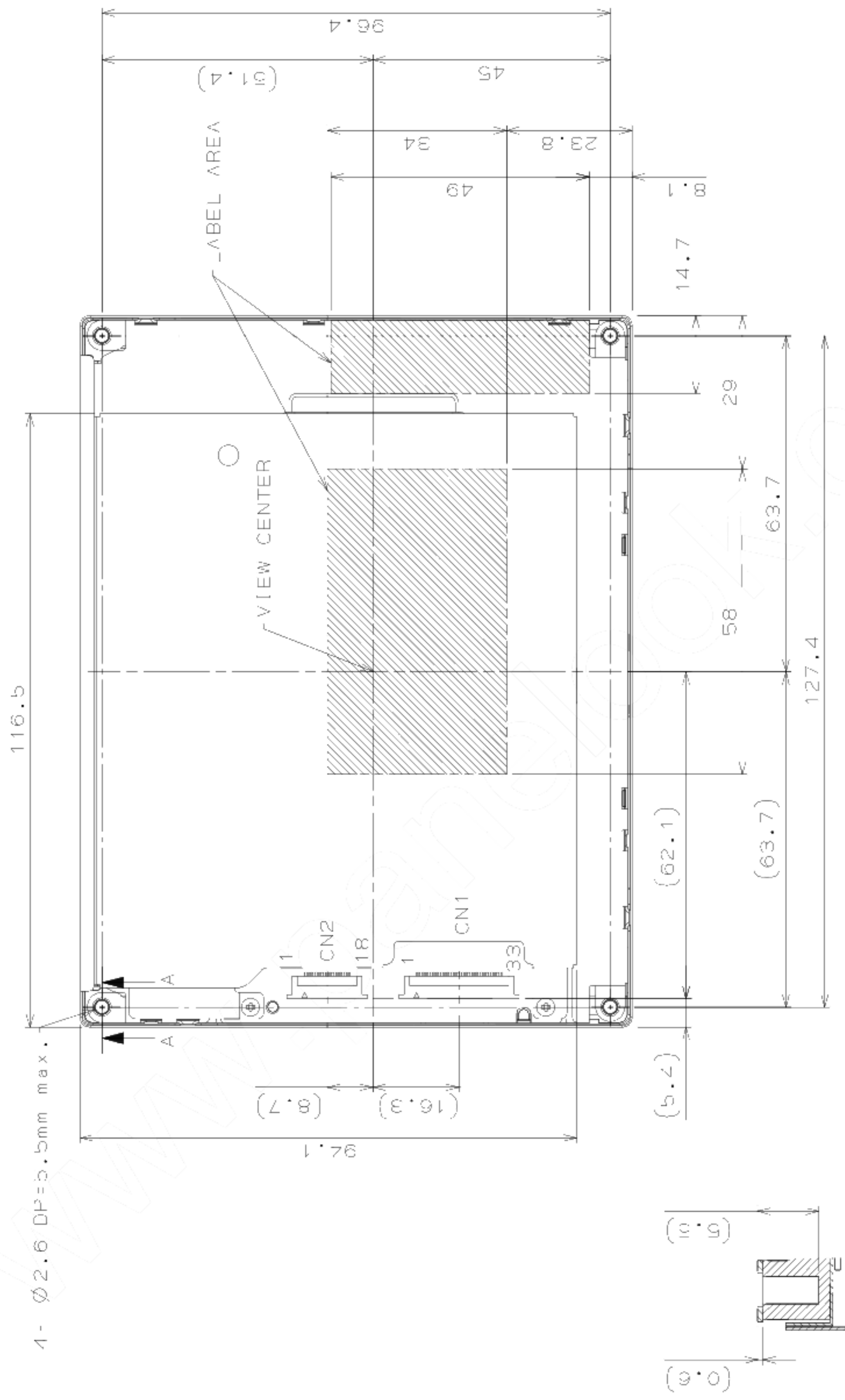
8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side



