

**PRELIMINARY**

**NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# **TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

**NL8060BC21-11D**

**21cm (8.4 Type)**

**SVGA**

**LVDS interface (1port)**

## **PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET**

**DOD-PP-0910 (1st edition)**

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Please confirm the sales representative before  
starting to design your system.**

## INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "**Standard**" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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## 1. OUTLINE

### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC21-11D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

### 1.2 APPLICATION

- For industrial use

### 1.3 FEATURES

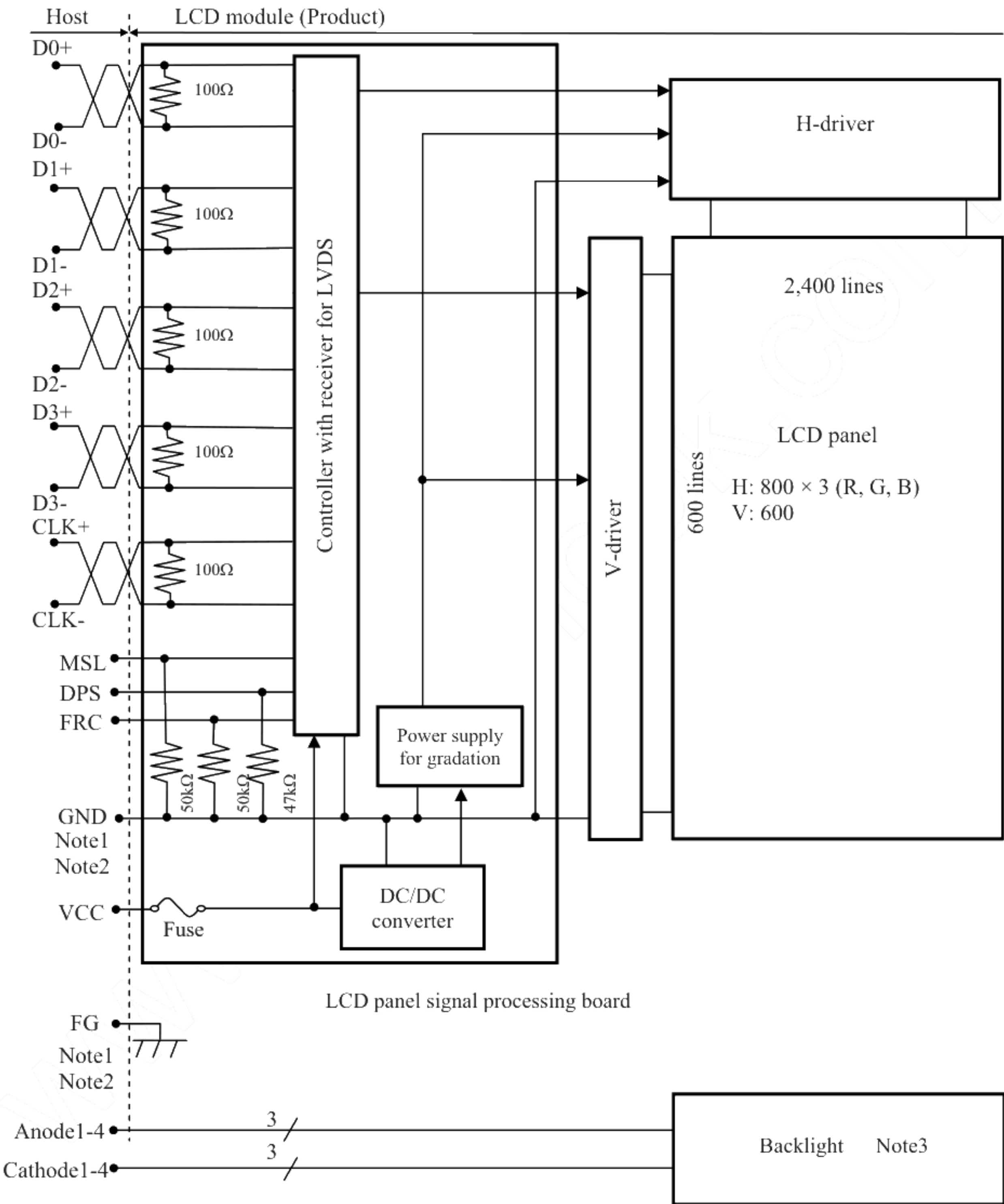
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- LED backlight type
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Color Conversion(Tentative name)



## 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

<b>Display area</b>	170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V) mm
<b>Diagonal size of display</b>	21cm (8.4 inches)
<b>Drive system</b>	a-Si TFT active matrix
<b>Display color</b>	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
<b>Pixel</b>	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels
<b>Pixel arrangement</b>	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
<b>Dot pitch</b>	0.071 (H) × 0.213 (V) mm
<b>Pixel pitch</b>	0.213 (H) × 0.213 (V) mm
<b>Module size</b>	200.0 (W) × 152.0 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)
<b>Weight</b>	TBDg (typ.)
<b>Contrast ratio</b>	(900:1) (typ.)
<b>Viewing angle</b>	At the contrast ratio $\geq 10:1$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)</li> <li>• Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)</li> </ul>
<b>Designed viewing direction</b>	At DPS terminal= Low or Open: Normal scan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>• Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>• Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (<math>\gamma \approx 2.2</math>): normal axis (perpendicular)</li> </ul>
<b>Polarizer surface</b>	Antiglare
<b>Polarizer pencil-hardness</b>	2H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
<b>Color gamut</b>	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
<b>Response time</b>	$T_{on} + T_{off}$ (10% $\longleftrightarrow$ 90%) (18)ms (typ.)
<b>Luminance</b>	At $I_L = 50mA/One\ circuit$ (400) cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)
<b>Signal system</b>	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
<b>Power supply voltage</b>	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
<b>Backlight</b>	LED backlight type: <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div>                     Replaceable part                      • Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD                 </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div>                     Recommended LED driver board (Option)                      • LED driver board: Type No. 104PW03F                 </div> </div>
<b>Power consumption</b>	At $I_L = 50mA/One\ circuit$ , Checkered flag pattern (3.3)W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

