



TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL13676AC25-05D

40cm (15.6 Type) WXGA (1366×768) LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-2241 (1st edition)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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The products are classified into three grades: "Standard", "Special", and "Specific".

Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact an NLT sales representative in advance.

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL13676AC25-05D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- LED backlight built in LED driver
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 will be acquired for this product when starting mass production.
- This product will comply with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) when starting mass production.



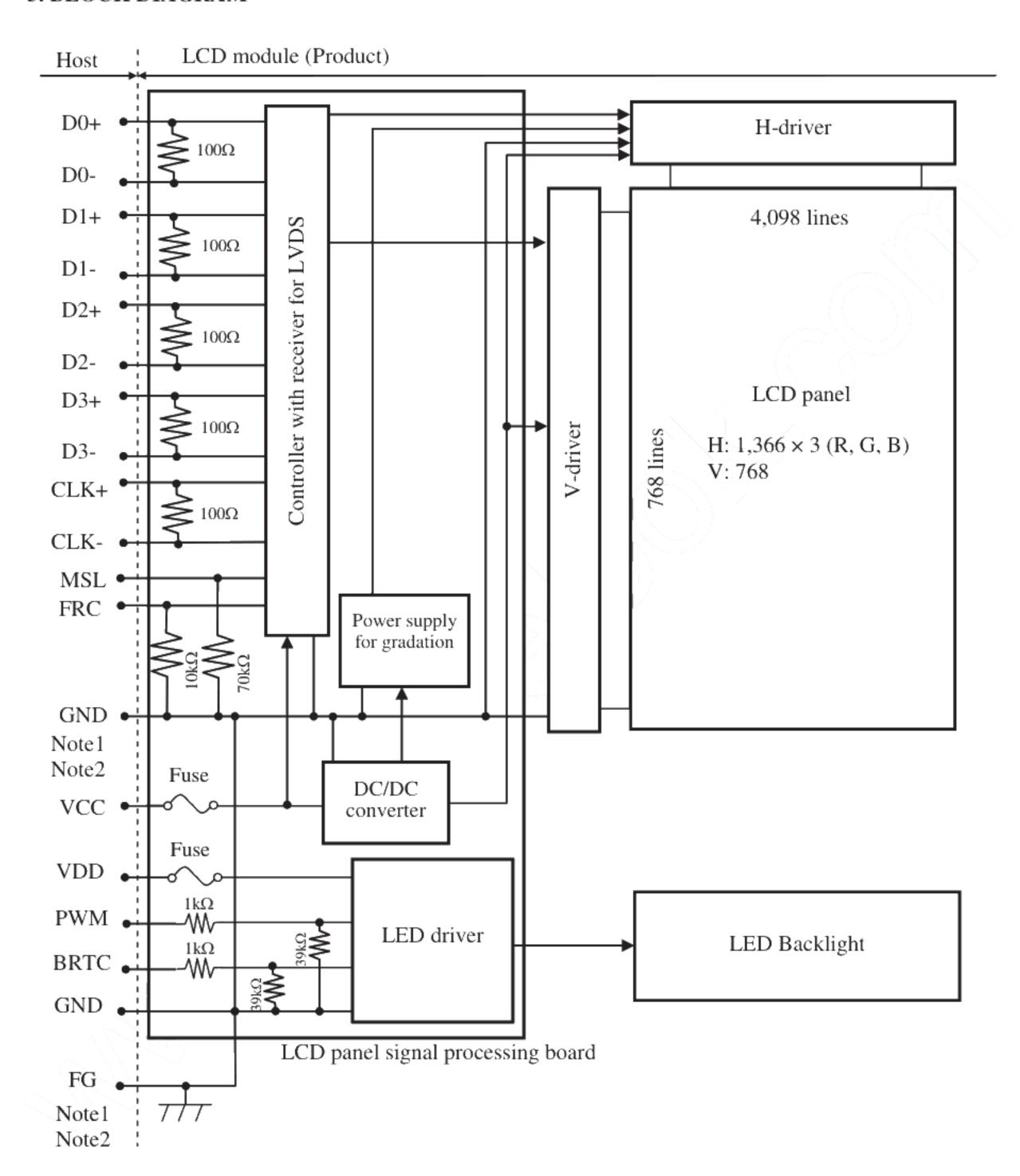
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

344.232 (H) × 193.536 (V) mm
40cm (15.6 inches)
a-Si TFT active matrix
16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= High)
1,366 (H) × 768 (V) pixels
RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
0.084 (H) × 0.252 (V) mm
0.252 (H) × 0.252 (V) mm
363.8 (W) × 215.9 (H) × 10.3 (D) mm (typ.)
(800) g (typ.)
900:1 (typ.)
At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
 Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒2.2): normal axis (perpendicular) Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock)
Antiglare
3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
At LCD panel center 60% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
$Ton+Toff(10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 18ms (typ.)
At the maximum luminance control 400cd/m ² (typ.)
LVDS interface (1 port)
LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V
LED backlight built in LED driver (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: TBD
At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern (9.5)W (typ.)

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3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND- FG	Connected
---------	-----------

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$363.8 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 215.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 10.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	344.232 (H) × 193.536 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	(800) (typ.), (880) (max.)	<u> </u>	g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	VCC -0.3 to +4.0		
voltage	LED d	river	VDD	-0.3 to +25.0	V	
	Display Not		VD	-0.3 to 1.98	V	T. 250G
Input voltage for	Function Not	_	VF	-0.3 to +4.0	V	Ta= 25°C
signals	F	6 JED 11	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Function signal	for LED driver	BRTC	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Storage temperature		Tst	-20 to +80	°C	-
Operating	tammarutura	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	Note4	
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative humidity		ри	≤ 85	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
	Note5	RH	≤ 55	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 60°C	
				≤ 36	%	60°C < Ta ≤ 70°C
	Absolute humidity Note5		АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta > 70°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: FRC and MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%



4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	_		
Power supply current	ICC	-	(480) Note1	(800) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V			
Permissible ripple voltage	VRPC	-	-	300	mVp-p	for VCC Note3, Note4, Note5			
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.25V		
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note6,7		
Input Differential Voltage		VID	(200)	-	(600)	mV			
Differential Input Commor Voltage	VCM	(1.05)	1.25	(1.3)	V	<u> </u>			
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	<u> </u>	Ω	-		
Input voltage for FRC	High	VFH1	2.25	,	VCC	7			
signal	Low	VFL1	0	-	0.40	v			
Input voltage for MSL	High	VFH2	2.25	-//->	VCC]	-		
signal	Low	VFL2	0	\ -(0.40				
Input current for FRC	High	IFH1	-		+500				
signal	Low	IFL1	TBD	20-2	-] ,			
Input current for MSL	High	IFH2		<u> </u>	+500	μΑ	-		
signal	Low	IFL2	TBD	-	-				

