

TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative
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10.4" SVGA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

AT104SN11

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

Date: Mar.23,'16

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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AT104SN11.

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MITSUBISHI's TFT-LCD module is designed and produced for "General Application" which is described as below.

<General Application>

Computers, office automation equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, medical equipment which has no impact for human life and body, display equipment utilized in transportation system (automobiles, ships, trains, etc) which has no influence on its operation directly or indirectly.

Therefore, MITSUBISHI do not guarantee using our TFT-LCD for other application such as medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation system which might be influenced for its operation because of LCD-TFT, military systems, defense equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, and any other application in which there is a direct or indirect risk for human life and body or where high levels of reliability are required. Please confirm your application before using MITSUBISHI's TFT-LCD.

Furthermore, it is mandatory to make contract (document base) by both parties (customer and MITSUBISHI), in case if customers intend to use our TFT-LCD for such application as military systems, defense equipment, aerospace equipment and nuclear reactor control systems, "which has significant impact for human life and body". Otherwise, please do not use MITSUBISHI's TFT-LCD for any cases.

MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. However customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions and anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage, including but not limited to damage to human life and body, resulting from the use of the product for the application other than the above mentioned General Application or the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

2. OVERVIEW

AT104SN11 is 10.4" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit or 8 bit digital data, 800×600 , 262k-color or 16.7M-color images are displayed on the 10.4" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is 3.3 V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via LVDS interface per Typ. 40 MHz clock cycle.

Driver circuit for LED backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

| ITEM | SPECIFICATION |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Display Area (mm) | 211.2 (H) \times 158.4 (V) (10.4-inch diagonal) |
| Number of Dots | 800×3 (H) \times 600 (V) |
| Pixel Pitch (mm) | 0.264 (H) \times 0.264 (V) |
| Color Pixel Arrangement | RGB vertical stripe |
| Display Mode | Normally white |
| Number of Color | 262k(6 bit/color), 16.7M(8 bit/color) |
| Luminance (cd/m ²) | 1500 |
| Viewing Angle (CR \geq 10) | -80~80° (H), -80~80° (V) |
| Surface Treatment | Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H |
| Electrical Interface | LVDS |
| Viewing Direction | Higher Contrast ratio: 6 o'clock Less gray scale reversal: 12 o'clock |
| Module Size (mm) | 230.0 (W) \times 180.2 (H) \times 11.0 (D) |
| Module Mass (g) | 610 |
| Backlight Unit | LED, edge-light |

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--|------------------|------|---------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage for LCD | VCC | -0.3 | 4.0 | V |
| Logic Input Voltage | VI | -0.3 | VCC+0.3 | V |
| Backlight (LED) Current | IF | 0 | 180 | mA |
| Operation Temperature <small>Note 1,2)</small> | T _{op} | -40 | 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature <small>Note 2)</small> | T _{stg} | -40 | 85 | °C |

[Note]

1) MIN.: Measured at the center of panel surface, MAX.: Measured at the center of panel back surface

2) Top, Tstg ≤ 40°C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top, Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT-LCD

Ambient temperature: Ta = 25°C

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | Remarks |
|---------------------------------|--------|------|---------|------|-------|--------------|
| Power Supply Voltage for LCD | VCC | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | *1) |
| Power Supply Current for LCD | ICC | -- | 320 | 500 | mA | *2) |
| Permissive Input Ripple Voltage | VRP | -- | -- | 100 | mVp-p | VCC = +3.3 V |
| Logic Input Voltage | High | VIH | 0.8×VCC | -- | V | MODE, SC |
| | Low | VIL | 0 | -- | V | MODE, SC |

*1) Power and signals sequence:

$$0.1 \text{ ms} \leq t1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$$

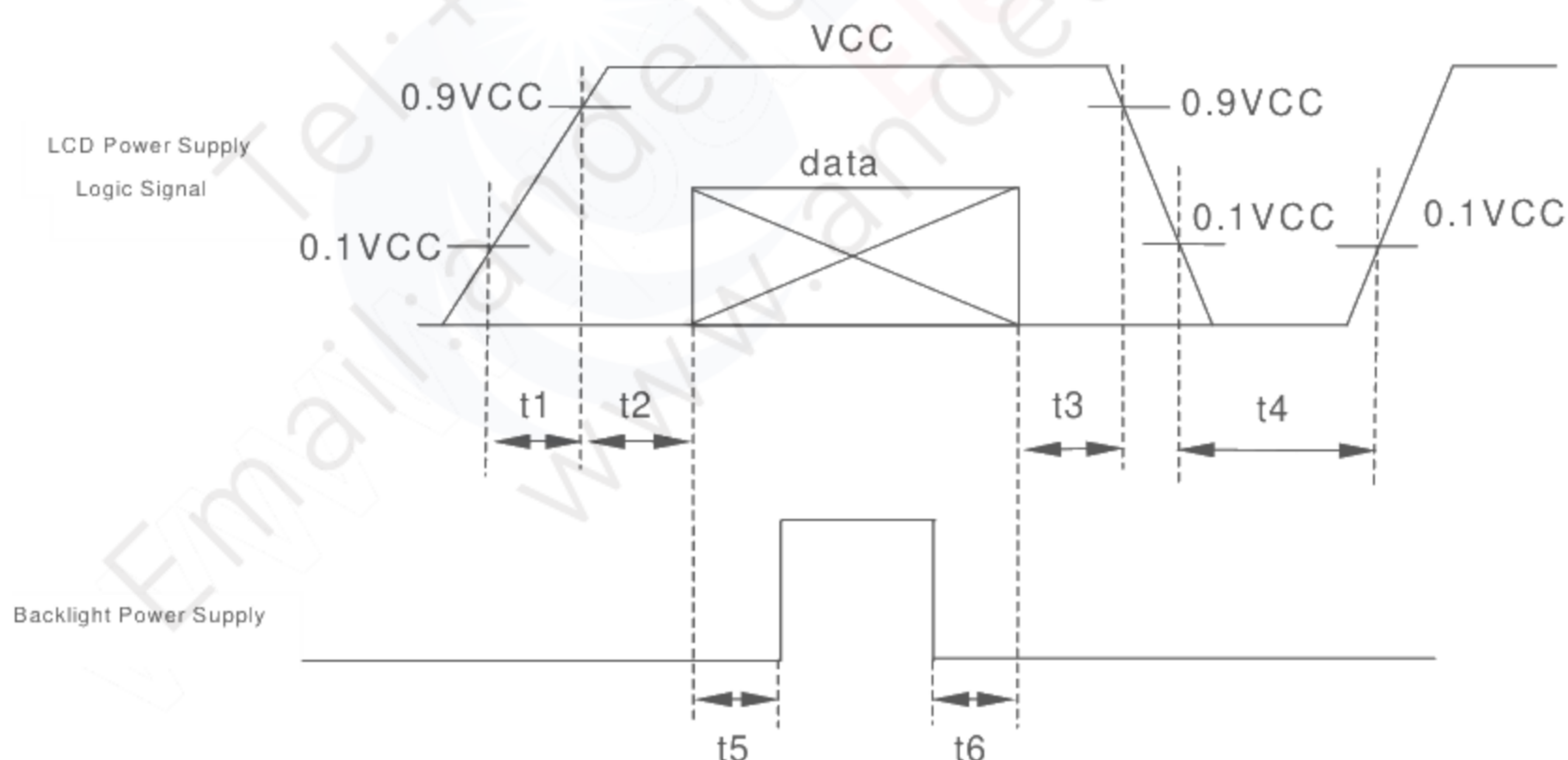
$$0 < t2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$0 < t3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t4$$

