

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary specification
() Final specification

Title	21.5" FHD TFT L	CD
BUYER	SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	*MODEL	LM215WFA
L	 SUFFIX	SSG2

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
	<u> </u>
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with your signature and comments.

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PREPARED BY	
Product engineering	
LG Display Co., Ltd	y ucpu

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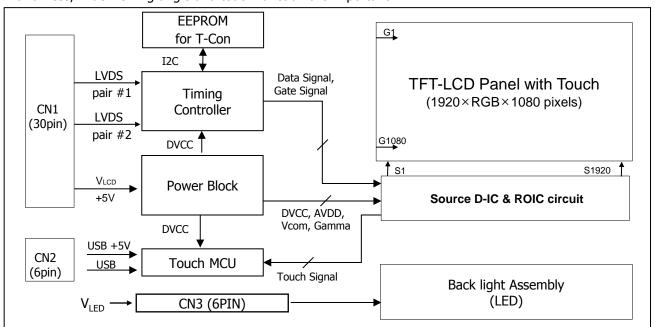
Record of revisions

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Before	After	Application Date
0.0	Feb. 07. 2020	-	First Draft, Preliminary Specifications	-	-
0.1	May.22.2020	5, 29	Note2 Maximum storage humidity is up to $40^{\circ}/70\%$ for 4 corner light leakage mura.	Delete	
0.2	Aug.19.2020	4, 26	Outline dimension 484.5 (H) X 284.4(V) X 12.2 mm (Typ.)	Outline dimension (With Conductive Tape) 484.62 (H) X 284.57(V) X 12.26 mm (Typ.)	
		27	Outline dimensions and tolerance (1) 484.5 (+1.0/-0.6) (2) 284.4 (+1.0/-0.6) (3) 12.2 (±0.5)	Outline dimensions and tolerance (With Conductive Tape) (1) 484.62 (+0.7/-0.5) (2) 284.57 (+0.7/-0.5) (3) 12.26 (±0.5)	
		28	In LCM drawing notes (1) Y-direction: -0.45≤A≤0.45,	In LCM drawing notes (1) Y-direction: -0.35≤A≤0.2,	
0.3		35		Add Appendix (Label)	



1. General description

LM215WFA-SSG1 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display with advanced In-Cell Touch System and a light emitting diode (WLED) backlight assembly without LED driver. The matrix employs a-Si thin film transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 21.5 inch diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution. (1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixels array) Each pixel is divided into red, green and blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,78Million colors with A-FRC (Advanced Frame rate Control). It has been designed to apply the 8-Bit 2port LVDS interface. It is intended to support displays where thin thickness, wide viewing angle and touch function are important.



[FIG. 1] Block diagram

General features

Active screen size	21.5 inches(54.61cm) (Aspect ratio 16:9)	
Outline dimension	484.62 (H) X 284.57(V) X 12.26 mm (With Conductive Tape) (Typ.)	
Pixel pitch	0.24795(H) x 0.24795(V)mm	
Pixel format 1920(H) x 1080(V) Pixels. RGB stripes arrangement		
Color depth	16.78Million colors (6bit + A-FRC)	
Luminance (@White)	250 cd/m² (Center 1 Point, Typ.)	
Viewing angle(CR>10)	View angle free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))	
Power consumption	Total 10.66 Watt (3.23 Watt @V _{LCD} , 7.43 Watt @Is=51mA)	
Weight	1605g (Typ.)	
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally black	
Panel type	Reverse type	
Surface treatment	Anti-glare treatment of the polarizer (Haze 25%, 3H)	



2. Absolute maximum ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

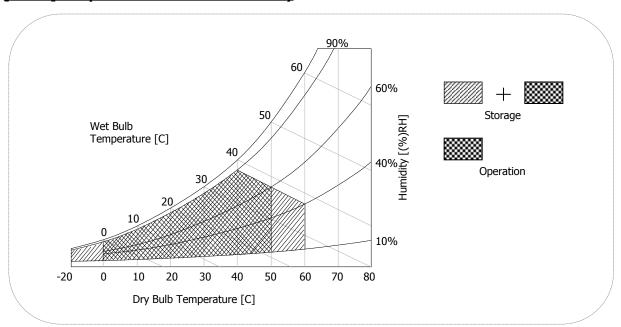
Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes
raiailietei	Зуппоп	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Power supply input voltage	V _{LCD}	-0.3	6.0	V _{DC}	At 25 ℃
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C	1.2
Operating ambient humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	1,2
Storage humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	
LCM surface temperature (Operation)	T _{Surface}	0	65	°C	1, 3

Notes:

- 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max., and no condensation of water.
- 2. Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition
- 3. LCM surface temperature should be measured under the condition of V_{LCD} =5.0V, fv=60Hz, T_a =25 $^{\circ}$ C, no humidity and typical LED string current.
 - %. T_a = Ambient temperature

[FIG. 2] Temperature and relative humidity



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3. Electrical specifications

3-1. Electrical characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver. The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 2-1. Electrical characteristics

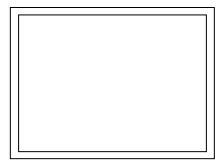
Parameter	Cymbol	Values			Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
MODULE :	-					
Device cumply input valtage	V_{LCD}	4.5	5	5.5	V	4
Power supply input voltage	V_{USB}	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Permissive power input ripple	V_{ripple}	-	-	400	mVp-p	1
Dower supply input surrent	I _{LCD} Typ.	-	647	808	mA	
Power supply input current	I _{LCD} Max.	-	776	970	mA	2
Dower consumption	Pc Typ.	-	3.23	4.04	Watt	2
Power consumption	Pc Max.	-	3.88	4.85	Watt	
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3.5	А	3

Notes:

- 1. Permissive power ripple should be measured under the condition of V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25°C,*fv=max. Refer to page 7 for the pattern and more information.
- 2. The specified current and power consumption can be measured under the V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25°C, f_V =60Hz and the pattern should be changed according to the typical or maximum power condition. The max. current can be measured only with the maximum power pattern. See the page 7 for details.
- 3. Maximum condition of inrush current : The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of power input is 500us \pm 20%. (min.).
- 4. V_{LCD} level must be measured between two points on PCB of LCM [V_{LCD} (test point) ~ LCM Ground) (Test condition: maximum power pattern, 25°C, f_V =60Hz)
- * fv=frame frequency



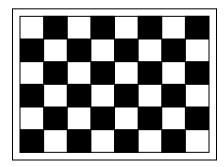
• Permissive power input ripple (V_{LCD} =5.0V, 25°C, fv (frame frequency)=Max. condition)



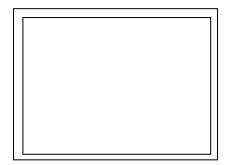
white pattern

For the exact ripple measurement, the condition of max. 20Mhz is recommended in the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope.

• Power consumption (V_{LCD} =5V, 25°C, fv (frame frequency=60Hz condition)



Typical power pattern



Maximum power pattern

[FIG. 3] Mosaic pattern & White pattern for power consumption measurement



Table 2-2. Electrical characteristics of LED bar in normal operating condition

Davamakar	Cumhal		Unite	Notes		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
LED string current	Is	-	51	56	mA	1, 2
LED string voltage	Vs	33.8	36.4	39.0	V	1, 3
Power consumption	PBar	-	7.43	7.96	Watt	1, 2, 5
LED life time	LED_LT	30,000	-	-	Hour	4

Notes: The LED bar consists of 52 LED packages, 4 strings (parallel) x 13 packages (serial) x 1 bar

- 1. The specified values are for single LED bar.
- 2. The specified current is defined as the input current for single LED string with 100% duty cycle.
- 3. The specified voltage is the input LED string voltage at typical current 100% duty cycle.
- 4. The LED life time is defined as the time when brightness of LED itself reach to the 50% of initial value under the conditions at $Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ and typical LED string current.
- 5. The power consumption shown above does not include the loss of external LED driver. The typical power consumption is calculated as $P_{Bar} = V_s(Typ.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings. The maximum power consumption is calculated as $P_{Bar} = V_s(Max.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings.

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3-2. Interface connections

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD connector(CN1): IS100-L300-C23 (UJU) or equivalent

- Mating connector : FI-X30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or equivalent

Table 3. Module connector (CN1) pin configration

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Symbol
1	RXO0-	Minus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS)	16	RXE1+	Plus signal of even channel 1 (LVDS)
2	RXO0+	Plus signal of odd channel 0 (LVDS)	17	GND	Ground
3	RXO1-	Minus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS)	18	RXE2-	Minus signal of even channel 2 (LVDS)
4	RXO1+	Plus signal of odd channel 1 (LVDS)	19	RXE2+	Plus signal of even channel 2 (LVDS)
5	RXO2-	Minus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS)	20	RXEC-	Minus signal of even clock channel (LVDS)
6	RXO2+	Plus signal of odd channel 2 (LVDS)	21 RXEC+ Plus signal of even clock chann		Plus signal of even clock channel (LVDS)
7	GND	Ground	22 RXE3- Minus signal o		Minus signal of even channel 3 (LVDS)
8	RXOC-	Minus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS)	S) 23 RXE3+ Plus signal of even		Plus signal of even channel 3 (LVDS)
9	RXOC+	Plus signal of odd clock channel (LVDS)	24 GND Gr		Ground
10	RXO3-	Minus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS)	25	NC	No connection (I2C serial interface for LCM)
11	RXO3+	Plus signal of odd channel 3 (LVDS)	26	NC	No connection.(I2C serial interface for LCM)
12	RXE0-	Minus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS)	27	ITLC	Interlace image sticking reduction mode selection
13	RXE0+	Plus signal of even channel 0 (LVDS)	28	V LCD	Power Supply +5.0V
14	GND	Ground	29	V LCD	Power Supply +5.0V
15	RXE1-	Minus signal of even channel 1 (LVDS)	30	V LCD	Power Supply +5.0V