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

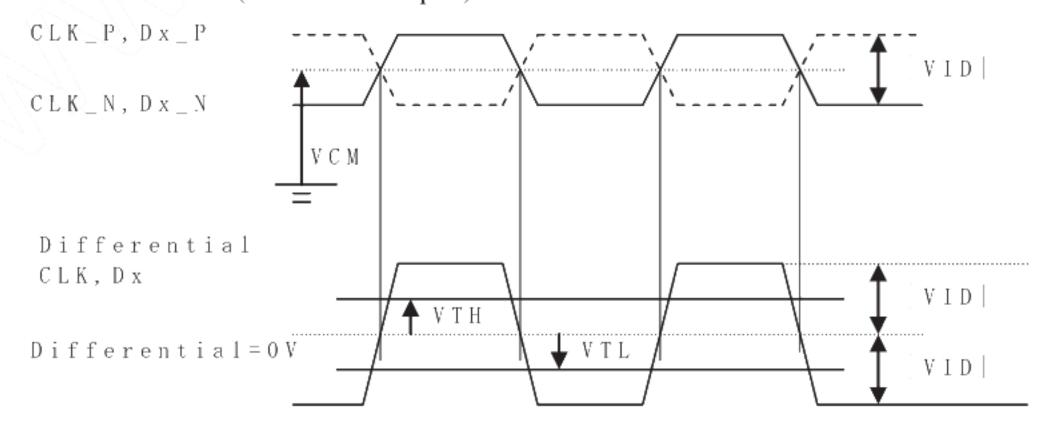
Note3: This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note4: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note5: The load variation influence does not include.

Note6: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note7: DC characteristics (LVDS receiver part)



CLK_P, CLK_N $Dx_P, Dx_N \quad x = 0,1,2,3$ $|VID| = |**_P-**_N|$ $VCM = (**_P + **_N)/2$ P: +, N: -

**: CLK or Dx



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4.3.2 LED driver

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1	
Power supply current		IDD	-	(660)	TBD Note2	mA	At the maximum luminance control
Permissible ripple volt	VRPD	-	-	300	mVp-p	for VDD Note3, Note4, Note5	
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	1.2	-	5.3		
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.4	v	
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	1.2	-	5.3	v	,(\\\\-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.4		
Input current for	High	IBCH1	-	-	TBD	/cs\	
PWM signal	Low	IBCL1	TBD	-	-		
Input current for	High	IBCH2	-	-	TBD	μA	/
BRTC signal	Low	IBCL2	TBD	-			
PWM frequency		f_{PWM}	100	-	10k	Hz	Note6, Note8
PWM duty ratio		$\mathrm{DR}_{\mathrm{PWM}}$	1	- /	100	%	Note7, Note9, Note10
PWM pulse width		tPWH	10	- \	(-))	μs	Note9, Note10

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note4: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note5: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on.

Note6: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note7:
$$DR_{PWM} = \frac{tPWH}{tPW}$$

tPWH: PWM pulse width, tPW: PWM dimming cycle (= 1/f_{PWM})

Note8: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note9: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than minimum value. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note10:Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.



NL13676AC25-05D

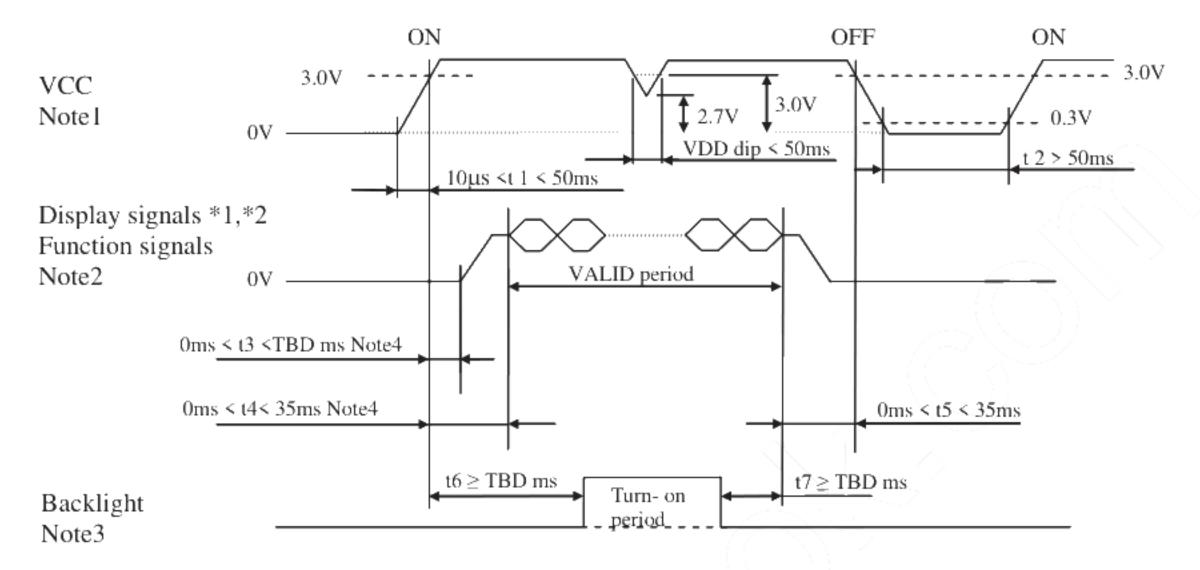
4.3.3 Fuse

Duramatar		Fuse	Dating	Engine appropri	Damarka
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
VCC	ECC17152AD	VAMAVA	1.5 A	3.0A	
VCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA	36 V	5 seconds maximum	Note 1
VDD	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA	2.0 A	4.0A	Note1
	rcc10202AB	KAMATA	36 V	5 seconds maximum	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

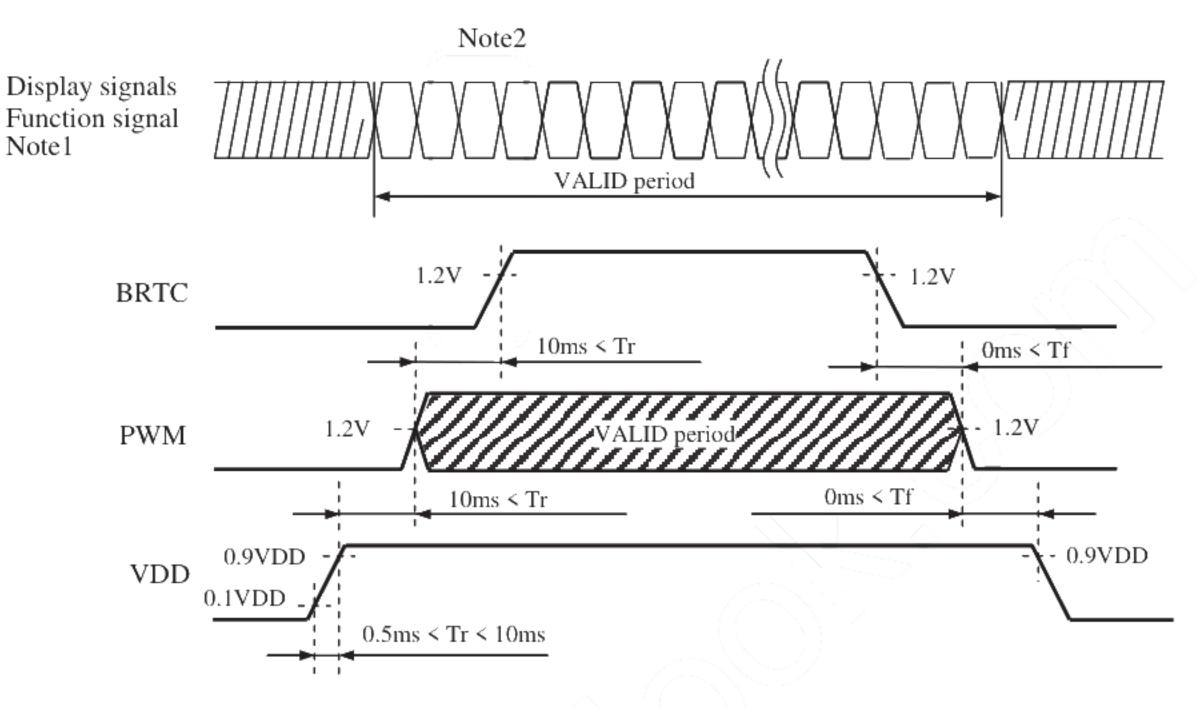
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