$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t5$$

$$0 \leq t6$$

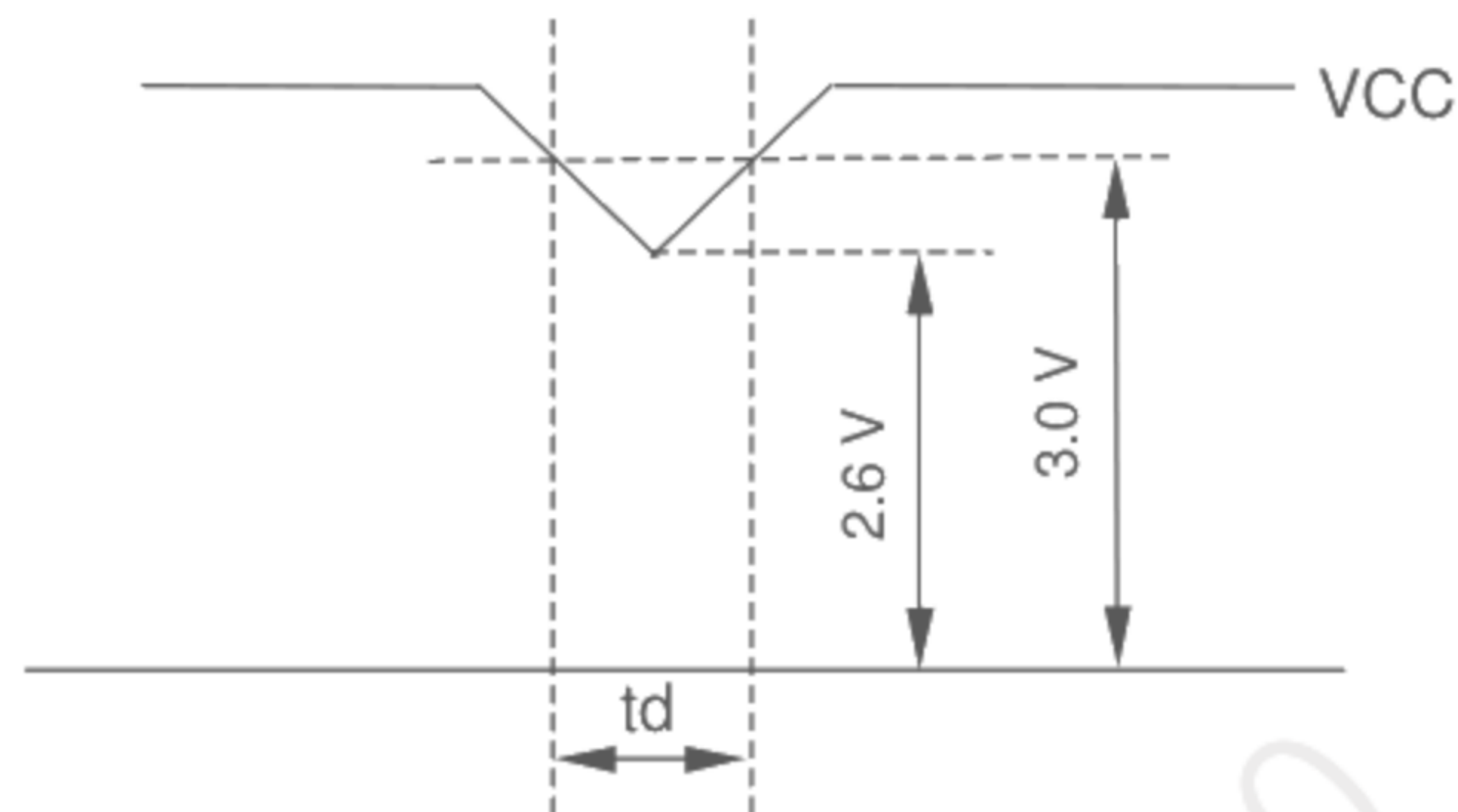


data: RGB DATA, DCLK, DENA, MODE, SC

VCC-dip conditions:

When $VCC < 2.6\text{ V}$ or $VCC < 3.0\text{ V}$ and $10\text{ms} < t_d$, this product may not work normally.

Please reset power supply according to the power and signals sequence (see 4.(1)*1)).



*2) $VCC = +3.3\text{ V}$, $f_H = 37.9\text{ kHz}$, $f_V = 60\text{ Hz}$, $f_{CLK} = 40\text{ MHz}$

Display image at typical power supply current value is 256-gray-bar pattern (8 bit), 600 line mode.

*3) Fuse

| Parameter | Fuse Type Name | Supplier | Remark |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| VCC | FCC16162AB | Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd. | *) |

*) The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

(2) Backlight

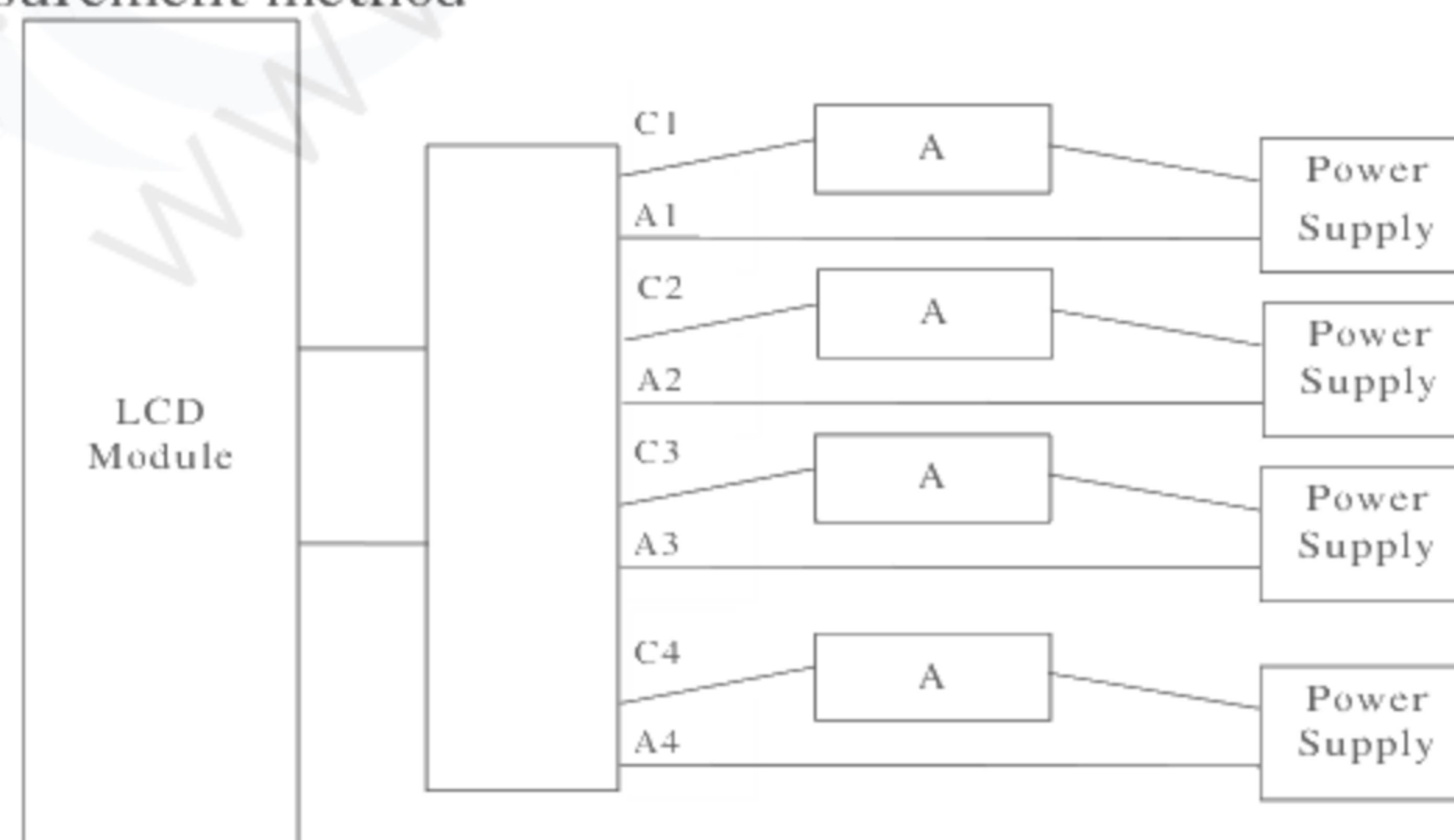
| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | Remarks |
|---------------|--------|--------|---------|------|------|--|
| LED Voltage | VF | -- | (18.0) | 20.8 | V | IF = 120 mA, Ta = 25°C, *2) |
| | | -- | -- | 21.5 | V | IF = 120 mA, Ta = 0°C |
| | | -- | -- | 22.5 | V | IF = 120 mA, Ta = -40°C |
| LED Current | IF | -- | 120 | 130 | mA | Ta = 25°C, *1), *3) |
| LED Life Time | LT | 80,000 | 100,000 | -- | h | IF = 120 mA, Ta = 25°C *4), *5), Continuous operation |

[Note]

*1) Constant Current Drive

*2) The Voltage deviation between strings: $|V_{iMAX} - V_{iMIN}| \leq 2\text{ V}$

*3) LED Current measurement method



*4) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.

*5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.

5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(Interface Signal)

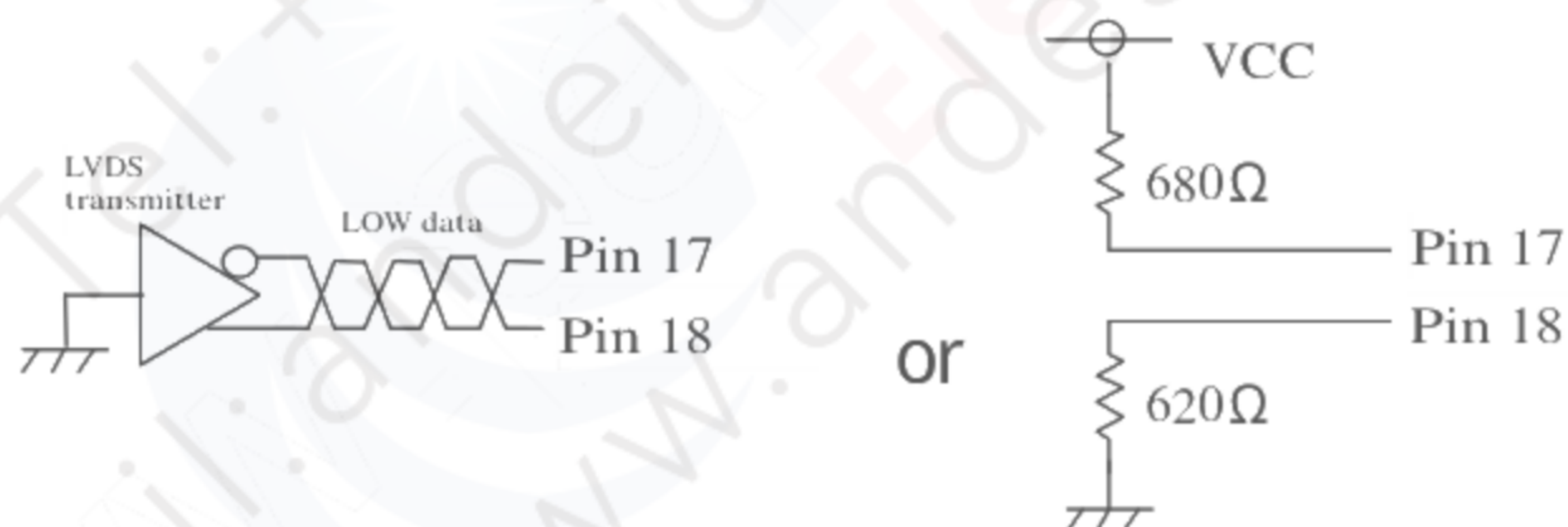
Used connector: 20186-020E-11F (I-PEX) or FI-SEB20P-HFE (JAE)