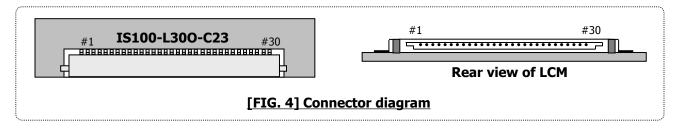
Notes:

- 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All VLCD (input power) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All input level of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 standard.
- 4. ITLC is used for image sticking reduction in interlace mode.

(L: Normal mode, H: Interlace image sticking reduction mode)

This pin should be connected to GND in normal mode.

(Low level Input Voltage: GND ~ 0.4V, High level Input Voltage: 1.6 ~ 3.6V)





3-2. Interface Connections

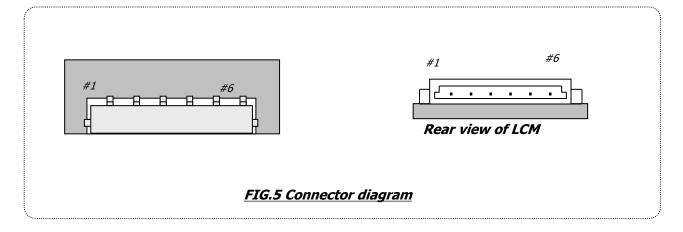
3-2-2. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN2): DF14A-6P-1.25H(HIROSE)

- Mating Connector: DF14-6S-1.25C (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description				
1	VUSB	Power for USB interface (+5V)				
2	USB -	USB Data (-) for Touch				
3	USB +	USB Data (+) for Touch				
4	GND	Ground				
5	GND	Ground				
6	GND	Ground				



LGD Highly recommendation:

Please recommend that you must shield the USB cable



Table 5. Required signal assignment for flat link(TI:SN75LVDS83) transmitter

Pin #	Pin Name	Require Signal	Pin #	Pin Name	Require Signal
1	Vcc	Power supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL
2	D5	TTL Input (R7)	30	D26	TTL Input (DE)
3	D6	TTL Input (R5)	31	T _X CLKIN	TTL Level clock Input
4	D7	TTL Input (G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power down Input
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
6	D8	TTL Input (G1)	34	PLL Vcc	Power supply for PLL
7	D9	TTL Input (G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
8	D10	TTL Input (G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
9	Vcc	Power supply for TTL Input	37	TxOUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output 3
10	D11	TTL Input (G7)	38	TxOUT3 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 3
11	D12	TTL Input (G3)	39	T _X CLKOUT +	Positive LVDS differential clock output
12	D13	TTL Input (G4)	40	T _X CLKOUT -	Negative LVDS differential clock output
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	T _X OUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output 2
14	D14	TTL Input (G5)	42	T _X OUT2 –	Negative LVDS differential data output 2
15	D15	TTL Input (B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
16	D16	TTL Input (B6)	44	LVDS Vcc	Power supply for LVDS
17	Vcc	Power supply for TTL Input	45	T _X OUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output 1
18	D17	TTL Input (B7)	46	T _X OUT1 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 1
19	D18	TTL Input (B1)	47	T _X OUT0+	Positive LVDS differential data output 0
20	D19	TTL Input (B2)	48	T _X OUT0 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 0
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
22	D20	TTL Input (B3)	50	D27	TTL Input (R6)
23	D21	TTL Input (B4)	51	D0	TTL Input (R0)
24	D22	TTL Input (B5)	52	D1	TTL Input (R1)
25	D23	TTL Input (RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL
26	Vcc	Power supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input (R2)
27	D24	TTL Input (HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input (R3)
28	D25	TTL Input (VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input (R4)

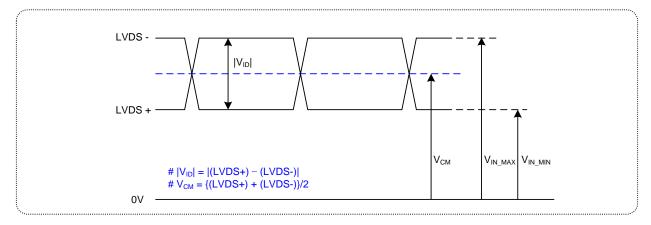
Notes: 1. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions.

