

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

| ( | )  | Preliminary Specification | 1 |
|---|----|---------------------------|---|
| ( | •) | Final Specification       |   |

|   | TITLE | 27.0" QHD TFT LCD |
|---|-------|-------------------|
| Į |       |                   |

| BUYER | DELL |  |  |
|-------|------|--|--|
| MODEL |      |  |  |

| SUPPLIER | LG Display Co., Ltd. |
|----------|----------------------|
| MODEL    | LM270WQA             |
| SUFFIX   | SSA2                 |

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE |
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# **Record of Revisions**

| Revision<br>No<br>0.1 | Revision<br>Date<br>Aug. 05,<br>2019 | Page | Before  - Change the format and page about cha  | After First Draft(Preliminary) racteristics of peak luminance  | Application Date Aug. 05, 2019 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| 0.2                   | Aug. 05,<br>2019                     | 23   | Table 3-3. Absolute maximum value of LED bar  Parameter Symbol Values Unit Notes  Peak (ED string current Is (110) mA  Peak luminance Lp 500 nt  Notes:  1. Peak LED string voltage at peak current with 100% duty cycle is (46.9±1.6 V) at Ta = 25 ± 2°C.  2. Peak Luminance 500nR is achieved at (110mA), while the specifications for quarantee remains under the normal operating condition specified in Table 2.2. Specifications and condition for evaluation lest and mass production shall be applied with conditions specified in Table 2.2.   | Table 4-1-1. Absolute Maximum. Value of LED Bar and Peak Luminance  Parameter Symbol Values viril Notes  Peak LED String Current b (110) mA a,b,c  Peak LeD string votage of pracounterd with 100% duty cycle is (46,8x3,00) at T, is 25 to 20  Botton:  a: Peak LED string votage of pracounterd with 100% duty cycle is (46,8x3,00) at T, is 25 to 20  b) Tuble 4-1-( is relievance Caturary for HDE function usage, refer to the appendix of LEM temperature of peak current.  c: Peak immance 500mb is achieved at (1,10mA), while the specifications and condition for evaluation test and mass production should not specified in Table 3-2. Specifications and condition for evaluation test and mass production shall be applied with 1 or off errors specified in Table 3-2.  | Aug. 05,<br>2019               |
| 0.3                   | Aug. 19,<br>2019                     | 1, 5 | Update the model name  LM270WQA-SSxx  Update the timing table and notes  Finding 3.0. Finding finding table and notes  Finding 3.0. Finding finding table and notes  Finding 5.0. Finding finding table and notes  Finding 6.0. Finding finding table and notes  Finding 6.0. Finding finding table and notes  Finding 6.0. Finding finding table finding tab | - LM270WQA-SSA2    Compared   September    | Aug. 19,<br>2019               |
| 0.4                   | Aug. 30,<br>2019                     | 23   | Update the note (C) about characteristic  c) Peak luminance 500nt is achieved at (110mA), while the specifications for guarantee remains under the normal operating condition specified in Table 3-2. Specifications and condition for evaluation test and mass production shall be applied with conditions specified in Table 3-2.  Update the timing table and notes  Update the information of Packing form  | c) Peak luminance 500nit (Min. 400nit) is achieved at (LLOMA), while the specifications for guarantee remains under the normal operating condition specified in Table 3-2. Specifications and condition for evaluation test and mass production shall be applied with conditions specified in Table 3-2.   | Aug. 30,<br>2019               |
| 0.5                   | Sep. 09,<br>2019                     | 17   | Update the timing table   | The second secon | Sep. 09,<br>2019               |
| 0.6                   | Apr. 29,<br>2020                     | 9    | Update the LED bar electrical character         Parameter       Symbol       Values       Units         Min.       Typ.       Max.       Units         LED strng current       Is       -       (85)       190)       mA         LED strng votage       Vs       (44.5)       (46.1)       (47.7)       V         Power consumption       PBx       -       (31.3)       (32.4)       Watt  | Symbol   Symbol   Walues   Units   | Apr. 25,<br>2020               |



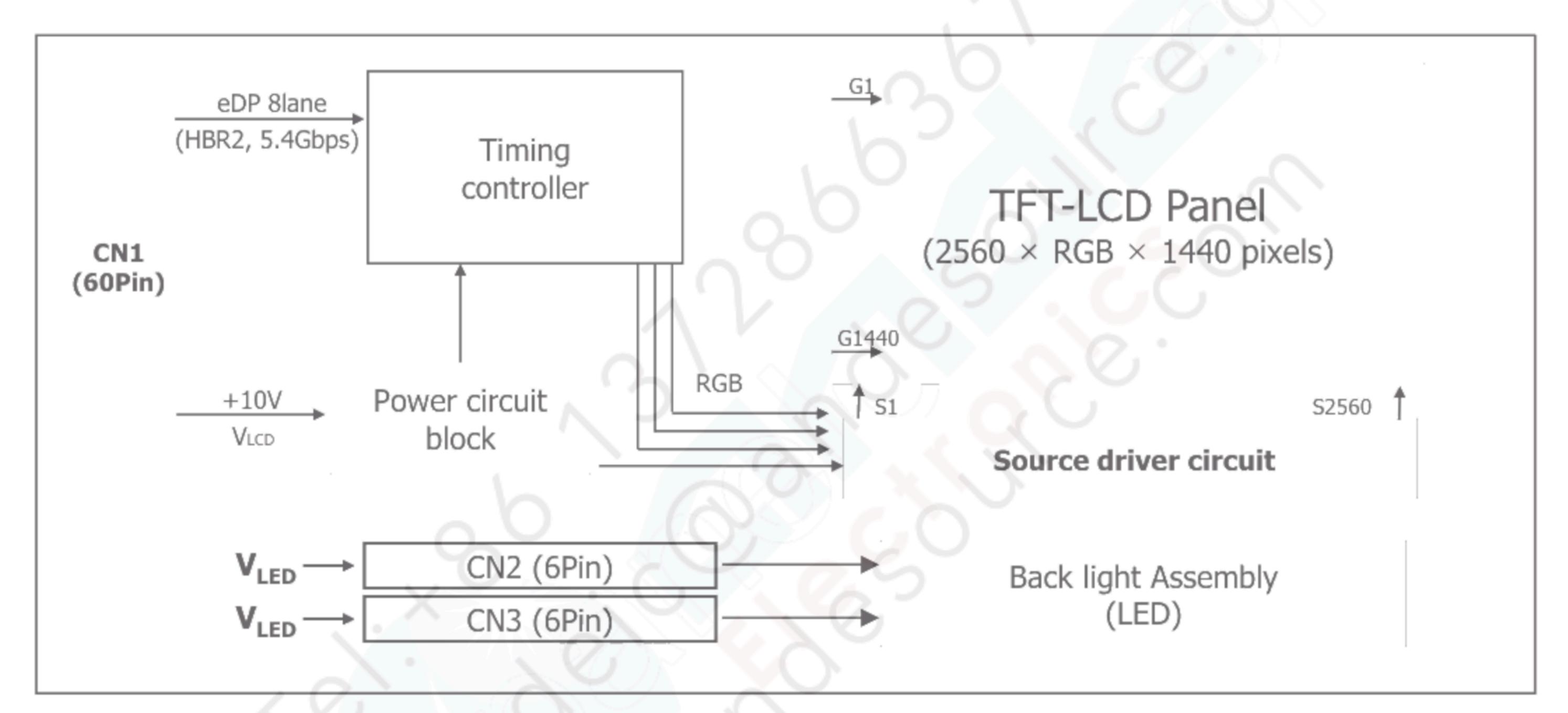
# **Record of Revisions**

|                |                  |          |   |   | Δ 1:                |          |
|----------------|------------------|----------|---|---|---------------------|----------|
| Revision<br>No | Revision         | Page     | Before  | After   | Application<br>Date |          |
| 0.6            | Apr. 29,<br>2020 | Apr. 29, | 36,37   | Update the content of appendix about I  | HDR function        | Apr. 29, |
| 0.6            |                  | 3037     | To be update  | Update the content of appendix  | 2020                |          |
|                |                  | _        | _   | Final Draft   |                     |          |
|                |                  |          | Update the mechanical drawing   |   |                     |          |
| 1.0            | May. 13.<br>2020 | 29       |   |   | May. 13.<br>2020    |          |
|                |                  | 31       | 7-1. Safety  a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirements. b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirements. c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardzabon/CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirements. d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro-technical Commission(IEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirements. | J-1. Safety  a) BC 62368-1, The International Electro-sectivical Commission/EC).  Auctorwideo, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety - Safety Requirements.  b) EN 62368-1, European Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements c) UL 62368-1, UL LLC.  Audio/wideo, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements d) CAty CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, Canadian Standards Association (ESA):  Auctorwideo, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements e) EC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (EC):  Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements |                     |          |
|                |                  |          |   |   |                     |          |



## 1. General description

LM270WQA-SSA2 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display with a light emitting diode (WLED) backlight assembly without LED driver. The matrix employs a-Si thin film transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 27 inch diagonally measured active display area with QHD resolution.(2560 horizontal by 1440 vertical pixels array) Each pixel is divided into red, green and blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 1.07 Billion colors with A-FRC(Advanced Frame Rate Control). It has been designed to apply eDP(HBR2, 5.4Gbps) interface. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.



[FIG. 1] Block diagram

#### **General features**

| Active screen size     | 27 inches(68.47cm) (Aspect ratio 16:9)                         |
|------------------------|--|
| Outline dimension      | 608.8(H) x 355.1(V) x 15.2mm (Typ.)                            |
| Pixel pitch            | 0.2331(H)mm x 0.2331(V)mm                                      |
| Pixel format           | 2560(H) x 1440(V) Pixels. RGB stripes arrangement              |
| Color depth            | 1.07 Billion colors (8bit + A-FRC)                             |
| Luminance (@White)     | 400 cd/m² (Center 1 Point, Typ.)                               |
| Viewing angle(CR>10)   | View angle free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))                 |
| Power consumption      | Total 36.9Watt (5.6Watt @V <sub>LCD</sub> , 31.3Watt @Is=85mA) |
| Weight                 | 2,550g (Typ.)  |
| Display operating mode | Transmissive mode, normally black                              |
| Panel type             | Reverse type   |
| Surface treatment      | Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze25%, 3H)      |



## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 2-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Daramotor                          | Symbol               | Val  | ues   | Lloito   | Notos  |  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------|----------|--------|--|
| Parameter                          | Symbol               | Min  | Max   | Units    | Notes  |  |
| Power Supply Input Voltage         | $V_{LCD}$            | -0.3 | +11.0 | $V_{DC}$ | At 25℃ |  |
| Operating Temperature              | $T_OP$               | 0    | 50    | °C       |        |  |
| Storage Temperature                | $T_{ST}$             | -20  | 60    | °C       | 1 2 2  |  |
| Operating Ambient Humidity         | H <sub>OP</sub>      | 10   | 90    | %RH      | 1,2,3  |  |
| Storage Humidity                   | H <sub>ST</sub>      | 10   | 90    | %RH      |        |  |
| LCM Surface Temperature(Operation) | T <sub>surface</sub> | 0    | 65    | °C       | 1,4    |  |

#### Notes:

1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

2) Maximum storage humidity is up to 40°C, 70% RH only for 4 corner light leakage mura.

3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition.

4) LCM surface temperature should be measured under the condition of V<sub>LCD</sub> = Typ, f<sub>V</sub> = 144Hz, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 ℃, no humidity and typical LED string current.

\* f<sub>V</sub> = Frame frequency \* T<sub>a</sub> = Ambient temperature

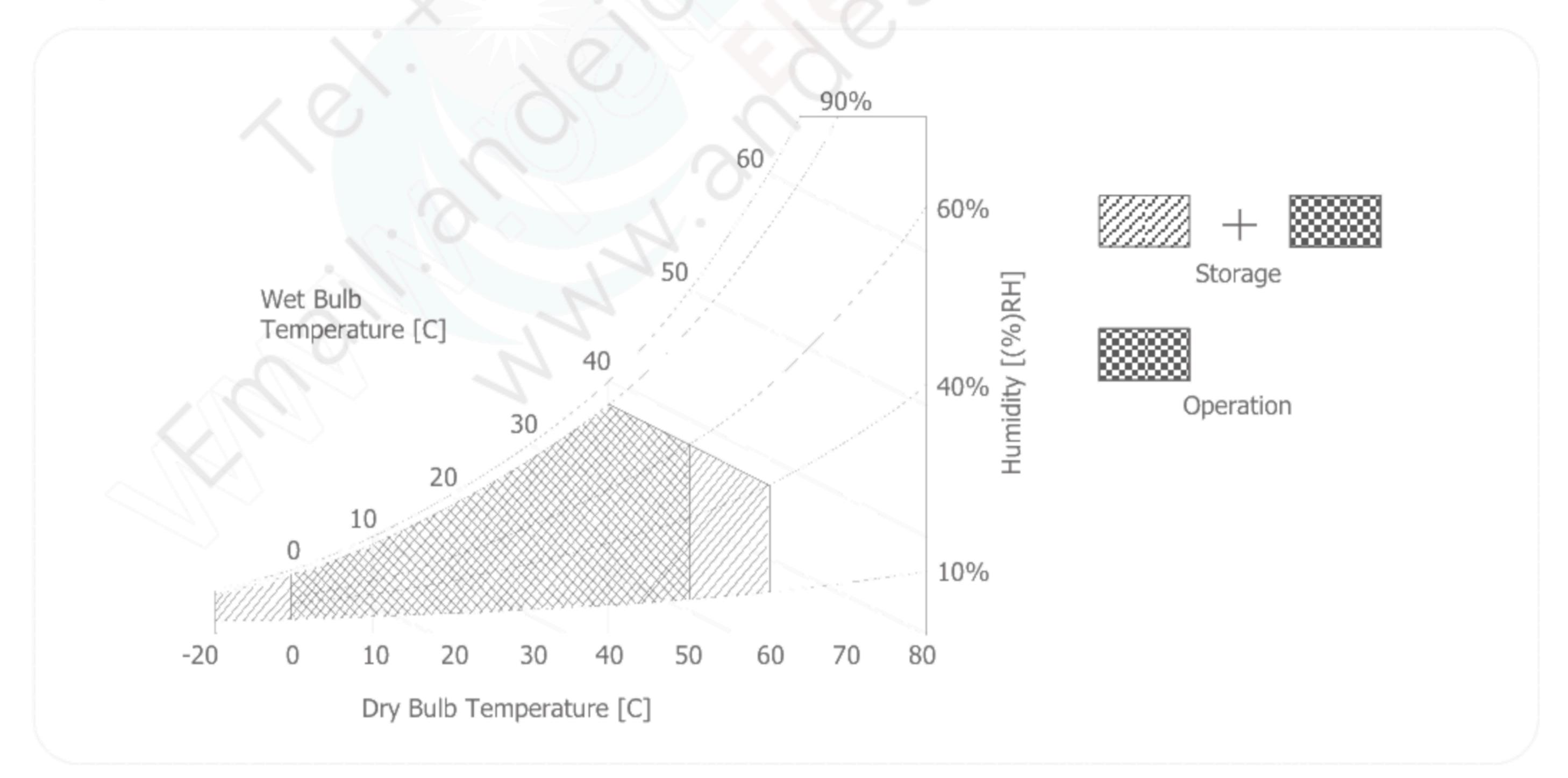


FIG.2 Temperature And Relative Humidity



## 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver. The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                     | Symbol    | Values |      |      | Unit  | Notes  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|------|------|-------|--------|
| I didilictei                  | Зуппрог   | Min    | Тур  | Max  | CHIL  | IVOCCS |
| Module:                       |           |        |      |      |       |        |
| Power Supply Input voltage    | VLCD      | 9.5    | 10.0 | 10.5 | Vdc   | 4      |
| Permissive Power Input Ripple | VRIPPLE   | -      |      | 400  | mVp-p | 1      |
| Dowar Supply Input Current    | ILCD Typ. | 9-5    | 560  | 840  | mA    |        |
| Power Supply Input Current    | ILCD Max. |        | 580  | 870  | mA    | 7      |
| Dower Concumption             | PLCD Typ. |        | 5.6  | 8.4  | Watt  | _      |
| Power Consumption             | PLCD Max. |        | 5.8  | 8.7  | Watt  |        |
| Rush Current                  | IRUSH     | G      |      | 4.0  | Α     | 3      |

#### Notes:

1) Permissive power ripple should be measured under the condition of  $V_{LCD} = Typ$ ,  $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ ,  $f_{V} = Max$ . Refer to page 7 for the pattern and more information.