Corresponding connector: 20197-*20U-F (I-PEX) or FI-S20S[for discrete Wire],
FI-SE20ME [for FPC] (JAE)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function (ISP 6 bit compatibility mode) | | Function (ISP 8 bit compatibility mode) |
|---------|---------|---|----------------------------|---|
| | | 6 bit input | 8 bit input | |
| 1 | VCC | +3.3 V Power supply | | ← |
| 2 | VCC | +3.3 V Power supply | | ← |
| 3 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 4 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 5 | Link 0- | R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0 | R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, G2 | R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0 |
| 6 | Link 0+ | R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0 | R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, G2 | R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0 |
| 7 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 8 | Link 1- | G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1 | G3, G4, G5, G6, G7, B2, B3 | G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1 |
| 9 | Link 1+ | G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1 | G3, G4, G5, G6, G7, B2, B3 | G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1 |
| 10 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 11 | Link 2- | B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA | B4, B5, B6, B7, DENA | B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA |
| 12 | Link 2+ | B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA | B4, B5, B6, B7, DENA | B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA |
| 13 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 14 | CLKIN- | Clock - | | ← |
| 15 | CLKIN+ | Clock + | | ← |
| 16 | GND | GND | | ← |
| 17 | Link3- | See: *2) | R0, R1, G0, G1, B0, B1 | R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7 |
| 18 | Link3+ | See: *2) | R0, R1, G0, G1, B0, B1 | R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7 |
| 19 | MODE | Low=ISP 6 bit compatibility mode | | High=ISP 8 bit compatibility mode |
| 20 | SC | Scan direction control (Low=Normal, High=Reverse) | | ← |

*1) Metal frame is connected to signal GND.

*2) Recommended wiring of Pin 17,18 (6 bit input)



(2)CN 2 (BACKLIGHT)

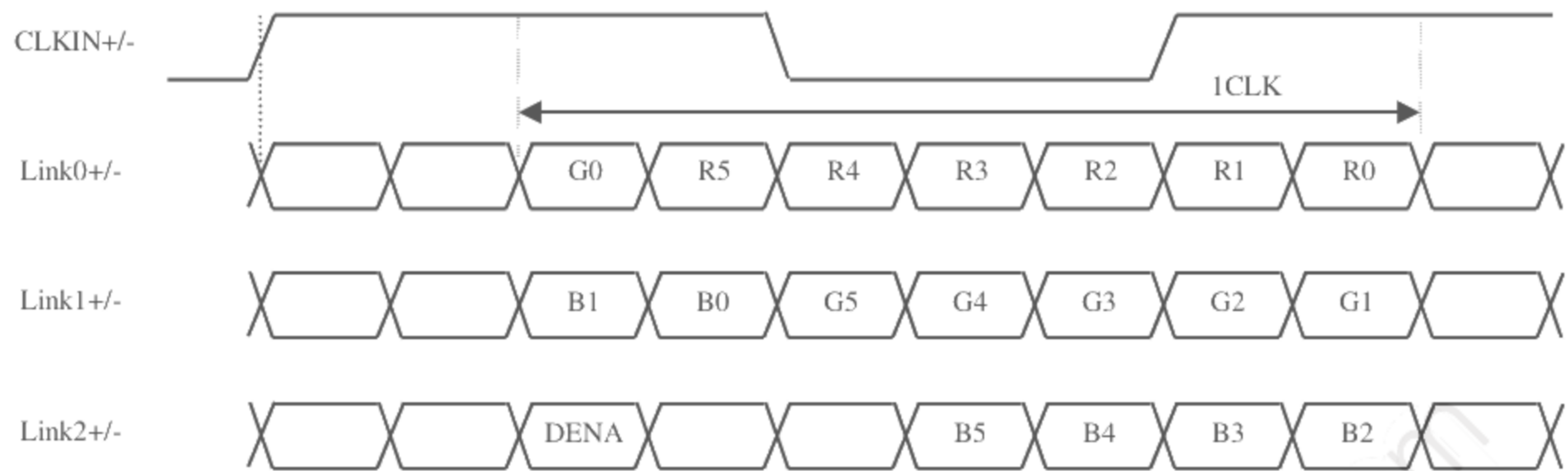
Backlight-side connector: SM10B-SHLS-TF (LF)(SN) (JST)

Corresponding connector: SHLP-10V-S-B (JST)

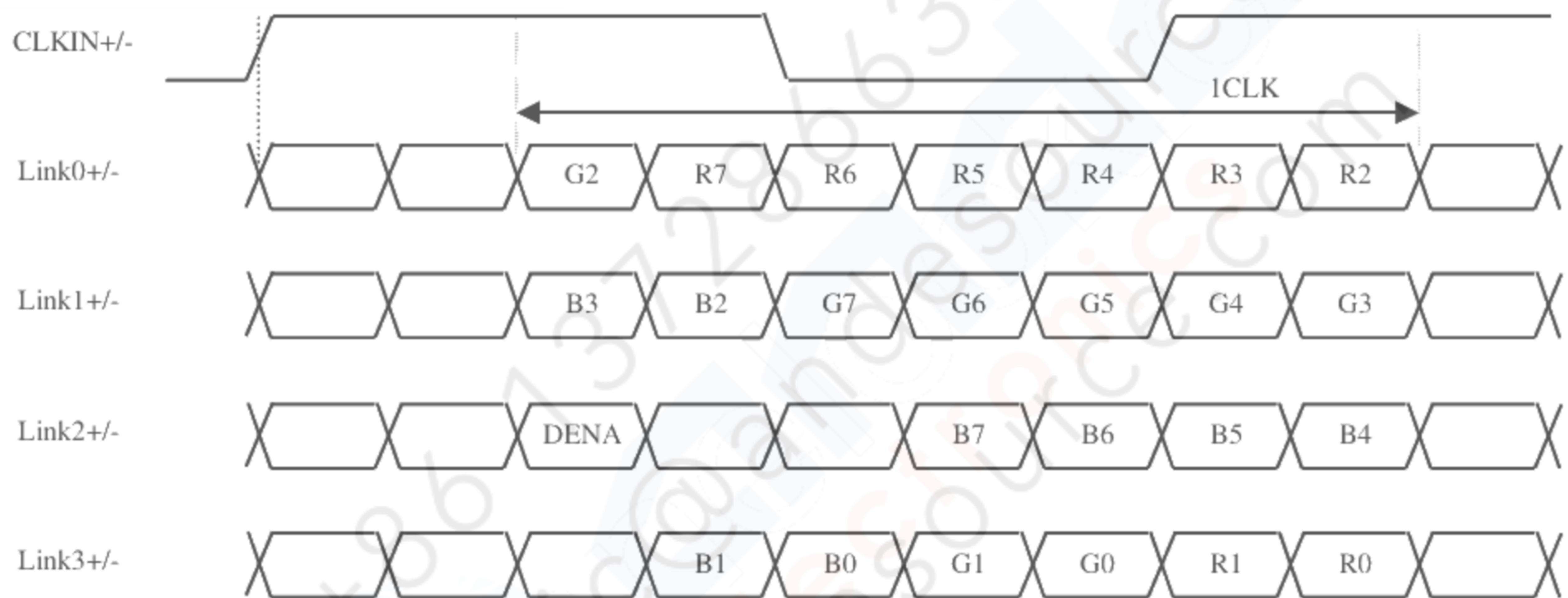
| Pin No. | Symbol | Function |
|---------|---------|--------------------------|
| 1 | NC | This pin should be open. |
| 2 | NC | This pin should be open. |
| 3 | LED C 1 | LED cathode 1 |
| 4 | LED A 1 | LED anode 1 |
| 5 | LED A 2 | LED anode 2 |
| 6 | LED C 2 | LED cathode 2 |
| 7 | LED C 3 | LED cathode 3 |
| 8 | LED A 3 | LED anode 3 |
| 9 | LED A 4 | LED anode 4 |
| 10 | LED C 4 | LED cathode 4 |