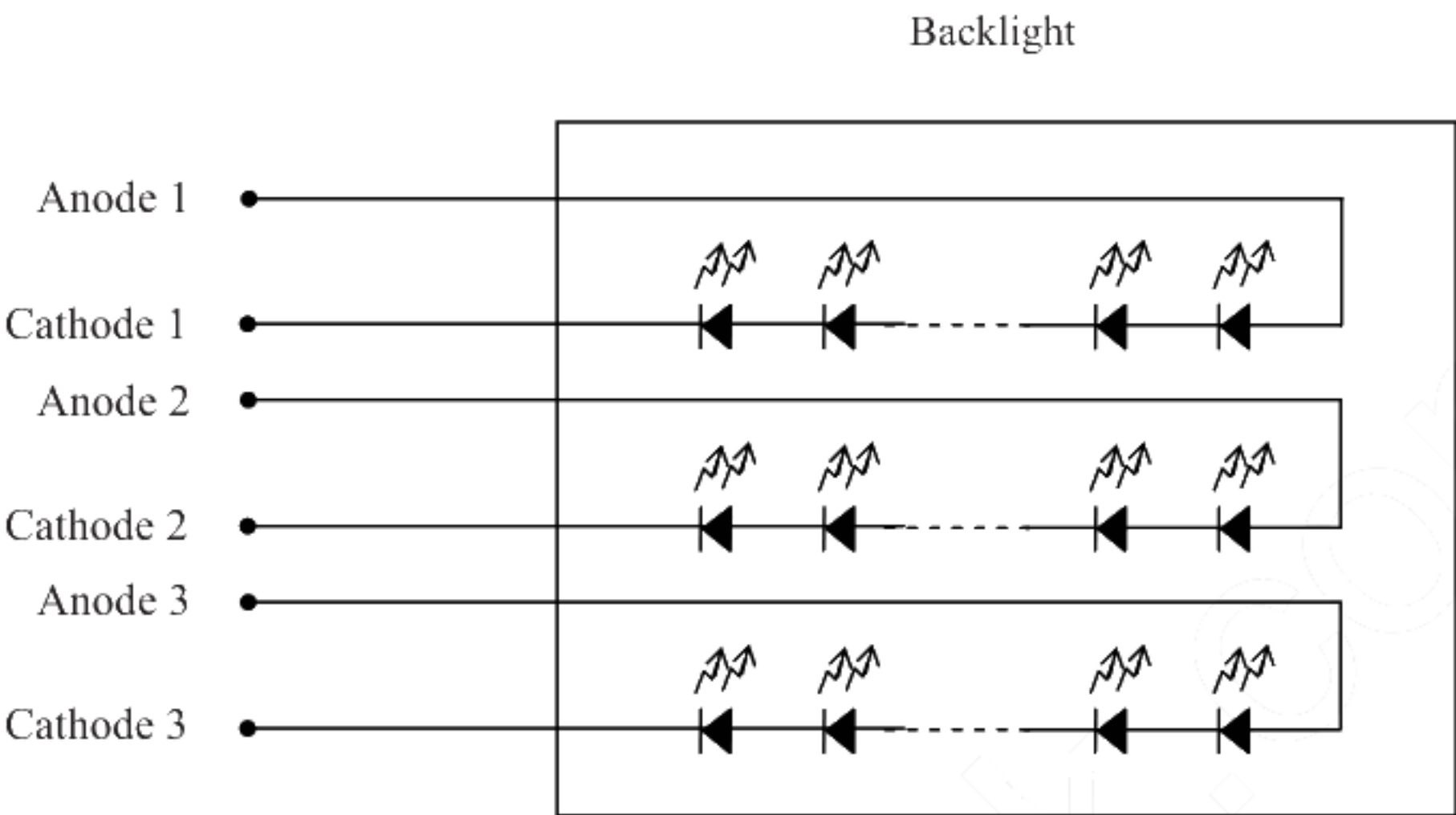


Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG	Connected
----------	-----------

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail





## 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Module size	200.0 ± 0.5 (W) × 152.0 ± 0.5 (H) × 10.5 ± 0.5 (D) Note1	mm
Display area	170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V) Note1	mm
Weight	(TBD) (typ.), TBD (max.)	g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	-	
Input voltage for signals	Display signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V		
	Function signals Note2	VF				
Backlight	Power dissipation	PD	TBD	W	per one circuit	
	Forward current	IL	TBD	mA	per one circuit	
Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-	
Operating temperature		Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3
		Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4
Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 95	%	Ta≤ 40°C	
			≤ 85	%	40°C <Ta≤ 50°C	
			≤ 55	%	50°C <Ta≤ 60°C	
			≤ 36	%	60°C <Ta≤ 70°C	
			≤ 24	%	70°C <Ta≤80°C	
Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70 Note6	g/m³	-	

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC and MSL.

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%



### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta= 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	(300) Note1	(450) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V Note3
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for DPS, FRC and MSL signals	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input current for FRC signal	High	IFH	-	-	300	μA	-
	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μA	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

### 4.3.2 Backlight lamp

(Ta=25°C, Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50.0	55.0	mA	Note3
Forward Voltage	VL	-	16.5	26.6	V	at IL=50 mA /One circuit

Note1: Drive the backlight with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 3 circuits.

It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit be less than 5%.

Note3: See "4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Note3".

### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as stated in the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Note1	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100		mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

### 4.3.4 Fuse

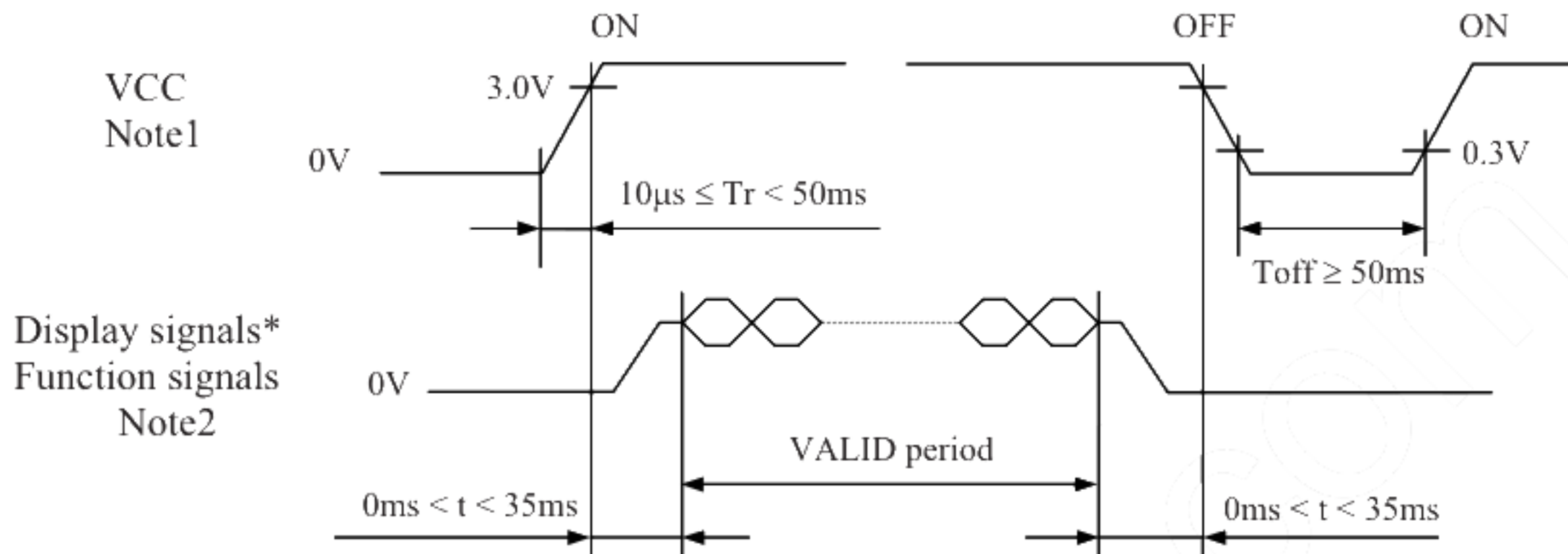
Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
	Type	Supplier			
VCC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Note1
			TBD		

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not be blown in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.



#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

##### 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



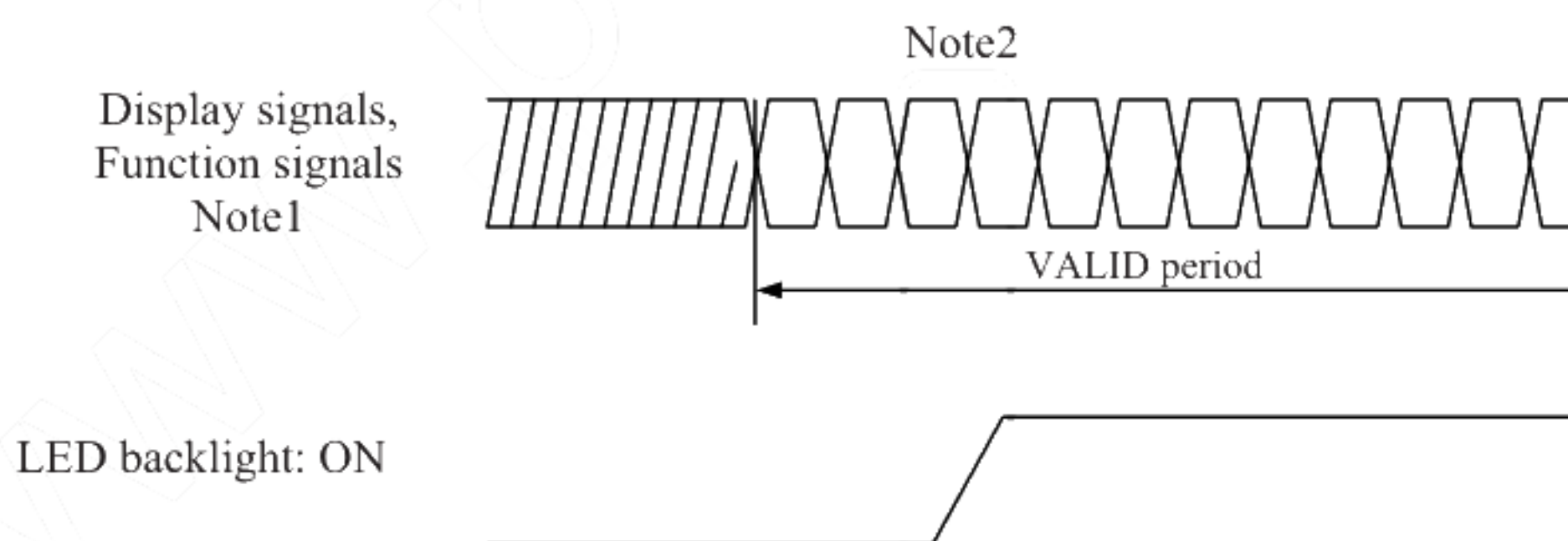
\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the internal circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.