AA057VF12  
1)Tolerance is ±0.5mm unless noted.  
2)Third angle projection

(Unit:mm)



AA057VF12  
1) Tolerance is  $\pm 0.5$ mm unless noted.  
2) Third angle projection

CN1: 08 6260 033 340 829+ (KYOCERA ELCO)  
CN2: 08 6260 018 340 829+ (KYOCERA ELCO)

(Unit:mm)



## 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3 V, VL=5.0V, Input Signals: Typ. values shown in Section 6

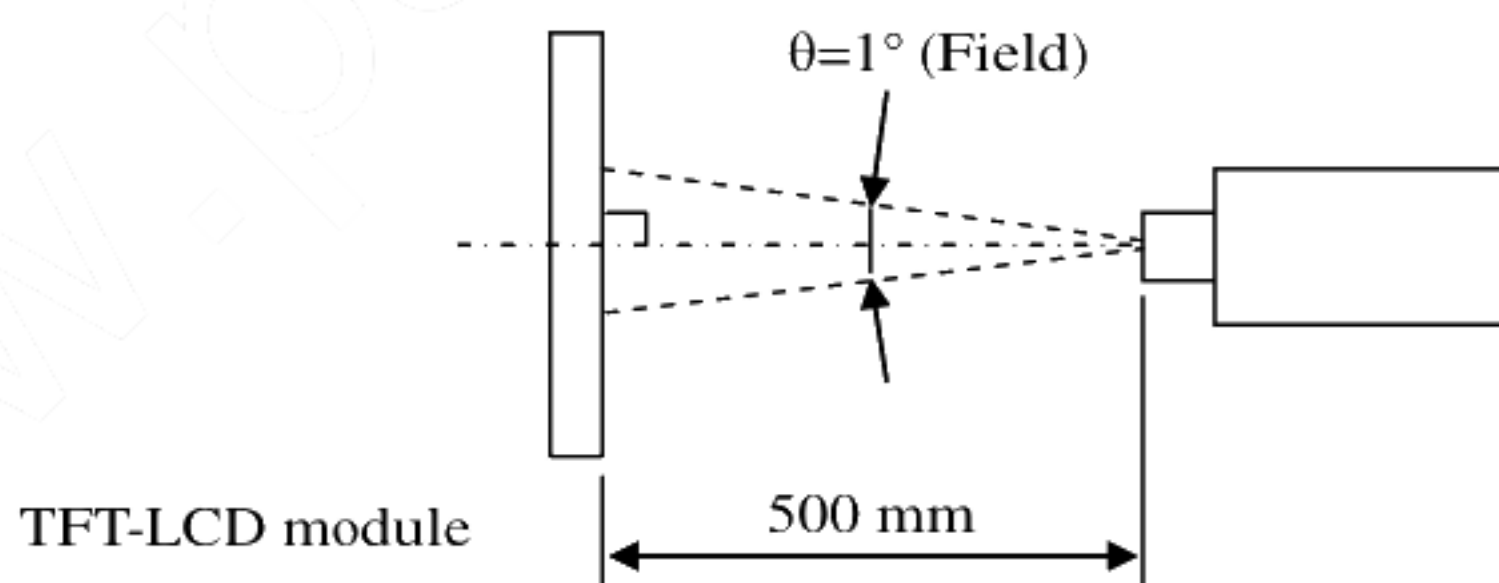
ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	390	600	--	--	*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	880	1100	--	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	*1)*5)
Luminance Uniformity		$\Delta Lw$	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	--	30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Response Time		tr	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	5	--	ms	*1)*4)*5)
		tf	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	20	--	ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	$\theta_H$	CR $\geq 10$	-65~65	-80~80	--	°	*1)*5)
	Vertical	$\theta_V$		-45~65	-60~80	--	°	*1)*5)
Image Sticking		tis	2 h	--	--	2	s	*6)
Color Coordinates	Red	Rx	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	0.553	0.593	0.633	--	*1)*5)
		Ry		0.308	0.348	0.388		
	Green	Gx		0.301	0.341	0.381		
		Gy		0.545	0.585	0.625		
	Blue	Bx		0.114	0.154	0.194		
		By		0.092	0.132	0.172		
	White	Wx		0.273	0.313	0.353		
		Wy		0.289	0.329	0.369		

[Note]

These items are measured using EZContrast (ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS2000 (Minolta) or equivalent equipment for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

Condition: VBRT = 0 V

Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.