(3) ISP data mapping

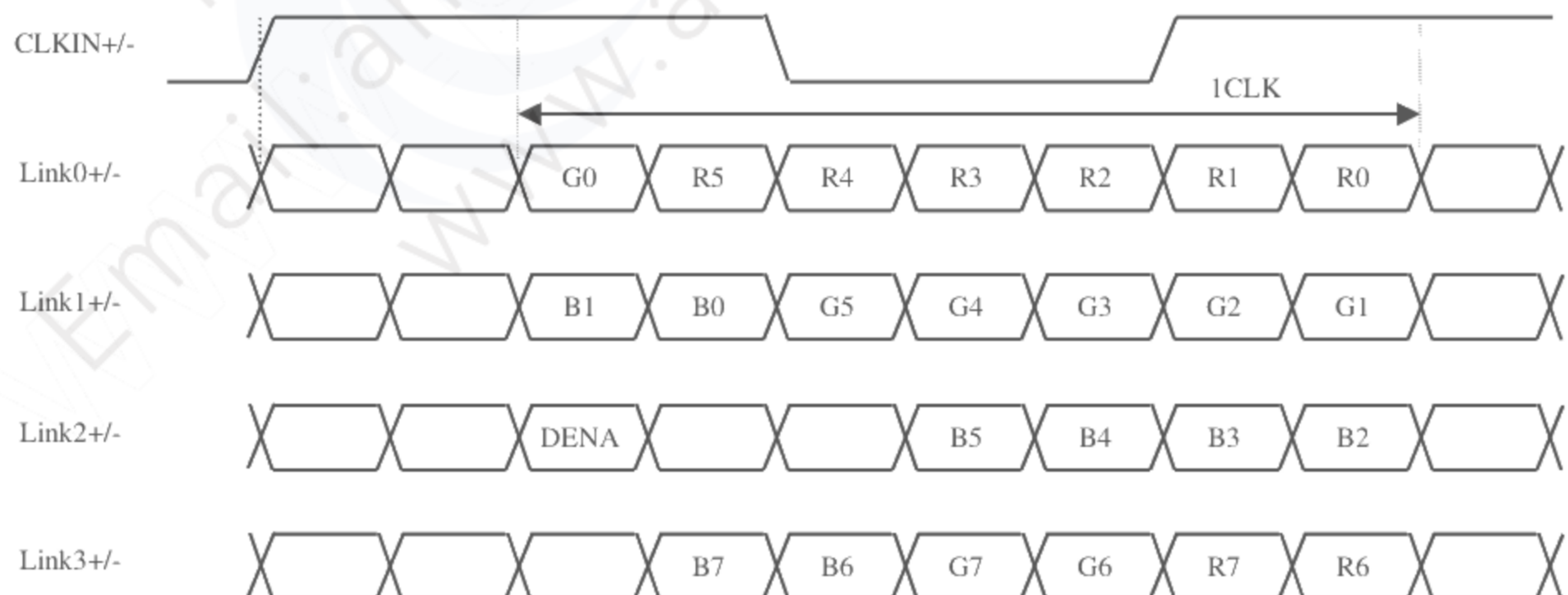
a. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(6 bit input)



b. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(8 bit input)



c. ISP 8 bit compatibility mode



6. INTERFACE TIMING

LVDS transmitter input signal

(1) Timing Specifications

| ITEM | | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------|------|------------------|
| DCLK | Frequency | f _{CLK} | 35 | 40 | 42 | MHz |
| | Period | t _{CLK} | 23.8 | 25 | 28.6 | ns |
| DENA | Horizontal | Active Time | t _{HA} | 800 | 800 | t _{CLK} |
| | | Blanking Time | t _{HB} | 20 | 256 | t _{CLK} |
| | | Frequency | f _H | 35.2 | 37.9 | kHz |
| | | Period | t _H | 25.5 | 26.4 | μs |
| | Vertical | Active Time | t _{VA} | 600 | 600 | t _H |
| | | Blanking Time | t _{VB} | 3 | 28 | t _H |
| | | Frequency | f _V | 55 | 60 | Hz |
| | | Period | t _V | 15.6 | 16.7 | ms |

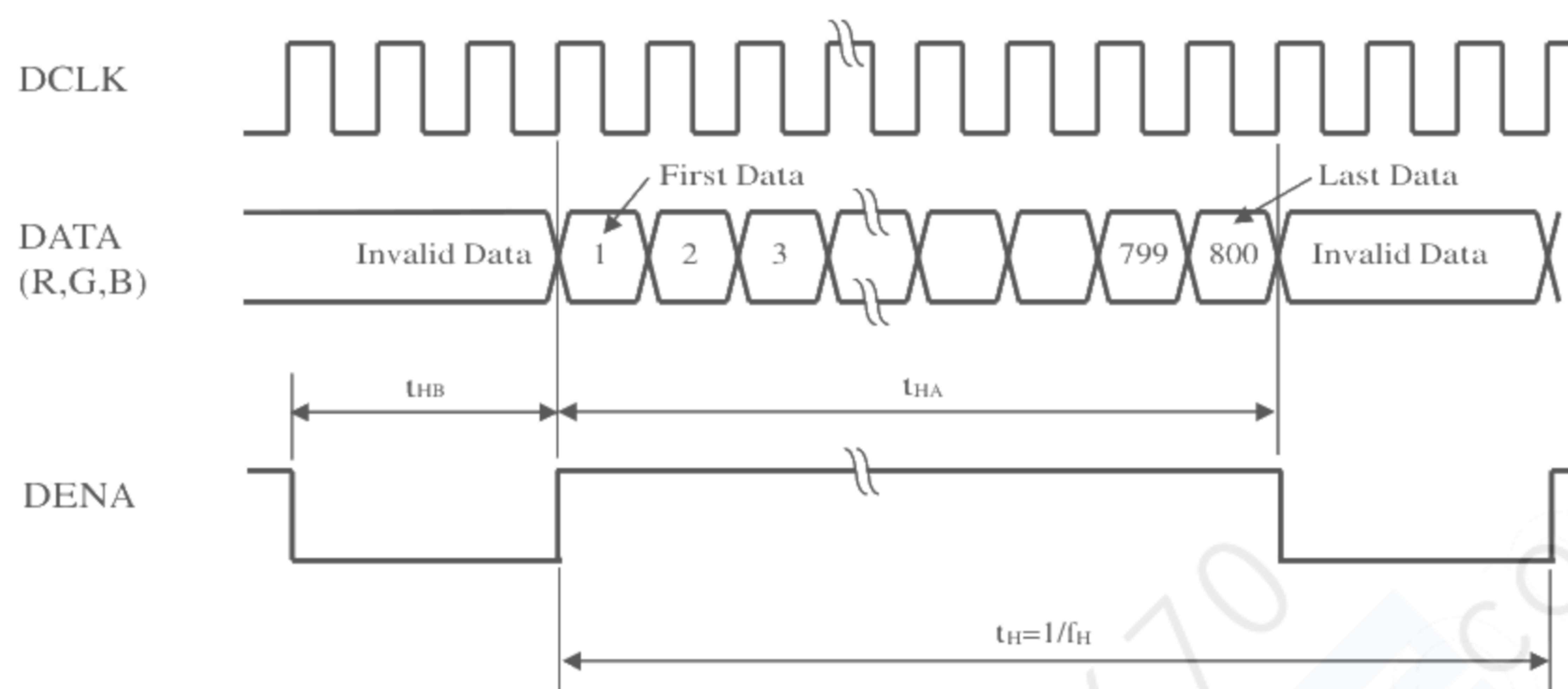
[Note]

- 1) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 2) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 3) LVDS timing follows the timing specifications of LVDS receiver IC: THC63LVDF84B(Thine).
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please use following.

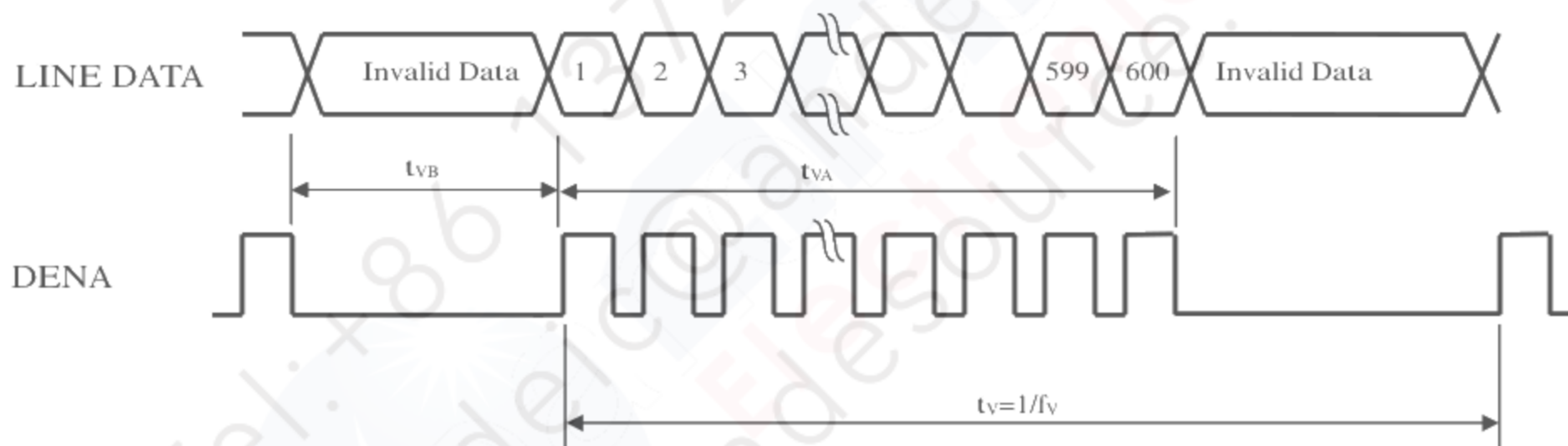
$$t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$$