##### 4.4.2 LED driver board (Option)



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

## 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.		Symbol	Signal	Input data signal: 8bit		Input data signal: 6bit	Remarks
				MAP A	MAP B		
1	A	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2
	B	GND	Ground	-		Ground	Note3
2	A	D3-	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2
	B	GND	Ground	-		Ground	Note3
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High : Low or Open :	Reverse scan Normal scan			Note4
4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	High			Low or Open	Note1 Note5
5	GND	Ground	Ground				Note3
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	Pixel clock				Note2
7	CLK-						
8	GND	Ground	Ground				Note3
9	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	B2-B5,DE			Note2
10	D2-						
11	GND	Ground	Ground				Note3
12	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-B1			Note2
13	D1-						
14	GND	Ground	Ground				Note3
15	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G0			Note2
16	D0-						
17	GND	Ground	Ground				Note3
18	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	High	Low		Note5
19	VCC	Power supply	Power supply				Note3
20	VCC						

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".



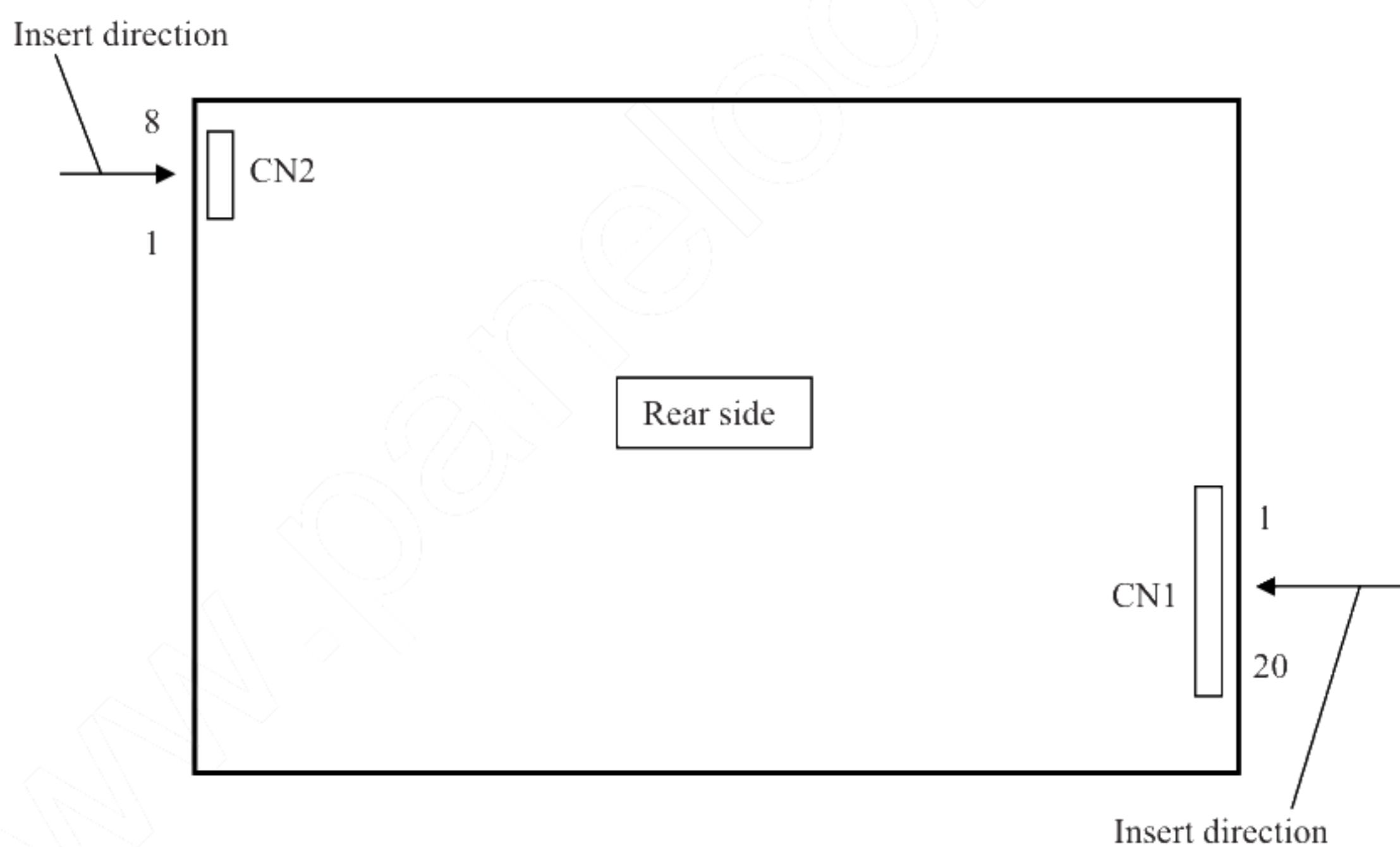
#### 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM08B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Adaptable socket: SHR-08V-S (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

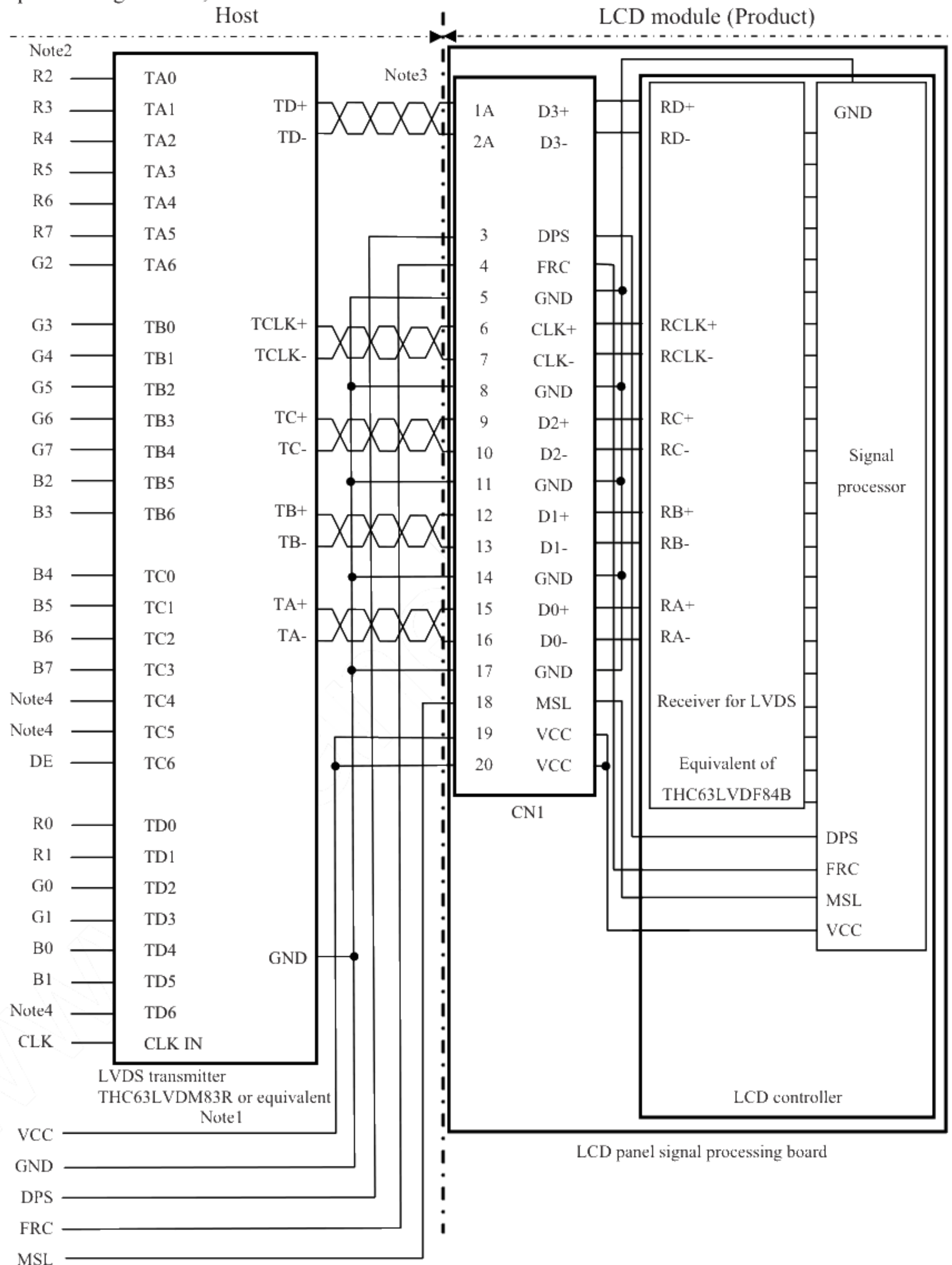
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	N.C.	N.C.	Keep this pin Open.
8	N.C.	N.C.	Keep this pin Open.

