NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL12880BC20-05D

31cm (12.1 Type) WXGA LVDS interface (1port)

DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-1174 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1124(1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL12880BC20-05D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

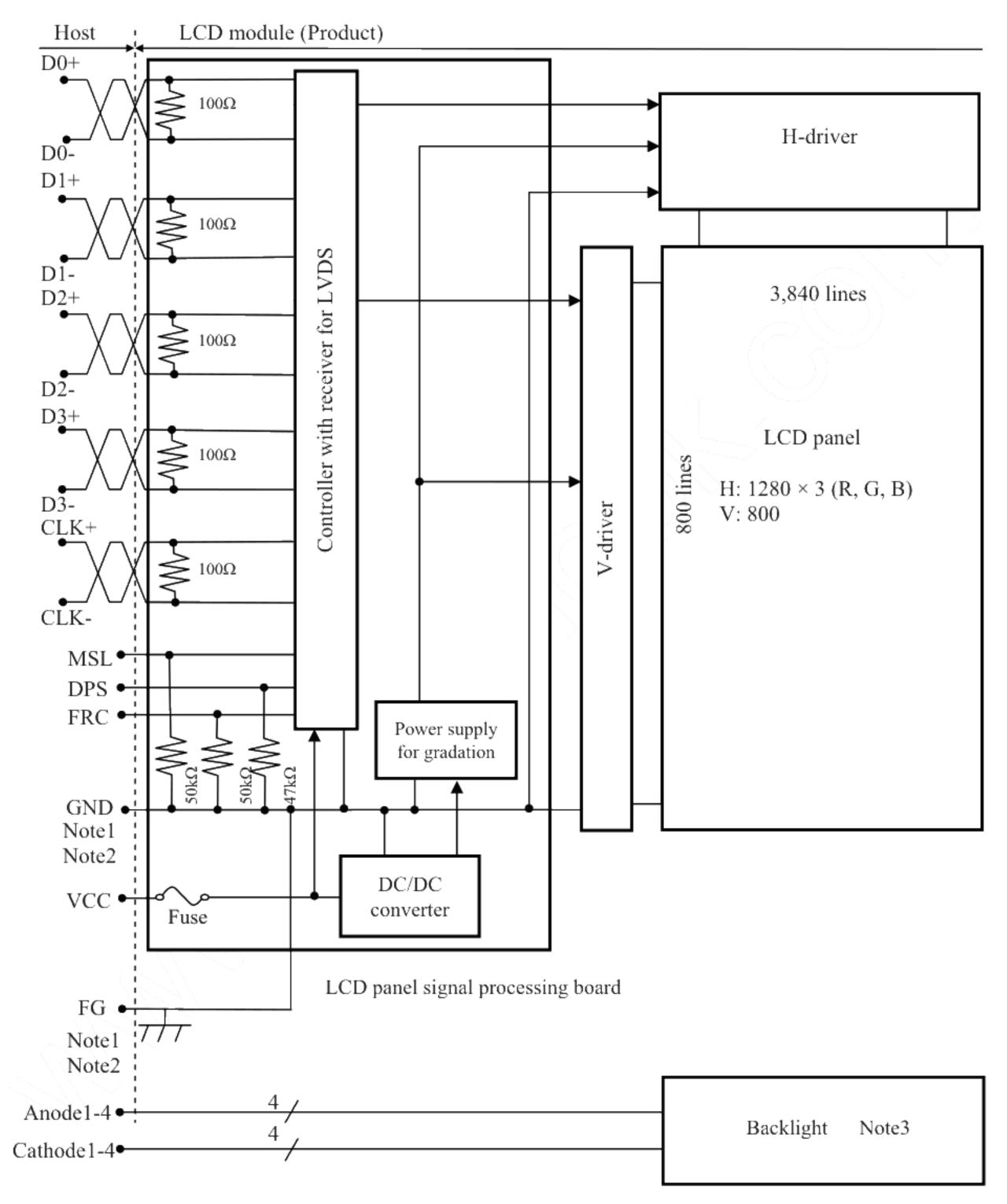
- Ultra-wide viewing angle (Adoption of Ultra-Advanced Super Fine TFT (UA-SFT))
- Long life LED backlight type
- Small foot print
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- · Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- · Replaceable lamp for backlight
- ColorXcell technology (Color Enhancement)
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1 /CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)



2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	1280 (H) × 800 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.068 (H) × 0.204 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.204 (H) × 0.204 (V) mm
Module size	277.7 mm (W) (typ.) × 180.6 mm (H) (typ.) × 8.7 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	460 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	1,000:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan • Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25 ms (typ.)
Luminance	$At IL = 50mA/One \ circuit$ $-450 \ cd/m^2 \ (typ.)$
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
Backlight	LED backlight type: Replaceable part Lamp holder set: Type No. 121LHS30 Recommended LED driver board (Option) LED driver board: Type No. 104PW03F Corresponding wiring harness: Type No. 121CBL02
Power consumption	At IL= 50mA/One circuit, Checkered flag pattern 6.45W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



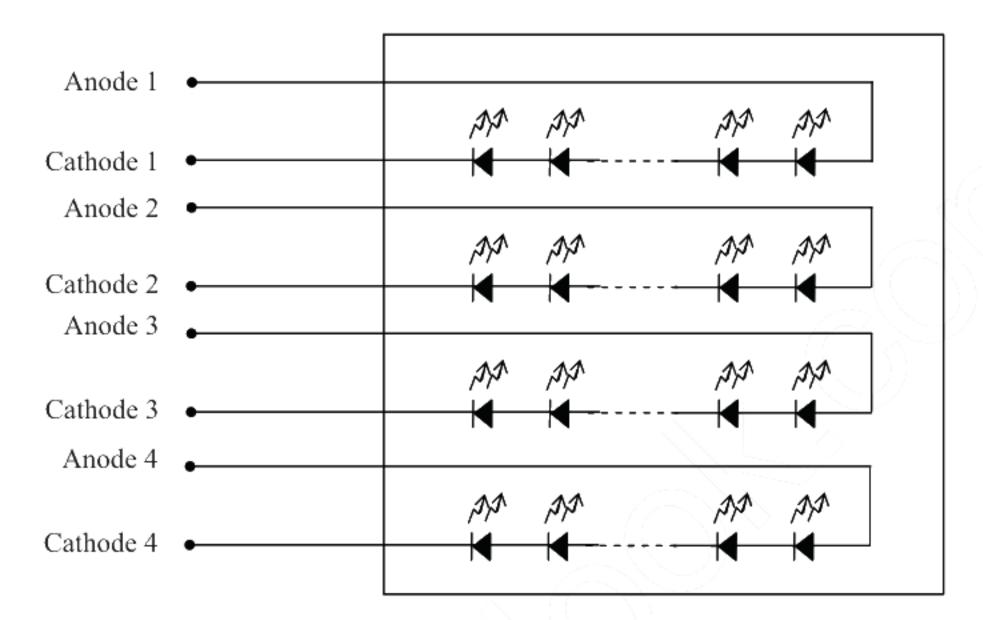
Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG	Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail

Backlight



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$277.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 180.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 8.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	460(typ.), 490(max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	v	
Input voltage	Display No	_	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	WGG10.2 W	
for signals	Function No	_	VF	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V	
Backlight	Forward	current	IL	60	mA	per one circuit
	Storage temperature			-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating	Operating temperature Front surface		TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 85	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
Note5			KII	≤ 55	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 60°C
				≤ 36	%	60°C < Ta ≤ 70°C
Absolute humidity Note5			АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m³	Ta > 70°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC and MSL.