- *1: DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CLK+/-
- *2: These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.
- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (MSL and FRC) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.
 - If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.
- Note3: The backlight should be turned on by the above sequence, in order to avoid unstable data display. See "4.4.2 LED driver".
- Note4: After turning VCC on, terminal voltages on display signals (*1) will rise. This is caused by initial operation of the product.

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): 185083-20121 (P-TWO ELECTRIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.)

Adaptable plug: DF14-20S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS)) or equivalent

Adaptabl	e plug:	DF14-20S-1.25C (1	Hirose Electric Co	., Lta. (HKS)) or 6	equivalent							
Din Ma	Camabaal	Si amul	Input data s	Input data	D. manualea							
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6-bit	Remarks						
1	VCC	Power supply		Power supply		Note1						
2	VCC	Tower suppry		Tower suppry		T TOIL!						
3	GND	Ground		Ground								
4	N.C.	Non connection		Non connection		-						
5	D0-	Pixel data	R2-R7, G2	Note2								
6	D0+	Fixel data	K2-K7, U2	R0-R	5, 00	Note2						
7	GND	Ground	Ground Ground									
8	D1-	Div. 1.1.										
9	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7, B2-B3	G1-G5,	B0-B1	Note2						
10	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1						
11	D2-	District Control	D4 D7 DE	D2 D4	· DE	Note2						
12	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7, DE	B4-B7, DE B2-B5, DE								
13	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1						
14	CLK-			D: 1 1 1								
15	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note2						
16	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1						
17	D3- / GND	DOD1 D6 D7										
18	D3+ / GND	/ Ground	G0-G1 B0-B1	G6-G7 B6-B7	Ground	Note2						
19	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Low or	r Open	High	-						
20	MSL	Selection of LVDS Input data map	High	Low or Open	High	Note1 Note3						

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

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4.5.2 LED driver

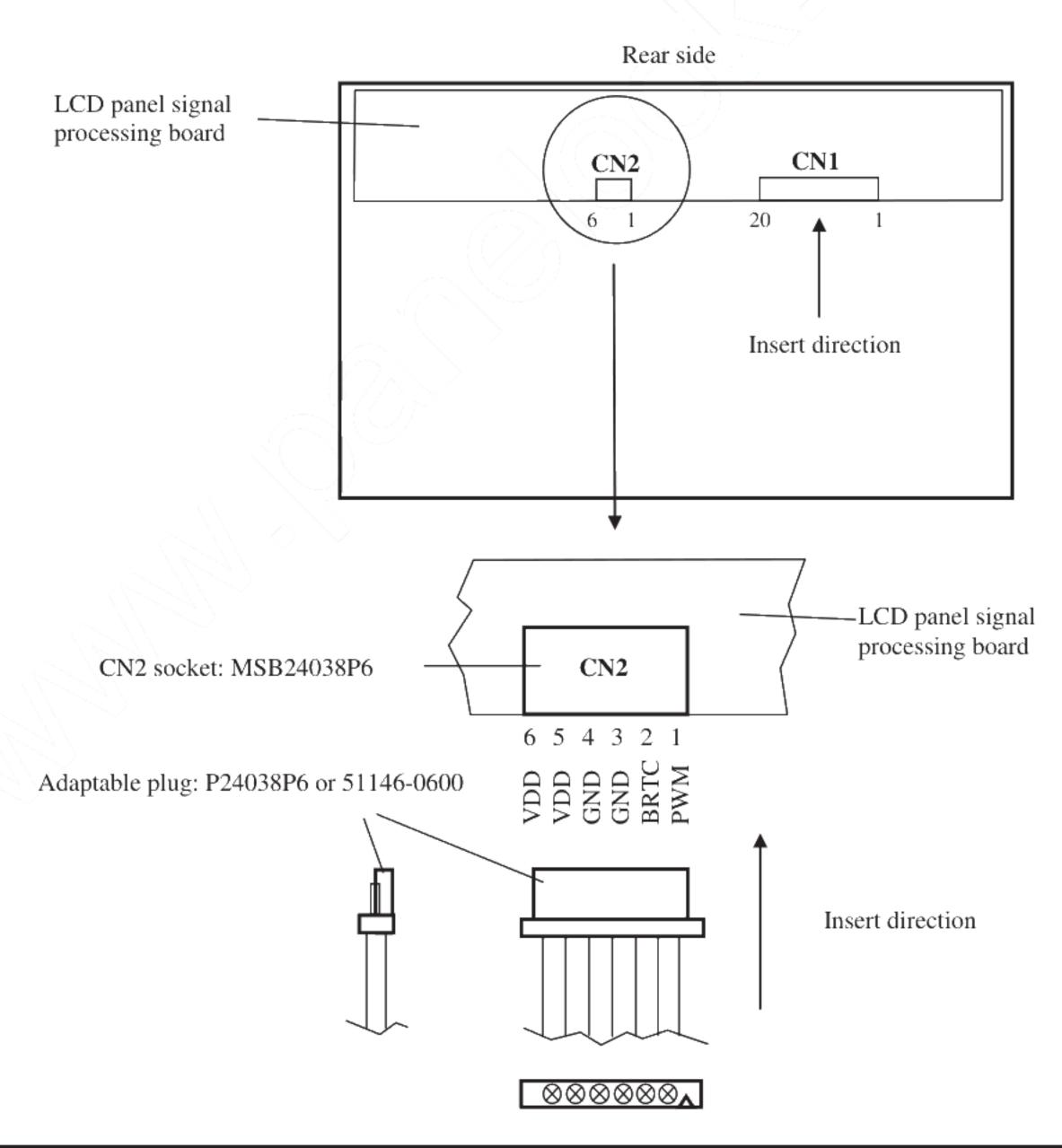
CN2 socket (LCD module side): MSB24038P6 (Produced by STM)

Adaptable plug : P24038P6 (Produced by STM) or 51146-0600(Molex)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks					
1	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming					
2	BRTC	Back light ON/OFF control	High: On ,Low or Open: Off					
3	GND	Ground	Note1 /					
4	GND	Ground	Note1					
5	VDD	Power supply	Note 1					
6	VDD	Power supply	Note1					