#### 4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



#### 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

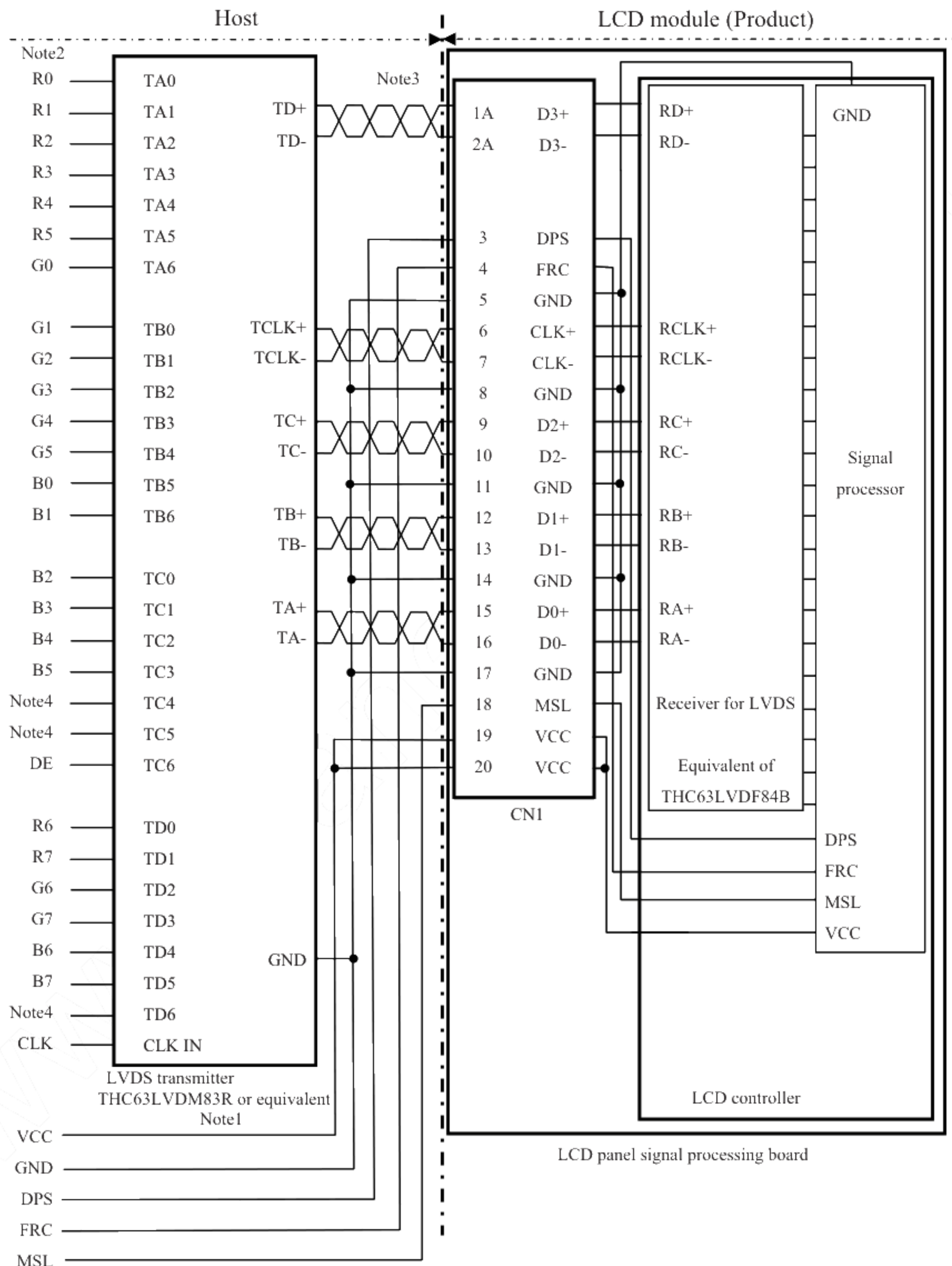
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



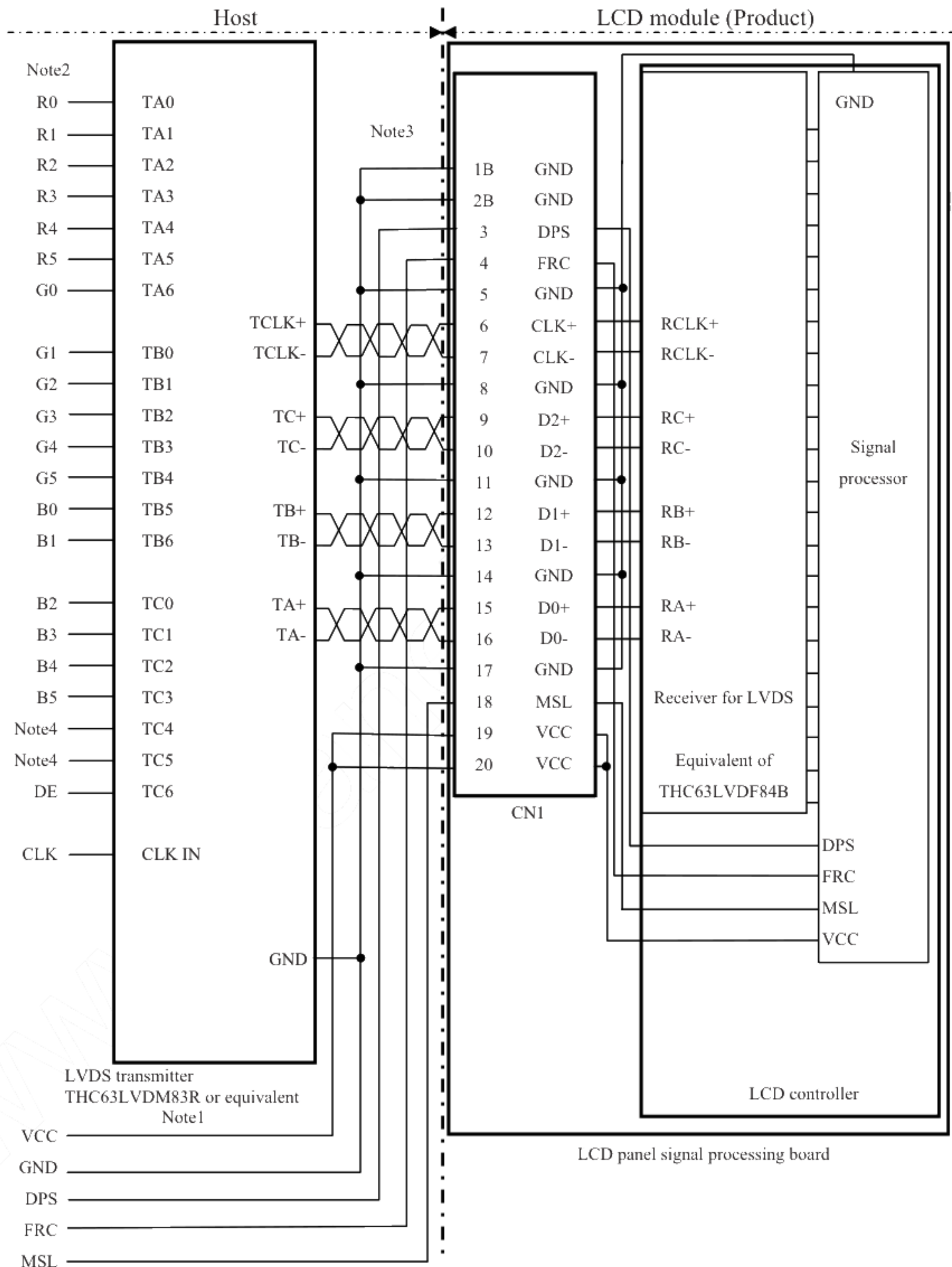
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(3) Input data signal: 6bit



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.