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	500 Note1	860 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V
voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	<u>-</u>	Ω	-
Input voltage for DPS, FRC	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	, v	CMOS laval
and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-((0.3VCC	V	CMOS level
Input current for DPS, FRC	High	IFH	-		300	μΑ	
and MSL signal	Low	IFL	-300		-	μΑ	_

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

(Ta= 25°C, Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50.0	55.0	mA	-
		21.2	24.0	27.2		Ta= +25°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
Forward Voltage	VL	19.3	-	-	V	Ta= +70°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		,	,	29.2	ľ	Ta= -20°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		,	-	29.5		Ta= -20°C at IL= 55mA /One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 4 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference among the circuits be less than 5%.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

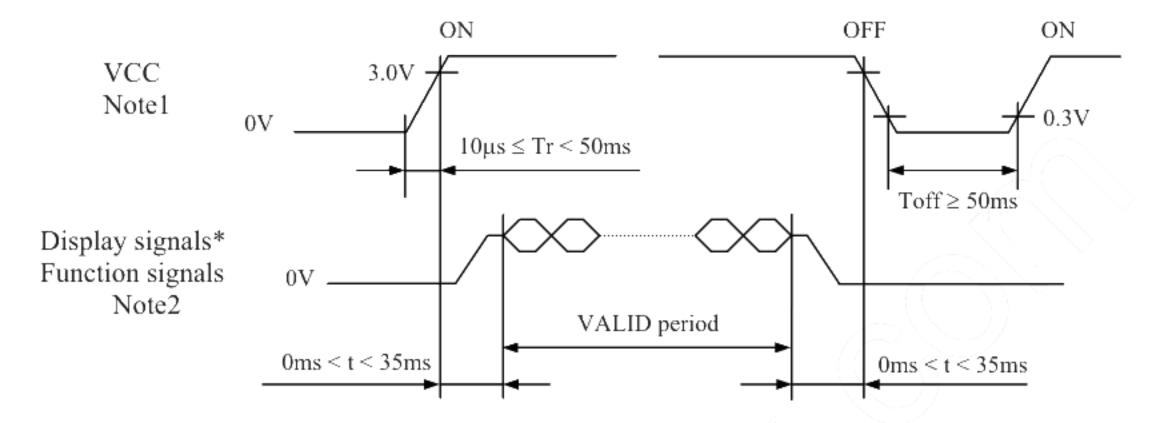
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter		Fuse	Pating	Fusing current	Damarks
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note1
VCC	rcc10202AB	Co., Ltd.	36V	4.0A	Note1

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



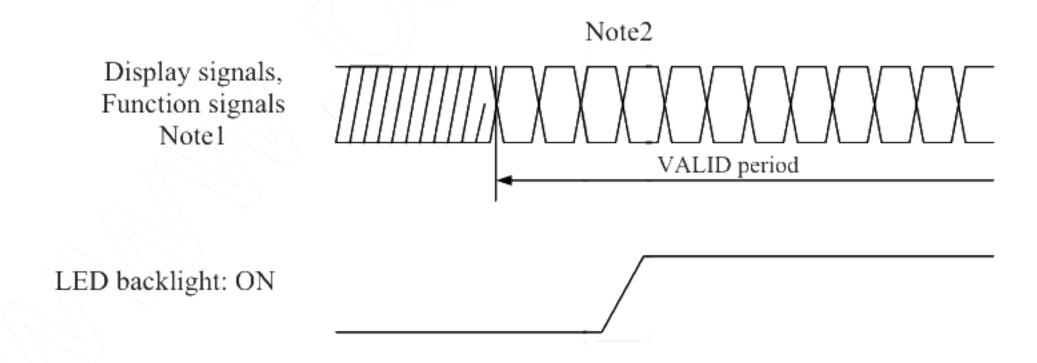
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver board



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

_	ible plug:		-8208 (Japan .	Aviation Electronics		(//
No.	Symbol	Signal	Input data	signal: 8bit	Input data	Remarks
140.	Symbol	Signai	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit	Kemarks
A	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	- ,(?	Note1, Note2
В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3
A	D3-	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7		Note1, Note2
В	GND	Ground		• /	Ground	Note3
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction				Note4
4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5
5	GND	Ground		Note3		
5	CLK+	Discolatoria		Note2		
7	CLK-	Pixel clock		Note2		
3	GND	Ground		Note3		
9	D2+	Dival data	D4 D7 DE	Note2		
0	D2-	Pixei dala	B4-B7,DE B2-B5,DE			Note2
1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3
2	D1+	Dival data	G2 G7 D2 D2	G1 G5 P0	D1	Note2
3	D1-	Pixel data	U3-U7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-	·D1	Note2
4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3
5	D0+	Dival data	D2 D7 G2	D0 D5 C	0	Nota?
6	D0-) I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	K2-K7,G2	Note2		
7	GND	Ground	Ground			Note3
8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	High	Low	Note5
9	VCC	Power aunulu	Power supply			
0	VCC	rower suppry				
	B A B B 3 4 5 6 7	A D3+ B GND A D3- B GND DPS FRC GND CLK+ CLK- GND D2- GND D1- GND GND D1- GND	A D3+ Pixel data B GND Ground A D3- Pixel data B GND Ground B GND Ground G FRC Selection of the number of colors G GND Ground G CLK+ Pixel clock G CLK- Pixel data D D2+ Pixel data D D2- Pixel data D D1+ Pixel data D D0+ Pixel data G D0- Pixel data	MAP A D3+	MAP A	No. Symbol Signal MAP A