Note1: All GND and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

4.5.3 Positions of socket

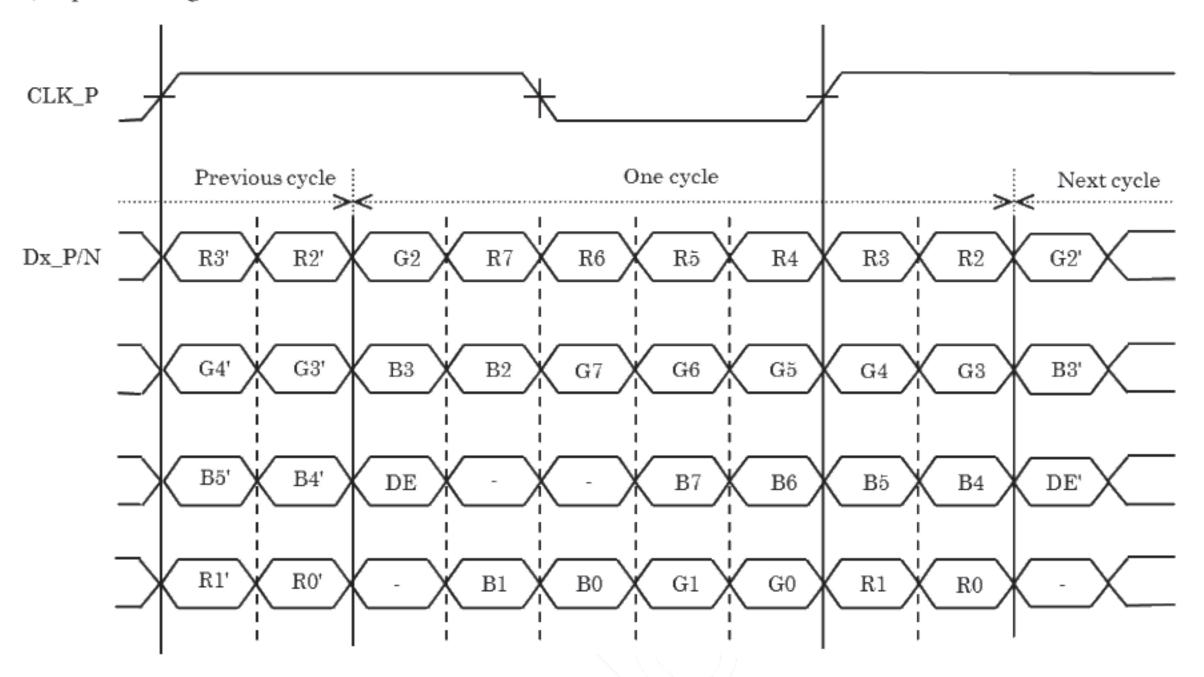


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4.5.4 Input data mapping

(1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A

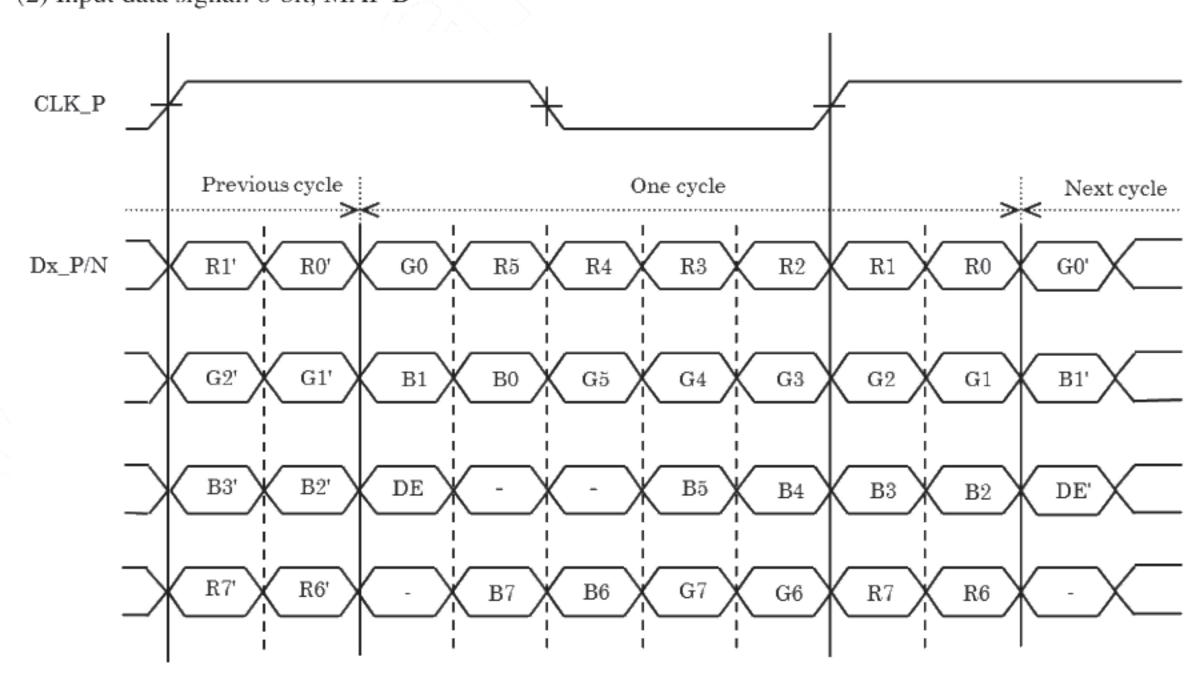


Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Dx_P/N : x = 0,1,2,3 (P: +, N: -)

(2) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP B

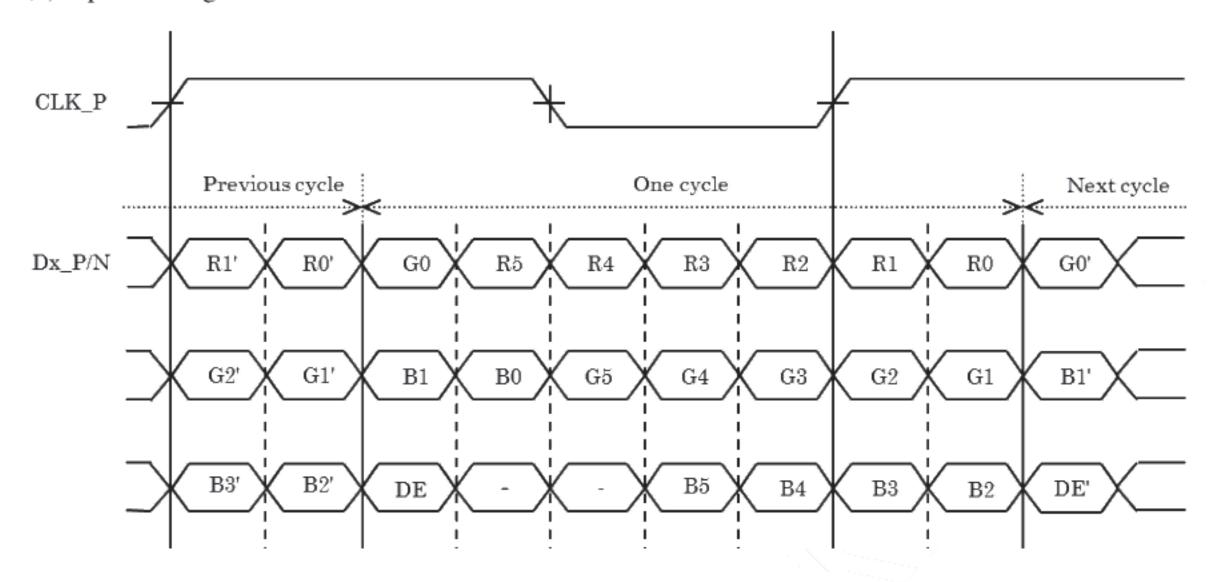


Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Dx_P/N : x = 0,1,2,3 (P: +, N: —)