2. 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data



3-2-3. LVDS Input characteristics

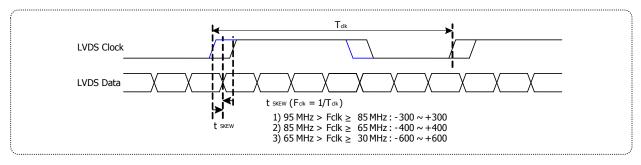
1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential voltage	V _{ID}	150	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input voltage range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode voltage	ΔVсм	-	250	mV	-

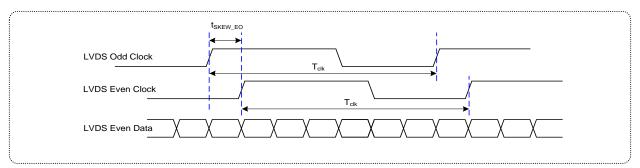
Notes: Dose not have any Noise & Peaking in LVDS Signal

2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
	t _{SKEW}	- 300	+ 300	ps	95MHz > Fclk ≥ 85MHz
LVDS Clock to data skew margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 30MHz
LVDS Clock to clock skew margin (Even to odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-

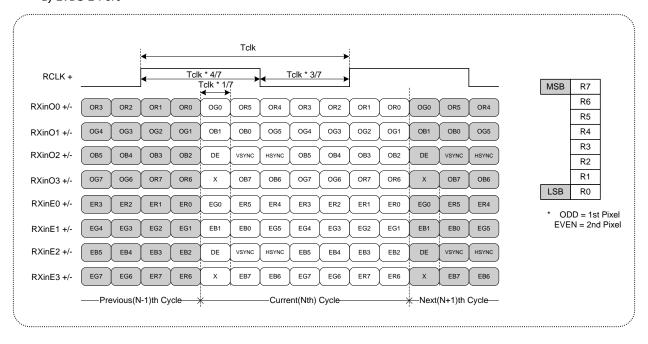




< Clock skew margin between channel >

3. Data Format

1) LVDS 2 Port





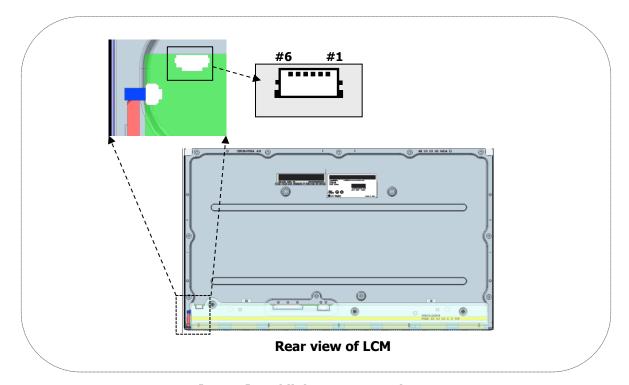
3-2-4. Backlight connector pin configuration

Table 6. Backlight connector pin configuration(CN3)

The LED interface connector is 10035WR-H06D(HF)_wire-locking type manufactured by YEONHO or equivalent. The mating connector is a SHJP-06V-S(HF) or 10035HS-H06C(HF) or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	FB1	Channel1 current feedback	
2	FB2	Channel2 current feedback	
3	VLED	LED power supply (Common anode)	
4	VLED	LED power supply (Common anode)	
5	FB3	Channel3 current feedback	
6	FB4	Channel4 current feedback	



[FIG. 6] Backlight connector view

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3-3. Signal timing specifications

This is signal timing requirement from the signal transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should satisfy the following specifications for its proper operation.

Table 7. Timing table

ITEM	Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	11.1	13.89	16.7	ns	Pixel frequency
DCLK	Frequency	-	60	72	90	MHz	(Typ. 144Mhz)
	Period	tHP	1024	1088	1120	tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	tHV	960	960	960	tCLK	
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	64	128	160		
Hsync	Frequency	fH	64	66	83	KHz	1,3,4
	Width	tWH	16	32	48	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	32	48	64		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	48	48		
	Period	tVP	1090	1100	1160	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	tVV	1080	1080	1080	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	tVB	10	20	80	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	2,4
	Width	tWV	2	4	16	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	5	8	32		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	3	8	32		

Notes:

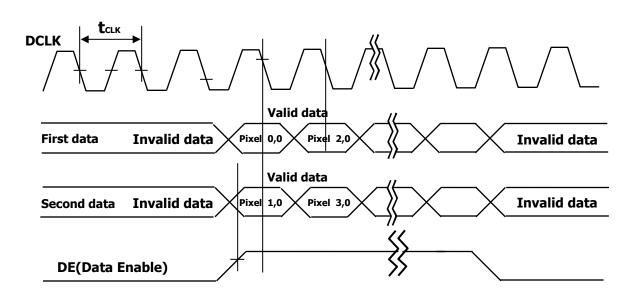
- 1. The value of Hsync period, Hsync width and Hsync valid should be even number times of tCLK.