(2) Timing Chart

a. Horizontal Timing Chart



b. Vertical Timing Chart



(3) Color Data Assignment

a. 6 bit input

| COLOR | | INPUT DATA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | | R DATA | | | | | | G DATA | | | | | | B DATA | | | | | |
| | | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| | | MSB | | | | | LSB | MSB | | | | | LSB | MSB | | | | | LSB |
| BASIC COLOR | BLACK | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(63) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | CYAN | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | MAGENTA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | YELLOW | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | WHITE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RED | RED(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RED(62) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(63) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | GREEN(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN(62) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BLUE | BLUE(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | BLUE(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BLUE(62) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE(63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

b. 8 bit input

| COLOR | | INPUT DATA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | R DATA | | | | | | | | G DATA | | | | | | | | B DATA | | | | | | | |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| | | MSB | | | | | | | LSB | MSB | | | | | | | LSB | MSB | | | | | | | |
| BASIC COLOR | BLACK | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | CYAN | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | MAGENTA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | YELLOW | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | WHITE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RED | RED(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RED(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | GREEN(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BLUE | BLUE(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | BLUE(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BLUE(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

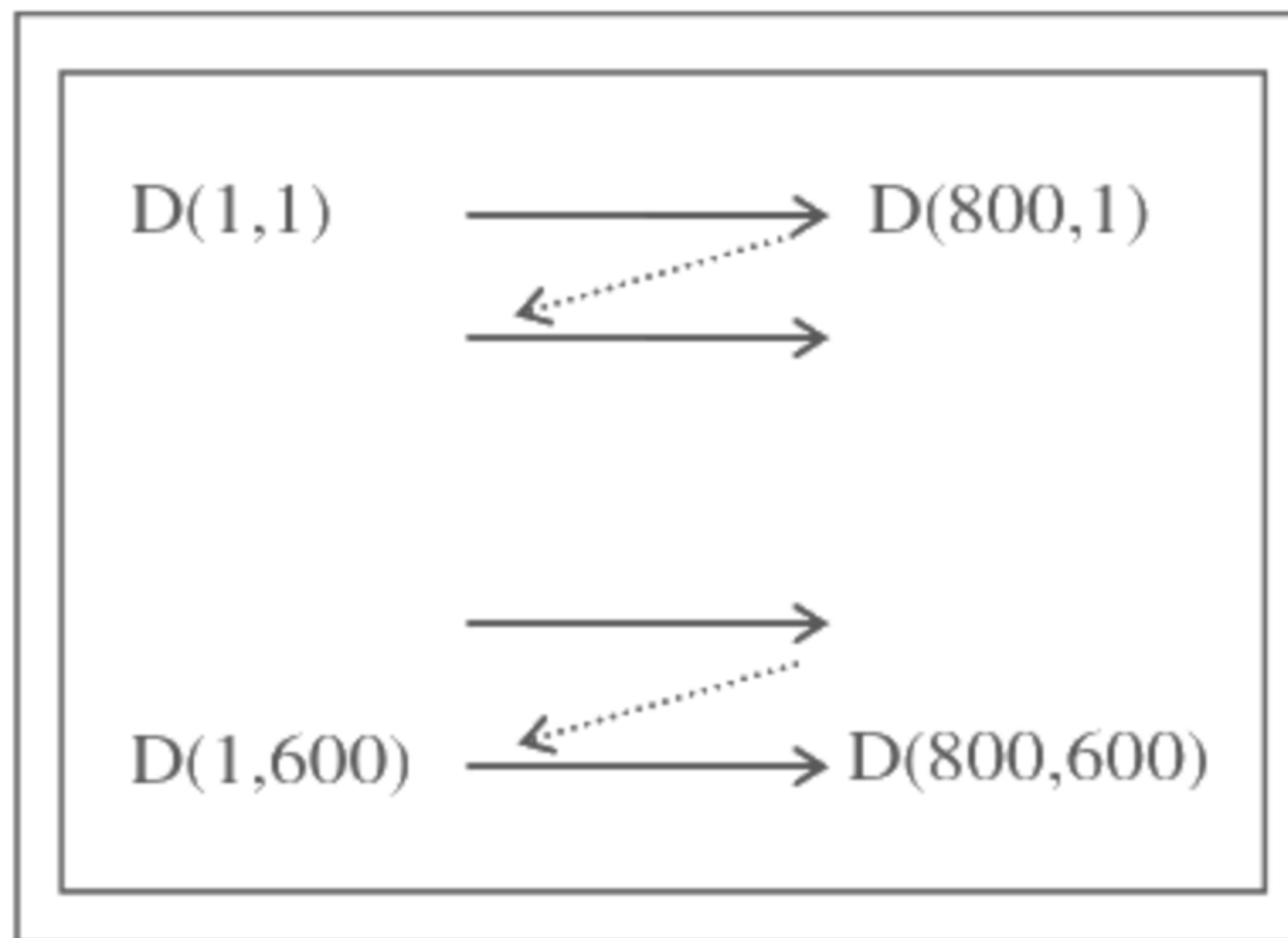
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

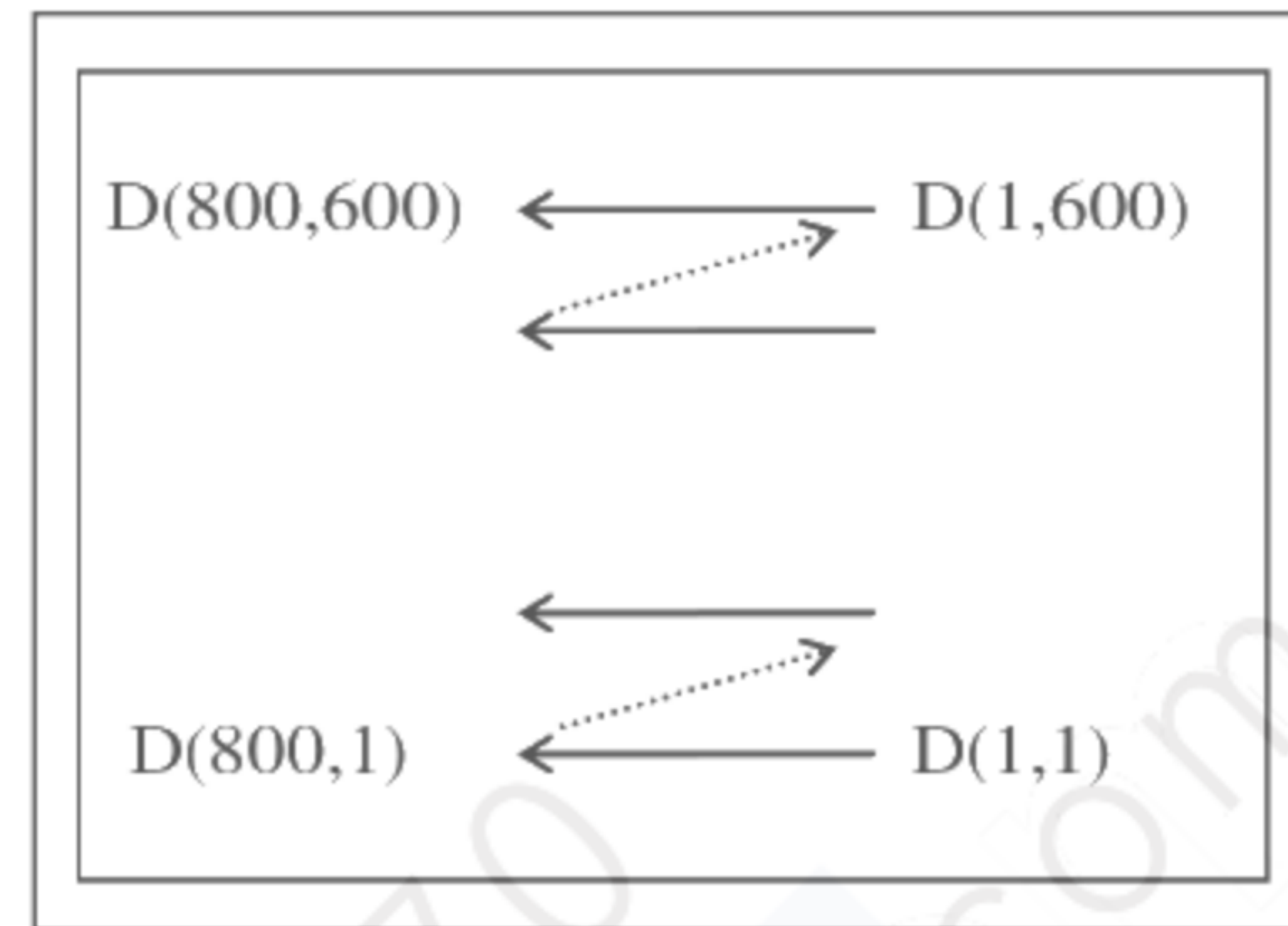
(4) Display Position and Scan Direction

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal.