2) The specified current and power consumption can be measured under the V<sub>LCD</sub> = Typ, 25±2℃, f<sub>V</sub> = 144Hz and the pattern should be changed according to the typical or maximum power condition. The max. current can be measured only with the maximum power pattern. See the page 7 for details.

3) Maximum condition of inrush current:

The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of power input is 500us  $\pm 20\%$ . (Min).

4) V<sub>LCD</sub> level must be measured between two points on PCB of LCM V<sub>LCD</sub>(test point) ~ LCM Ground. (Test condition: Maximum power pattern, 25 °C, f<sub>V</sub> = 144Hz)

<sup>\*</sup>  $f_v$  = Frame frequency



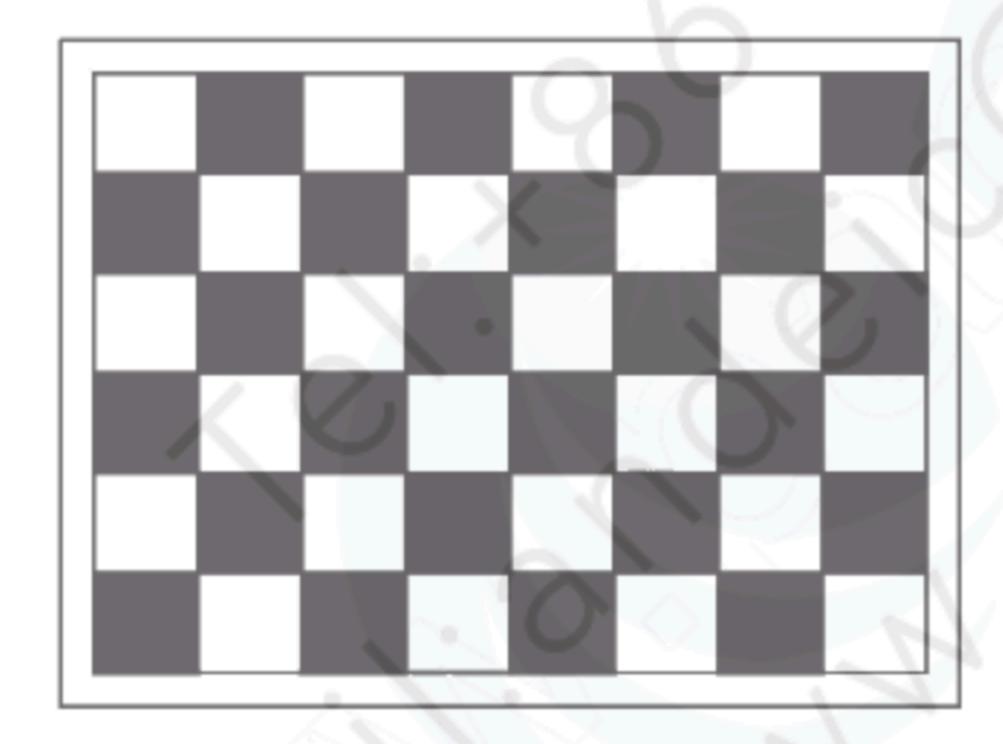
• Permissive Power Input Ripple( $V_{LCD} = Typ, 25^{\circ}C, f_{V}(frame frequency) = Max condition)$ 



**White Pattern** 

For the exact ripple measurement, the condition of Max 20MHz is recommended in the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope.

Power Consumption(V<sub>LCD</sub> = Typ, 25℃, f<sub>V</sub>(frame frequency) = 144Hz condition)



**Typical Power Pattern** 



**Maximum Power Pattern** 

FIG.3-1 Mosaic Pattern & White Pattern For Power Consumption Measurement



#### Table 3-2. LED Bar Electrical Characteristics

| Danamatan          | Granhal |        | Haite | Motoc |       |         |
|--------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Parameter          | Symbol  | Min.   | Тур.  | Max.  | Units | Notes   |
| LED string current | Is      | _      | 85    | 90    | mA    | 1, 2    |
| LED string voltage | Vs      | 44.4   | 46.0  | 47.6  | V     | 1, 3    |
| Power consumption  | PBar    | _      | 31.3  | 32.4  | Watt  | 1, 2, 5 |
| LED life time      | LED_LT  | 30,000 | \-\   | -     | Hour  | 4       |

Notes: The LED bar consists of 64 LED packages, 8 strings (parallel) x 8 packages (serial) x 1 bar

- 1. The specified values are for single LED bar.
- 2. The specified current is defined as the input current for single LED string with 100% duty cycle.
- 3. The specified voltage is the input LED string voltage at typical current 100% duty cycle.
- 4. The LED life time is defined as the time when brightness of LED itself reach to the 50% of initial value under the conditions at  $Ta = 25 \pm 2$ °C and typical LED string current.
- 5. The power consumption shown above does not include the loss of external LED driver. The typical power consumption is calculated as  $P_{Bar} = V_s(Typ.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$  of strings. The maximum power consumption is calculated as  $P_{Bar} = V_s(Max.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$  of strings.



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

#### 3-2-1. LCD Module

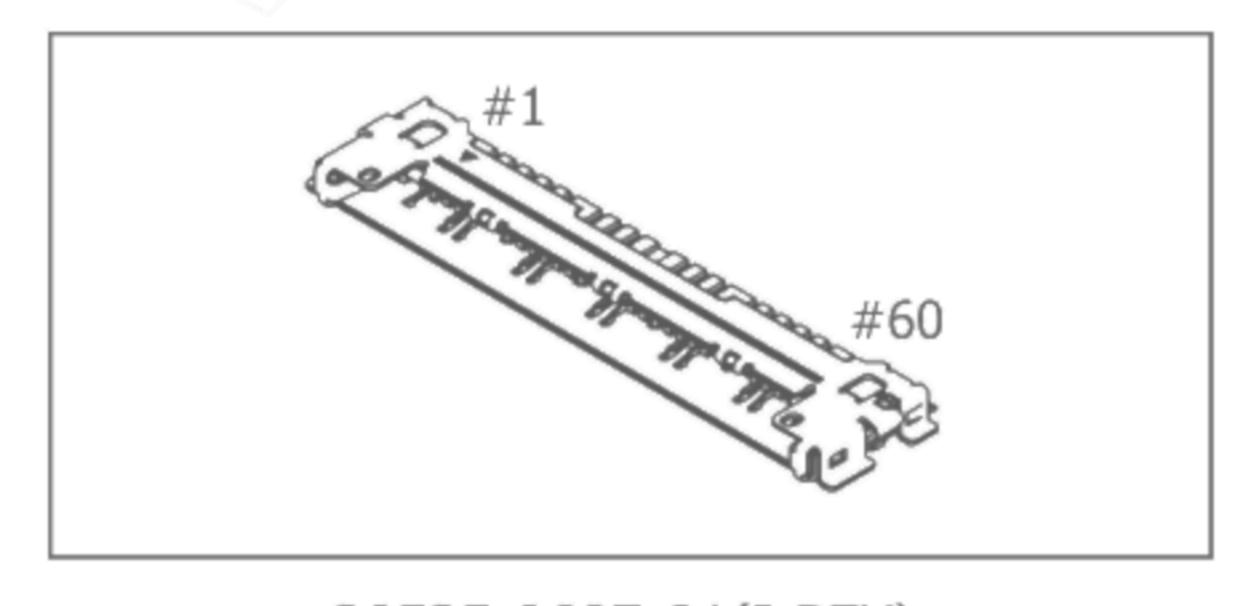
- LCD Connector(Receptacle): 20525-060E-01(Manufactured by I-PEX)
- Mating Connector(Plug): 20523-060T(Manufactured by I-PEX)

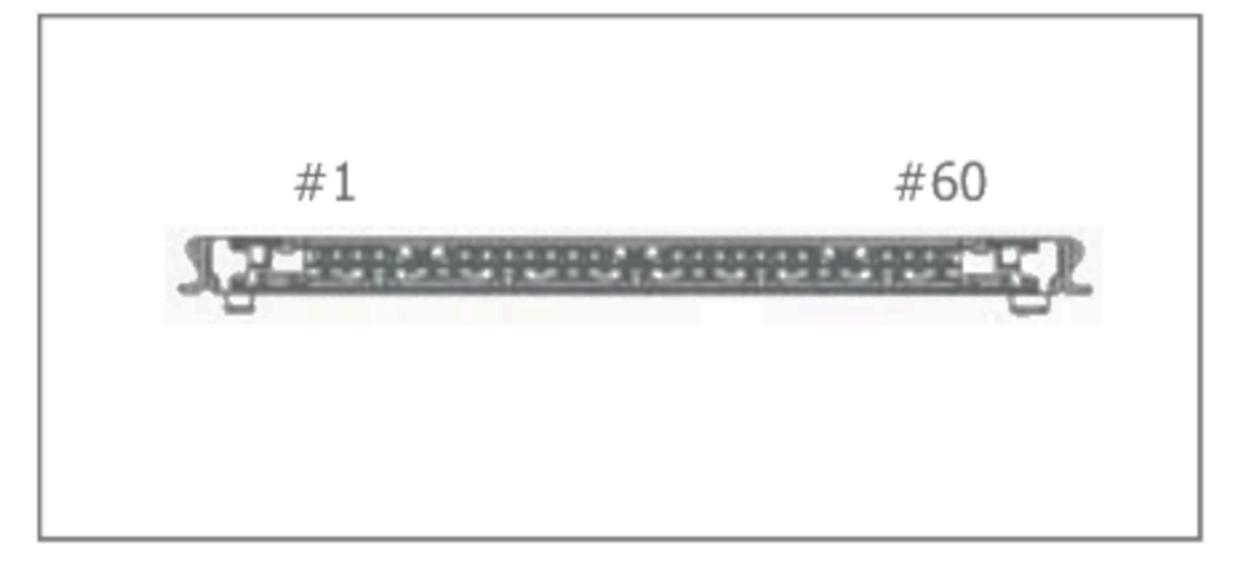
Table 3-3. Module Connector(CN1) Pin Configuration

| No | Symbol           | Description                                   | No | Symbol    | Description                                  |
|----|------------------|---|----|-----------|--|
| 1  | GND              | Ground  | 31 | DP0_L1_N  | Master Component Signal for Main Link 1      |
| 2  | V <sub>LCD</sub> | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 32 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 3  | V <sub>LCD</sub> | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 33 | DP0_L2_P  | Master True Signal for Main Link 2           |
| 4  | V <sub>LCD</sub> | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 34 | DP0_L2_N  | Master Component Signal for Main Link 2      |
| 5  | $V_{LCD}$        | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 35 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 6  | V <sub>LCD</sub> | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 36 | DP0_L3_P  | Master True Signal for Main Link 3           |
| 7  | V <sub>LCD</sub> | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 37 | DP0_L3_N  | Master Component Signal for Main Link 3      |
| 8  | $V_{LCD}$        | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 38 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 9  | $V_{LCD}$        | Power Supply +10.0V                           | 39 | DP1_L0_P  | Slave True Signal for Main Link 0            |
| 10 | GND              | Ground  | 40 | DP1_L0_N  | Slave Component Signal for Main Link 0       |
| 11 | GND              | Ground  | 41 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 12 | GND              | Ground  | 42 | DP1_L1_P  | Slave True Signal for Main Link 1            |
| 13 | GND              | Ground  | 43 | DP1_L1_N  | Slave Component Signal for Main Link 1       |
| 14 | GND              | Ground  | 44 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 15 | GND              | Ground  | 45 | DP1_L2_P  | Slave True Signal for Main Link 2            |
| 16 | GND              | Ground  | 46 | DP1_L2_N  | Slave Component Signal for Main Link 2       |
| 17 | BIST             | L(GND): Black, H(3.3V): Rotational Pattern    | 47 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 18 | GND              | Ground  | 48 | DP1_L3_P  | Slave True Signal for Main Link 3            |
| 19 | NC               | No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)   | 49 | DP1_L3_N  | Slave Component Signal for Main Link 3       |
| 20 | NC               | No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)   | 50 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 21 | DP0_HPD          | Master Hot Plug Detect Signal                 | 51 | DP1_AUX_P | Slave True Signal for Auxiliary Channel      |
| 22 | DP1_HPD          | Slave Hot Plug Detect Signal                  | 52 | DP1_AUX_N | Slave Component Signal for Auxiliary Channel |
| 23 | GND              | Ground  | 53 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 24 | DP0_AUX_P        | Master True Signal for Auxiliary Channel      | 54 | NC        | No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)  |
| 25 | DP0_AUX_N        | Master Component Signal for Auxiliary Channel | 55 | NC        | No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)  |
| 26 | GND              | Ground  | 56 | NC        | No Connection                                |
| 27 | DP0_L0_P         | Master True Signal for Main Link 0            | 57 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 28 | DP0_L0_N         | Master Component Signal for Main Link 0       | 58 | NC        | No Connection                                |
| 29 | GND              | Ground  | 59 | GND       | Ground                                       |
| 30 | DP0_L1_P         | Master True Signal for Main Link 1            | 60 | NC        | No Connection                                |

#### Notes:

- 1) All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- All V<sub>LCD</sub>(power input) pins should be connected together.
   BIST(Build In Self Test): If BIST pin is tied to "High(3.3V)", T-con generates rotational pattern. Time to stay at every pattern is about 2sec.





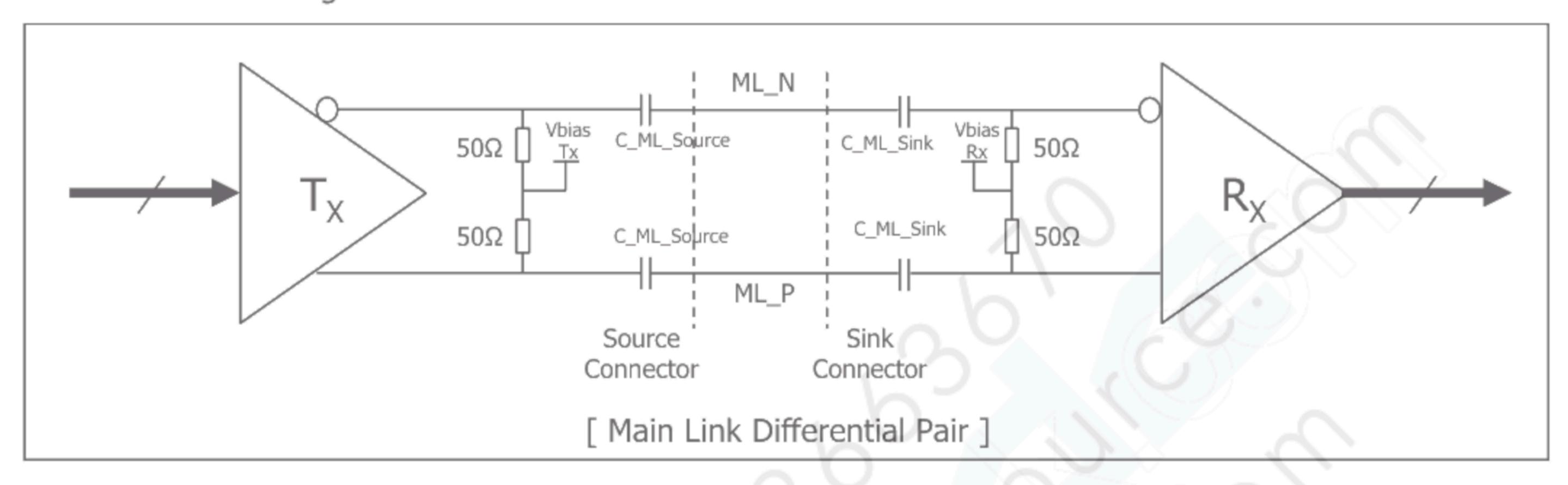
20525-060E-01(I-PEX)