(3) Input data signal: 6-bit



Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R5, G5, B5

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Dx_P/N : x = 0,1,2 (P: +, N: —)

4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors and 262,144 colors by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.17 and 18	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8-bit	MAP A	D3+/-	Low or Open	High	16,777,216	Note1
2	8-bit	MAP B	D3+/-	Low or Open	Low or Open	16,777,216	Note1
3	6-bit	-	GND	High	High	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors". Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display	colore	Dat				Dat	ta signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																		
Display	COIOIS	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	B4	В3	B2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	1	1	1	1 /	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	-0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
υ υ		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	()	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	↑				:								7									:			
Red gray	\downarrow				:									:								:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0_	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0_	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	.0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	()	0	()	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SC	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑				:	:							2	:								:			
g uz	↓				:								2	:								:			
Jrec	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	()	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
I ~	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	-0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0,	_0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	-0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>e</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1				> :								2	:								:			
93	1	1		_	:		_	_	_	_		_		:		_						:		_	
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	\\ r .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	l .	1	1	l	1	1	1	0
	Blue	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	()	0	()	0	l	1	1	l	l	l	l	l

PRELIMINARY

NLT Technologies

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Diepley	, aalara						Dat	a sign	al (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	igh le	vel)					
Display	colors	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G 1	G0	В5	B4	В3	В2	В1	B 0
	Black	0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic	Green	0	0	()	0	()	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	()
Ba	Cyan	0	0	()	0	()	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	-0	0	0	()
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()
ره ا		0	0	()	0	()	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
scale	dark	0	0	()	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
ay a	↑			;	:					7	:(,				:		
l gray	\				:						:						:		
Red	bright	1	1	1	1	()	1	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0_	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
	Black	0	0	()	0	()	0	.0	0	-0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
ale ale		0	0	()	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	()	0	0	0	()
228	dark	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
ray	↑				: /						:						:		
Green gray scale	↓										:						:		
Jree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	()
1 ~		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	()
	Green	0	0	0	0	()	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	()	0	0	0	()
	Black	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	()
<u>9</u>		0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	()
Blue gray scale	1	. <		\Diamond :	:						:						:		
9 50	1	Ŋ			:					_	:						:		
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	()
	Blue	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

]	D (1, 1))
	R	G	В
ا	7		

D(-1,-1)	D(2, 1)	• • •	D(X, 1)		D(1365, 1)	D(1366, 1)
D(1, 2)	D(2, 2)	• • •	D(X, 2)	• • •	D(1365, 2)	D(1366, 2)
•	•	•	•	•	•	\geq \cdot (\cdot)
•	•	• • •	•		• :	(\ \. \ \ \
•	•	•	•	•	•	(/ ·>
D(1, Y)	D(2, Y)	• • •	D(X,Y)	• • •	D(1365, Y)	D(1366, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•())) •
	•	• • •	•	• • •	(/~·)\	· •
•	•	•	•	•	(\ •))	•
D(1, 767)	D(2, 767)	• • •	D(X, 767)	• • • ,	D(1365, 767)	D(1366, 767)
D(1, 768)	D(2, 768)	• • •	D(X, 768)	(.	D(1365, 768)	D(1366, 768)

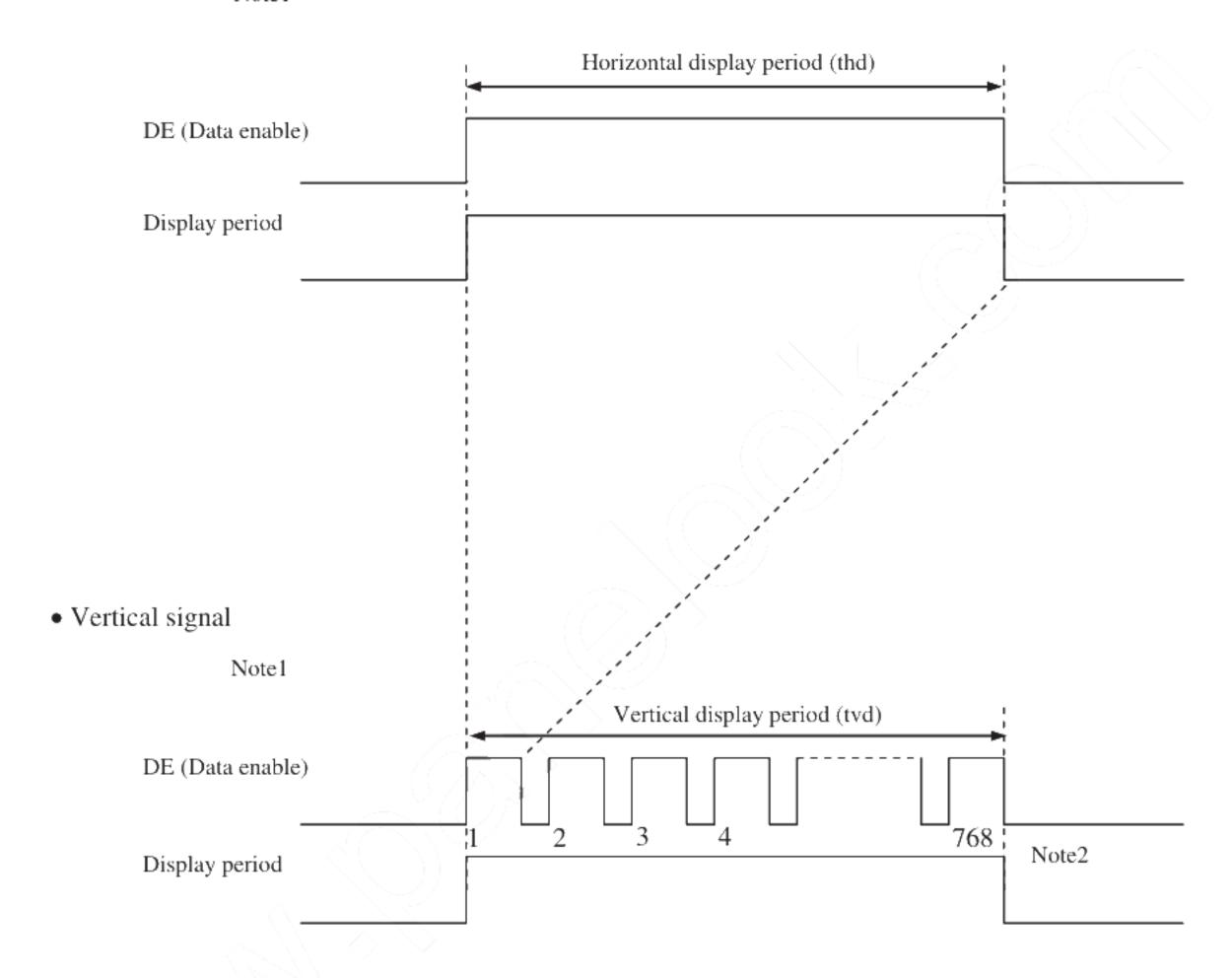


4.8 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.8.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.8.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.