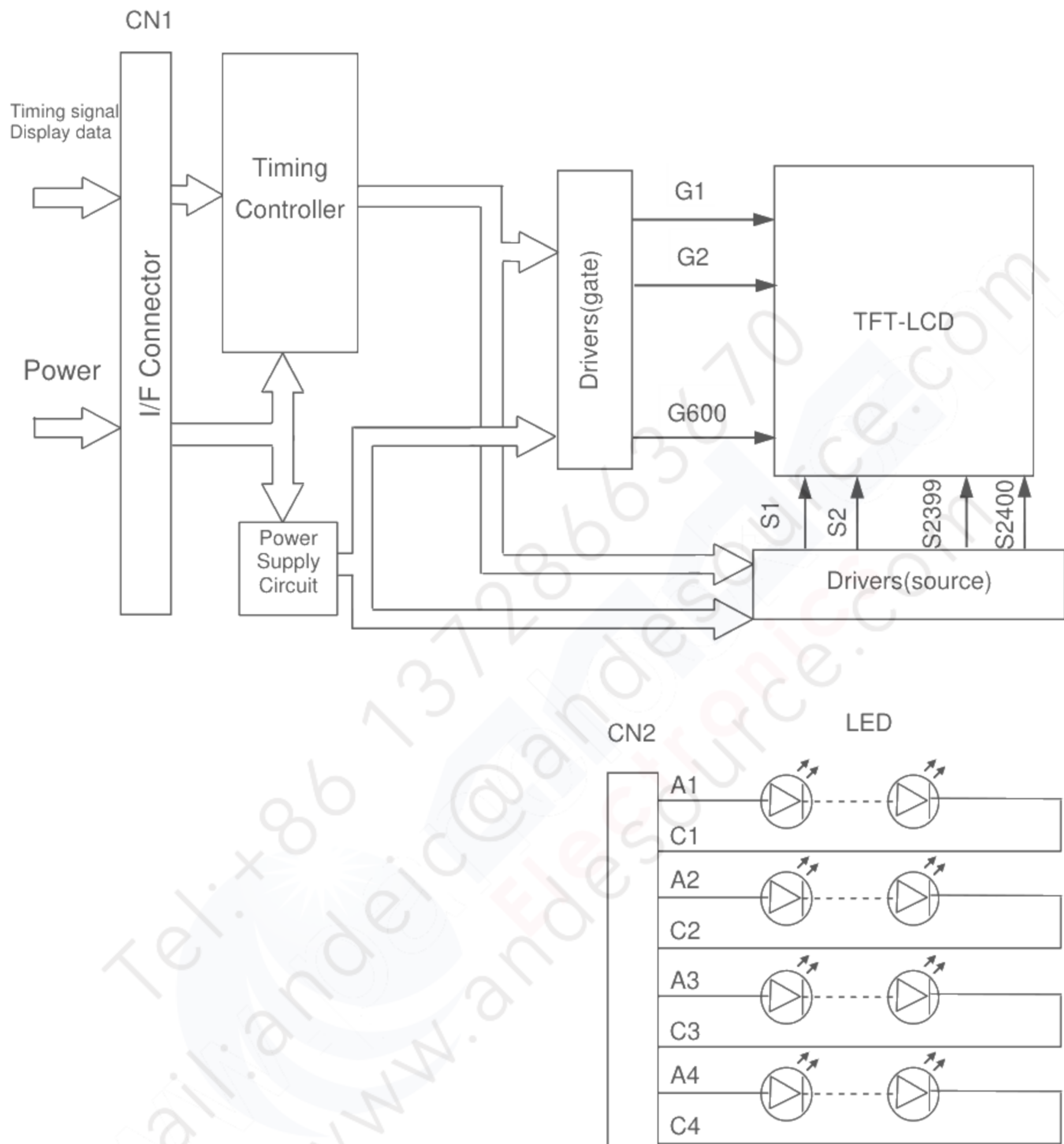
SC: Low



SC: High



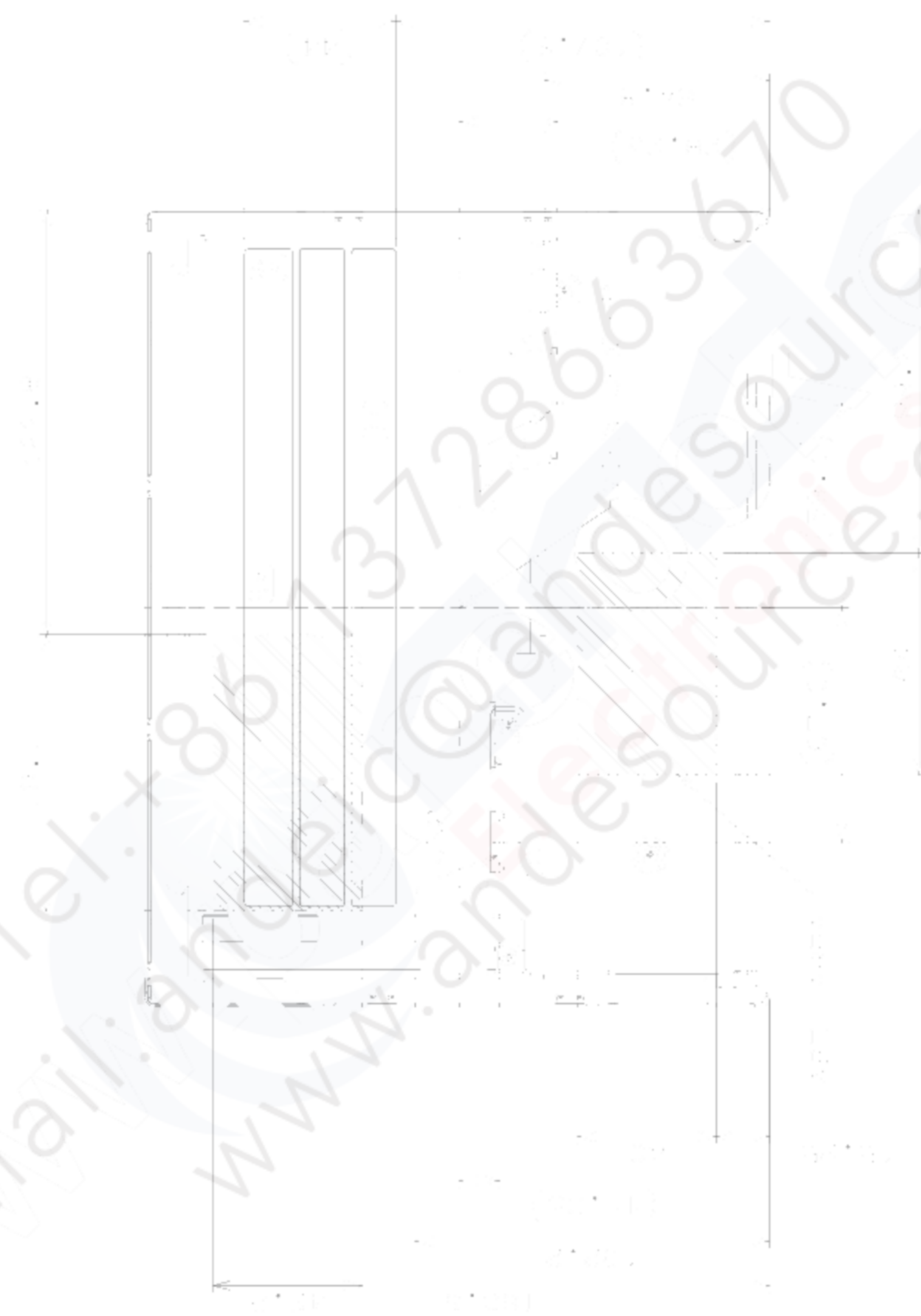
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



(1) Front Side



(2) Rear Side



(Unit:mm)

9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, Input Signals: Typ. values shown in Section 6

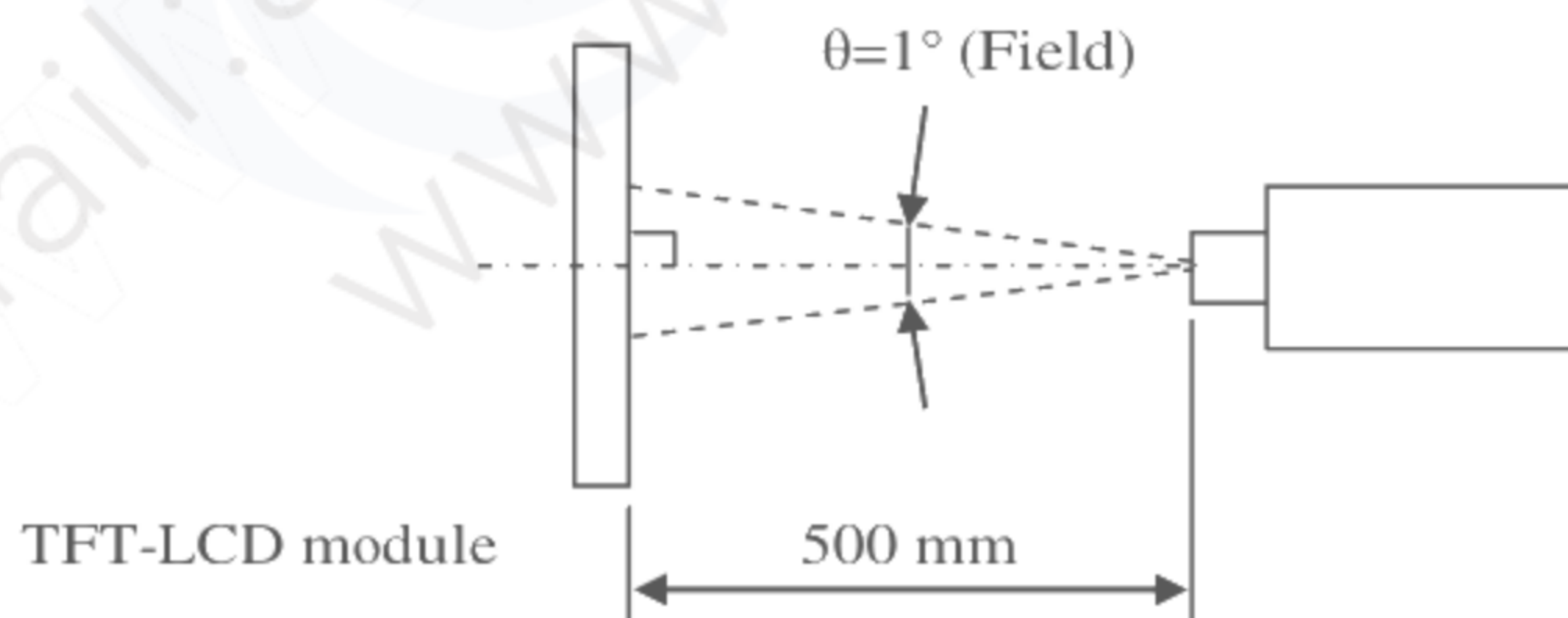
| ITEM | | SYMBOL | CONDITION | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | Remarks |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------------------|-----------|
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | 450 | 700 | -- | -- | *1)*2)*5) |
| Luminance | | Lw | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | 1200 | 1500 | -- | cd/m ² | *1)*5) |
| Luminance Uniformity | | ΔLw | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | -- | -- | 30 | % | *1)*3)*5) |
| Response Time | | tr | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | -- | 4 | -- | ms | *1)*4)*5) |
| | | tf | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | -- | 12 | -- | ms | *1)*4)*5) |
| Viewing Angle | Horizontal | θ_H | CR ≥ 10 | -65~65 | -80~80 | -- | ° | *1)*5) |
| | Vertical | θ_V | | -60~65 | -80~80 | -- | ° | *1)*5) |
| Image sticking | | tis | 2 h | -- | -- | 2 | s | *6) |
| Color Coordinates | Red | Rx | $\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$ | 0.562 | 0.602 | 0.642 | -- | *1)*5) |
| | | Ry | | 0.311 | 0.351 | 0.391 | | |
| | Green | Gx | | 0.293 | 0.333 | 0.373 | | |
| | | Gy | | 0.534 | 0.574 | 0.614 | | |
| | Blue | Bx | | 0.111 | 0.151 | 0.191 | | |
| | | By | | 0.097 | 0.137 | 0.177 | | |
| | White | Wx | | 0.273 | 0.313 | 0.353 | | |
| | | Wy | | 0.289 | 0.329 | 0.369 | | |