## 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

### 4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination of input data , FRC and MSL signals. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
①	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
②	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
③	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

#### 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent in 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②.  
(See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																							
		R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0	G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0	B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0																					
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑				:							:								:					
	↓				:							:								:					
	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue gray scale	↑				:							:								:					
	↓				:							:								:					
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### 4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors equivalent in 64 gray scales by combination ③.

(See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																	
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑				:					:						:			
	↓				:					:						:			
	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑				:					:						:			
	↓				:					:						:			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Blue gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	↑				:					:						:			
	↓				:					:						:			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	



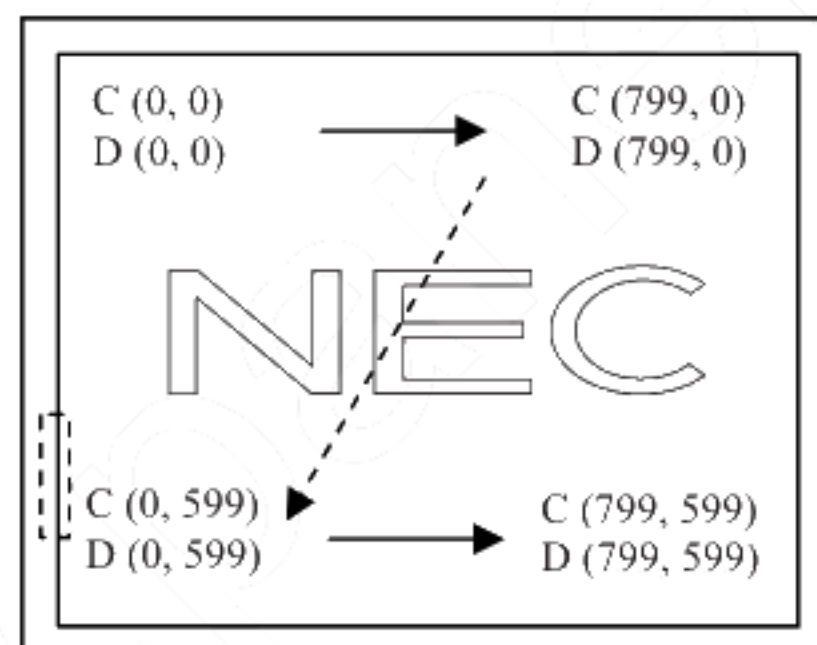
#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)						
R	G	B				
C( 0, 0)	C( 1, 0)	• • •	C( X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C( 1, 1)	• • •	C( X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)	• • •	C( X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, 598)	C( 1, 598)	• • •	C( X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C( 0, 599)	C( 1, 599)	• • •	C( X, 599)	• • •	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

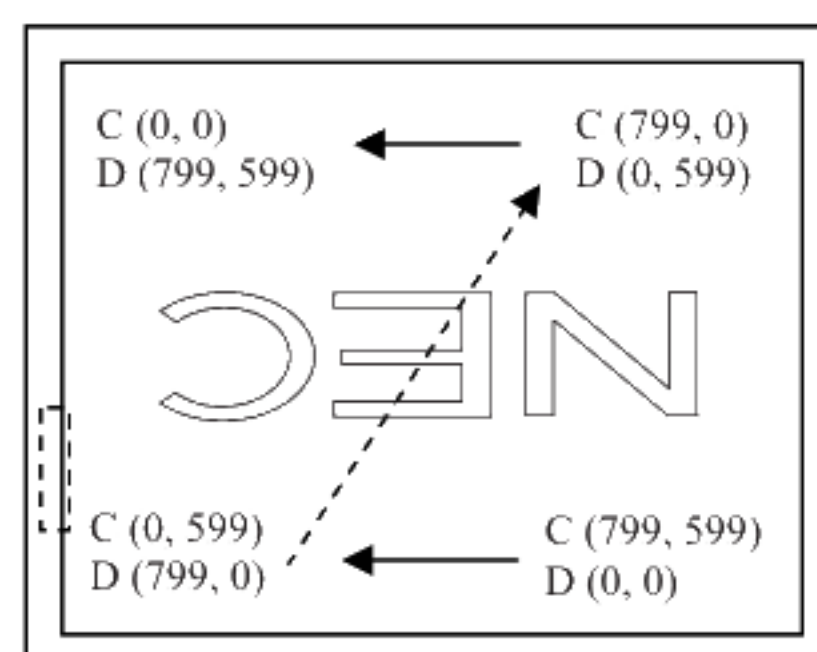
#### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.



Note1

Figure1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)



Note1

Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

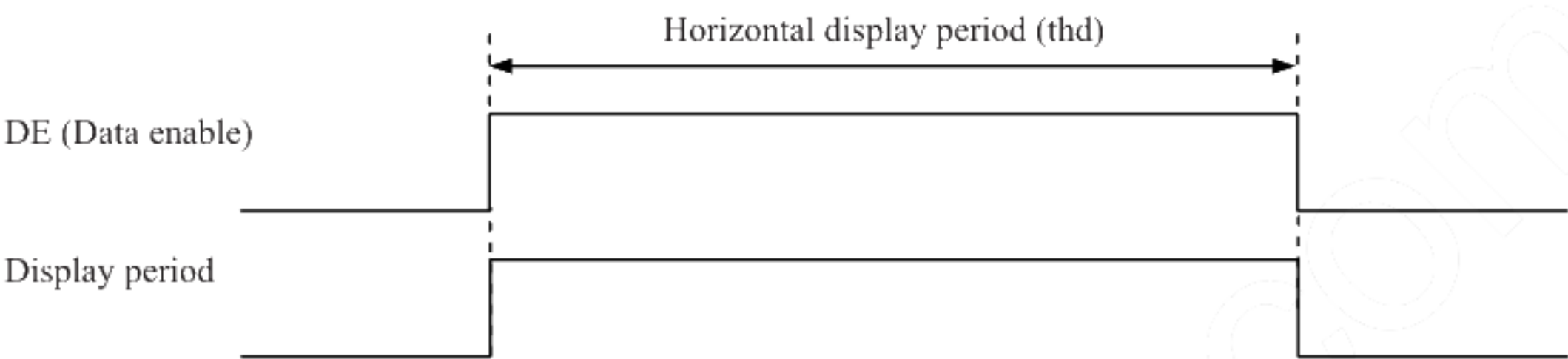
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

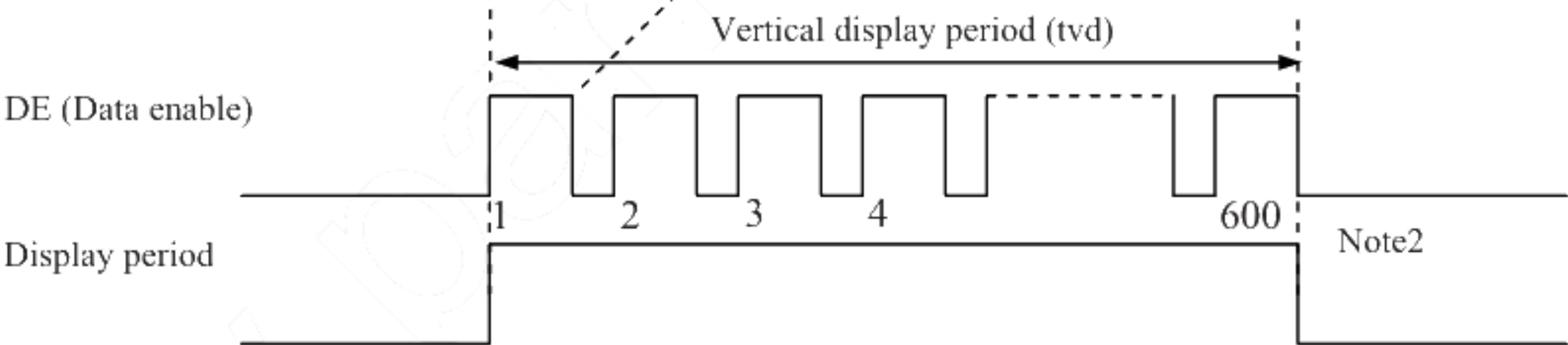
- Horizontal signal

Note1



- Vertical signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.  
Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