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

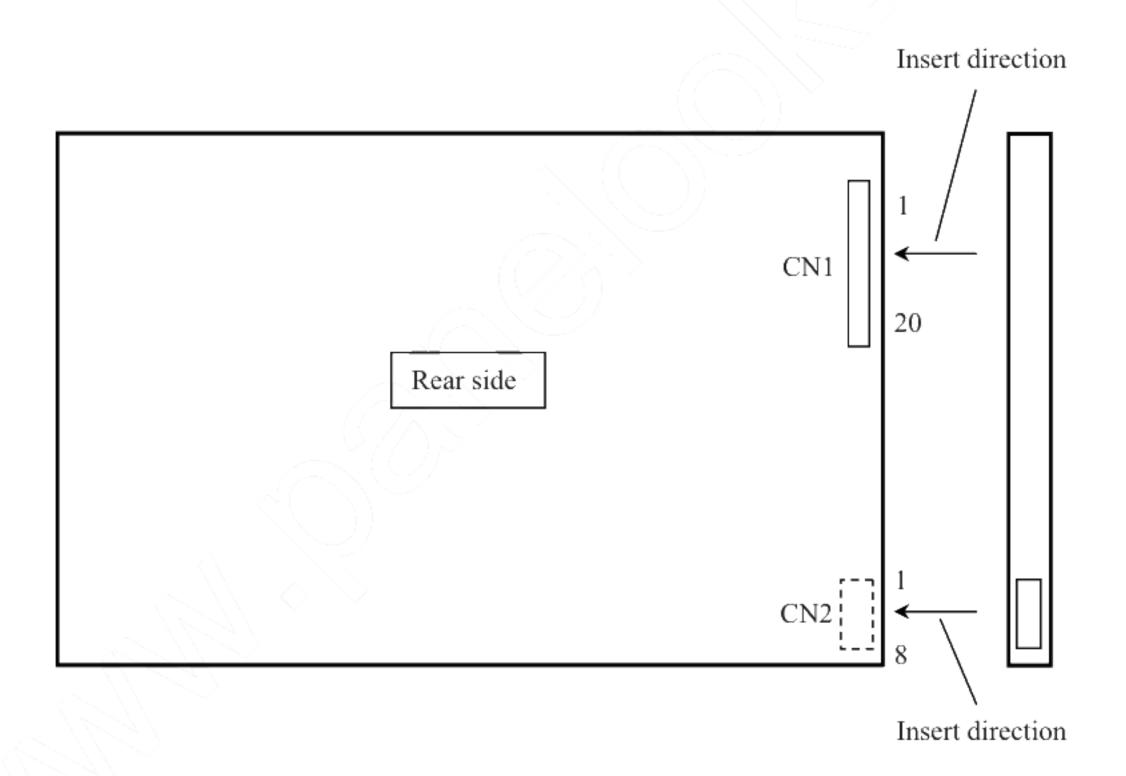
Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

4.5.2 Backlight lamp

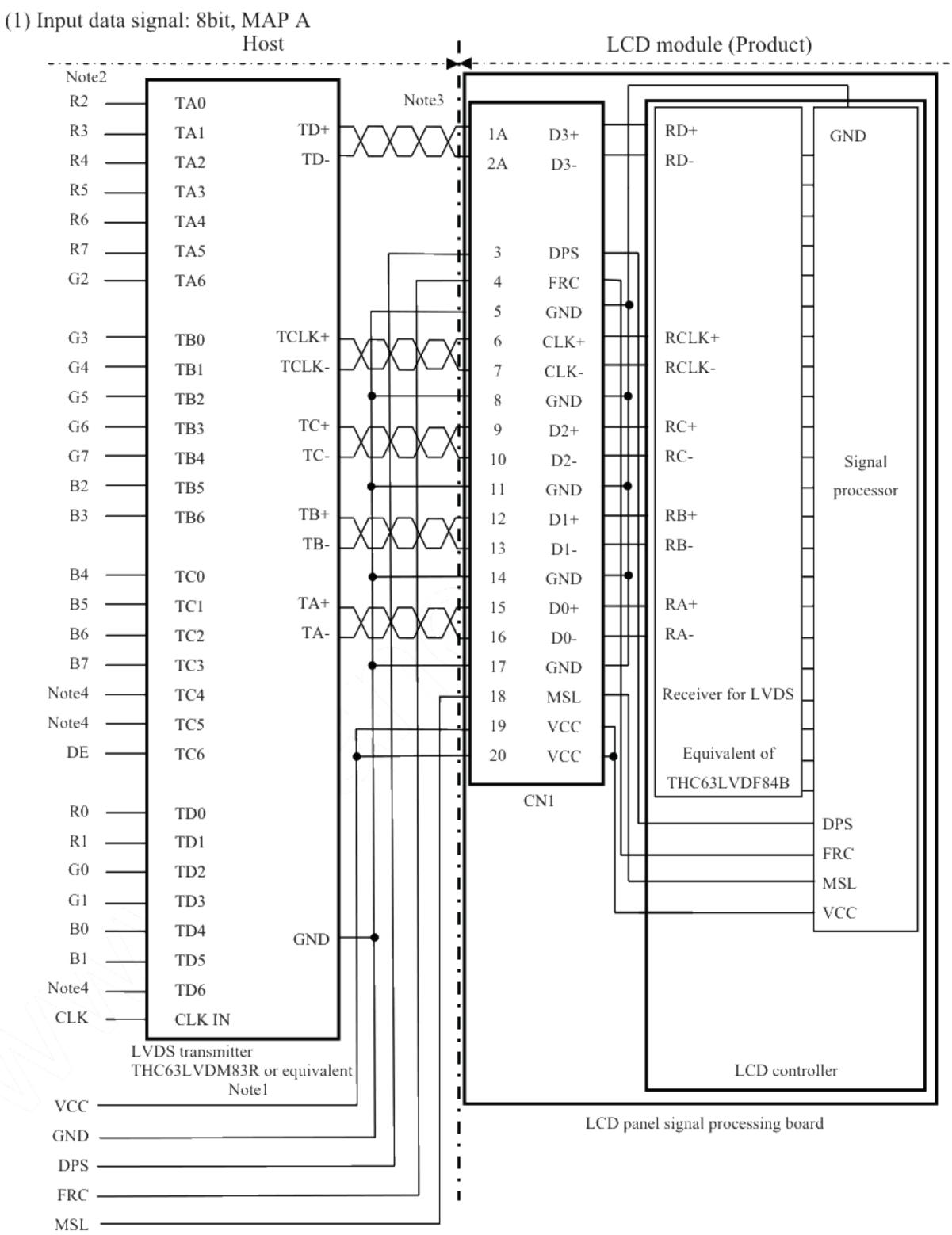
CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM08B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SHR-08V-S, SHR-08V-S-B (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	Al	Anodel	-
2	K1	Cathode l	-
3	A2	Anode2	- 62
4	K2	Cathode2	- <u>-</u>
5	A3.	Anode3	- < (\\
6	K3	Cathode3	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
7	A4	Anode4	(/ - \\ \
8	K4	Cathode4	