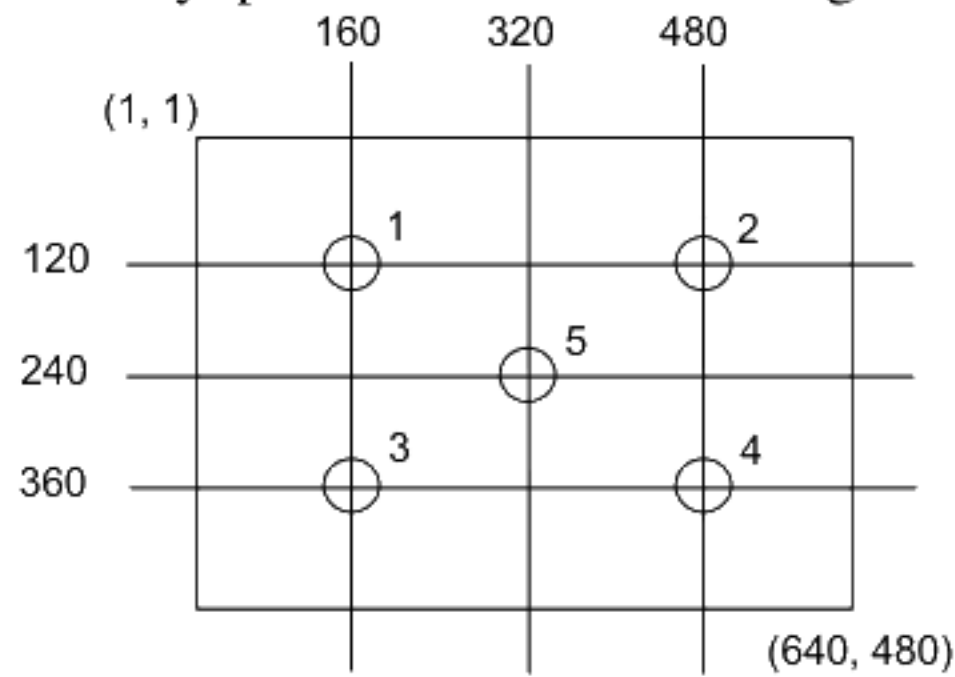


The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

\*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center

Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below



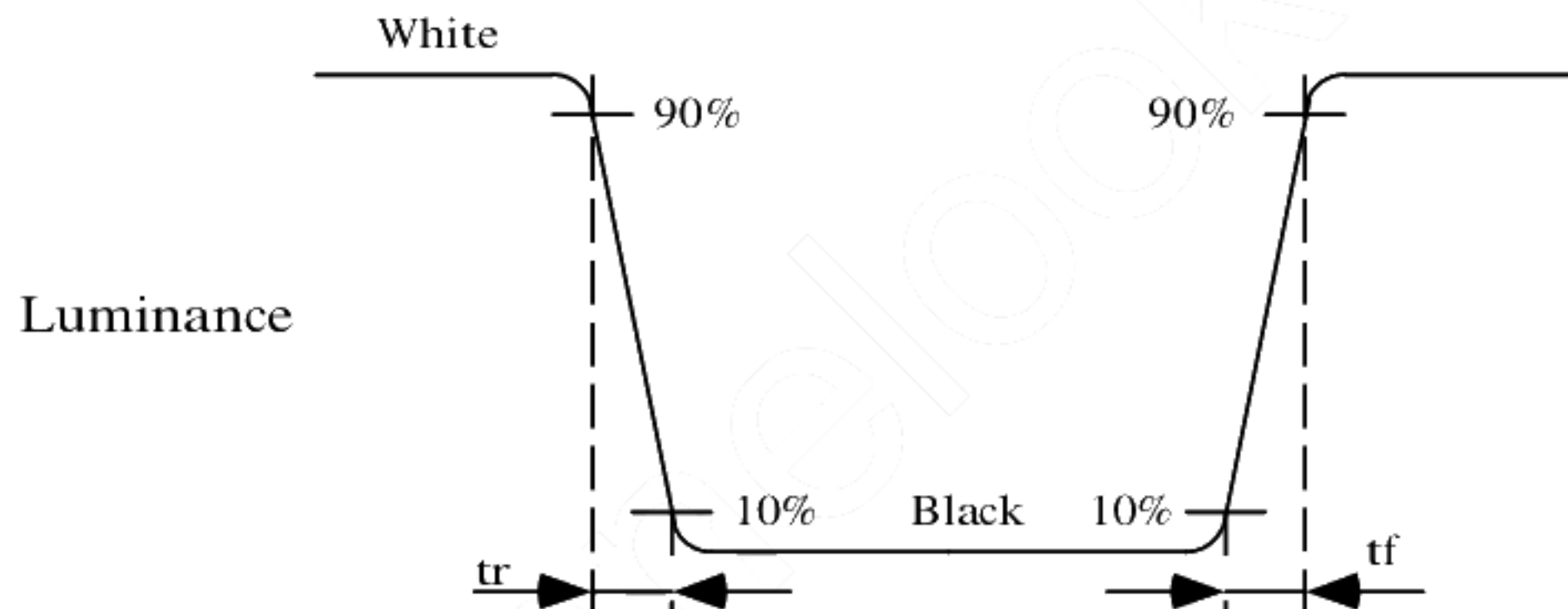
\*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

$CR = \text{Luminance with all white pixels} / \text{Luminance with all black pixels}$