Rear view of LCM



# 3-2-2. eDP Signal Specifications

#### 1. eDP Main Link Signal



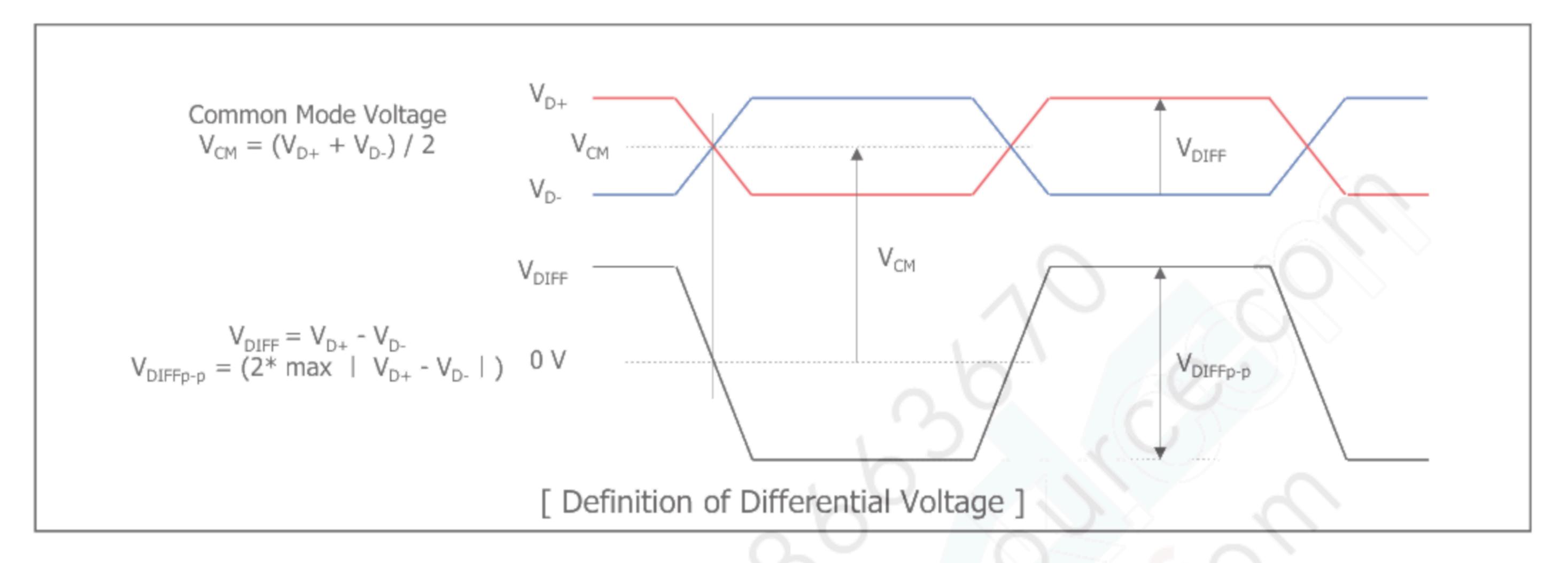
| Parameter   | Symbol                           | Min  | Тур | Max    | Unit | Notes       |
|---|----------------------------------|------|-----|--------|------|-------------|
| Unit Interval for High Bit Rate<br>(5.4Gbps / Lane)         | UI_HBR2                          |      | 185 |        | ps   |             |
| Link Clock Down Spreading                                   | Amplitude                        | 0    |     | 0.5    | %    |             |
| Link Clock Down Spreading                                   | Frequency                        | 30   |     | 33     | kHz  |             |
| Maximum Output Voltage<br>Level at Source Side Connector    | V <sub>TX-DIFFp-p-Max</sub>      |      |     | 1.38   | ٧    | 6           |
| Differential Peak to peak Voltage<br>at Sink Side Connector | V <sub>RX-DIFFp-p</sub>          | 0.09 |     | _      | ٧    | 7           |
| EYE width<br>at Sink Side Connector                         | T <sub>RX-EYE-CONN</sub>         | 0.38 | -   | _      | UI   | 6,7         |
| Lane Intra-pair Skew  | L <sub>Rx-SKEW-</sub> INTRA_PAIR |      | _   | 50     | ps   |             |
| Master Tx to Slave Tx Skew                                  | Tx-to-<br>Tx_skew                | _    | -   | ± 0.25 | DE   | 8           |
| AC Coupling Capacitor                                       | C <sub>SOURCE</sub> _ML          | 75   | -   | 200    | nF   | Source side |

#### Notes:

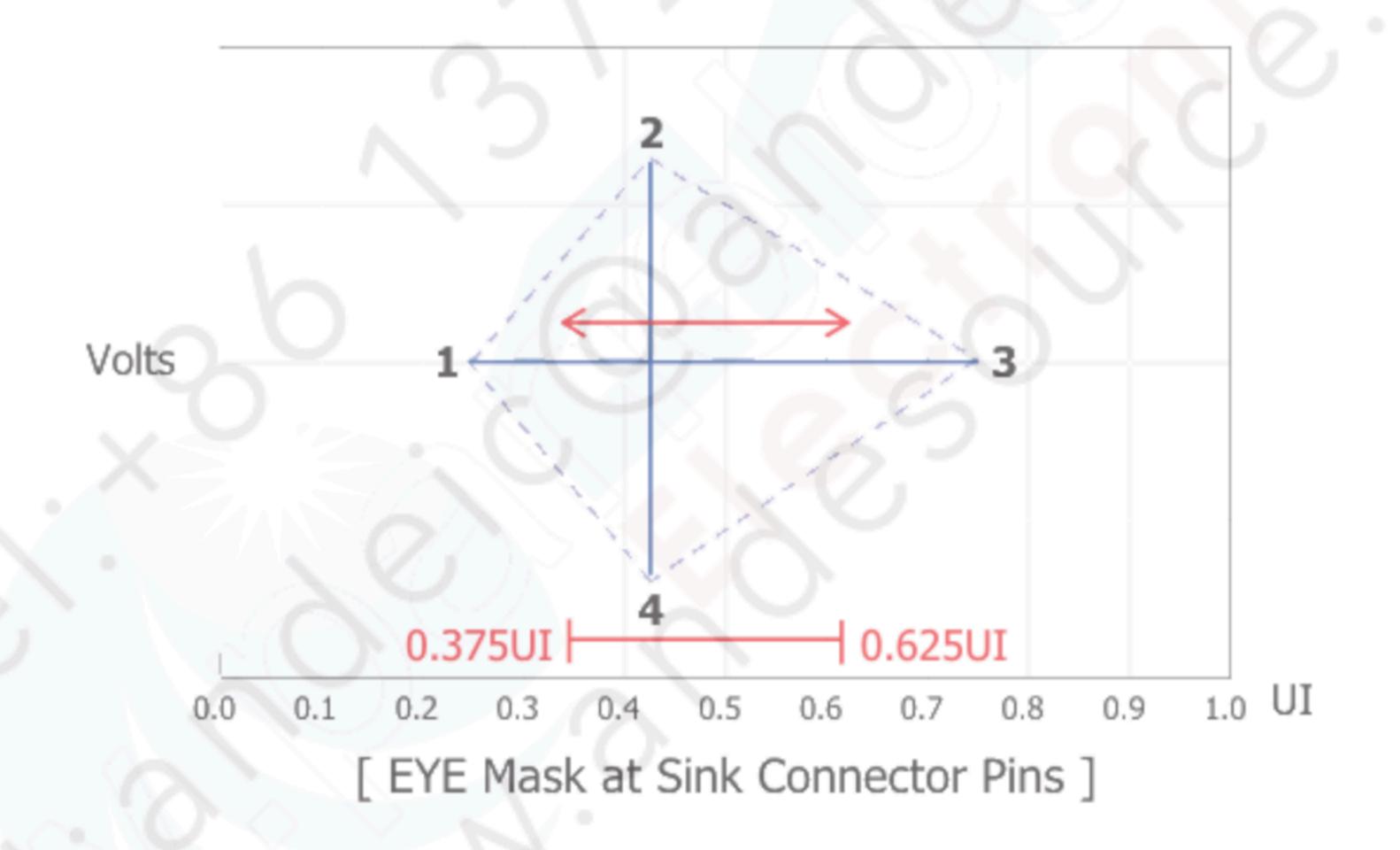
- 1) In cabled embedded system, it is recommended the system designer ensure that EYE width and voltage are met at the sink side connector pins.
- Mismatched common mode voltage will occur abnormal display.
   All eDP electrical spec is measured at sink connector side.



#### Note 6) Definition of Differential Voltage



#### Note 7) Main Link EYE Diagram



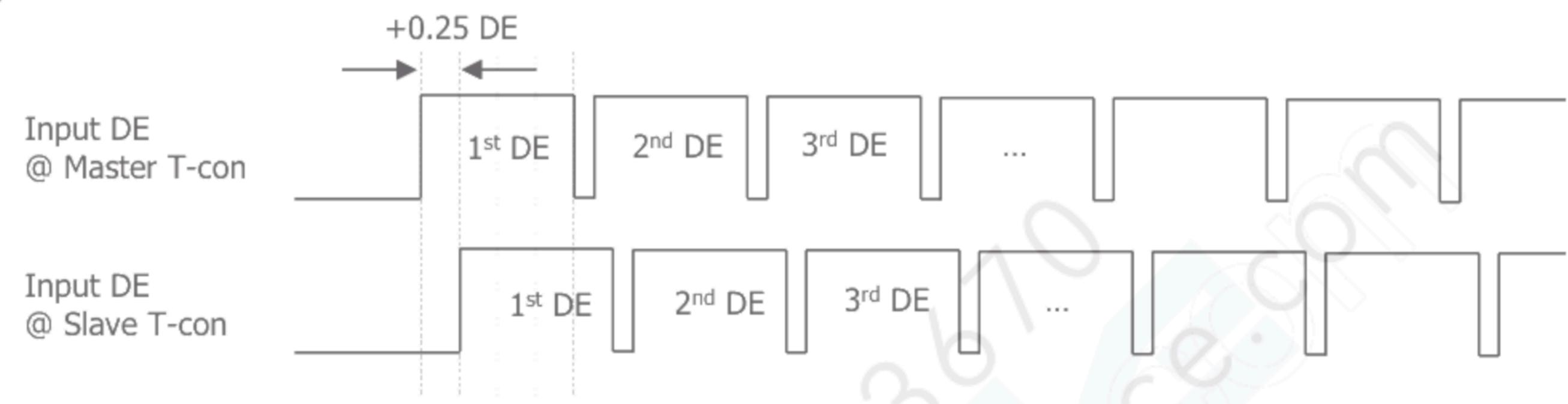
| Point  | High Bit Rate 2 @ TP3 EQ   |            |
|--------|--|------------|
| POIIIL | Time(UI)   | Voltage(V) |
| 1      | Any UI location (x) where the eye width is open from x to $x + 0.38UI$ | 0.000      |
| 2      | Any passing UI location between 0.375UI - 0.625UI                      | 0.045      |
| 3      | Point 1 + 0.38UI   | 0.000      |
| 4      | Same as Point 2  | -0.045     |

[ EYE Mask Vertices at embedded DP Sink Connector Pins ]

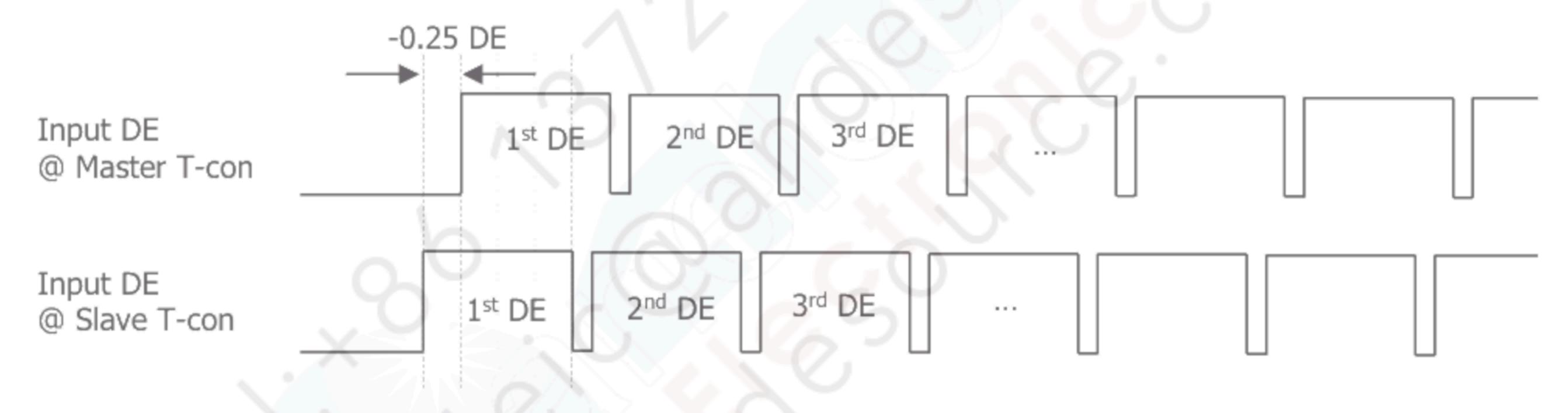


Note 8) Master Tx to Slave Tx Skew Margin Case

#### (1) +0.25 DE Skew Case

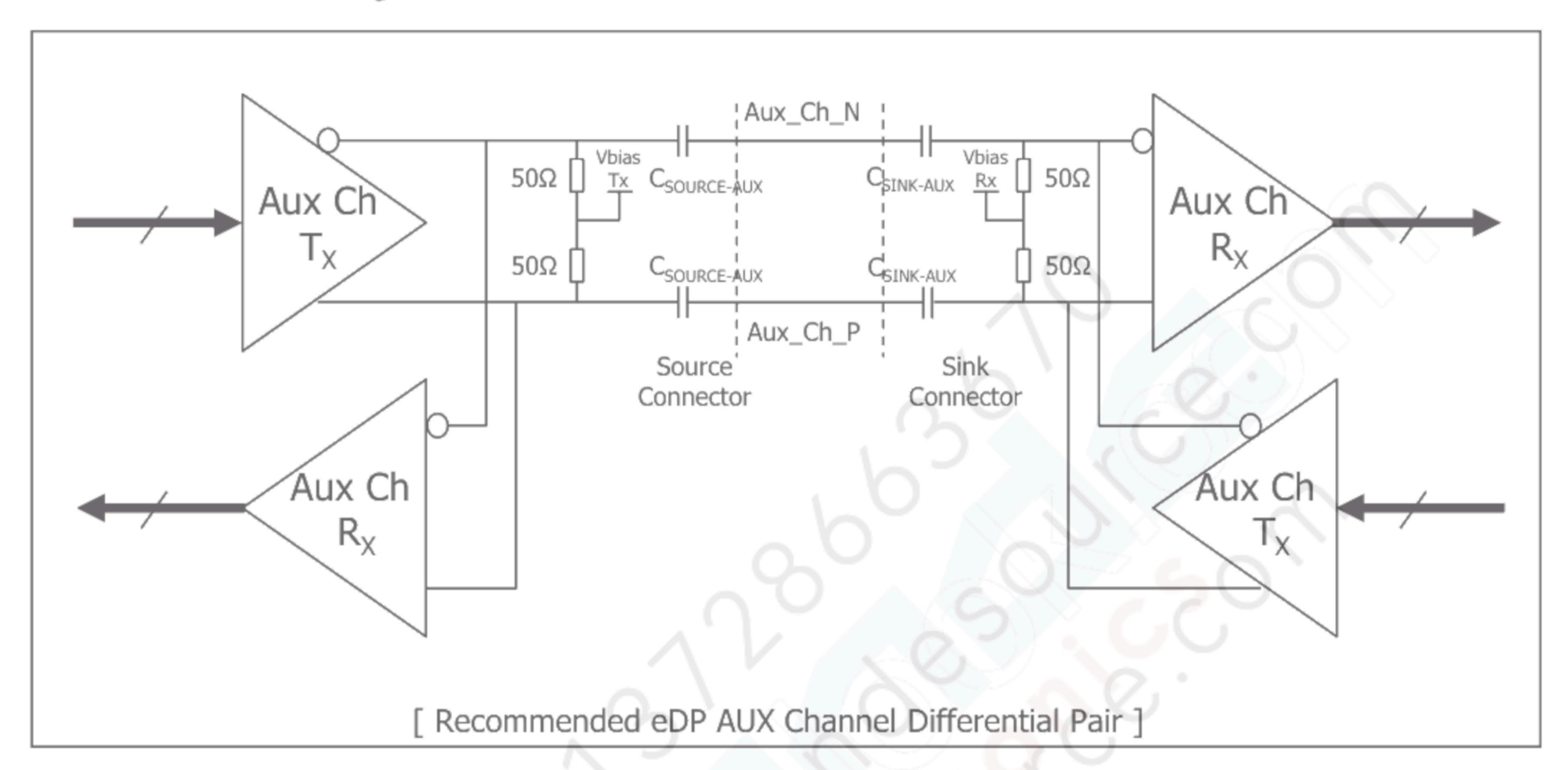


### (2) -0.25 DE Skew Case





### 2. eDP AUX Channel Signal



|   |                          |      |     |      | ,    |               |
|---|--------------------------|------|-----|------|------|---------------|
| Parameter   | Symbol                   | Min  | Тур | Max  | Unit | Notes         |
| AUX Unit Interval   | UI                       | 0.4  |     | 0.6  | us   |               |
| AUX Jitter at Rx IC Package Pins                              | T jitter                 | - (  |     | 0.05 | UI   | Equal to 30ns |
| AUX Peak-to-peak Voltage<br>at Connector Pins of Receiving    |                          | 0.32 | -   | 1.36 | ٧    |               |
| AUX Peak-to-peak Voltage<br>at Connector Pins of Transmitting | V <sub>AUX-DIFFp-p</sub> | 0.39 | -   | 1.38 | V    |               |
| AUX EYE width<br>at Connector Pins of Tx and Rx               |                          | 0.98 | _   | _    | UI   |               |
| AUX AC Coupling Capacitor                                     | C <sub>SOURCE-AUX</sub>  | 75   | -   | 200  | nF   | Source side   |