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

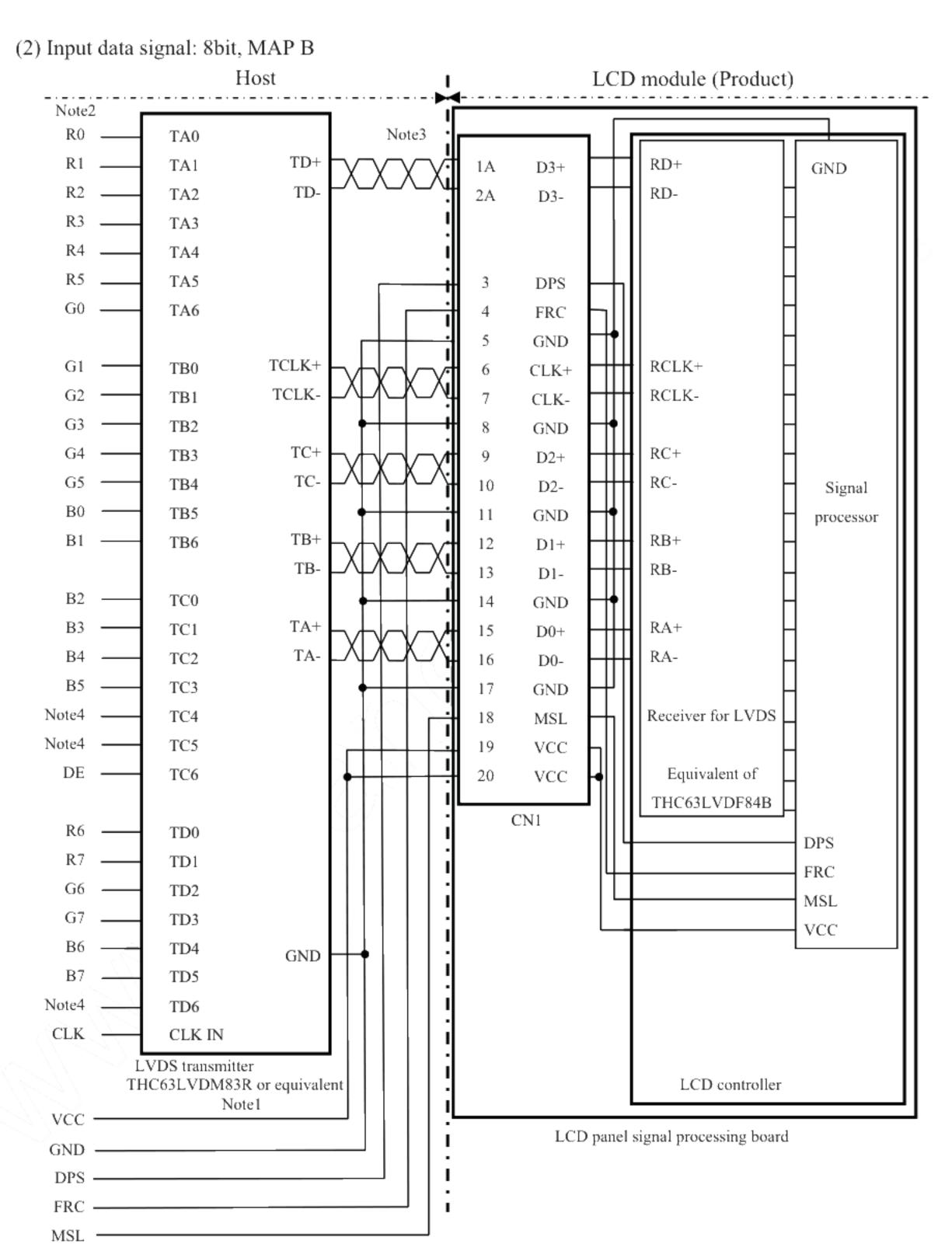


Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.



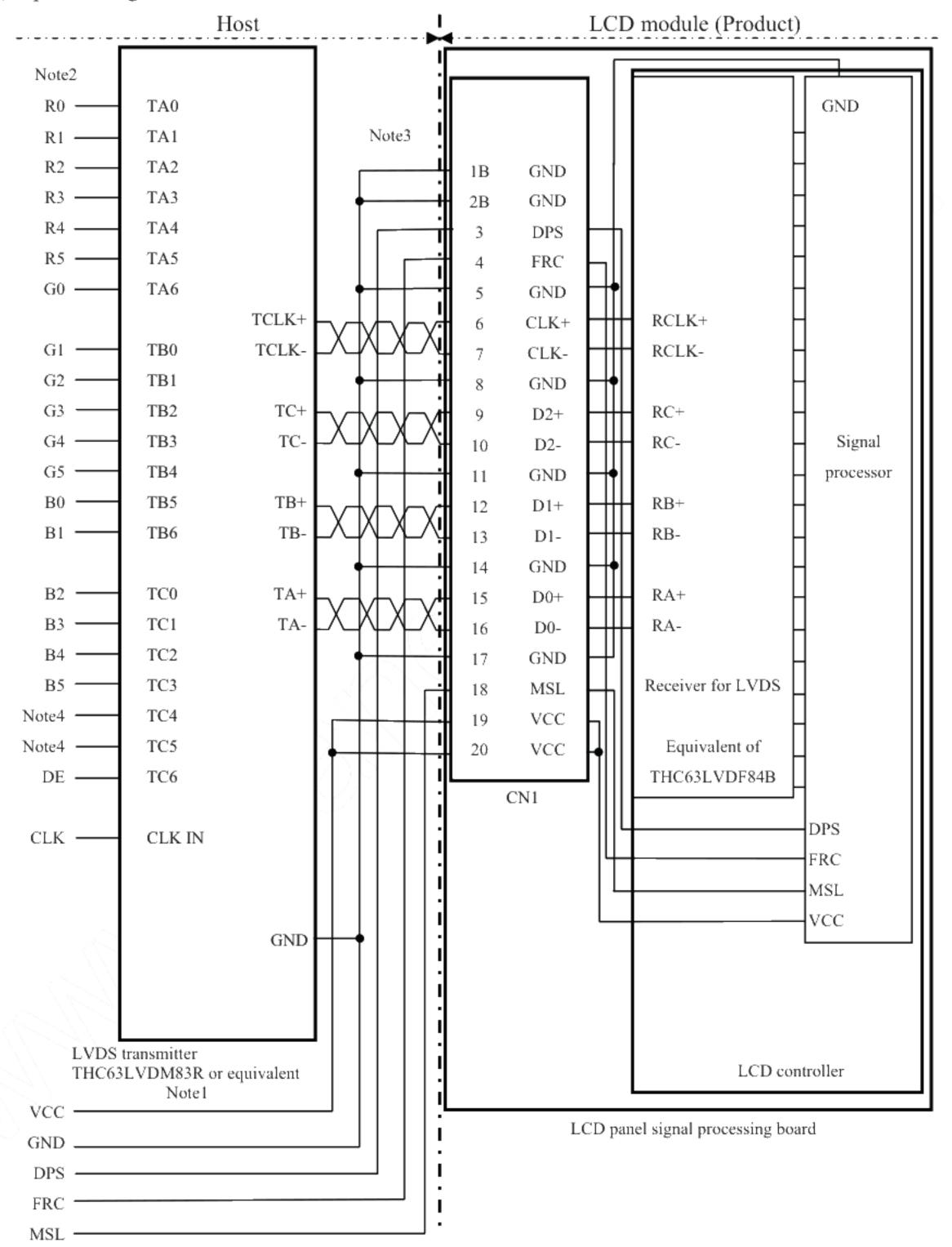
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(3) Input data signal: 6bit