## 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency		1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)
	Duty		-	-			-	-
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DE	Horizontal	Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)
				-	1,024	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd	800			CLK	
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
				-	625	-	H	
		Display period	tvd	600			H	
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

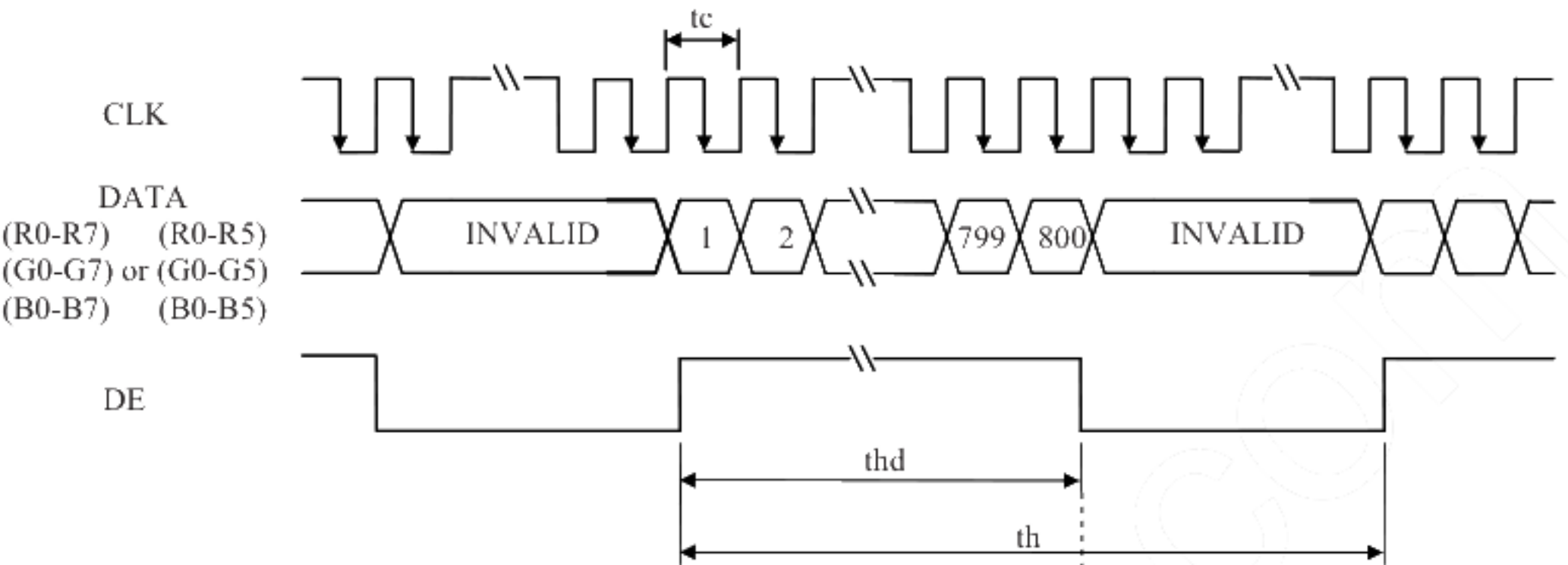
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

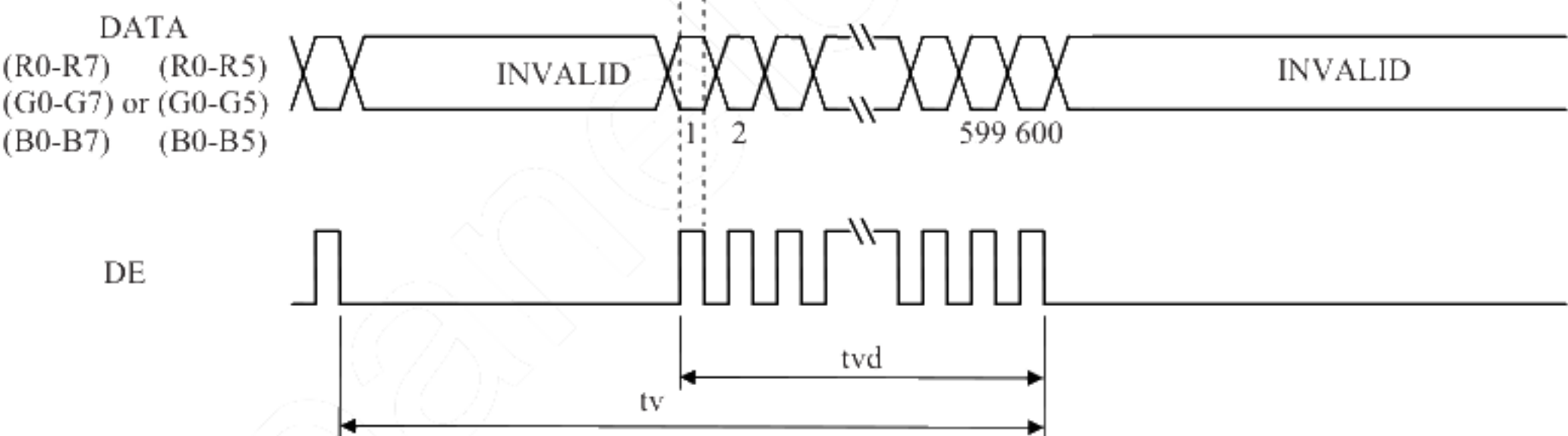


4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



Vertical timing



## 4.10 OPTICS

### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance	White at center $\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, \theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ$	L	TBD	(800)	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A	-
Contrast ratio	White/Black at center $\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, \theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ$	CR	TBD	(900)	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uniformity	White $\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, \theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
Chromaticity	White	x coordinate	TBD	TBD	TBD	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
	Red	x coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
	Green	x coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	-	TBD	-	-		
Color gamut	$\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, \theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ$ at center, against NTSC color space	C	TBD	40	-	%		
Response time	White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A	Note6
	Black to White	Toff	-	15	20	ms		Note7
Viewing angle	Right	$\theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta_R$	70	80	°	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Left	$\theta_U = 0^\circ, \theta_D = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta_L$	70	80	°		
	Up	$\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta_U$	70	80	°		
	Down	$\theta_R = 0^\circ, \theta_L = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta_D$	70	80	°		