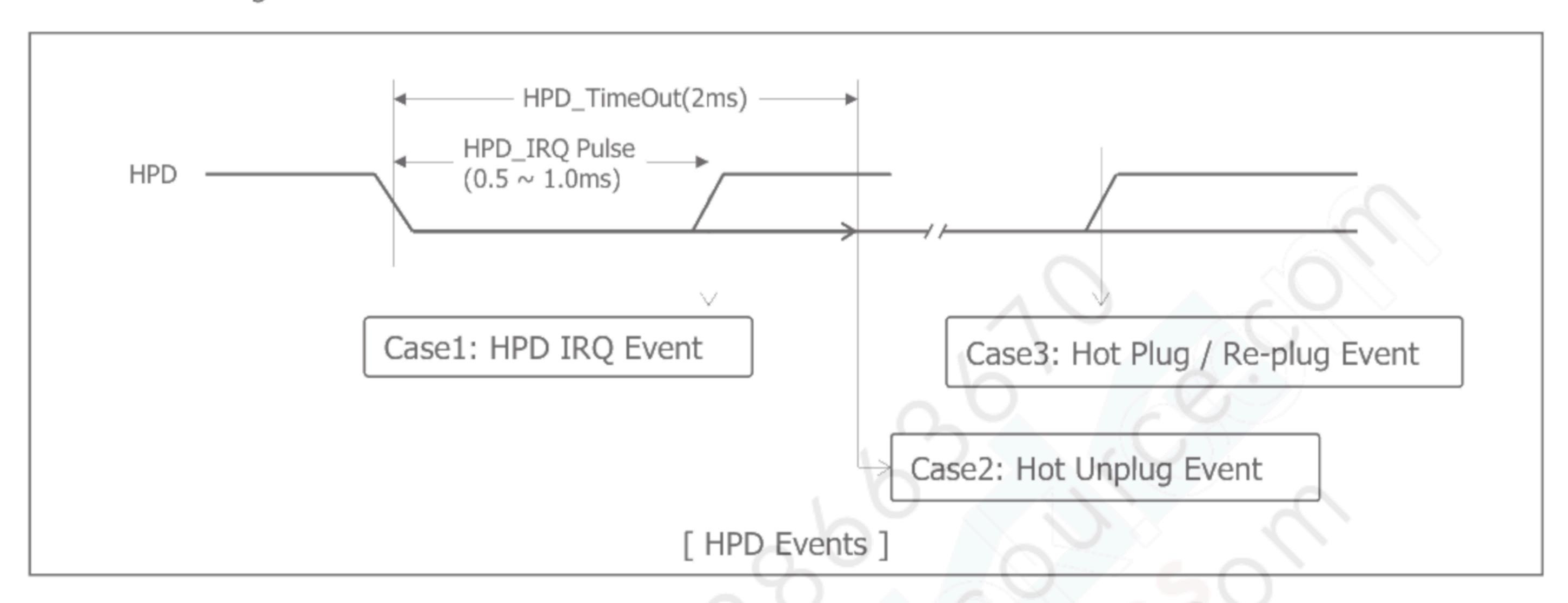
#### Notes:

1)  $V_{AUX-DIFFp-p} = 2 * | V_{AUXP} - V_{AUXN} |$ 2) Termination resistor should be 50ohm  $\pm$  5% at source side to AUX level.

3) Mismatched common mode voltage will occur abnormal display.



#### 3. eDP HDP Signal



| Parameter                      | Symbol  | Min  | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes                 |
|--------------------------------|---------|------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------|
| HPD Voltage                    |         | 2.25 |     | 3.6 | V    | Sink side Driving     |
| Hot Plug Detection Threshold   | HPD     | 2.0  |     |     | V    | Course side Detecting |
| Hot Unplug Detection Threshold |         | -(0) |     | 0.8 | V    | Source side Detecting |
| HPD_IRQ Pulse Width            | HPD_IRQ | 0.5  | 6   | 1.0 | ms   |                       |
| HPD_TimeOut                    |         | 2.0  | 200 | _   | ms   | HPD Unplug Event      |

#### Notes:

- 1) HPD IRQ: Sink device wants to notify the Source device that Sink's status has changed so it toggles HPD line, forcing the Source device to read its Link / Sink Receiver DPCD field via the AUX-CH.
- 2) HPD Unplug: The Sink device is no longer attached to the Source device and the Source device may then disable its Main Link as a power saving mode.
- 3) Plug / Re-plug: The Sink device is now attached to the Source device, forcing the Source device to read its Receiver capabilities and Link / Sink status Receiver DPCD fields via the AUX-CH.



## 3-2-3. Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

The LED interface connector is 10035WS-H06D(HF)\_wire-locking type manufactured by YEONHO.

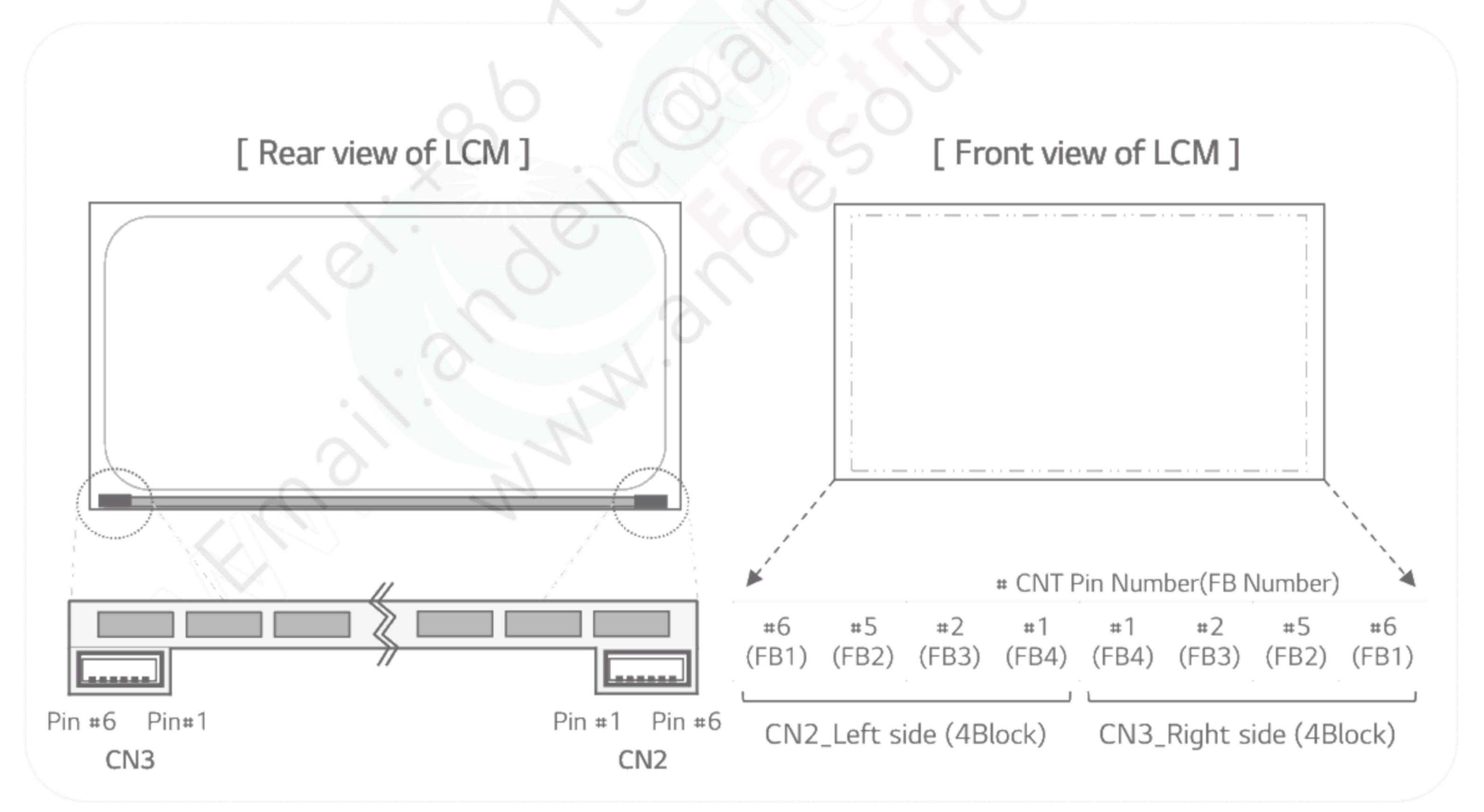
The mating connector is a SHJP-06V-S(HF) or 10035HS-H06C(HF).

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3-4. Backlight connector pin configuration(CN2, CN3)

| Pin | Symbol | Pin-description (CN2)           | Remark    |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| #1  | FB4    | Channel 4 current feedback      |           |
| #2  | FB3    | Channel 3 current feedback      |           |
| #3  | V LED  | LED power supply (common anode) | Left side |
| #4  | V LED  | LED power supply (common anode) | view      |
| #5  | FB2    | Channel 2 current feedback      |           |
| #6  | FB1    | Channel 1 current feedback      |           |

| Pin | Symbol | Pin-description (CN3)           | Remark     |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------|------------|
| #1  | FB4    | Channel 4 current feedback      |            |
| #2  | FB3    | Channel 3 current feedback      |            |
| #3  | V LED  | LED power supply (common anode) | Right side |
| #4  | V LED  | LED power supply (common anode) | view       |
| #5  | FB2    | Channel 2 current feedback      |            |
| #6  | FB1    | Channel 1 current feedback      |            |



[FIG. 5] Backlight connector view



## 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing requirement from the signal transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Table 3-5. Timing Table

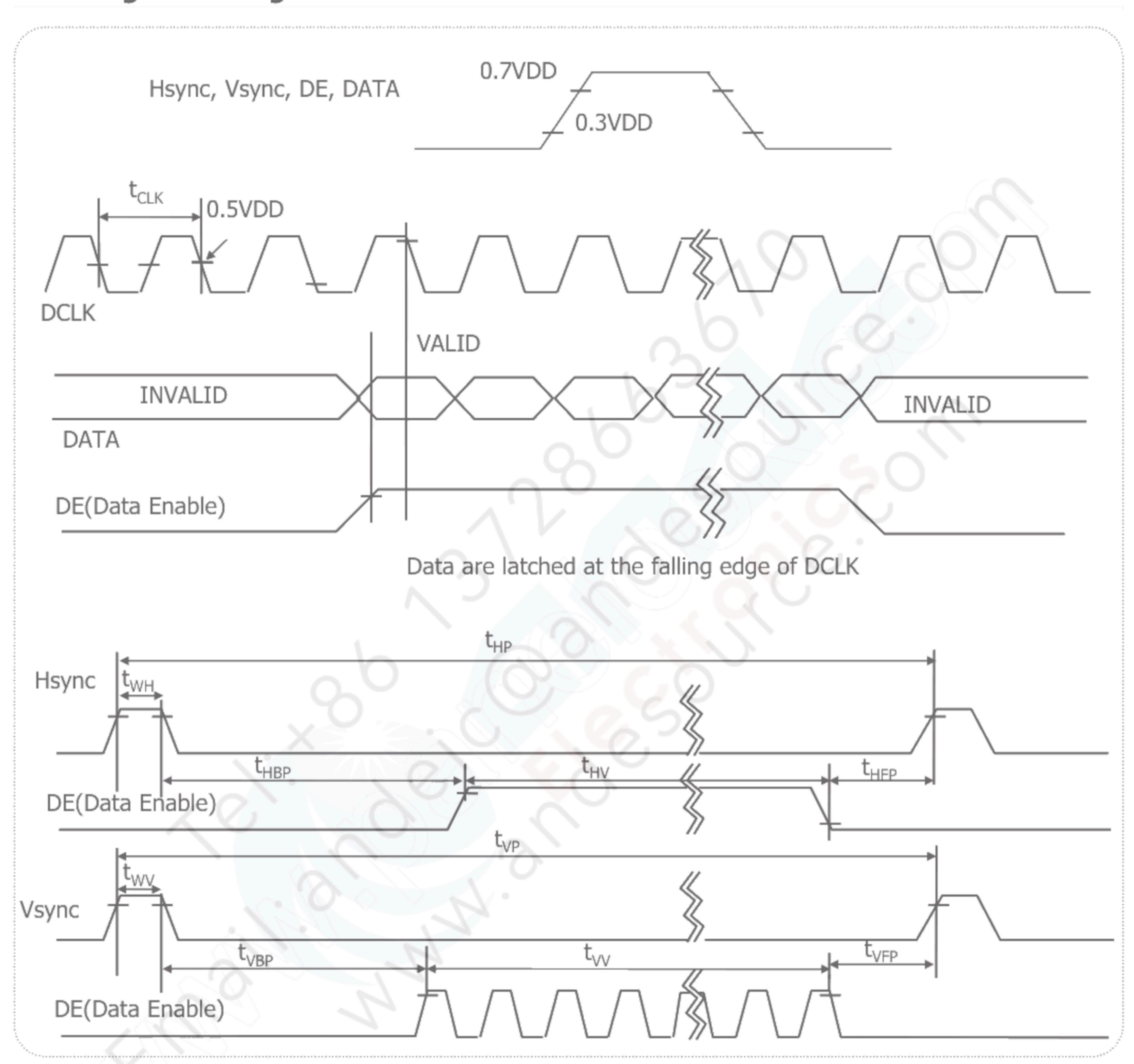
| Item  | Symbol                 | Symbol | Min    | Тур    | Max    | Unit | Notes             |
|-------|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------------------|
| DCLV  | Period                 | tCLK   | 2.86   | 3.28   | 5.71   | ns   | Pixel frequency   |
| DCLK  | Frequency              | fCLK   | 175.00 | 305.14 | 350.00 | MHz  | (Typ. 610.28 MHz) |
|       | Period                 | tHP    | 1,396  | 1,408  | 1,472  | tCLK |                   |
|       | Horizontal Valid       | tHV    | 1,280  | 1,280  | 1,280  | tCLK |                   |
|       | Horizontal Blank       | tHB    | 116    | 128    | 192    | tCLK |                   |
| Hsync | Frequency              | fH     | 90.30  | 216.72 | 251.00 | kHz  | 1,3,4             |
|       | Width                  | tWH    | 32     | 32     | 32     | tCLK |                   |
|       | Horizontal Back Porch  | tHBP   | 52     | 64     | 128    | tCLK |                   |
|       | Horizontal Front Porch | tHFP   | 32     | 32     | 32     | tCLK |                   |
|       | Period                 | tVP    | 1,493  | 1,505  | 5,284  | tHP  |                   |
|       | Vertical Valid         | tVV    | 1,440  | 1,440  | 1,440  | tHP  |                   |
|       | Vertical Blank         | tVB    | 53     | 65     | 3,844  | tHP  |                   |
| Vsync | Frequency              | fV     | 47     | 144    | 166    | Hz   | 2,4               |
|       | Width                  | tWV    | 5      | 5      | 5      | tHP  |                   |
|       | Vertical Back Porch    | tVBP   | 45     | 57     | 3,836  | tHP  |                   |
|       | Vertical Front Porch   | tVFP   | 3      | 3      | 3      | tHP  |                   |
|       |                        |        |        |        |        |      |                   |

#### Notes:

- The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width and Hsync valid should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, it can make asynchronous signal timing and cause abnormal display.
- 2) The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 3) The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be divided by 4 without a remainder.
- 4) The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.
- 5) It needs to avoid specific DCLK ranges for optimal display performance. (DCLK Range: 192~197MHz)
  - \* This panel supports Gaming Mode(47~166Hz) only under moving picture in room temperature(25±5℃).
  - It would not work usually under still image & reliability test.
  - Under those condition, the phenomenon such as image sticking and flickering could be found on the screen.
  - This panel supports FOS/Reliability quality under fixed frequency (60Hz~165Hz) condition.