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

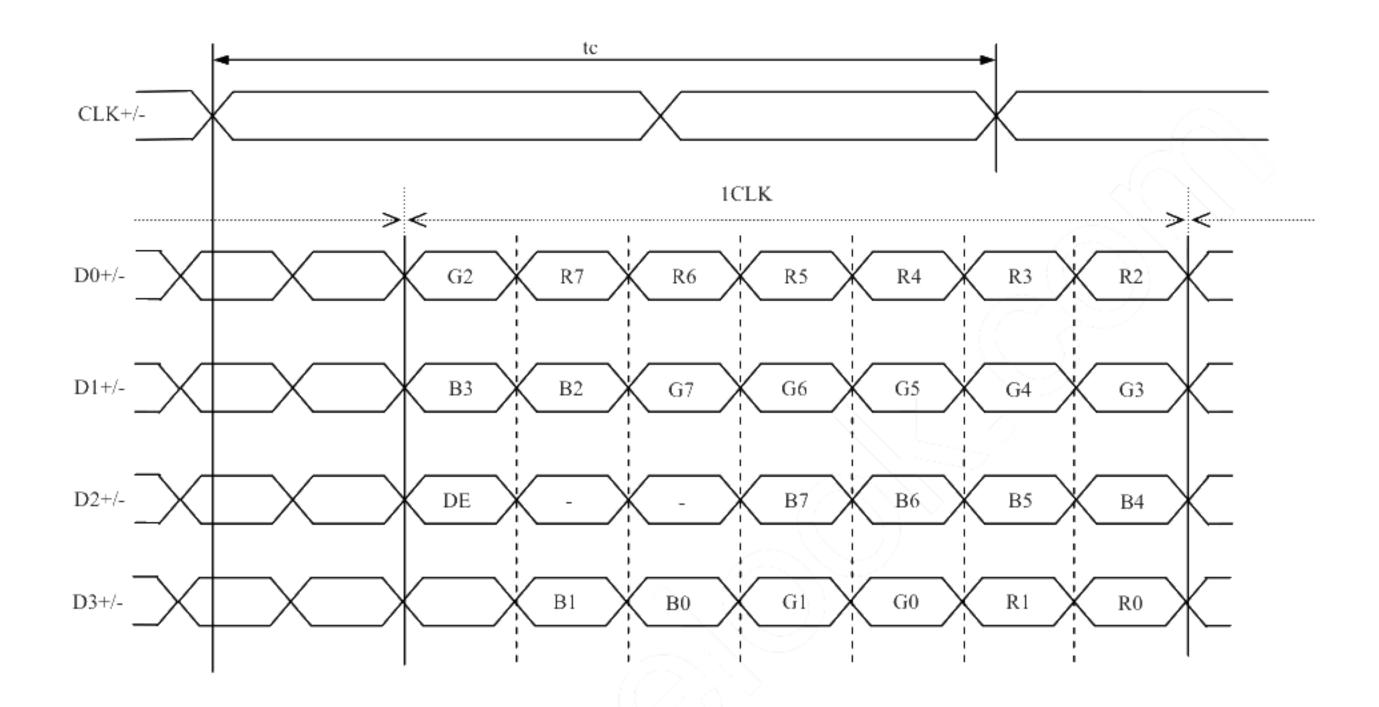
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

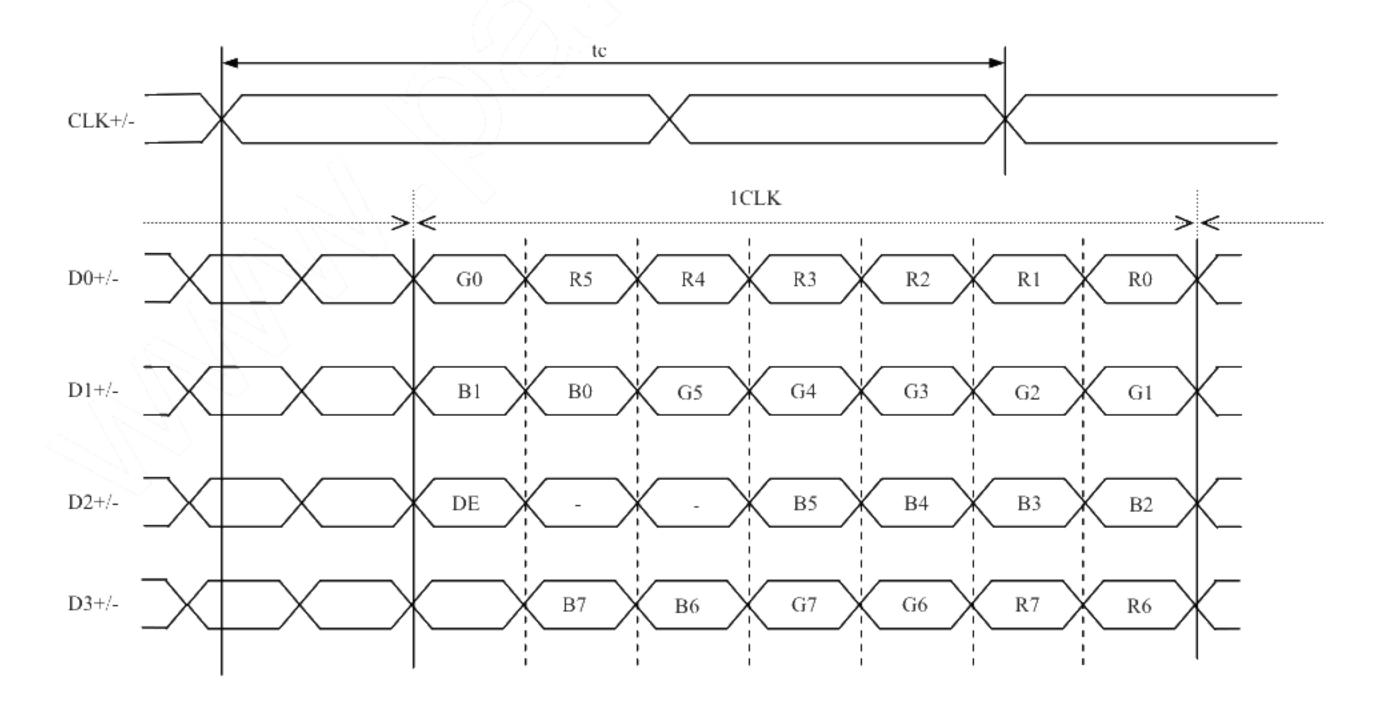
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