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4.8.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
T thanketer				<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
	Frequency		1/tc	71.0	75.4	79.8	MHz	13.263 ns (typ.)	
CLK	Duty ratio		-				-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns	-	
	CLUDATA	Setup time	-				ns	2.5	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	1 -			ns		
	Rise tim	Rise time, Fall time		1			ns		
		Cycle	th	16.542	20.690	26.88	μs	48.333 kHz (typ.)	
	Horizontal	Cycle	l ui	1,446	1,560	1,936	CLK	46.555 KHZ (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	1,366			CLK)) -	
		Carala	4	14.29	16.68	20.00 /	ms	50.0711- (1)	
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	778	806	- \	Н	59.97Hz (typ.)	
	(One traine)	Display period	tvd	768			Н	-	
	CLV DE	Setup time	-			1	ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

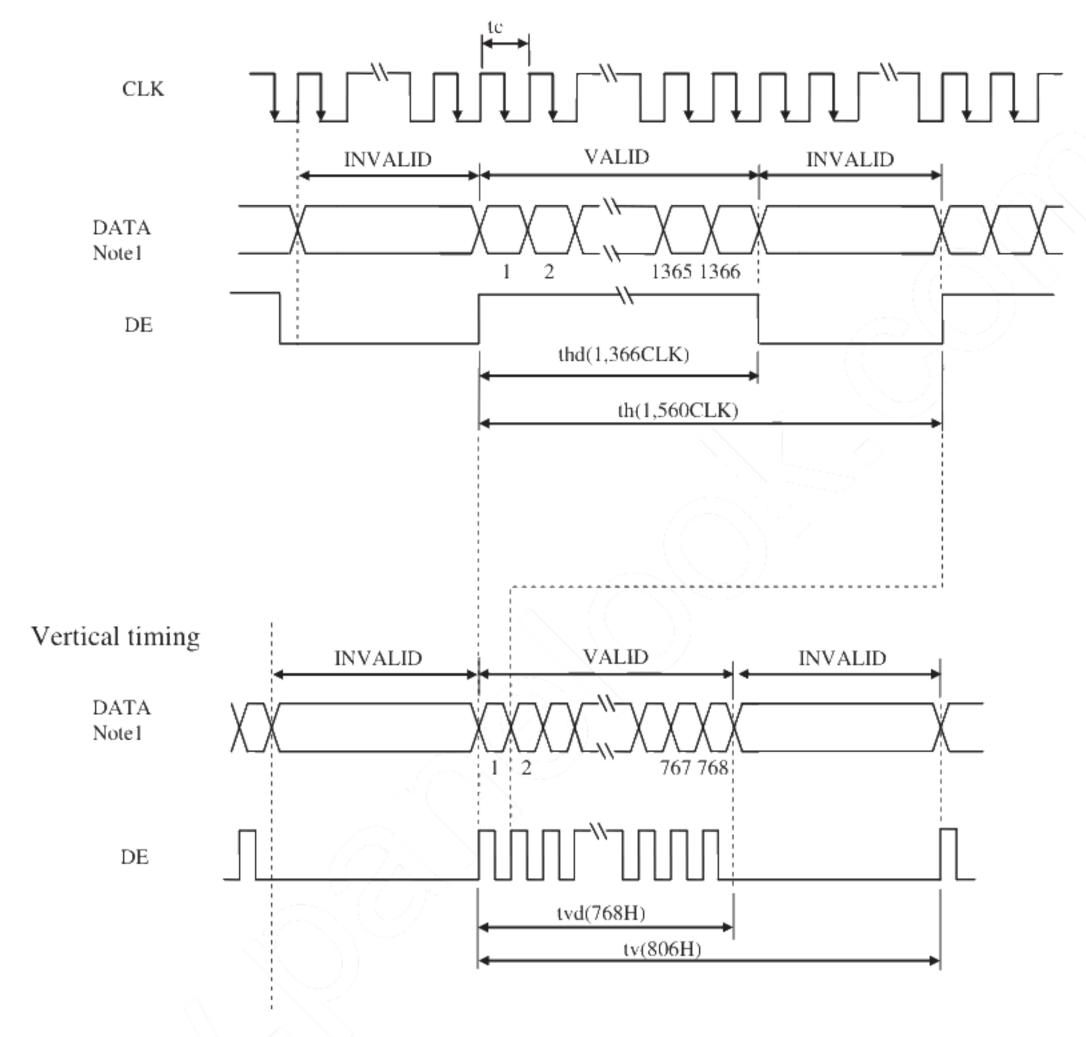
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.8.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



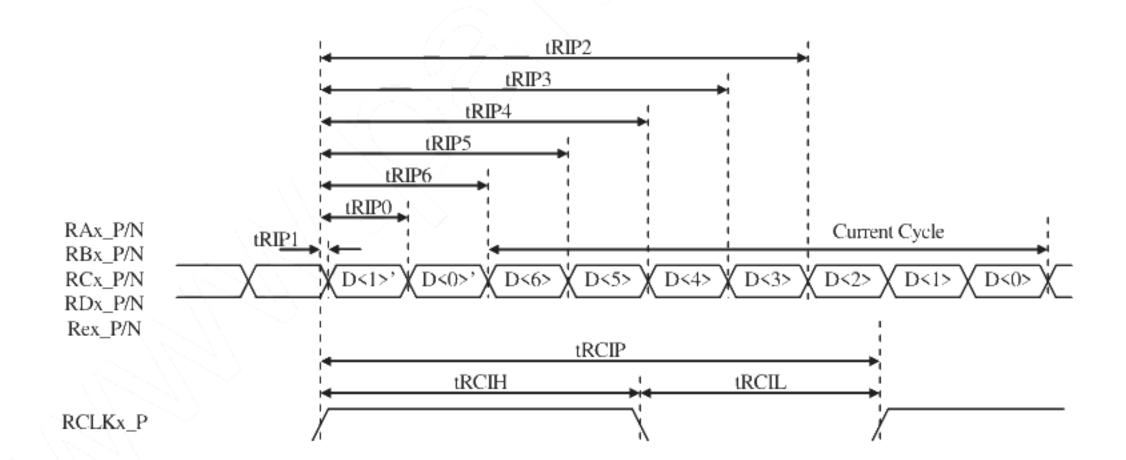
Note1: DATA = R0-R7, G0-G7, B0-B7 or R0-R5, G0-G5, B0-B5

PRELIMINARY

NLT Technologies

4.9 LVDS Rx AC SPEC

Symbol	Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Units
t _{RCIP}	CKy_+ Period	(12.54)	-	(14.08)	ns
t _{RCIII}	CKy_+ High pulse width	-	$\frac{4}{7}t_{\text{RCTP}}$	-	ns
t _{RCIL}	CKy_+ Low pulse width	-	$\frac{3}{7}t_{RCIP}$	-	ns
t _{RMG}	Receiver Data Input Margin	(-0.4)	-	(0.4)	ns
t _{RIP1}	Input Data Position0	- t _{RMG}	0.0	+ t _{RMG}	ns
t _{RIP0}	Input Data Position1	$\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} - \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	trcip / trmg	ns
t _{RIP6}	Input Data Position2	$2\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} - \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$2\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7}$	$2\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7} + t_{RMG} $	ns
t _{RIPS}	Input Data Position3	3 troip - trmg	3 treip 7	$3\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7} + [t_{RMG}]$	ns
t _{RIP4}	Input Data Position4	4 trcip - trmg	$4\frac{\text{trcip}}{7}$	4 trcip / 7 + trmg	ns
t _{RIP3}	Input Data Position5	$5\frac{\text{troip}}{7} - \text{trmg} $	5 trcip 7	$5\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7} + t_{RMG} $	ns
t _{RIP2}	Input Data Position6	6 trcip - trmg	$6\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$6\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7} + t_{RMG} $	ns