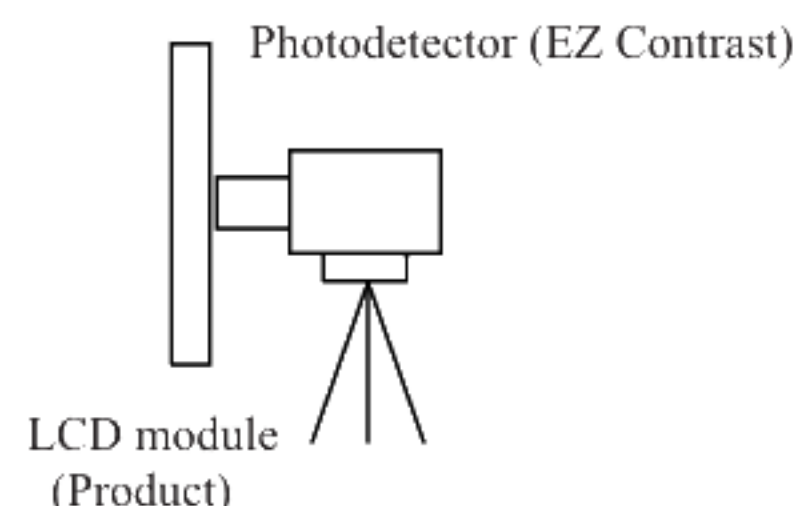
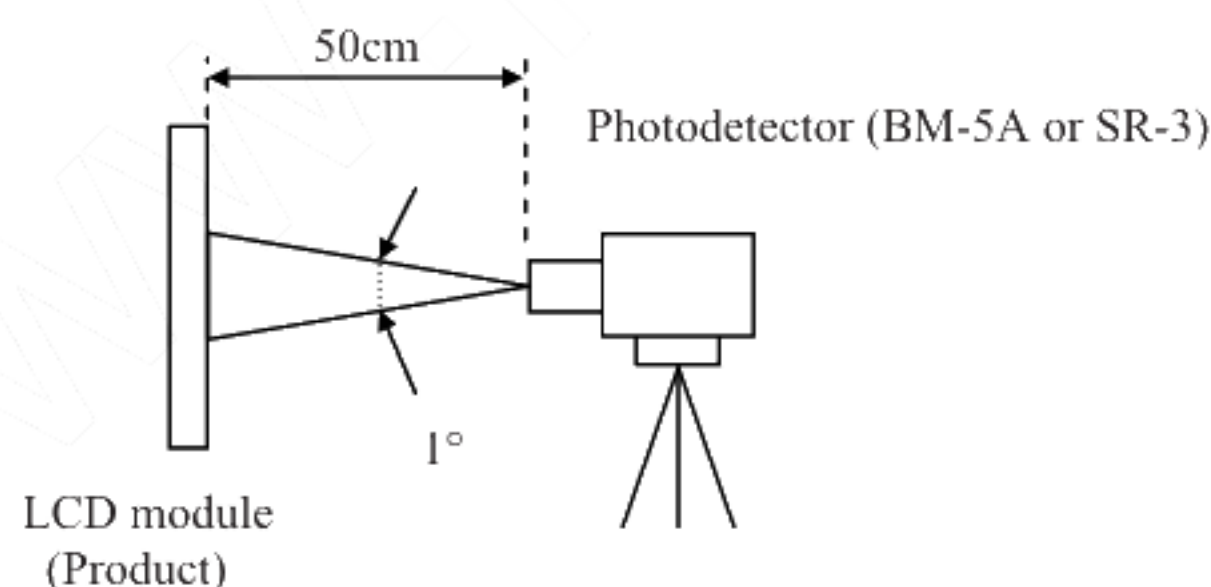
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 50mA/One circuit, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz,

Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after a product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD °C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

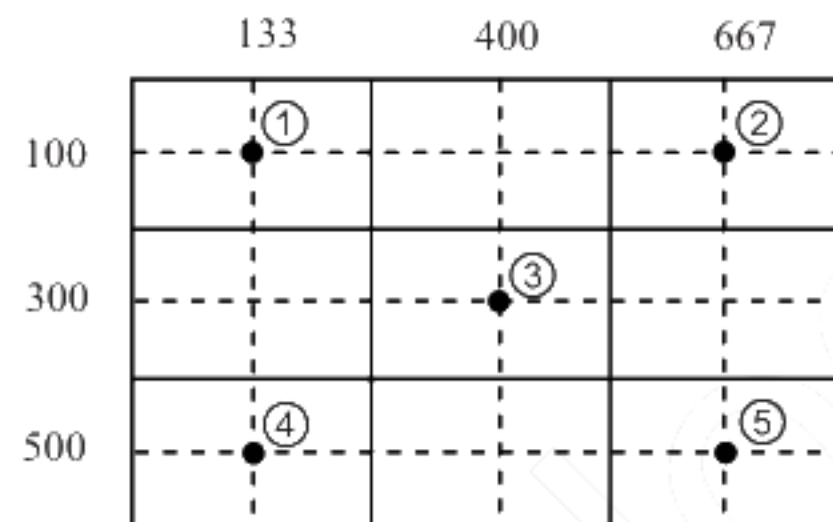
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

#### 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

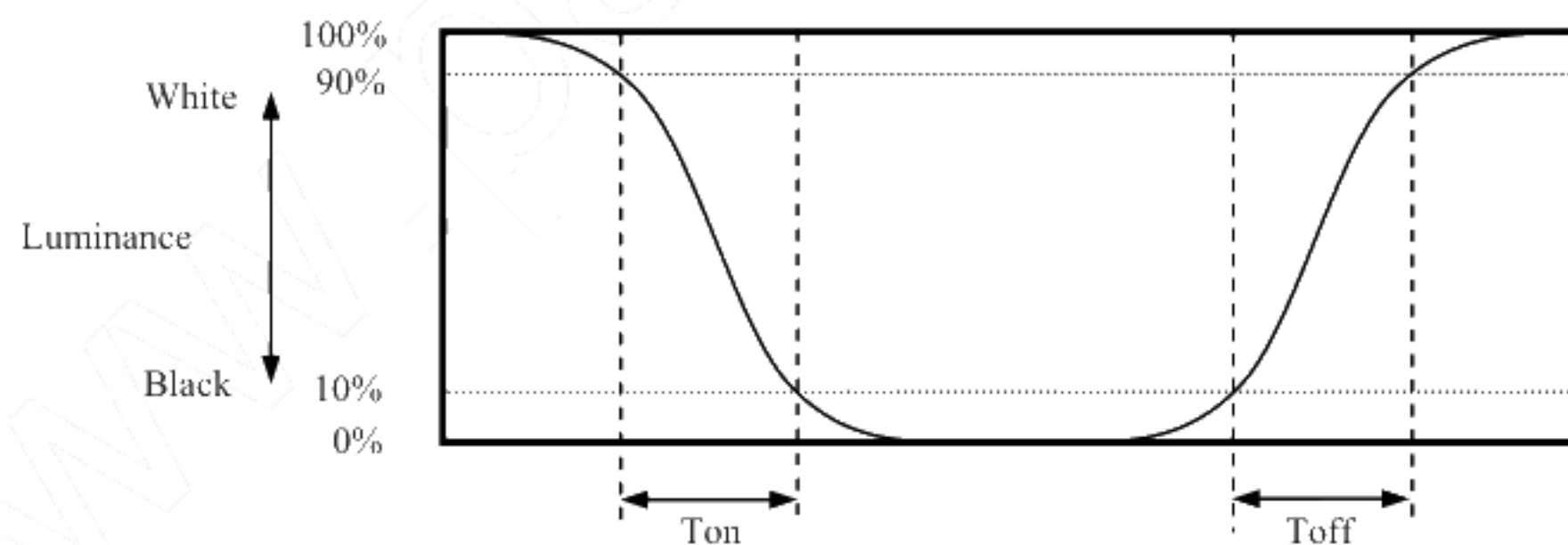
$$\text{Luminance uniformity (LU)} = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑤}}{\text{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

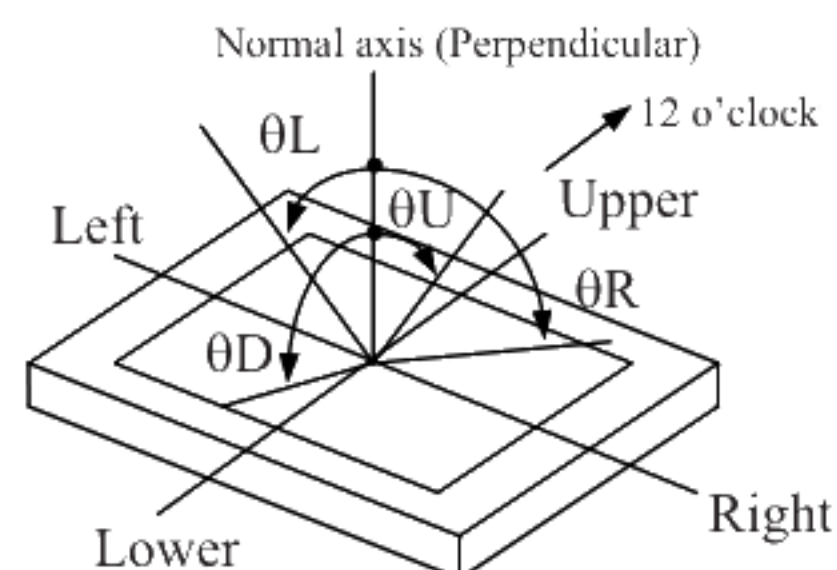


#### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



#### 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





## 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

**This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.**

Condition		Expected luminance lifetime Note1, Note2	Unit
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	70,000	h
	80°C (Surface temperature at screen) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	60,000	h