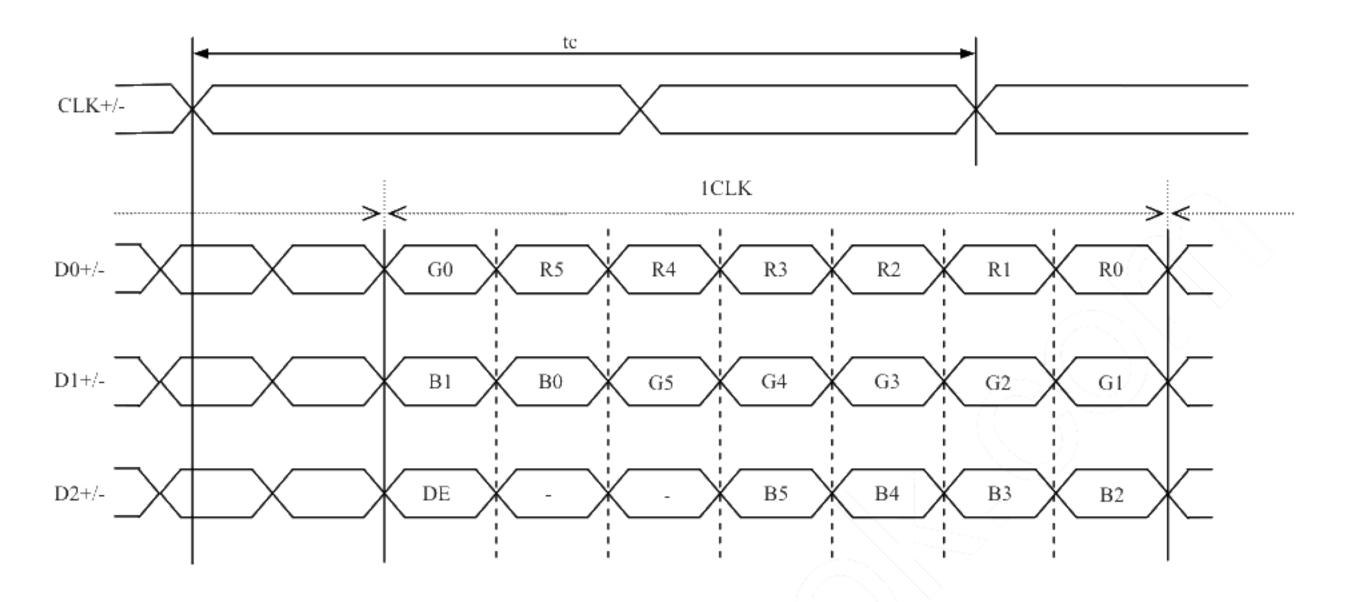
(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Notel
2	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Notel
3	6 bit	$\Diamond \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	GND	Low or Open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors". Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors". 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors									Data	a sig	nal	(0: I	Low	leve	el, 1	: Hiş	gh le	vel)							
Display	(01013	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	4	1	-1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	,1	1	1
Sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	/1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ပ		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	↑													:/								:			
Red gray	↓				:									(:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	/ 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray	↑				:									:								:			
g ff	↓													:								:			
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0,,	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ပ		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1				> :									:								:			
lg e	1													:								:			
] 3lm	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
" \		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	l	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display	colors			Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)															
Display	COIOIS	R5	R4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	GΙ	G 0	В5	В4	В3	В2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	/1-	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 <	0	0	0
02	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
l m	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,	- 1	$\sqrt{1}$	/ /1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	↑			:						1							:		
150	\downarrow			:									~				:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	/ 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SC	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	<u> </u>			:	/						:						:		
- E	↓			:							:								
Jre(bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
~	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>6</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1	. <		\bigcirc :							:						:		
50 20	+	_	_			-	-		-	_	:	-	_	١.			:	-	
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I .	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I .	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	l

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0)					
R G	В					
C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(1278, 0)	C(1279, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(1278, 1)	C(1279, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	$\langle \cdot \cdot \cdot \rangle$
•	•				• (~ \	$\langle \cdot \rangle \cdot \cdot - $
•	•	•	•	•	• \	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(1278, Y)	C(1279, Y)
	•	•	•	•	((•))	•
	•			• • •	•//	·
•	•	•	•	○•	/s. •	•
C(0, 798)	C(1, 798)	• • •	C(X, 798)	• \• \•	C(1278, 798)	C(1279, 798)
C(0, 799)	C(1, 799)	•	C(X, 799)		C(1278, 799)	C(1279, 799)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