 If the value is odd number times of tCLK, it can make asynchronous signal timing and cause abnormal display.
- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 3. The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be divided by 4 without a remainder.
- 4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.

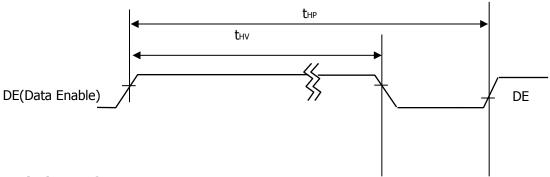


3-4. Signal timing waveforms

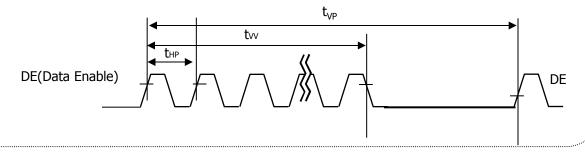
1. Dclk , DE, DATA waveforms



2. Horizontal waveform



3. Vertical waveform





3-5. Color input data reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. Color data reference

				Input Color Data																						
	Color					RE	Đ							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
			MS								MS								MS							SB
	Black								R1 I							G2									B1	
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		0		0	0	0	0	\dashv
Basic Color	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Coloi	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																										
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																										
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																										
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6. Power sequence

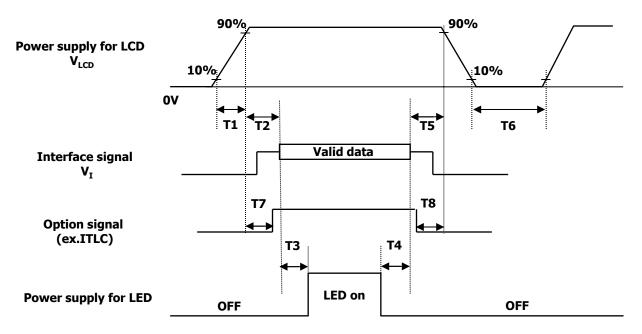


Table 9. Power sequence

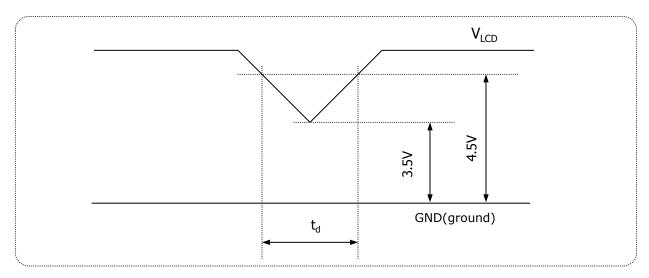
Dawawataw		Huita		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.01	-	50	ms
Т3	500	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.01	-	50	ms
T6	1000		-	ms
T7	0.5	-	T2	ms
T8	0		-	ms

Notes:

- 1. Power sequence should be kept all the time including below cases for normal operation.
 - -.AC/DC Power On/Off
 - -. Mode change (resolution, frequency, timing, sleep mode, color depth change, etc.)
 The violation of power sequence can cause a significant trouble in display and reliability.
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal during signal invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the $V_{LCD}(0V)$.
- 4. Please turn off the power supply for LED when the level of VLCD changes to prevent noise issue.
- 5. When measuring valid data starting point, it can be measured that LVDS signal starts swing.



3-7. V_{LCD} Power dip condition



[FIG. 7] Power dip condition

For proper operation, stable power supply of V_{LCD} is necessary and power dip is allowed only in below condition. Except this condition, power on/off should follow power sequence specification in previous page exactly.