# 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





## 3-5. Color Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(Red, Green, Blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color.

The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

#### Table 3-6. Color Data Reference

|       |              |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |      |    |     |    |    | Inp | out | Сс  | olor | Da | ita |    |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|       | Color        |    |    |    |    | RE | D  |    |      |    |     |    |    |     | (   | GRE | EEN  |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    | BL | UE |    |    |    |    |
|       | 00101        | MS | SB |    |    |    |    |    |      | LS | 6 B | MS | SB |     |     |     |      |    |     | L  | SB | M S | SB |    |    |    |    |    |    | LS | SB |
|       |              | R9 | R8 | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 I | R1 | R0  | G9 | G8 | G7  | G6  | G5  | G4   | G3 | G2  | G1 | G0 | В9  | B8 | В7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
|       | Black        | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | Red (1023)   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |    | 1    |    |     |    | 0  |     | 0   |     |      | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | Green (1023) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Basic | Blue (1023)  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
| Color | Cyan         | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|       | Magenta      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|       | Yellow       | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | White        | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|       | RED (0)      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | RED (1)      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 1   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| RED   |              |    |    |    |    |    | ./ |    |      |    |     |    |    |     |     |     |      |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|       | RED (1022)   | 1  | Ī  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | RED (1023)   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | GREEN (0)    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | GREEN (1)    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 1  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| GREEN |              |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |      |    |     |    |    |     |     |     |      |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|       | GREEN (1022) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | GREEN (1023) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1    | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | BLUE (0)     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|       | BLUE (1)     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
| BLUE  |              |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |      |    |     |    |    |     |     |     |      |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|       | BLUE (1022)  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  |
|       | BLUE (1023)  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |



## 3-6. Power Sequence

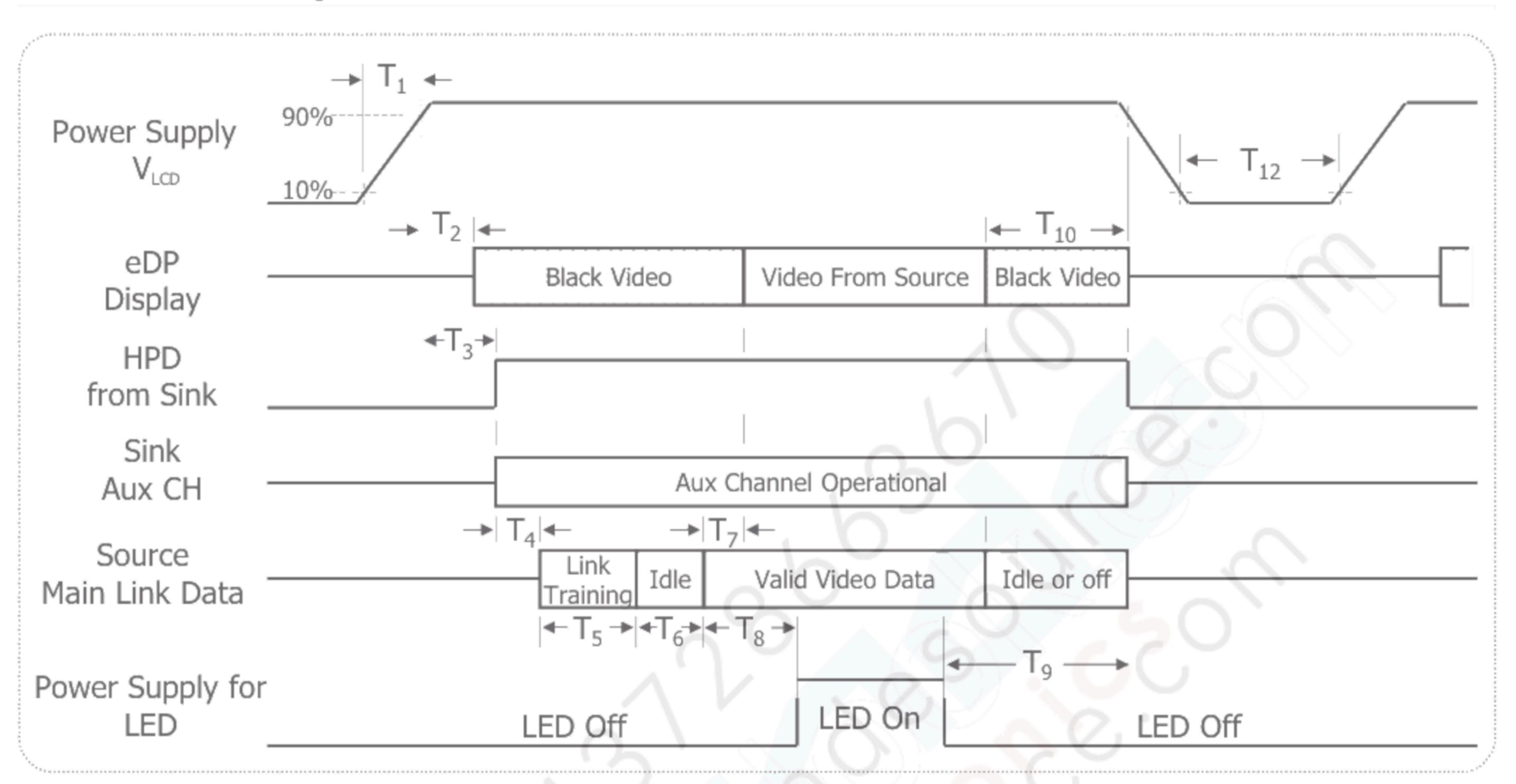


Table 3-7. Power Sequence

| Timing         | Required | Lir | nits  | Units | Notes |
|----------------|----------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| Hilling        | Ву       | Min | Max   | UTILS | Notes |
| $T_1$          | Source   | 0.5 | 10    | ms    |       |
| T <sub>2</sub> | Sink     | 10  | 200   | ms    |       |
| T <sub>3</sub> | Sink     | 15  | 200   | ms    |       |
| $T_4$          | Source   | _   | . (8) | ms    | 5     |
| T <sub>5</sub> | Source   |     |       | ms    | 5     |
| T <sub>6</sub> | Source   | 8   | 100   | ms    | 6     |
| T <sub>8</sub> | Source   | 350 |       | ms    |       |
| T <sub>9</sub> | Source   | 200 | -     | ms    | 4     |

| Timing          | Required | Lin  | nits | Units  | Notes |
|-----------------|----------|------|------|--------|-------|
| Tilling         | Ву       | Min  | Max  | UTIILS | Notes |
| T <sub>10</sub> | Source   | 0    | 500  | ms     |       |
| T <sub>12</sub> | Source   | 1000 | _    | ms     |       |
|                 |          |      |      |        |       |

#### Notes:

- 1) Power sequence should be kept all the time including below cases for normal operation.
  - AC/DC Power On/Off
  - Mode change (resolution, frequency, timing, sleep mode, color depth change, etc.)
    The violation of power sequence can cause a significant trouble in display and reliability.
- Please avoid floating state of interface signal during signal invalid period.
- 3) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the V<sub>LCD</sub>.(0V)
- 4) Please turn off the power supply for LED when the level of V<sub>LCD</sub> changes to prevent noise issue.
- 5) Link training duration is dependent on the customer's system.
- 6) It includes Source Frame Synchronization time.
  - Source Frame Synchronization: Time to prepare before Tx(Source) sends valid data(Invalid period).



## 3-7. Power Dip Condition

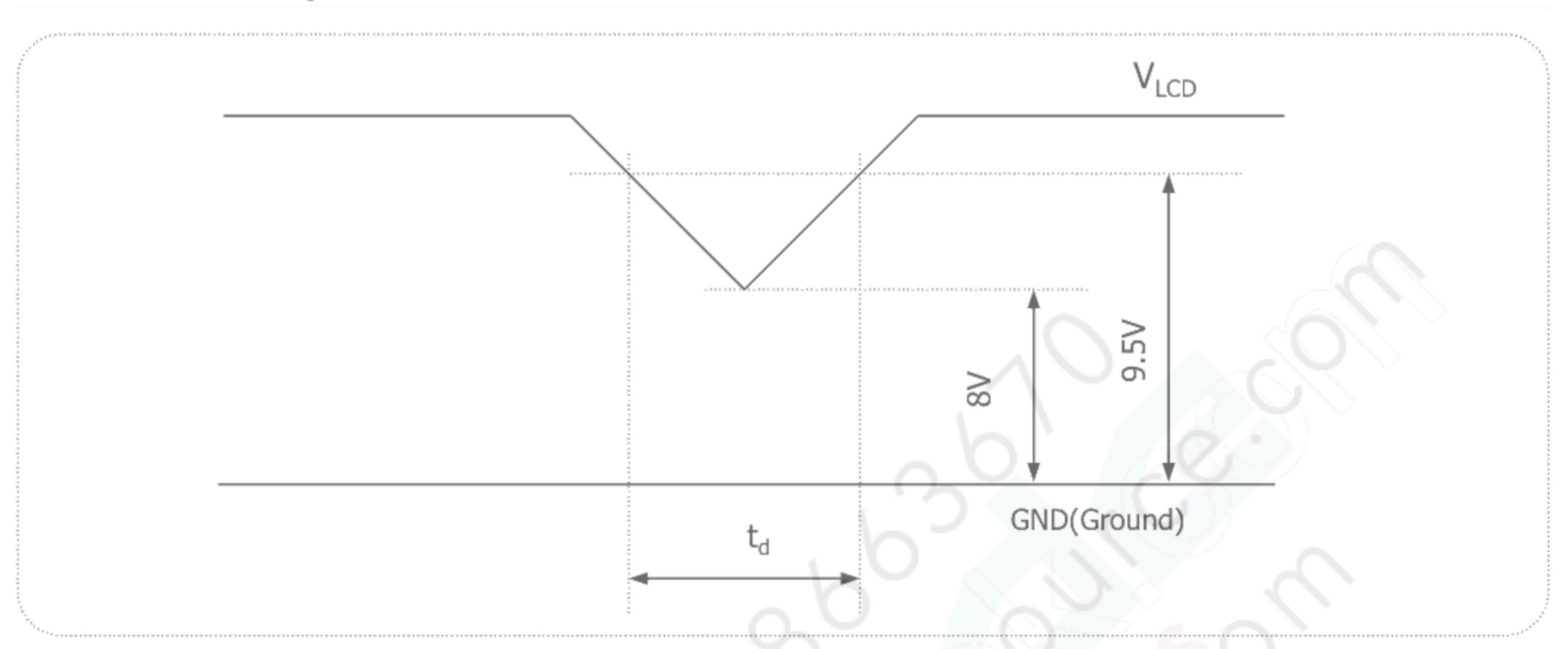


FIG.3-3 Power Dip Condition

For proper operation, stable power supply of  $V_{LCD}$  is necessary and power dip is allowed only in below condition. Except this condition, power on/off should follow power sequence specification exactly.

1) Dip Condition 
$$8V \le V_{LCD} < 9.5V$$
,  $t_d \le 20 ms$ 



# 4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at  $25\pm2\,^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0° and aperture 1 degree. FIG.4-1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

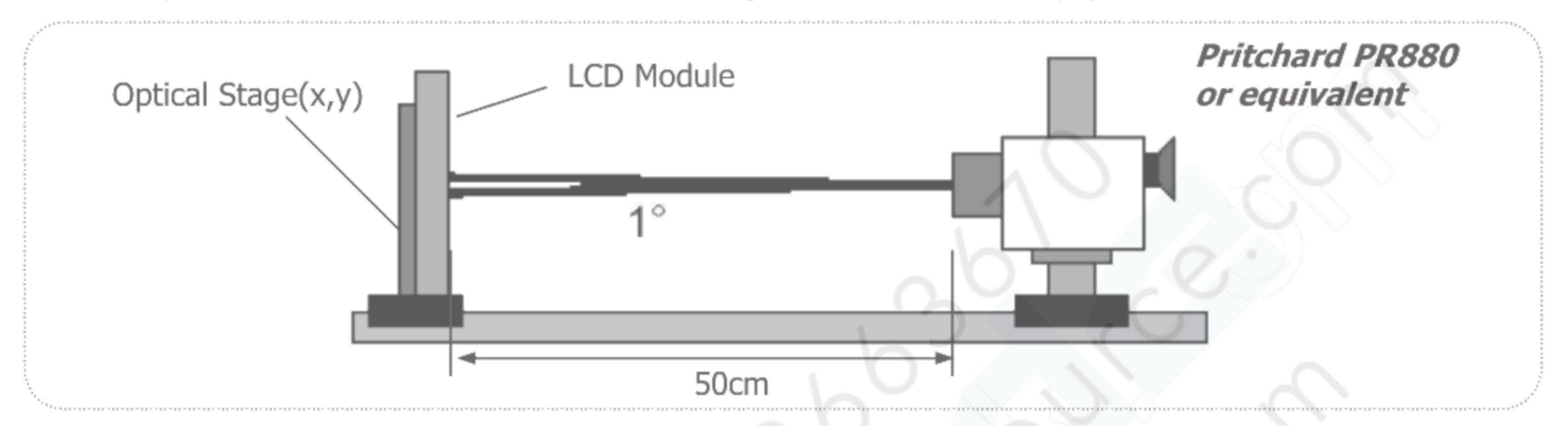


FIG.4-1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment And Method

Table 4-1. Optical Characteristics

( $T_a$ =25 °C,  $V_{LCD}$ =Typ,  $f_V$ =144 Hz, DCLK=Typ,  $I_S$ =Typ)

| Parameter                       |              | Cymalaal             |       | Values |       | Llusika           | Makaa |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| Param                           | eter         | Symbol               | Min.  | Тур.   | Max.  | Units             | Notes |
| Contrast Ratio                  |              | CR                   | 700   | 1000   | _     |                   | 1     |
| Surface Luminance,              | white        | L <sub>WH</sub>      | 320   | 400    | -     | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | 2     |
| Luminance Variation             |              | $\delta$ WHITE       | 75    | -      | -     | %                 | 3     |
| Response Time                   | Gray to Gray | T <sub>GTG_AVR</sub> | O-    | 5      | 10    | ms                | 4     |
| Color gamut (CIE197             | 76)          | DCI                  | -     | 98     | _     | %                 |       |
|                                 | Red          | Rx                   |       | 0.686  |       |                   |       |
|                                 | NCU          | Ry                   |       | 0.309  |       |                   |       |
|                                 | Green        | Gx                   |       | 0.265  |       |                   |       |
| Color Coordinates<br>[CIE 1931] |              | Gy                   | Тур   | 0.668  | Тур   |                   |       |
| (By PR650)                      | Dluo         | Bx                   | -0.03 | 0.150  | +0.03 |                   |       |
|                                 | Blue         | Ву                   |       | 0.058  |       |                   |       |
|                                 | \//bito      | Wx                   |       | 0.313  |       |                   |       |
|                                 | White        | Wy                   |       | 0.329  |       |                   |       |
| Color Temperature               |              | _                    | _     | 6500   | -     | K                 |       |
| Viewing Angle                   | Horizontal   | $\theta_{H}$         | 170   | 178    | _     | D                 | _     |
| (CR>10, General)                | Vertical     | $\theta_{V}$         | 170   | 178    | _     | Degree            | 5     |
| Gray Scale                      |              | _                    | -     | 2.2    | -     |                   | 6     |



#### 4-1. Characteristics of Peak Luminance

#### Table 4-1-1. Absolute Maximum Value of LED Bar and Peak Luminance

| Parameter               | Symbol | Values | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|------|-------|
| Peak LED String Current | Is     | 110    | mA   | a,b,c |
| Peak Luminance          | Lp     | 500    | nit  | a,b,c |

#### Notes:

a) Peak LED string voltage at peak current with 100% duty cycle is 46.9 $\pm$ 1.6V at T<sub>a</sub> = 25 $\pm$ 2°C.

b) Table 4-1-1 is reference data only for HDR Function usage, refer to the appendix of LCM temperature at peak current.

c) Peak luminance 500nit (Min. 400nit) is achieved at 110mA, while the specifications for guarantee remains under the normal operating condition specified in Table 3-2. Specifications and condition for evaluation test and mass production shall be applied with conditions specified in Table 3-2.