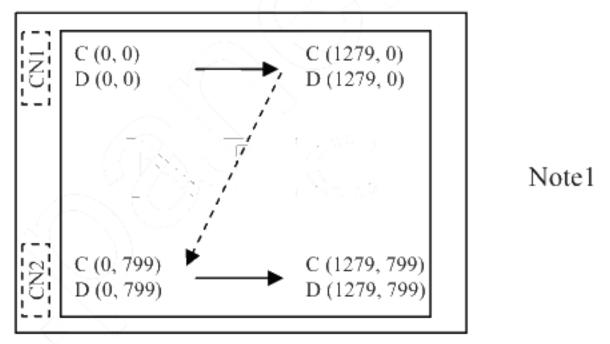


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

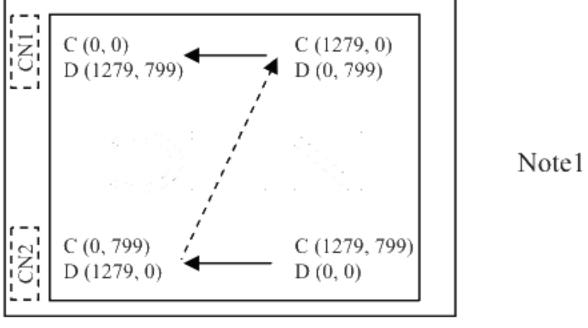


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

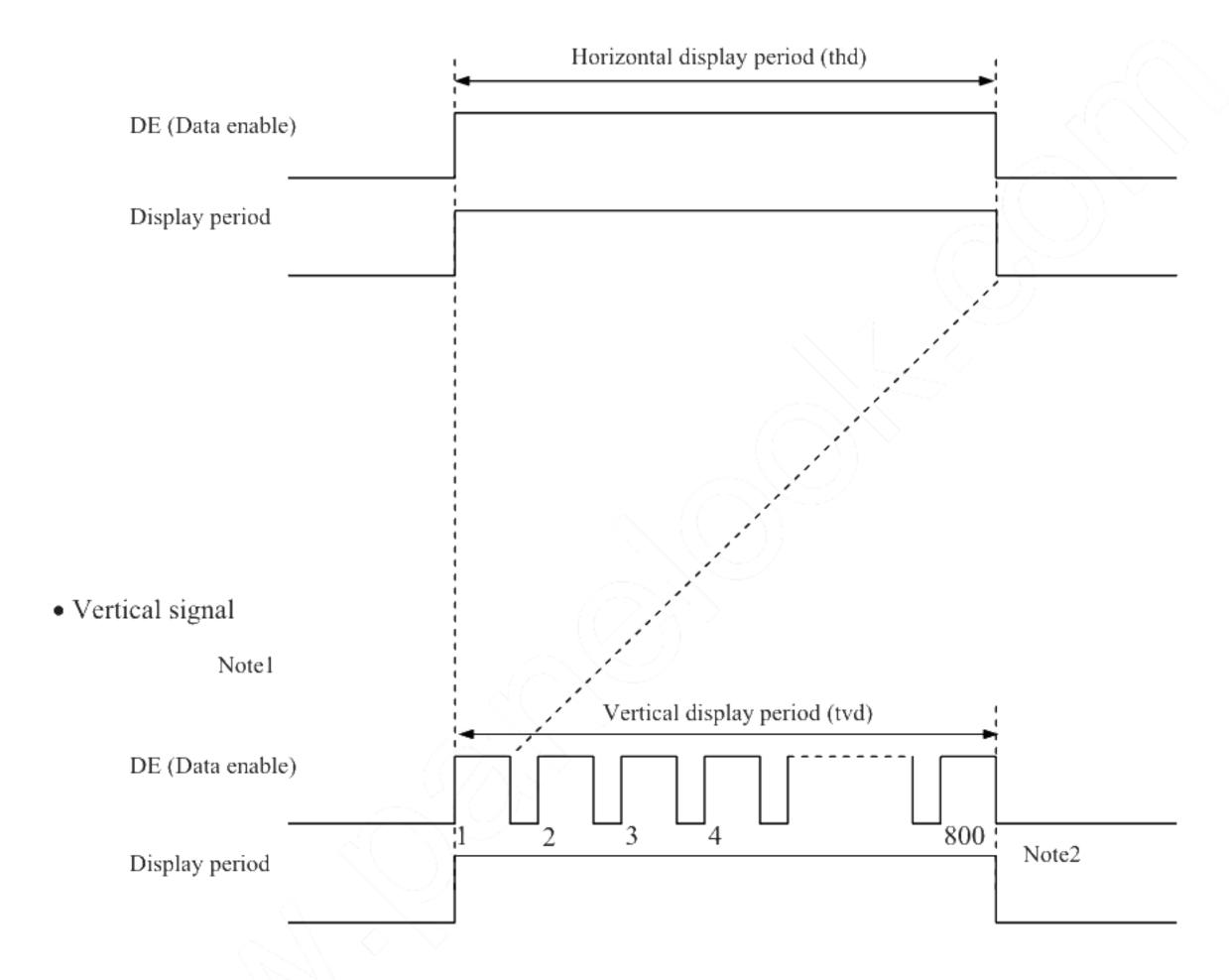
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Frequency		Frequency		1/tc	67.0	71.0	75.0	MHz	14.085 ns (typ.)
CLK	Duty		-				-			
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-	_			ns	-		
	CLK DATA	Setup time	-				ns	/ ~		
DATA	CLK-DATA Hold time		-		-		ns	(-)		
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-				ns			
		Cycle	th	17.20	20.28	21.49	μs			
	Horizontal	Сусте	un	1,290	1440	-	CLK	49.306 kHz (typ.)		
		Display period	thd		1280		CLK))		
	37 - 1	Cycle	+1/	14.16	16.69	17.69 /	ms			
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Сусіе	tv	-	823	- \	Н	59.92 Hz (typ.)		
	(One nume)	Display period	tvd		800	4	Н			
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns			
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-				ns	-		
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-				ns			

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing CLK DATA INVALID INVALID (R0-R5)(R0-R7) (G0-G7) or (G0-G5) (B0-B5)(B0-B7)DE thd th Vertical timing DATA (R0-R7) (R0-R5) INVALID INVALID (G0-G7) or (G0-G5) (B0-B7) (B0-B5) DE tvd

4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Paramete	r	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	250	450	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	tio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	500	1,000	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	1		
	Wille	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	/-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.570	-46	$^{\prime}$ - $>$		
Characticitae		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.350	-//	الراوي		
Chromaticity	Graan	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.350	-		SR-3	Note5
	Green	y coordinate	Gy	-	0.540	<u>-</u>	-	31(-3	Tioles
	Disco	x coordinate	Bx	- /	0.155	-	-]	
	Blue	y coordinate	Ву	-((0.135	-	-	1	
Color gam	ut	θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	35	40	-	%		
Dagmanga ti		Black to White	Ton	_ <i>-!!</i>	10	15	ms	DM 5A	Note6
Response ti	me	White to Black	Toff	~~	15	20	ms	BM-5A	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	88	-	0		
Viewing angle	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	⊂ θL /	70	88	-	٥	EZ	Note8
viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	88	-	o	Contrast	INOICO
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	70	88	-	٥		

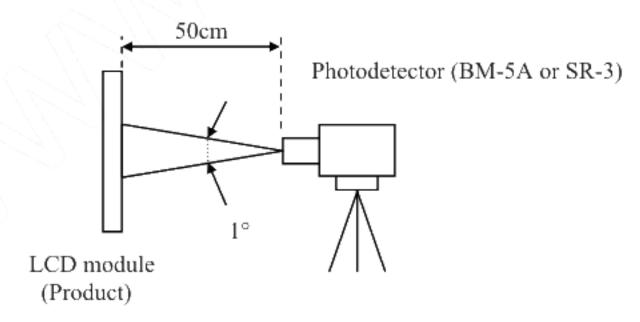
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

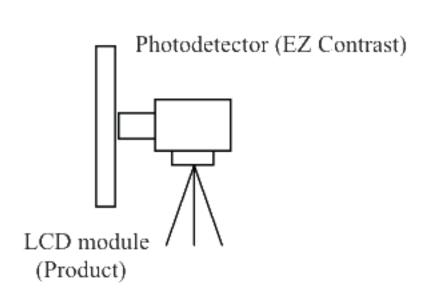
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 50mA/One circuit, Display mode: WXGA,

Horizontal cycle= 1/49.306kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.92Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 29 °C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

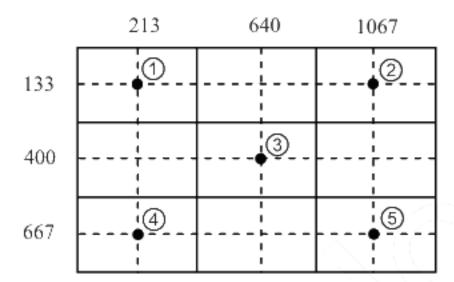
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