1) Dip condition

$$3.5V \le V_{LCD} < 4.5V$$
, $t_d \le 20ms$

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4.Touch Specifications

4-1. General Specifications

The contents provide general characteristics for the model LM215WFA

	Item		Spec	Notes
General	System		Self Capacitive type	
Specification	Multi Touch	Points	10 points	
	Active touch	area	Same as LCD A/A	
	Sensor	Type.	Advanced In-Cell Touch	
		Sensor Channel Pitch	5.9508mm (X) x 7.4385mm (Y)	
	Touch IC	IC	MIT-411M	Melfas
	Information	Firmware	06.00	
		PID	8104	
	Number of S	Sensor Channel	80ea (X) x 36ea (Y)	
	Interface		HID-USB	USB 2.0



4-2. Power Sequence for Touch

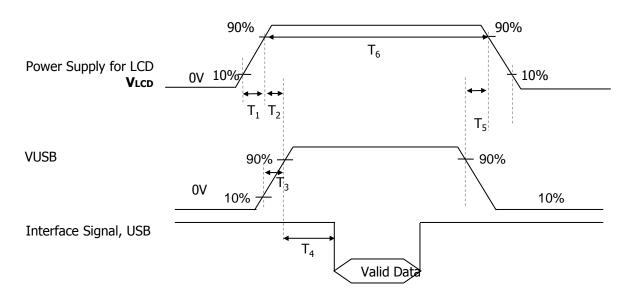


Table 10. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Units			
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offics	
T ₁	0.5	-	10	ms	
T ₂	0	-	-	ms	
T ₃	0.5	-	10	ms	
T ₄	50	-	-	ms	
T ₅	0	-	-	ms	

Notes:

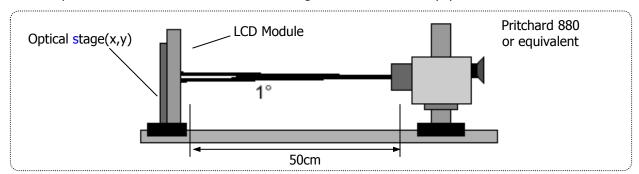
1. T_{4:} USB Communication Ready.



5. Optical specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 \pm 2°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 ° and aperture 1 degree.

FIG. 7 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



[FIG. 8] Optical characteristic measurement equipment and method

Table 11. Optical characteristics

 $(Ta=25 \text{ °C}, V_{LCD}=5.0V, f_V=60Hz Dclk=144MHz, I_S=51mA)$

		Gland	(Values	•	11	
Param	eter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	700	1000	-		1
Surface luminance,	white	L _{wH}	200	250	-	cd/m²	2
Luminance variation		δ _{WHITE}	75	-	-	%	3
Response time	Gray To Gray	T _{GTG_AVR}	-	14	25	ms	4
Color gamut (CIE193	31)	NTSC	-	72	-	%	
	Red	Rx		0.650			
	Reu	Ry		0.338	-		
	Croon	Gx		0.317			
Color coordinates [CIE1931]	Green	Gy	Тур.	0.612	Тур.		
(By PR650)	Blue	Вх	-0.03	0.151	+0.03		
	blue	Ву		0.060			
	White	Wx		0.313		% ms	
	White	Wy		0.329			
Color temperature		-	-	6500	-	К	
Viewing angle	Horizontal	θ_{H}	170	178	-	Dograc	5
(CR>10, General)	Vertical	$\theta_{\sf V}$	170	178	-		
Gray Scale		-		2.2			6

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Notes:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as : (By PR880)

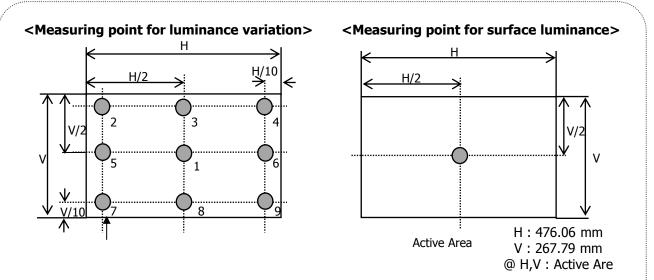
$$Contrast Ratio = \frac{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}$$

It is measured at center point(Location P1)

- 2. Surface luminance(LwH)is luminance value at Center 1 point(P1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.7 (By PR880)
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : (By PR880)

$$\delta_{\textit{WHITE}} = \frac{M \, \text{inimum}(L_{\text{P1}}, L_{\text{P2}}, \dots, L_{\text{P9}})}{M \, \text{aximum} \, (L_{\text{P1}}, L_{\text{P2}}, \dots, L_{\text{P9}})} \times 100$$

Where L1 to L9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations. For more information see FIG.8



[FIG. 9] Measure point for luminance

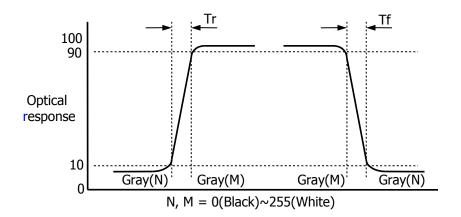


- 4. The Gray To Gray response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray". (By RD80S)
 - Gray step: 5 Step
 - TGTG_AVR is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray".
 - For the GTG measurement, the sampling rate of oscilloscope is recommended at 500k/s.