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4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminano	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	TBD	400	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A or equivalent	-
Contrast ra	ıtio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	TBD	900	-	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	1	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	winte	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	- (
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.631	-	ZE)		
Chromaticity	Red	y coordinate	Ry	-	0.357	-	((-	SR-3 or	
Cinomaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.344	- \	/ /-		Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	01000		~	equivalent	Notes
1	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.153	-	/-		
	Bide	y coordinate	Ву	-	0.089	100 grand	r, '-		
Color gan	nut	θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	TBD	60	· .	%		
Response to	ime	Black to White	Ton	/ <u>-</u>	3	5	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Kesponse t	iiiic	White to Black	Toff	1	15	21	ms	or equivalent	Note7
	Right	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θR	TBD	80	-	0		
Viania a un al-	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	TBD	80	-	0	EZ Comtonist	Not-0
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	TBD	80	-	0	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	TBD	80	-	0		

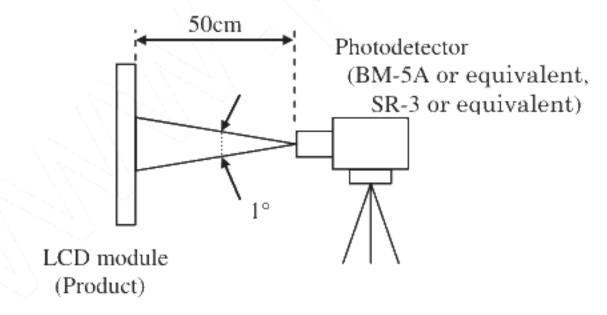
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

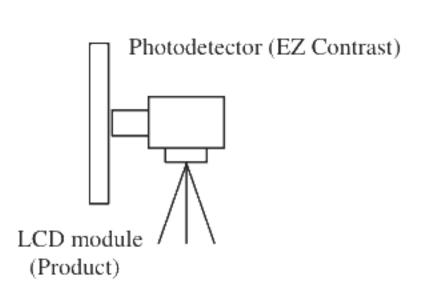
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%,

Display mode: WXGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/48.333kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.95Hz,

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".



4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

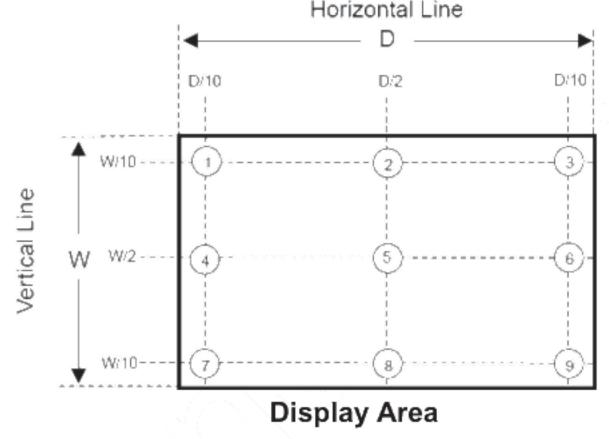
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

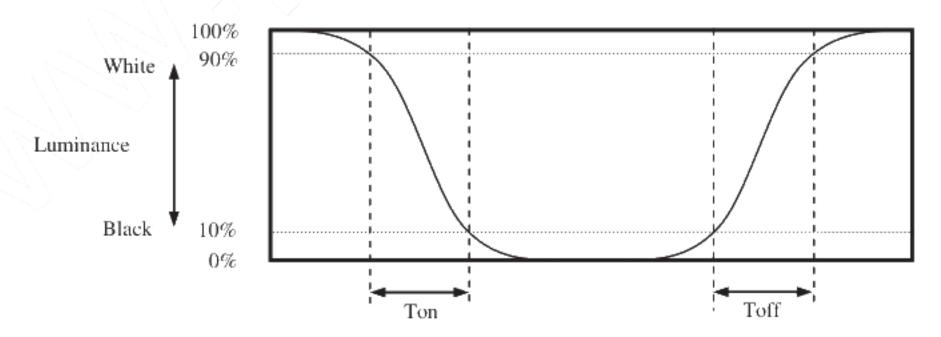
$$Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from ① to ③}{Minimum luminance from ① to ③}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.



4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white "to "black ", or "black "to "white "on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles

Normal axis (Perpendicular)

12 o'clock

Upper

OR

Right

5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
I ED alamantamental transfer	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	50,000	
LED elementary substance	70°C (Temperature of LCD panel surface and rear shield surface), Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio:100%	TBD	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

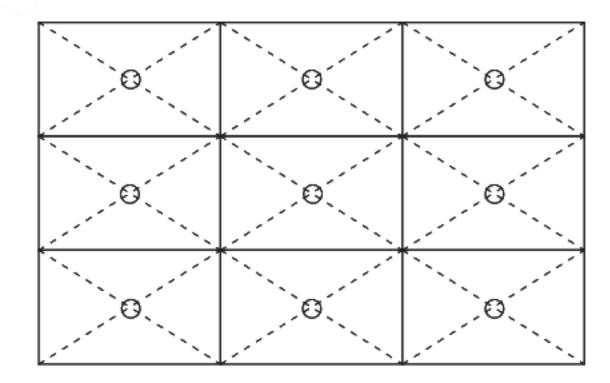


6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note 1		
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is Black.			
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 70 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is Black. 			
Heat cycle (Operation)	 ① -20 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is Black. 	No display malfunctions		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 1 -20 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 2 100cycles, 1hour/cycle 3 Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 			
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ± 10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each place at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	 ① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 			
Vibration (Non operation)	 ① 5 to 100Hz, 11.76m/s² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 50 times each direction 	No display malfunctions		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 ① 294m/s², 11ms ② ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions ③ 3 times each direction 	No physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 294m/s^2 and equal to or no greater than 11 ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ($\phi 16 \text{mm}$ jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.34N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.8mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑤ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface.
- When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



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7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