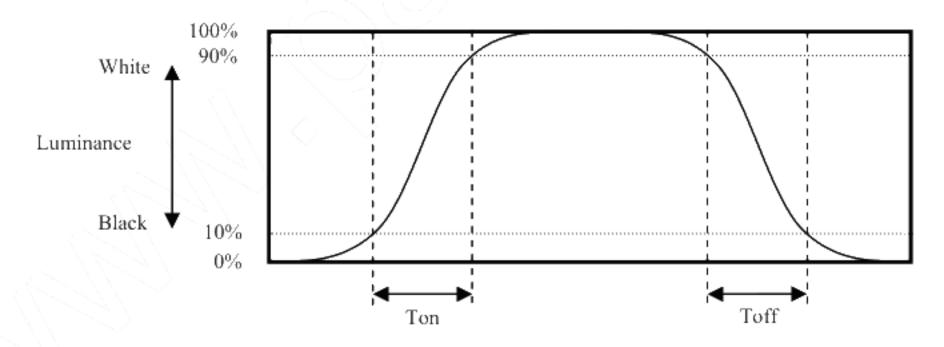
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

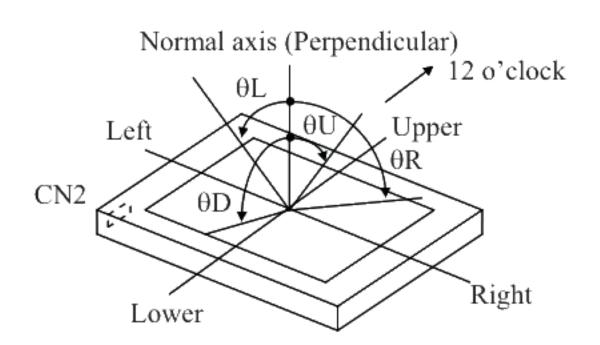


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
LED	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	70,000	h
elementary substance	70°C (Surface temperature at screen) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	60,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

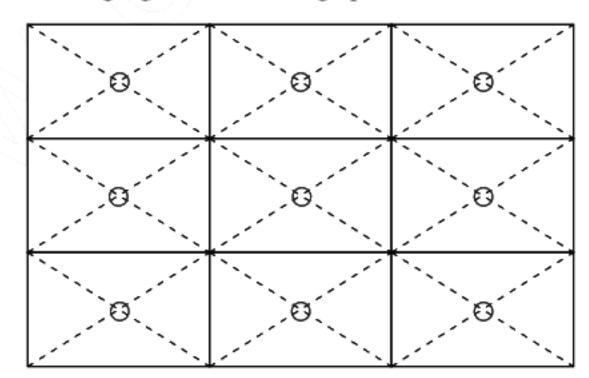
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is white .				
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 70 ± 3°C ,240hours ② Display data is white . 				
Heat cycle (Operation)	 ① -20 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is white . 				
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions			
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 				
Dust (Operation)	 ① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 				
Vibration (Non operation)	 ① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 30 times each directions 	No display malfunctions No physical damages			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 ① 539m/ s², 11ms ② ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions ③ 5 times each directions 				

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.23N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑤ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

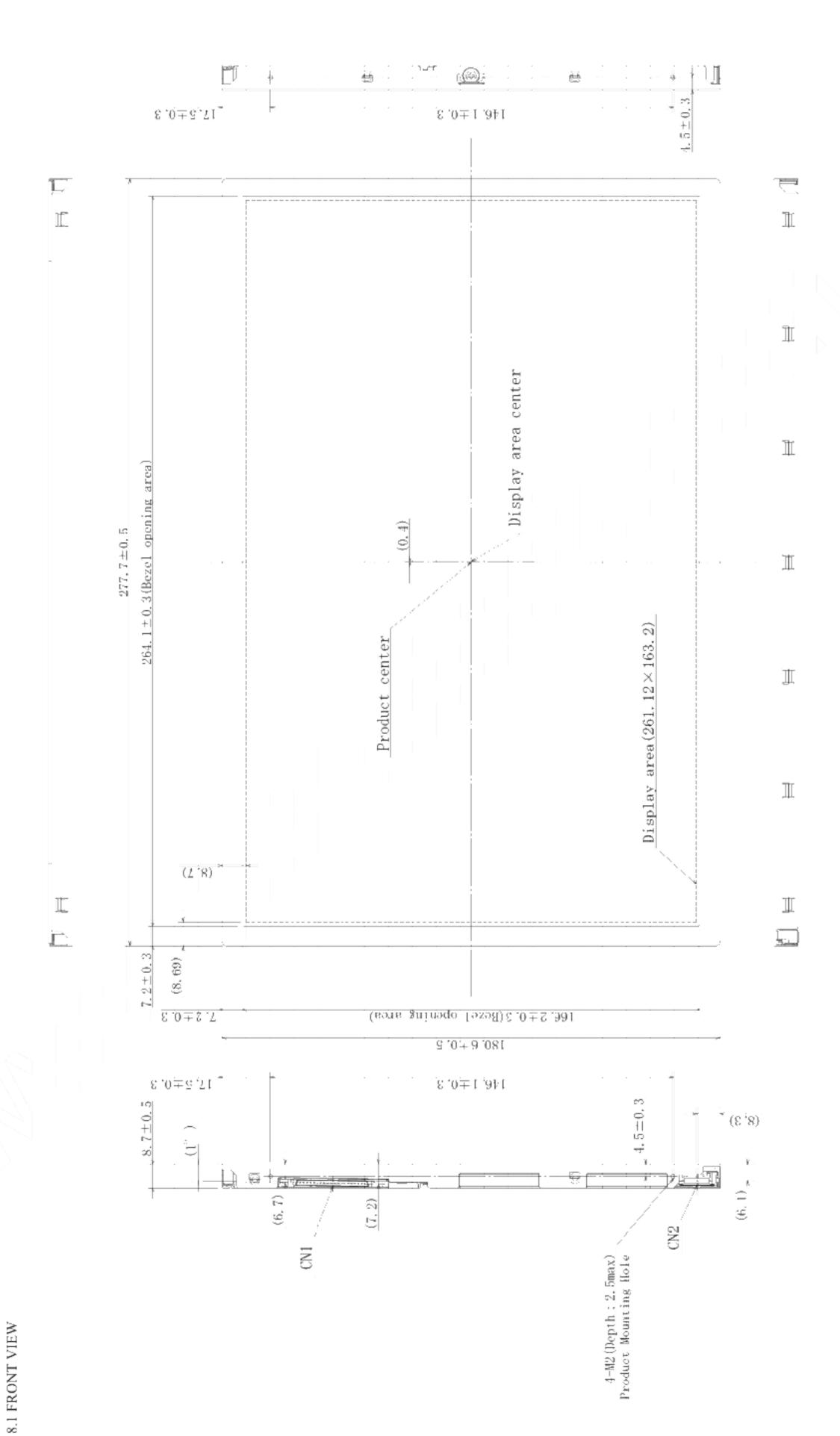
- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

- ① All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repairing and so on.
- ⑤ The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

	China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements									
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)					
×	0	0	0	0	0					

- Note1: ○: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.
 - X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5 mm.

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☆

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW

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Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5 mm.