[Note]

These items are measured using EZContrast XL88F(ELDIM) for viewing angle, RD-80SA(TOPCON) for response time and CS-2000 (KONICA MINOLTA) or equivalent equipment for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

Condition: IF = 120 mA

Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.

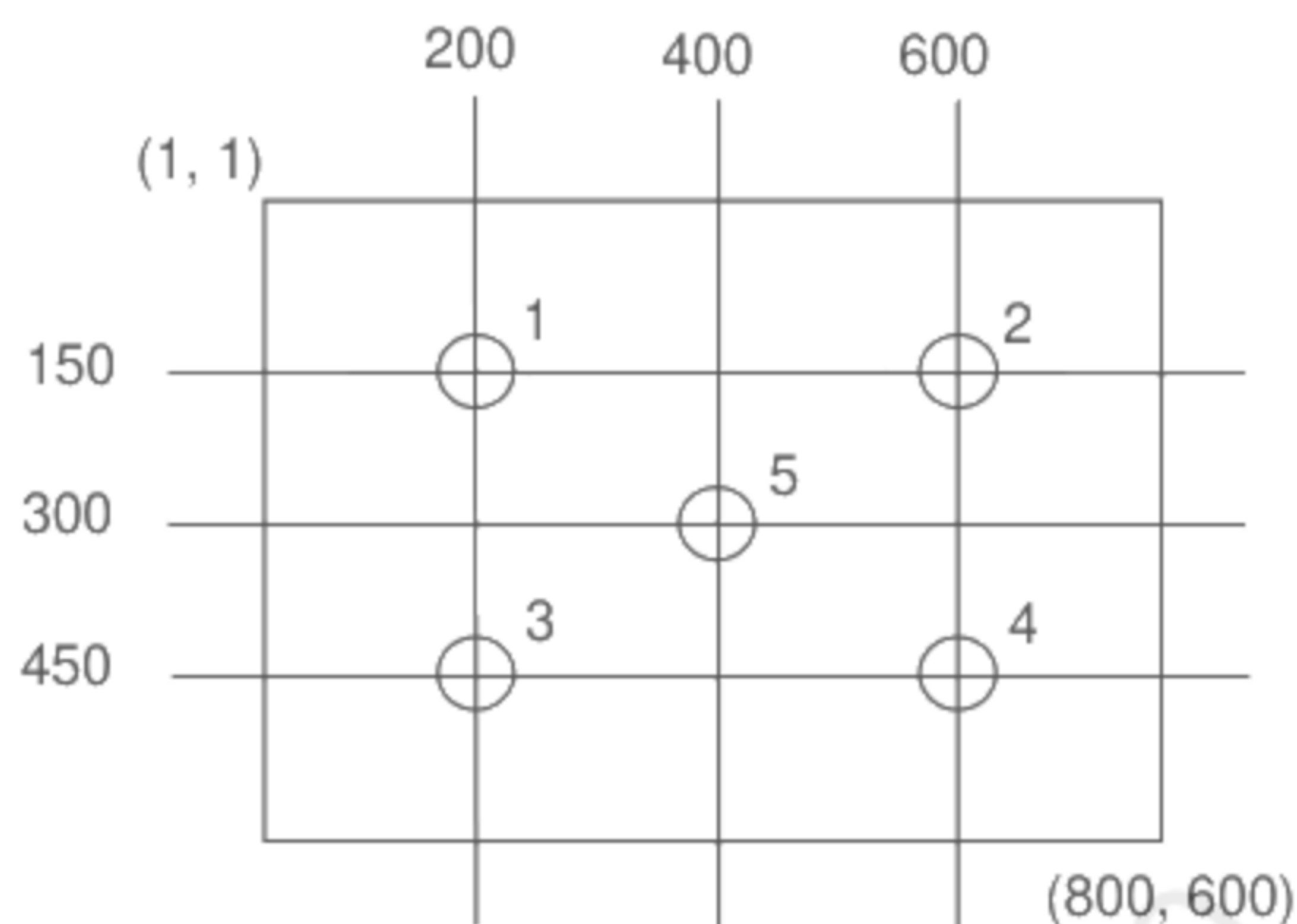


The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center

Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below



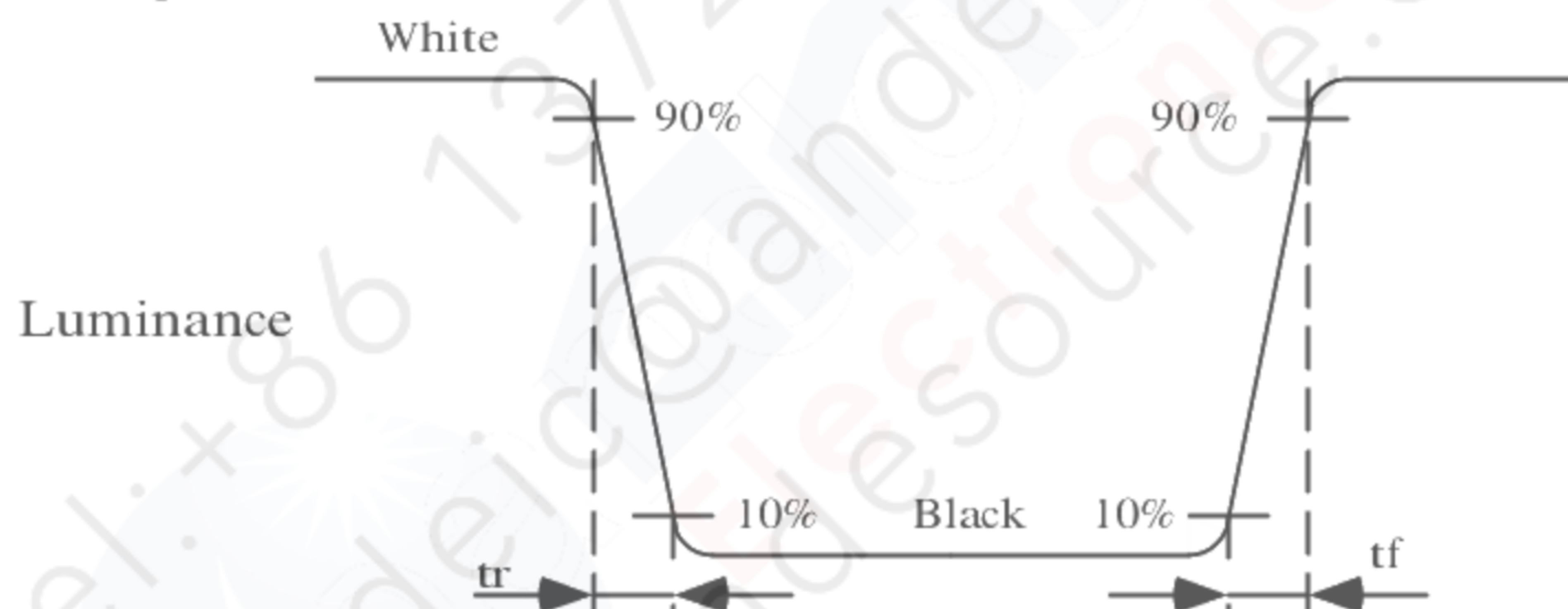
*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