#### Notes:

Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as: (By PR880)
 It is measured at center point(1)

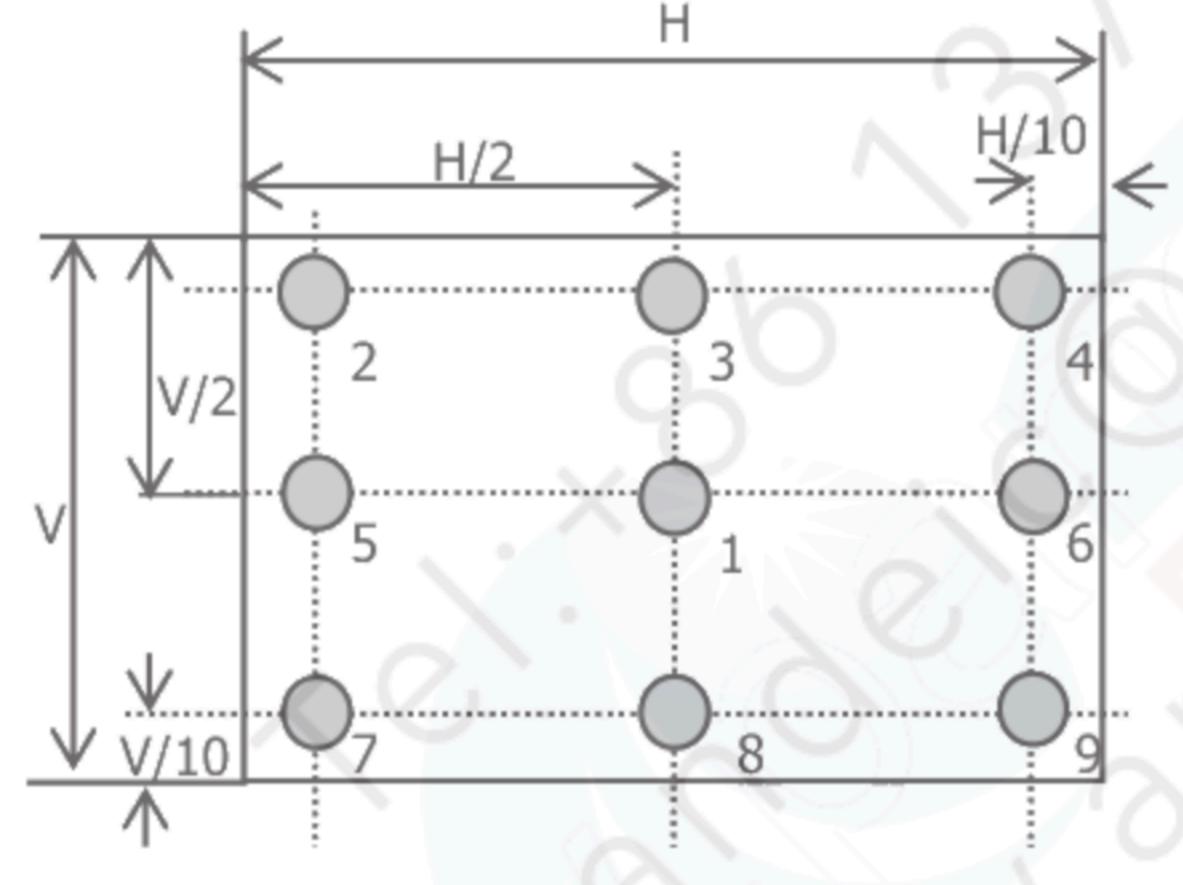
- Surface Luminance(Lwн) is the luminance value at center 1 point(1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.4-1. (By PR880)
- 3) The Variation in Surface Luminance, δ WHITE is defined as: (By PR880)

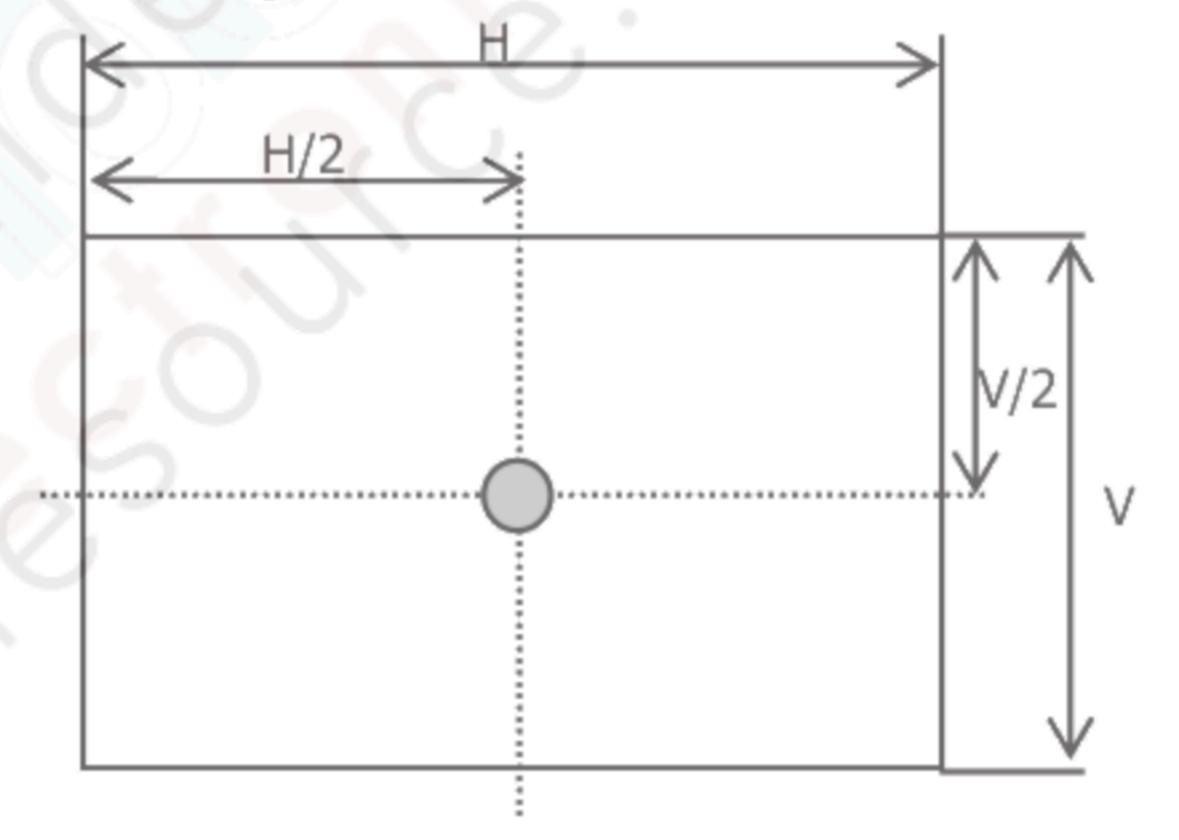
$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum(LP1,LP2, ...., LP9)}}{\text{Maximum(LP1,LP2, ...., LP9)}} \times 100(\%)$$

Where L1 to L9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations. For more information see FIG.4-2.

## <Measuring Point For Luminance Variation>

## <Measuring Point For Surface Luminance>





@ H,V: Active Area

FIG.4-2 Measure Point for Luminance



#### Notes:

- 4) The Gray To Gray Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray". (By RD805)
  - Gray step: 5 Step
  - T<sub>GTG\_AVR</sub> is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray ".
     For the GTG measurement, the sampling rate of oscilloscope is 500k/s.

Table 4-2. GTG Gray

| Gray to Gray |       | Rising Time |      |      |      |    |  |  |
|--------------|-------|-------------|------|------|------|----|--|--|
| Gray to G    | ıay   | G1023       | G767 | G511 | G255 | G0 |  |  |
|              | G1023 |             |      |      |      |    |  |  |
|              | G767  |             |      |      |      |    |  |  |
| Falling Time | G511  |             |      |      |      |    |  |  |
|              | G255  |             |      |      |      |    |  |  |
|              | G0    |             |      |      |      |    |  |  |

Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

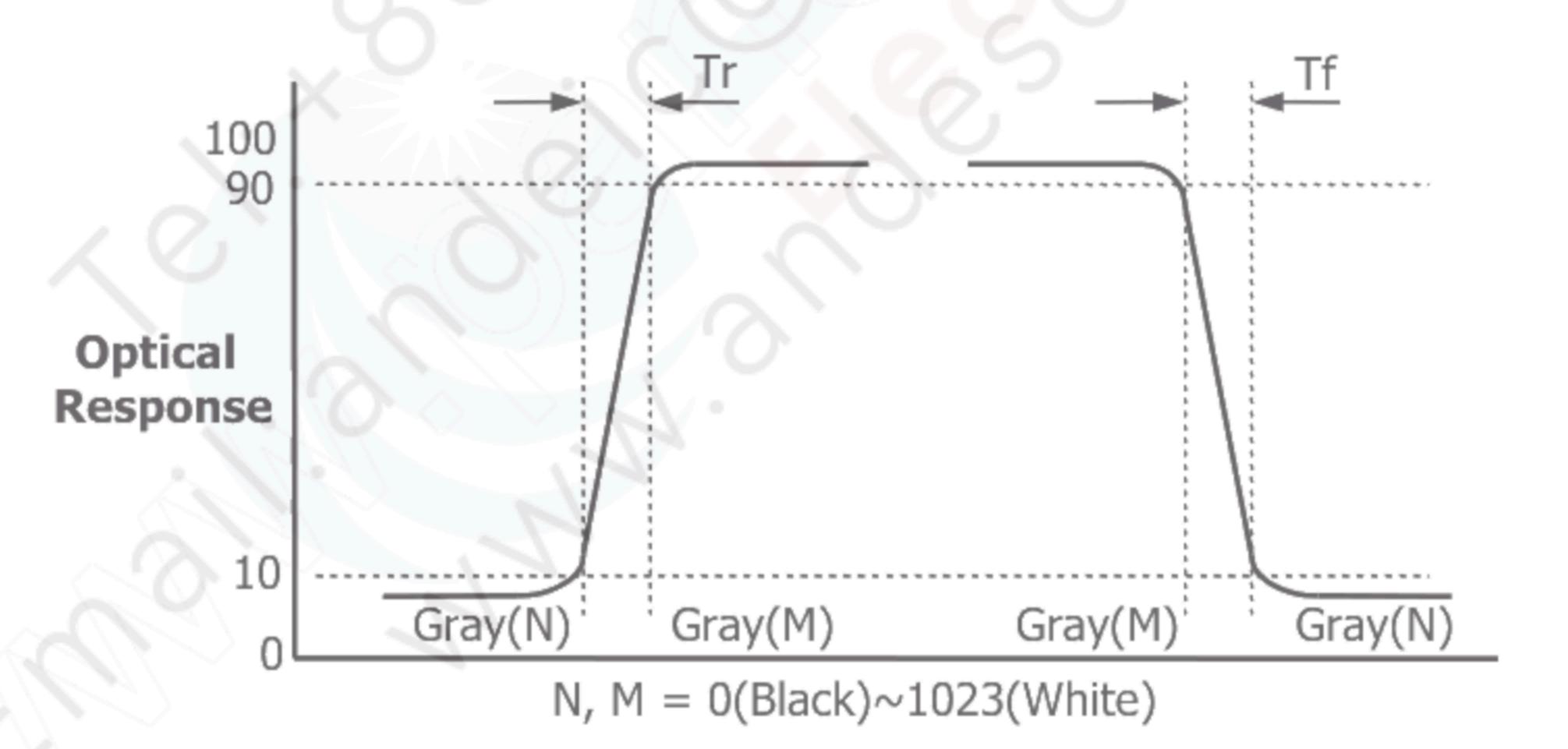


FIG.4-3 Response Time



#### Notes:

5) Viewing Angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.4-4. (By PR880)

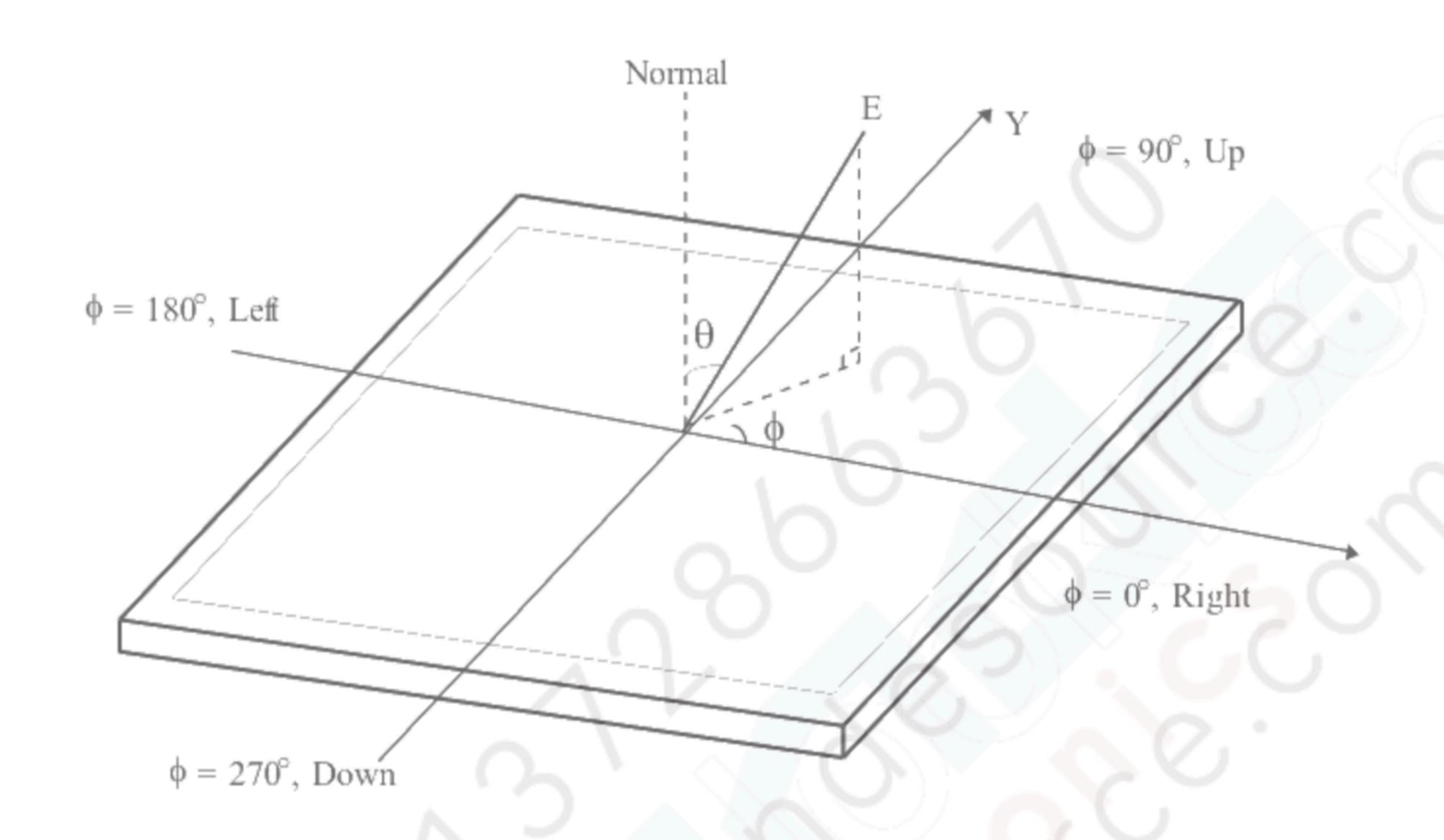


FIG.4-4 Viewing Angle

6) Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see below table.