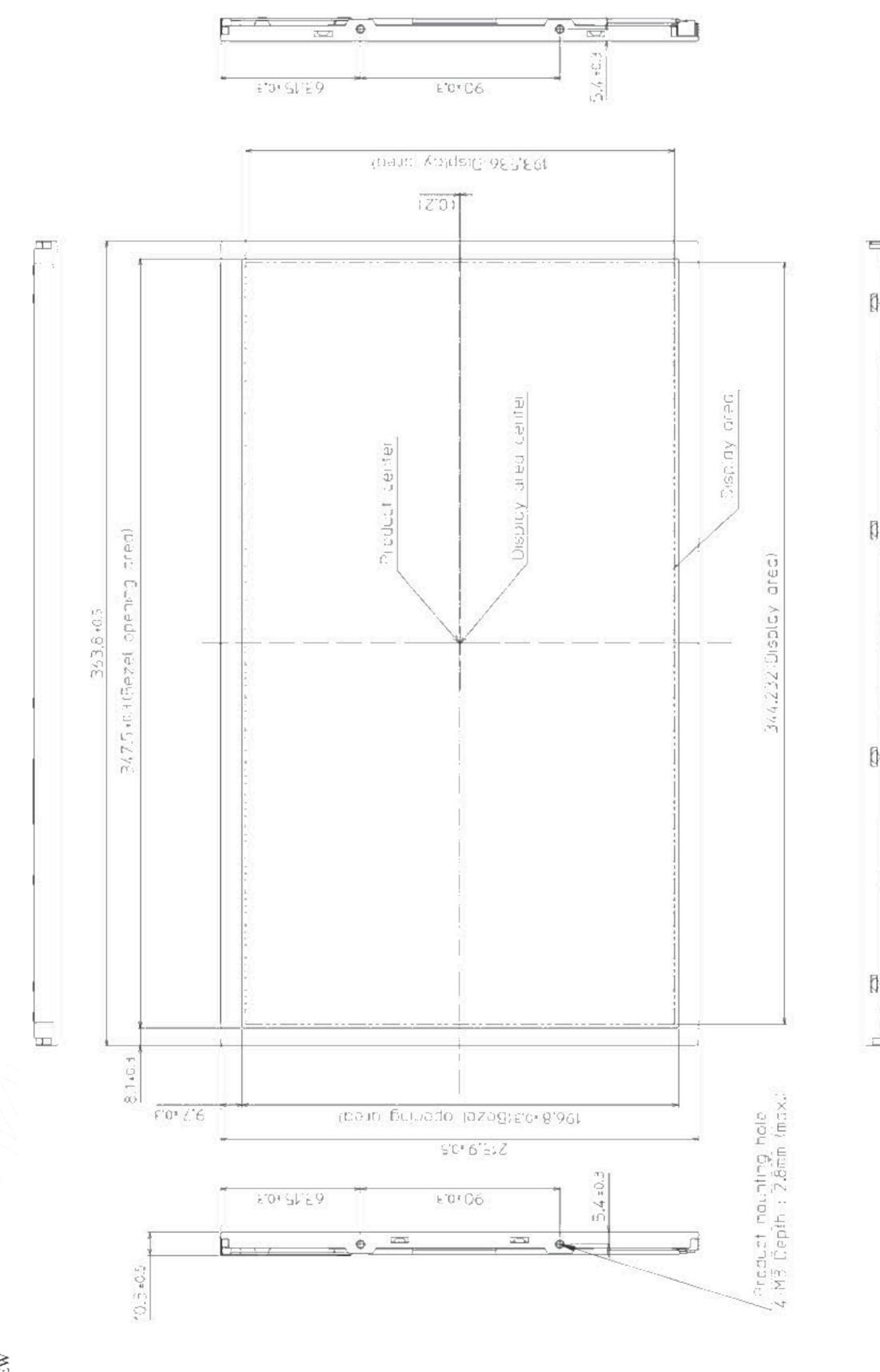
- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT.

8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note 1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note 2: The torque for product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.8 mm.

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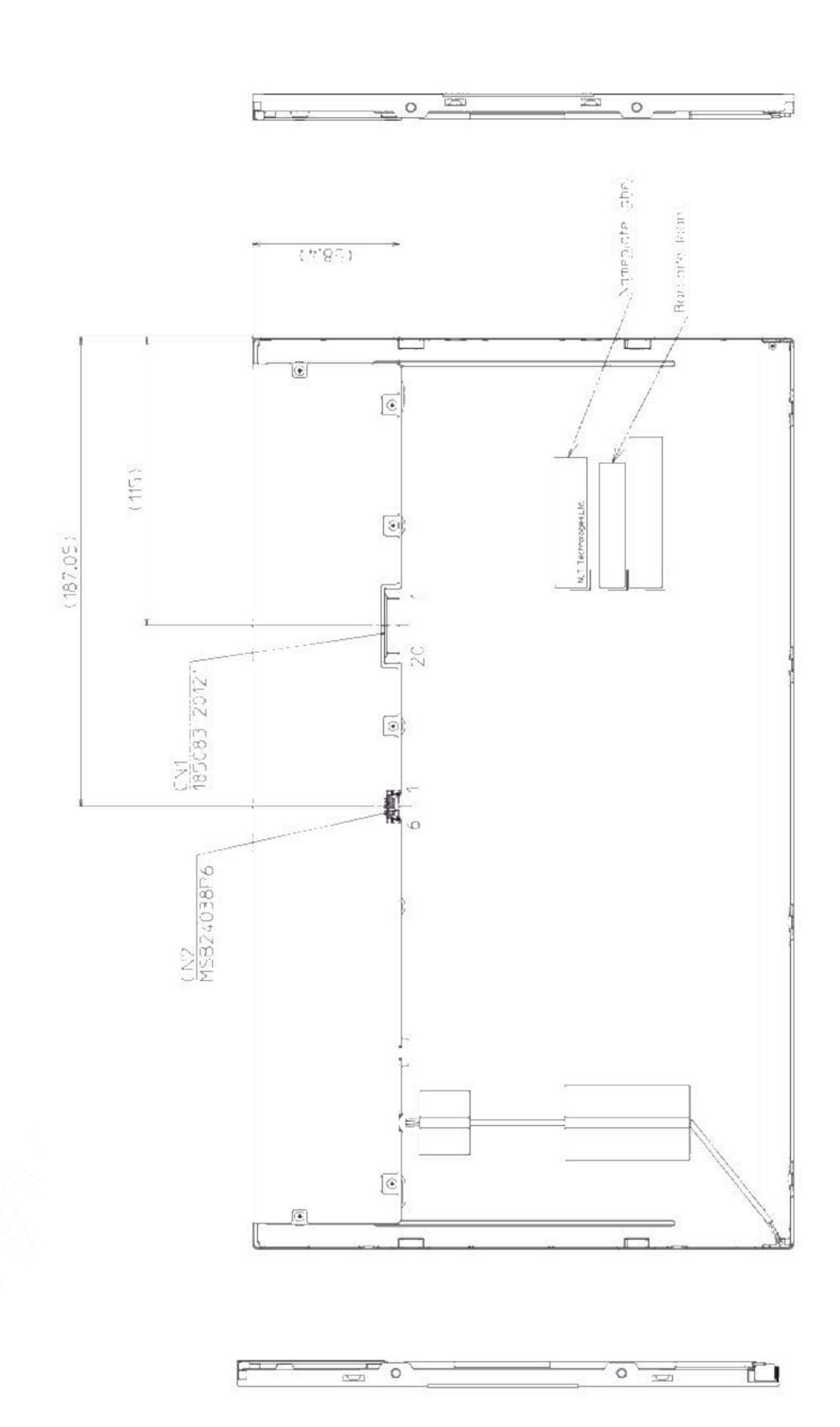
Unit: mm

Unit: mm

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8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.



REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision co	ontents and signature	
1st edition	DOD-PP- 2241	Mar. 2, 2016	Revision contents New issue Signature of writer Approved by C. Approved by R. KAWASHIMA	hecked by	Prepared by E. Yoshimura E. YOSHIMURA