CR= Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels

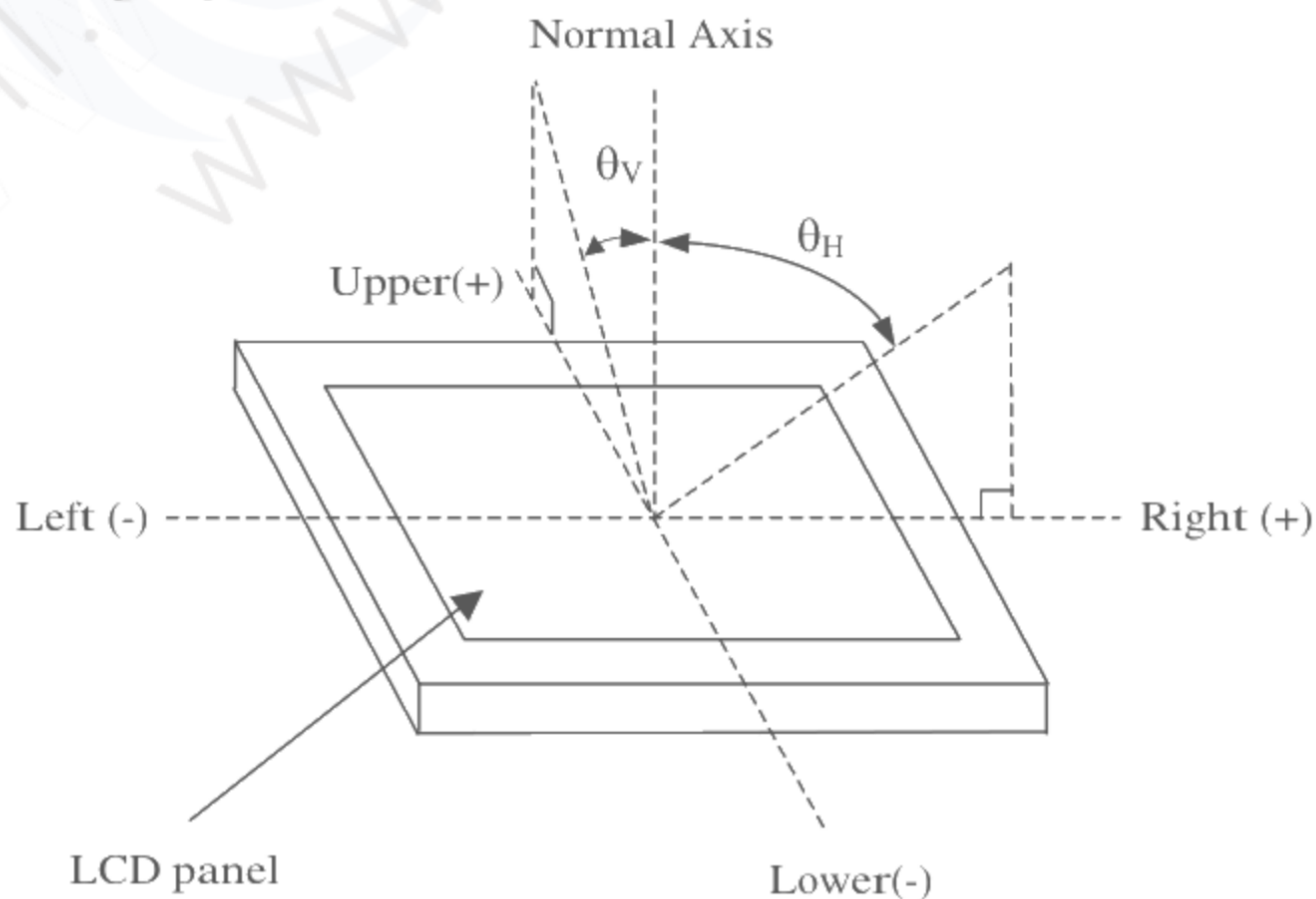
*3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity

$$\Delta Lw = [Lw(\text{MAX})/Lw(\text{MIN}) - 1] \times 100$$

*4) Definition of Response Time

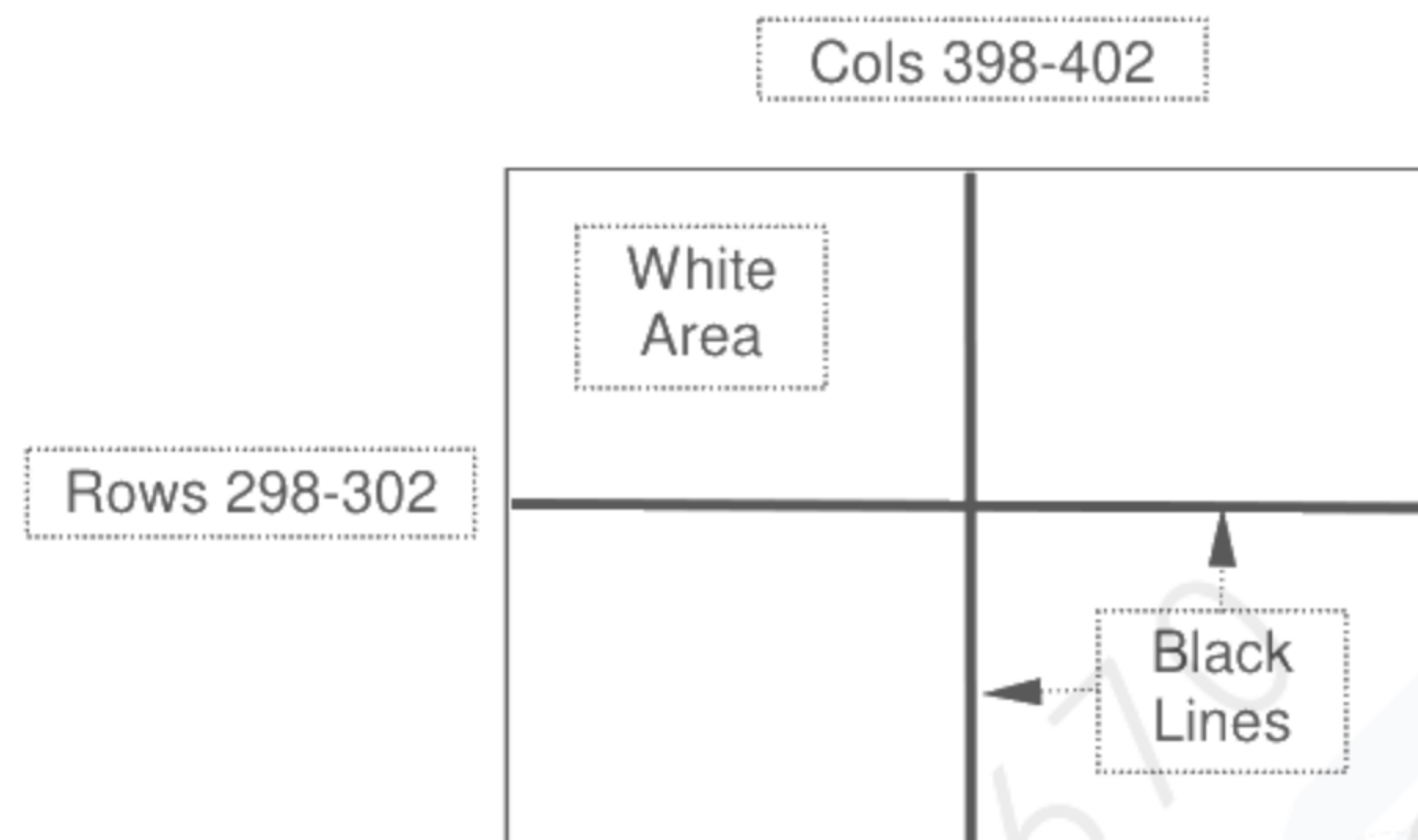


*5) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_v , θ_H)



*6) Image sticking:

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

| ITEM | CONDITIONS |
|---|---|
| HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION | 40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation) |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION | 85°C, 240 h |
| LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION | -40°C, 240 h |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE | 85°C, 240 h |
| LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE | -40°C, 240 h |
| THERMAL SHOCK | -40°C (1h) ~ 85°C (1h), 100 cycles |

(2) Shock & Vibration

| ITEM | CONDITIONS |
|------------------------------|--|
| SHOCK (NON-OPERATION) | Shock level: 1470m/s ² (150G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs |
| VIBRATION (NON-OPERATION) | Vibration level: 66.64 m/s ² (6.8G) Waveform: sinusoidal Frequency range: 20 to 500 Hz Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min Duration: one sweep from 20 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1 hour, total 3 hours) |

(3) ESD Test

| ITEM | CONDITIONS |
|---|---|
| CONTACT DISCHARGE (OPERATION) | 150pF, 330Ω, ±8kV, 10 times at 1 sec interval |
| SIGNAL PIN DISCHARGE (NON-OPERATION) | 200pF, 0Ω, ±200V, 10 times at 1 sec interval |

(4) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

11. OTHER FEATURE

(1) Environmental Restriction /Law Compliance

This LCD module complies with RoHS^{*)} directive.

^{*)} RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

(2) Safety Standard Authorization

UL1950 Recognized (UL File# E158720)

(3) Warranty Period

26 months after shipment from our factory

12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque less than 0.5 Nm. Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stress on LCD and not to wrench module. If customer uses compression mounting, please evaluate housing case with LCD carefully to avoid image quality issue caused by mechanical stress.
 - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
 - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (e) Design the LED driver location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to LED backlight cable.
 - (f) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
 - (g) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Do not use or store the product under a condition where the product will be exposed to water, organic solution or acid.
- e. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- f. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- g. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.

- h. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- i. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.
- j. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- k. Be sure to connect the cables and the connectors correctly.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. Condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-e.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image sticking might happen on LCD. Although image sticking may disappear as the operation time proceeds, screen saver function is recommended not to cause image sticking.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.
- d. LED driver should be designed carefully to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.

(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.