Table 4-3. Gray Scale Specification

| Gray Level | Relative Luminance [%](Typ) |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| 0          | 0.10                        |
| 63         | 0.30                        |
| 127        | 1.08                        |
| 191        | 2.50                        |
| 255        | 4.72                        |
| 319        | 7.70                        |
| 383        | 11.49                       |
| 447        | 16.20                       |
| 511        | 21.66                       |
| 575        | 28.20                       |
| 639        | 35.45                       |
| 703        | 43.80                       |
| 767        | 53.00                       |
| 831        | 63.30                       |
| 895        | 74.48                       |
| 959        | 86.80                       |
| 1023       | 100                         |



#### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

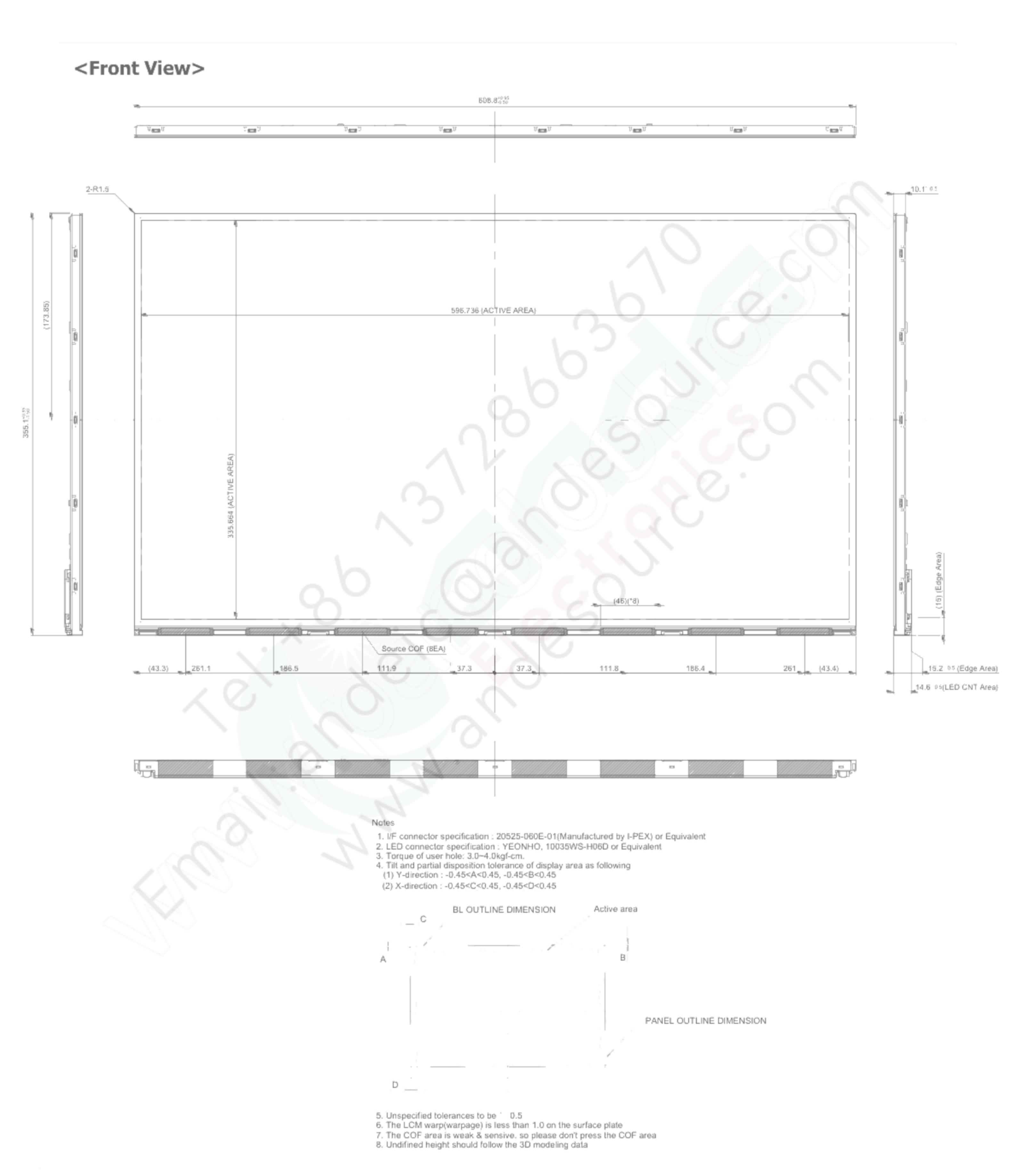
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

|                     | Horizontal                          | 608.80 mm              |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Outline Dimension   | Vertical                            | 355.10 mm              |
|                     | Depth                               | 15.20 mm               |
| D 1 A               | Horizontal                          |                        |
| Bezel Area          | Vertical                            |                        |
| Active Dieplay Area | Horizontal                          | 596.74 mm              |
| Active Display Area | Vertical                            | 335.66 mm              |
| Weight              | Typ.: 2,550g, Max.: 2,680g          |                        |
| Surface Treatment   | Anti-Glare treatment of the front p | olarizer (Haze25%, 3H) |

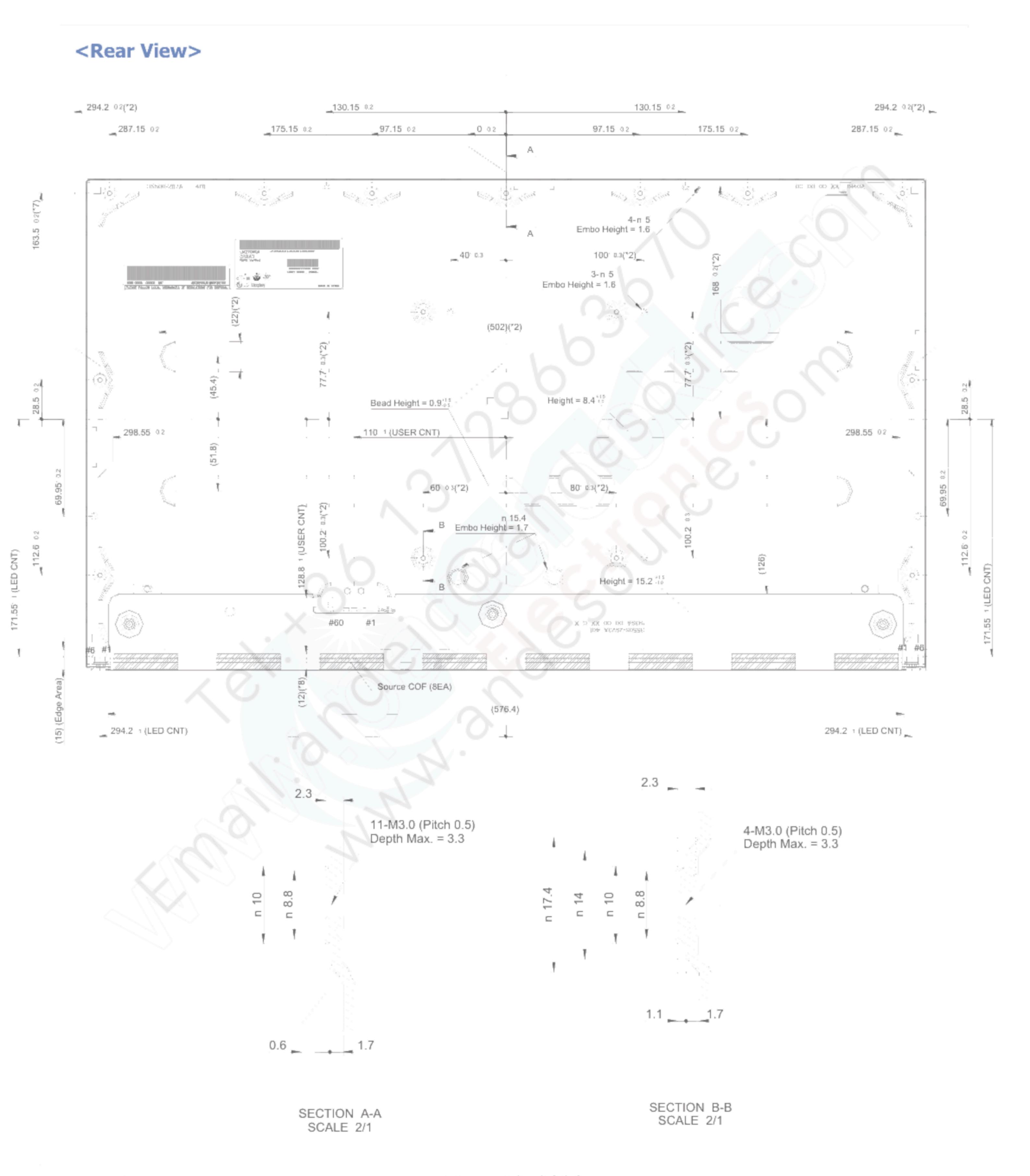
Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

 Outline dimensions (horizontal, vertical and outside depth) are measured by using vernier calipers.
 The inside depth dimensions are measured by using height gauge, when LCM is put face down onto a flat surface.











## 6. Reliability

#### Environment test condition

| No | Test Item  | Condition   | Notes |
|----|--|---|-------|
| 1  | High temperature storage test                            | T <sub>a</sub> = 60 °C, 240h                          | 1     |
| 2  | Low temperature storage test                             | T <sub>a</sub> = -20℃, 240h                           | 1     |
| 3  | High temperature operation test                          | T <sub>a</sub> = 50°C, 50%RH, 240h                    | 1     |
| 4  | Low temperature operation test                           | $T_a = 0^{\circ}C$ , 240h                             | 1     |
| 5  | Humidity condition operation                             | $T_a = 40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 90%RH                   | 1     |
| 6  | Altitude<br>Operating<br>Storage / Shipment              | 0 - 16,400 feet (5,000m)<br>0 - 40,000 feet (12,192m) |       |
| 7  | Maximum storage humidity for 4 corner light leakage Mura | Max 70%RH, T <sub>a</sub> = 40°C                      |       |

Note 1) Result Evaluation Criteria:

TFT-LCD panels test should take place after cooling enough at room temperature. In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.

<sup>\*</sup> T<sub>a</sub>= Ambient Temperature



#### 7. International Standards

## 7-1. Safety

- a) IEC 62368-1, The International Electro-technical Commission(IEC).

  Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Safety Requirements.
- b) EN 62368-1, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization (CENELEC) Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements
- c) UL 62368-1, UL LLC. Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements
- d) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

  Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- e) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC).
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1: General Requirements

## 7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 of 31 March 2015 amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council



## 8. Packing

# 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

G Μ

A,B,C: Size(Inch)

D: Year E: Month F ~ M: Serial No.

Notes:

1) Year

| <u> </u> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year     | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Mark     | Α    | В    | С    | D    | Е    | F    | G    | Н    | J    | K    |

2) Month

| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mark  | 1   | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   | 9   | Α   | В   | С   |

## b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.



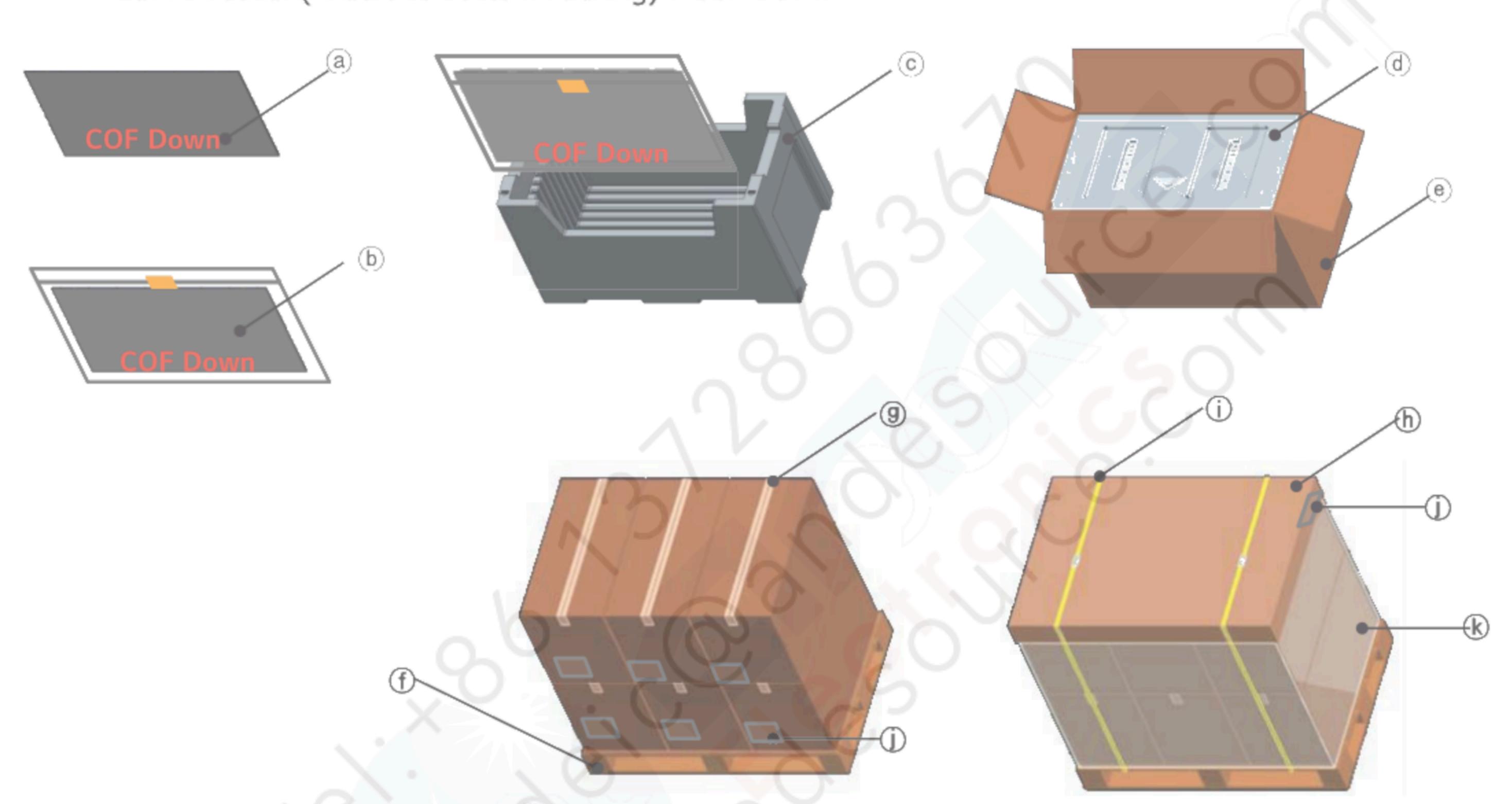
# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10ea Package quantity in one Pallet: 60ea

b) Box Size: 365mm X 710mm X 448mm

C) Pallet Ass'y Size: 1140mmX740mmX1019mn

\* LCM Direction(insert to Bottom Packing): COF Down



| No. | Description    | Material   |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| a   | LCM            | _          |
| (b) | AL-Bag         | AL         |
| (0) | Packing,Bottom | EPS        |
| (d) | Packing,Top    | EPS        |
| Θ)  | Box            | Paper(SW)  |
| (f) | Pallet         | Plywood    |
| (9) | Tape           | OPP        |
| (h) | Angle Cover    | Paper(SW)  |
| (i) | BAND           | PP         |
| 0   | LABEL          | YUPO PAPER |
| (k) | Wrap           | _          |



#### 9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

## 9-1. Mounting Precautions

1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in rear side.

- 2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- 4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- 5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- 6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- 7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- 8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- 9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- 10) System frame should not have an interference with panel which can cause LC Leakage/Panel Crack due to the contraction of system frame at low temperature condition or panel damage by any other circumstances.

# 9-2. Operating Precautions

- 1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- 2) Brightness depends on the temperature.(In higher temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- 4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- 7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- 8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- 9) When LCMs are used for public display, defects such as Yogore & image sticking can not be guaranteed.
- 10) LCMs cannot support "Interlaced Scan Method"
- 11) When this reverse model is used as a forward-type model (PCB on top side) or a Portrait-type mode at storage and operation, LGD can not guarantee any defects of LCM.
- 12) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling Pattern at normal temperature.(25~40℃)



## 9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

## 9-4. Precautions For Strong Light and Hazardous Materials Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

The LCM should be avoided direct contact with hazardous materials such as sulfur, acetic acid, chlorine, etc. These materials may cause chemical reaction such as sulfurization, corrosion, discoloration, etc.