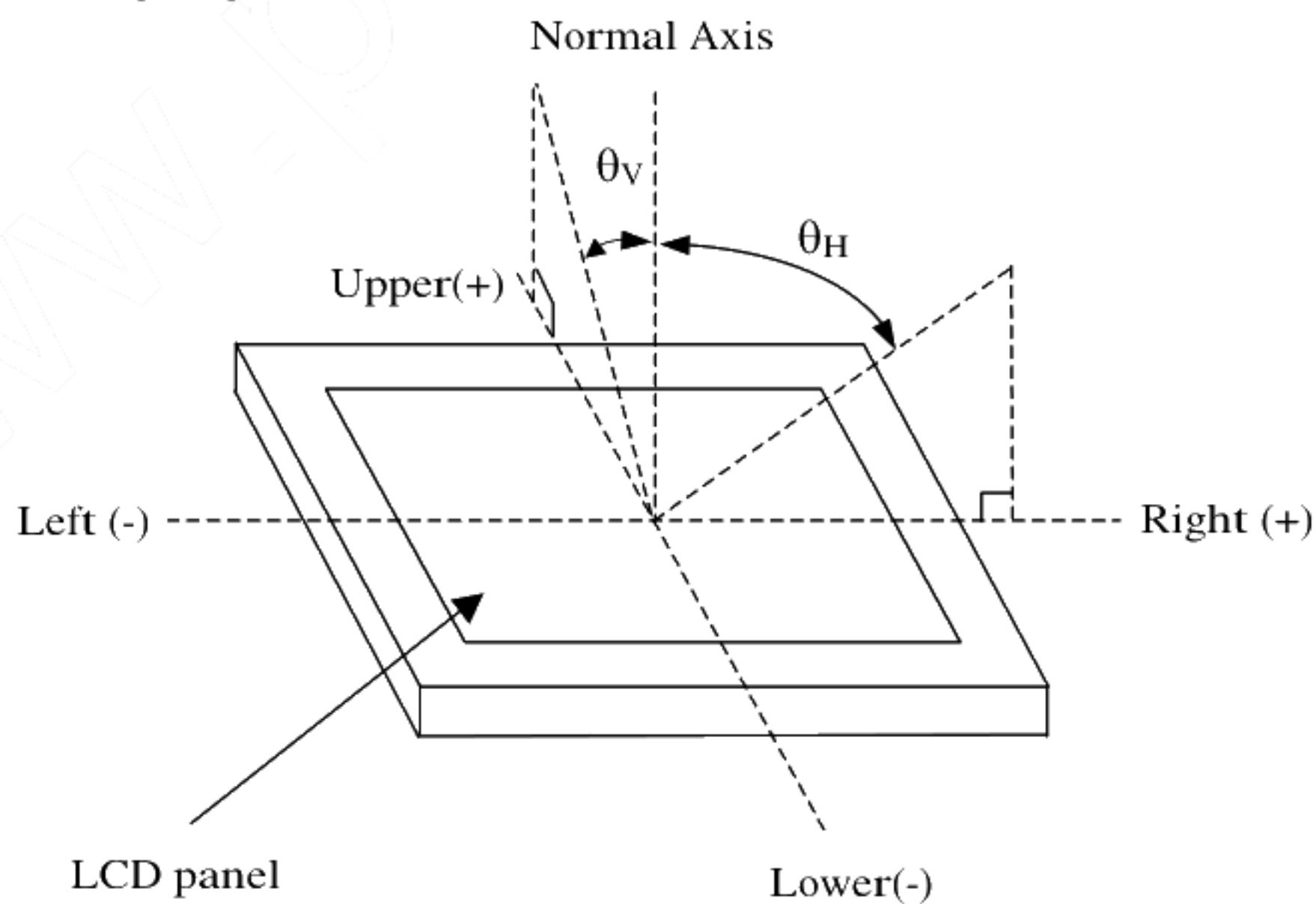
\*3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity

$\Delta Lw = [Lw(\text{MAX}) / Lw(\text{MIN}) - 1] \times 100$

\*4) Definition of Response Time

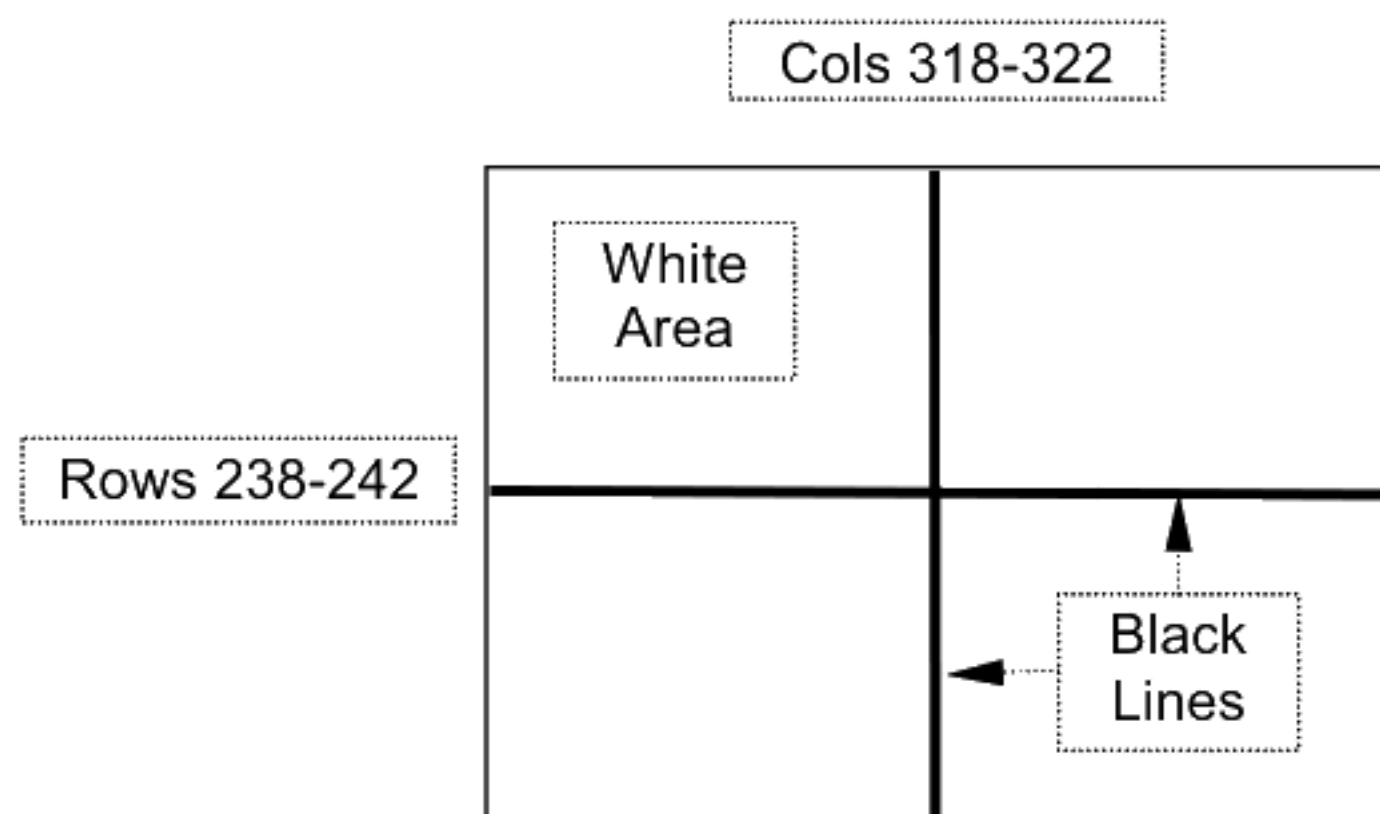


\*5) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_v$ ,  $\theta_H$ )



**\*6) Image Sticking**

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



**TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST**

## 10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

### (1) Temperature and Humidity

ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	70°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	-20°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	-30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	-30°C(1 h) ~ 80°C(1 h), 100 cycles

### (2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	Shock level: 1470m/s <sup>2</sup> (150G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs
VIBRATION (NON-OPERATION)	Vibration level: 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup> (1.0G) Waveform: sinusoidal Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1 hour, total 3 hours)

### (3) ESD Test

ITEM	CONDITIONS
CONTACT DISCHARGE (OPERATION)	150pF, 330Ω, ±8kV, 10 times at 1 sec interval
SIGNAL PIN DISCHARGE (NON-OPERATION)	200pF, 0Ω, ±200V, 10 times at 1 sec interval

### (4) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

## 11. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with RoHS\*) directive.

\*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

UL1950 certified (UL File# E158720)

## 12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

### (1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque (recommended value:  $0.4 \pm 0.04$  Nm, recommended screw: B-TITE  $\phi 3$ ). Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
  - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stress on LCD and not to wrench module. If customer uses compression mounting, please evaluate housing case with LCD carefully to avoid image quality issue caused by mechanical stress.
  - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
  - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
  - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
  - (e) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
  - (f) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- e. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- f. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- g. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- h. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.
- i. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- j. Be sure to connect the cables and the connectors correctly.



## **(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. Condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-d.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image sticking might happen on LCD. Although image sticking may disappear as the operation time proceeds, screen saver function is recommended not to cause image sticking.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

## **(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS**

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

## **(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

## **(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

## **(6) OTHERS**

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.