Table 1	2. GTG	Gray t	able
---------	--------	--------	------

Crov To Cr	Rising time									
Gray To Gi	гау	G255	G191	G127	G63	G0				
Falling time	G255									
	G191									
	G127									
	G63									
	G0									

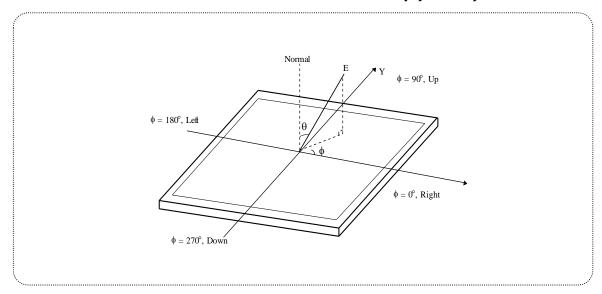
Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".



[FIG. 10] Response Time



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.10 (By PR880)



[FIG. 10] Viewing angle

6. Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see Table 11.

Table 13. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ)
0	0.10
15	0.31
31	1.08
47	2.53
63	4.72
79	7.7
95	11.5
111	16.1
127	21.7
143	28.1
159	35.5
175	43.7
191	53.0
207	63.2
223	74.5
239	86.7
255	100



6. Mechanical characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	484.62mm		
Outline dimension (With Conductive Tape)	Vertical	284.57mm		
(man conductive rape)	Depth	12.26mm		
Bezel area	Horizontal	-		
Dezei alea	Vertical	-		
Active display area	Horizontal	476.06mm		
Active display area	Vertical	267.79mm		
Weight	Тур. : 1605g, Мах. : 1685g			
Surface treatment	Low Haze treatment of the front polarizer (3H)			

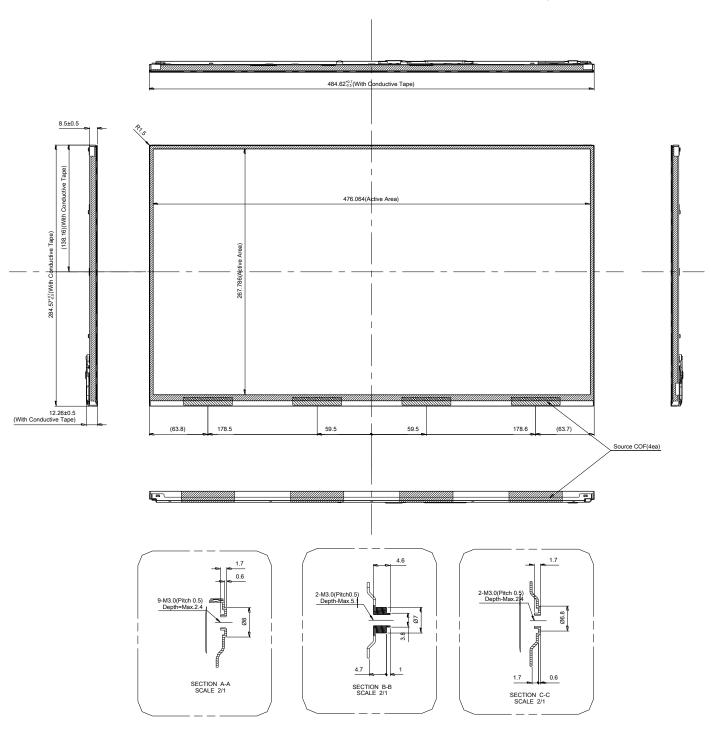
Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

Outline dimensions (horizontal, vertical and outside depth) are measured by using vernier calipers. The inside depth dimensions are measured by using height gauge, when LCM is put face down onto a flat surface.