## 9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- 1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- 2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

## 9-6. Handling Precautions For Protection Film

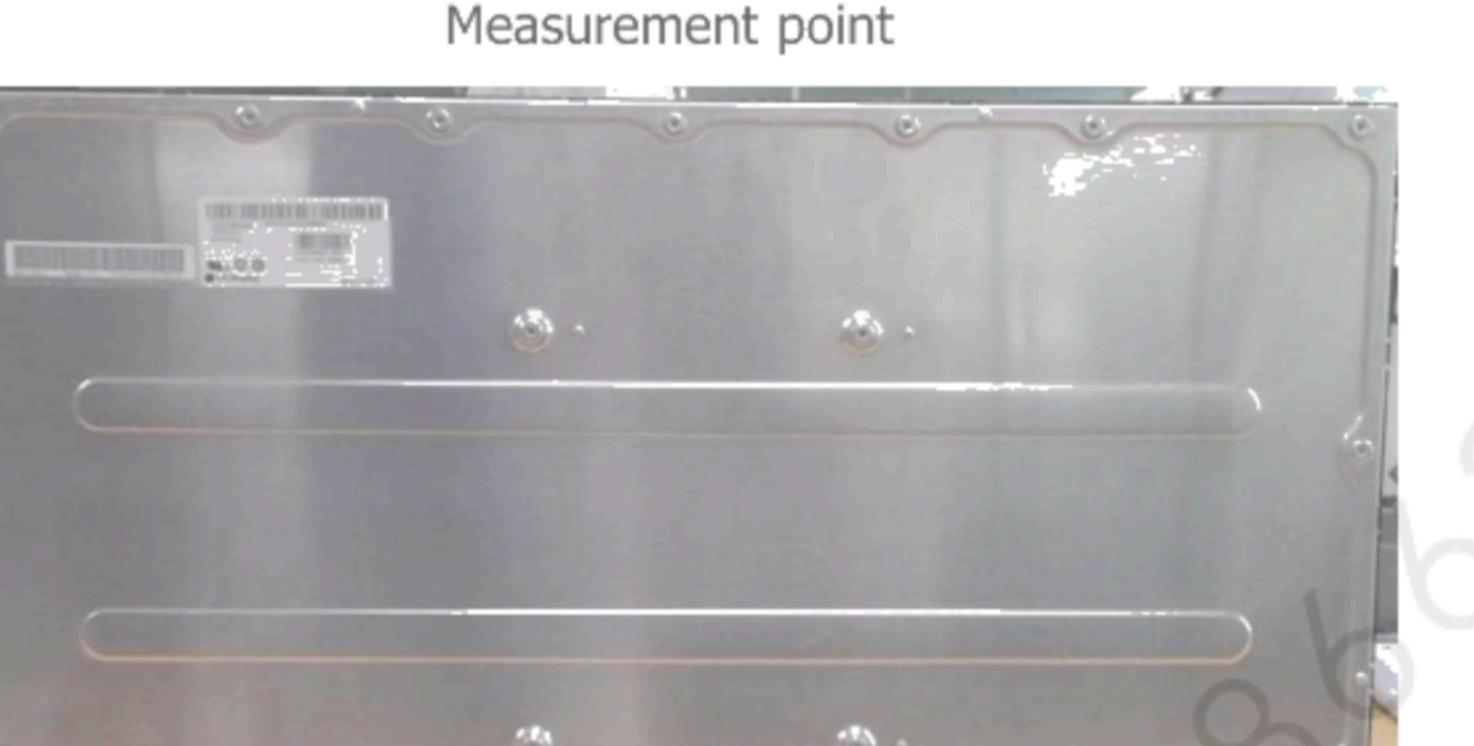
- The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film
  is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled
  off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown
  equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- 2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- 3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



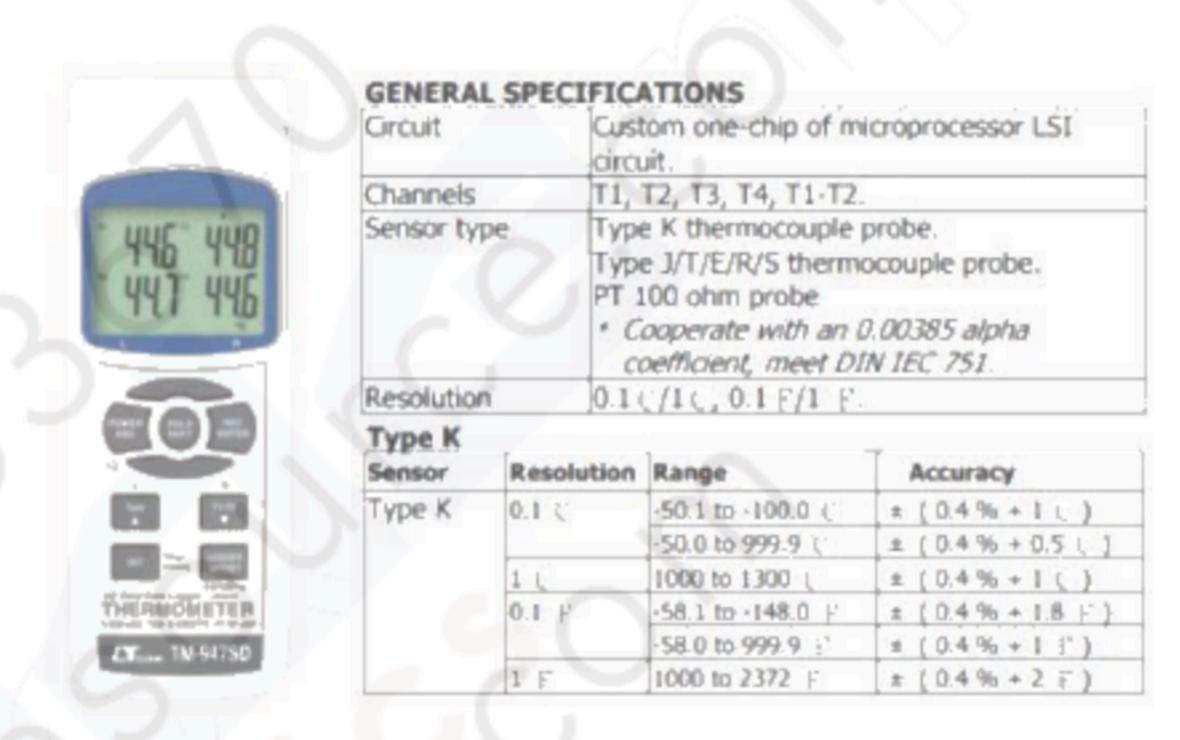
#### # APPENDIX

## ■ LCM test result for operating HDR function

1) The temperature data of the LCM was measured by using a contact thermocouple (see attached Fig).

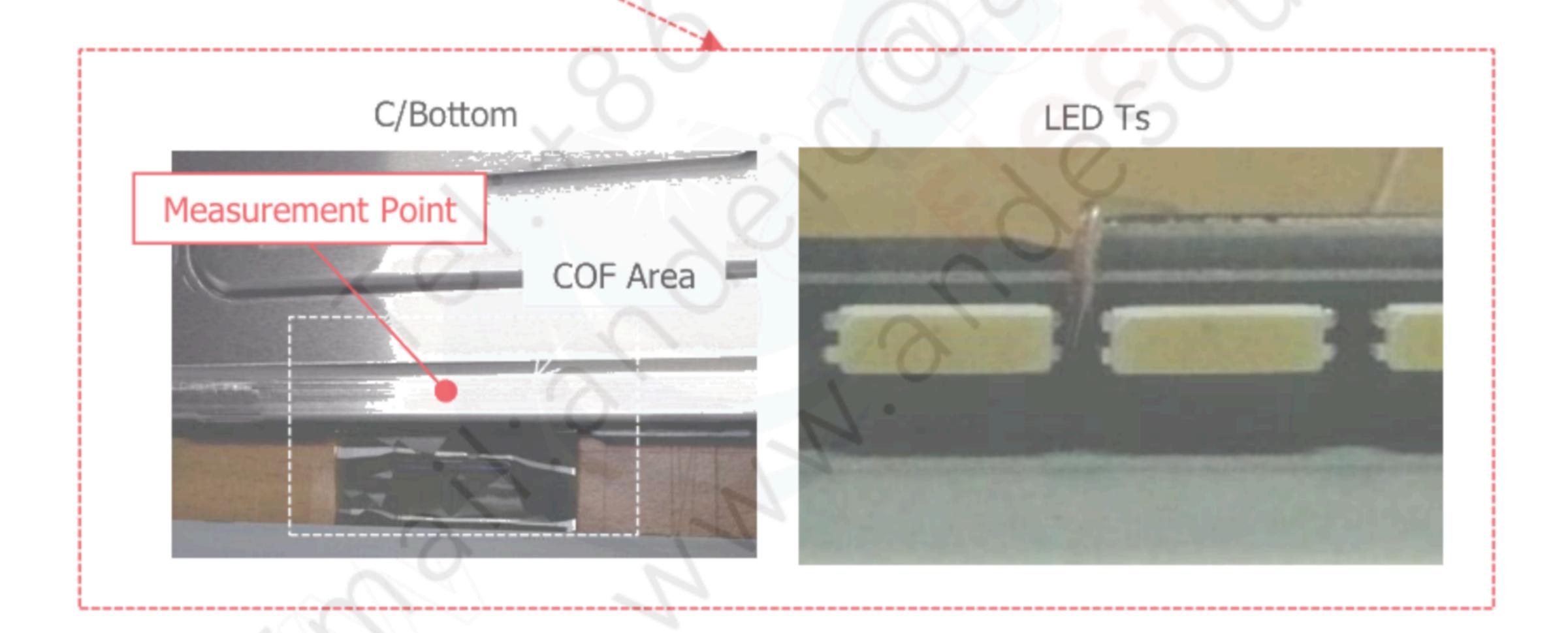


Temperature Meter (Lutron TM-947SD / 4ch)



#7 COF area

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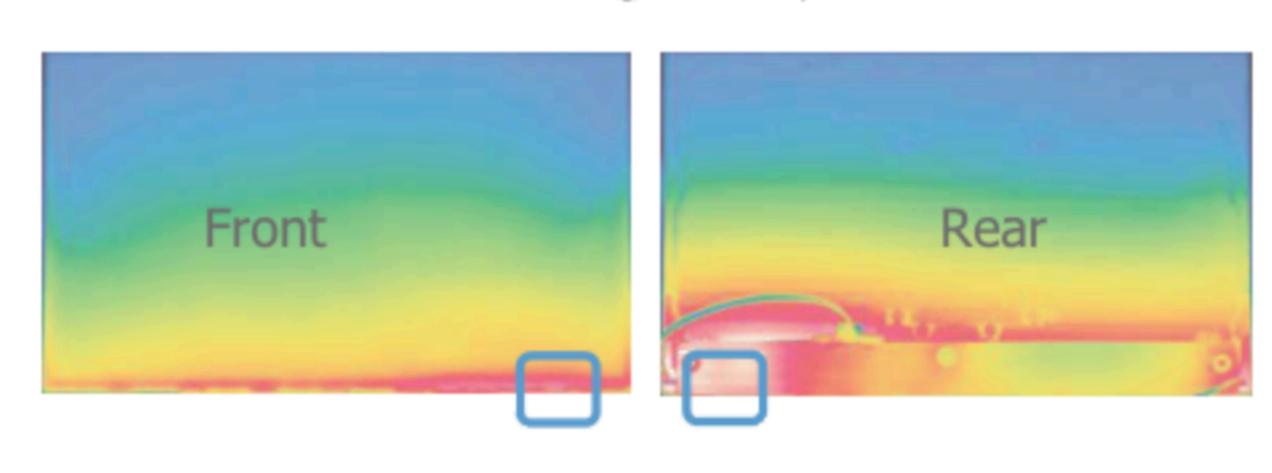
| Luminance(nit) | LED String Current(mA) | LED String Voltage(V)<br>(Tolerance : ± 1.6V) |
|----------------|------------------------|---|
| 400            | (85mA)                 | (46.1)  |
| 450            | (95mA)                 | (46.4)  |
| 500            | (110mA)                | (46.9)  |

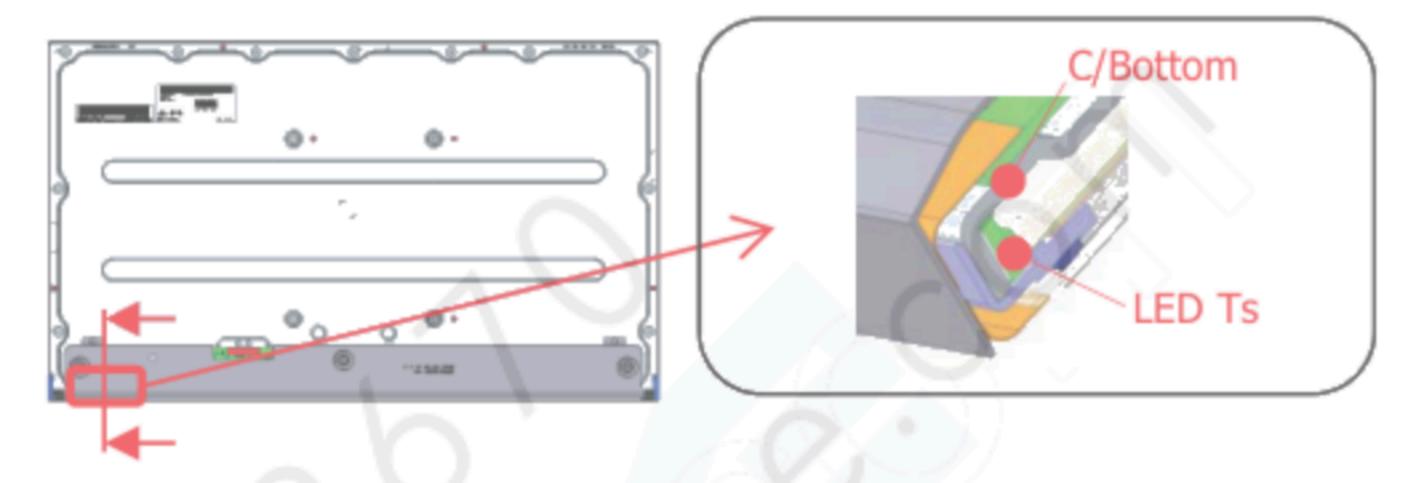


#### # APPENDIX

## ■ LCM Test Result for Operating HDR Function

 It is recommended that thermal sensor in system should be placed on the surface of C/Bottom near the LED with high temperature when measured by IR camera.





Measured by IR camera

Thermal data acquisition position

2) Measurement of temperature by time.
When the temperature is over 77.7℃ on C/Bottom, defects are founded due to thermal effect.

Table 1: Temperature data at typical luminance(85mA), ambient temperature(50℃)

| 85mA (Typ) | Measure Point Temp. (Ambi. 50℃) |      |                       |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---------------------------------|------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Time(min)  | me(min) C/Bottom(°C) LED Ts(°C) |      | LED Ts - C/Bottom(°C) |  |  |  |  |
| 30         | 75.4                            | 79.6 | 4.2                   |  |  |  |  |
| 60         | 76.7                            | 80.9 | 4.2                   |  |  |  |  |
| 90         | 77.6                            | 81.7 | 4.1                   |  |  |  |  |
| 120        | 77.7                            | 81.9 | 4.2                   |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: Temperature data at peak luminance(110mA), ambient temperature(25 ℃)

| 110mA (Peak) | Measu        | ire Point Temp. (An          | R   | emark    |              |
|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----|----------|--------------|
| Time(sec)    | C/Bottom(°C) | LED Ts(°C) LED Ts - C/Bottom |     | Interval | Current      |
| Base         | 54.7         | 58.9                         | 3.9 | 120min   | 85mA(Typ.)   |
| 30           | 55.8         | 61.5                         | 5.7 |          |              |
| 60           | 56.4         | 62.3                         | 5.9 |          |              |
| 90           | 56.8         | 62.7                         | 5.9 | 0 Emin   |              |
| 120          | 57.1         | 63.0                         | 5.9 | 0.5min   |              |
| 150          | 57.4         | 63.3                         | 5.9 |          | 110mA(Peak.) |
| 180          | 57.7         | 63.7                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 240          | 58.1         | 64.1                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 300          | 58.5         | 64.4                         | 5.9 |          |              |
| 360          | 58.7         | 64.7                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 420          | 59.0         | 64.9                         | 5.9 | 1min     |              |
| 480          | 59.1         | 65.2                         | 6.1 |          |              |
| 540          | 59.4         | 65.4                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 600          | 59.6         | 65.6                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 900          | 60.3         | 66.3                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 1200         | 60.6         | 66.5                         | 5.9 | 5min     |              |
| 1500         | 60.8         | 66.8                         | 6.0 |          |              |
| 1800         | 61.0         | 66.9                         | 5.9 |          |              |