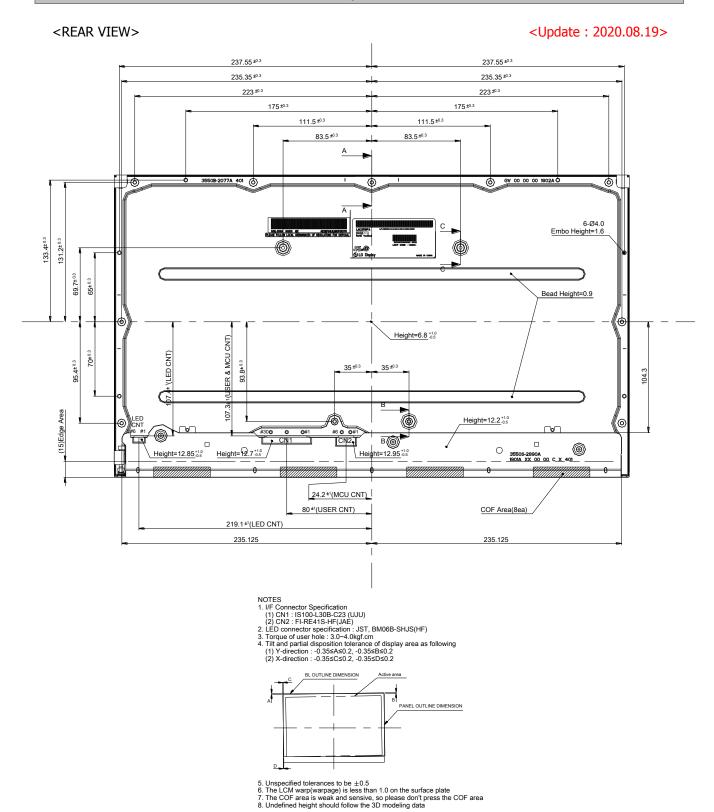
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<FRONT VIEW> < Update : 2020.08.19>









7. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
6	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet (3,048m) 0 - 40,000 feet (12,192m)

Note 1. Result evaluation criteria:

TFT-LCD panels test should take place after cooling enough at room temperature.

In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.

*. T_a = Ambient Temperature

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8. International standards

8-1. Safety

- a) IEC 62368-1, The International Electro-technical Commission(IEC).
 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Safety Requirements.
- b) EN 62368-1, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization (CENELEC) Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- c) UL 62368-1, UL LLC.
 - Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- d) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- e) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC).
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements

8-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 of 31 March 2015 amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council

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9. Packing

9-1. Designation of lot mark

a) Lot mark

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

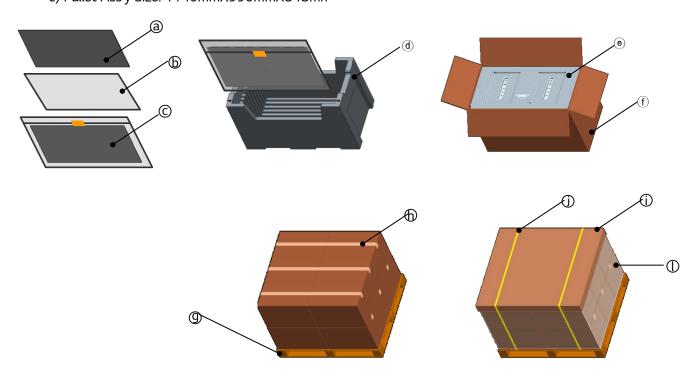
b) Location of lot mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.



9-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 9ea
Package quantity in one Pallet: 108ea
b) Box Size: 553mm X 315mm X 360mm
c) Pallet Ass'y Size: 1140mmX990mmX843mn



No.	Description	Material
a	LCM	-
Ф	Protect film	OPP
©	AL-Bag	AL
(1)	Packing,Bottom	EPS
e	Packing,Top	EPS
(f)	Вох	Paper(SW)
9	Pallet	Plywood
Ф	Tape	OPP
(i)	Angle Cover	Paper(SW)
①	BAND	PP
0	Wrap	-



10. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

10-1. Mounting precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in rear side.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.

 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

10-2. Operating precautions

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In higher temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (If not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (9) When LCMs are used for public display, defects such as Yogore & image sticking can not be guaranteed.
- (10) LCM cannot support "Interlaced scan method"
- (11) When this reverse model is used as a forward-type model (PCB on top side) or a Portrait-type mode at storage and operation, LGD can not guarantee any defects of LCM.
- (12) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling pattern at normal temperature. (25~40 $^{\circ}$ C)

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10-3. Electrostatic discharge control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

10-4. Precautions for strong light and hazardous material exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

The LCM should be avoided direct contact with Hazardous materials such as sulfur, acetic acid, chlorine, etc. These materials may cause chemical reaction such as sulfurization, corrosion, discoloration, etc.

10-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

10-6. Handling precautions for protection film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.

 When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.

 This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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APPENDIX

■ Serial Label



■ Box Label

LM	21	5WFA	SSG2				
0	Z47						
9	PCS	LOT/MM-DD	Х				
MADE	E IN	CHINA	RoHS Verified				

■ Pallet Label

LM21	5WFA	SSG2				
0Z47	7579					
108 PCS	LOT/MM-DD	Х				
MADE IN	CHINA	RoHS Verified				