Note1: Expected luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

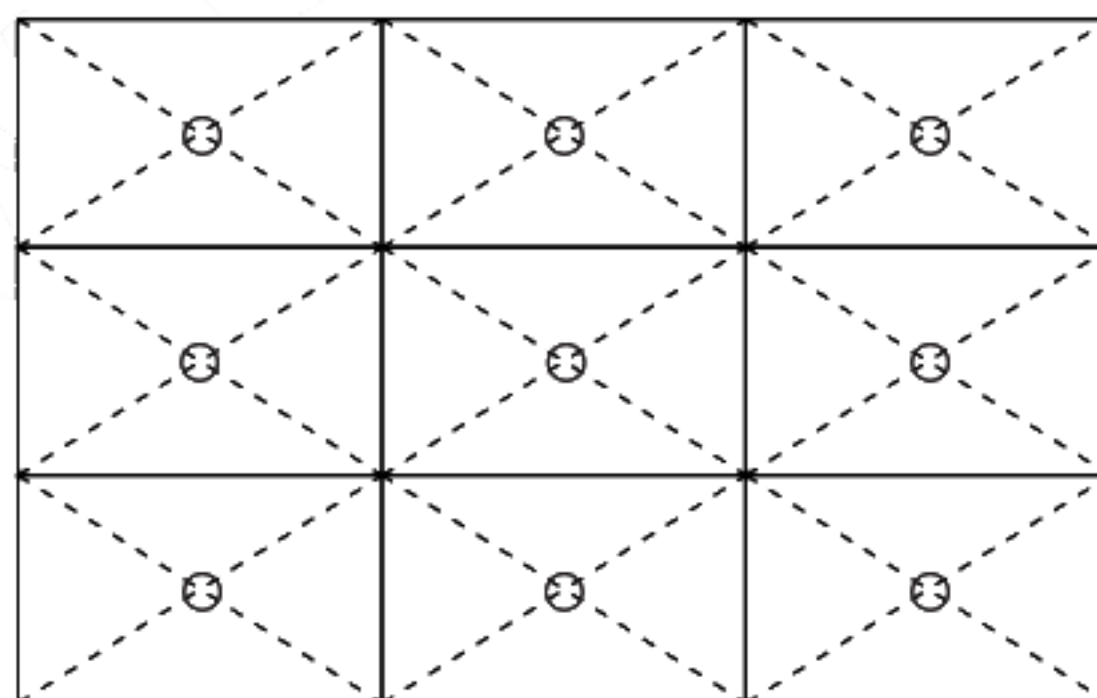
Note2: The lifetime changes particularly depending on the ambient temperature. Especially in case that the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

## 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment	Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① $60 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ , RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.	No display malfunctions	
High temperature (Operation)	① $80 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,240hours ② Display data is black.		
Heat cycle (Operation)	① $-30 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ...1hour $80 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ...1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is black.		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① $-30 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ...30minutes $80 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ...30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.		
ESD (Operation)	① 150pF, 150Ω, $\pm 10\text{kV}$ ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval		
Dust (Operation)	① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval	No display malfunctions No physical damages	
Vibration (Non operation)	① 5 to 100Hz, $19.6\text{m/s}^2$ ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 120 times each directions		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① $539\text{m/s}^2$ , 11ms ② $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ directions ③ 5 times each directions		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





## 7. PRECAUTIONS

### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS".**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured by personnel or the product will sustain a damage, if the customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured by personnel, if the customer has wrong operations.

### 7.2 CAUTIONS



**\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than  $539\text{m/s}^2$  and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ( $\phi 16\text{mm}$  jig))**

### 7.3 ATTENTIONS



#### 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑥ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑦ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ⑧ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ⑨ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left in unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because a dew condensation occurring is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If you do, circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

### 7.3.3 Characteristics

**The following items are neither defects nor failures.**

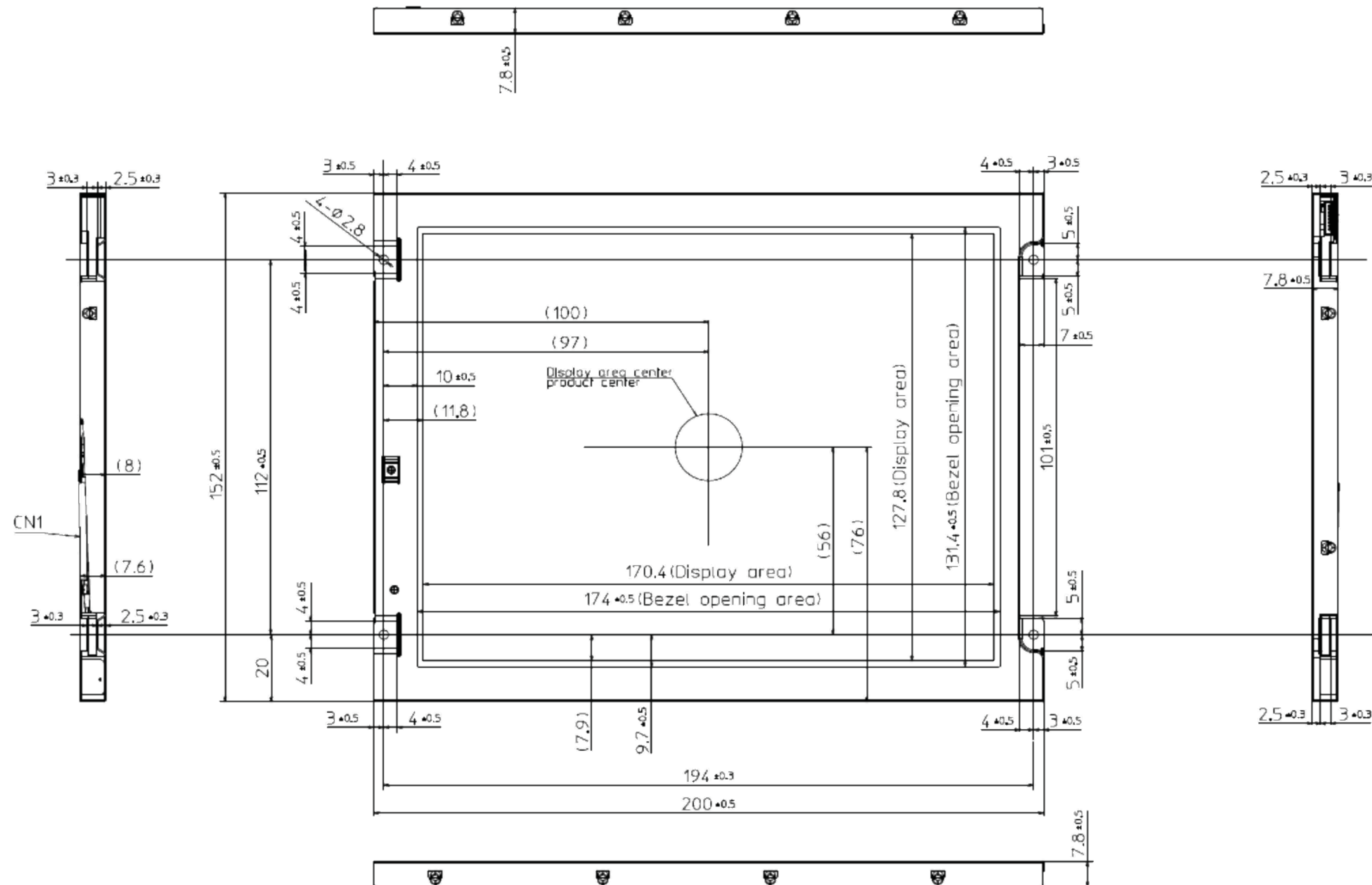
- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ④ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

### 7.3.4 Other

- ① All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repairing and so on.

## 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

### 8.1 FRONT VIEW

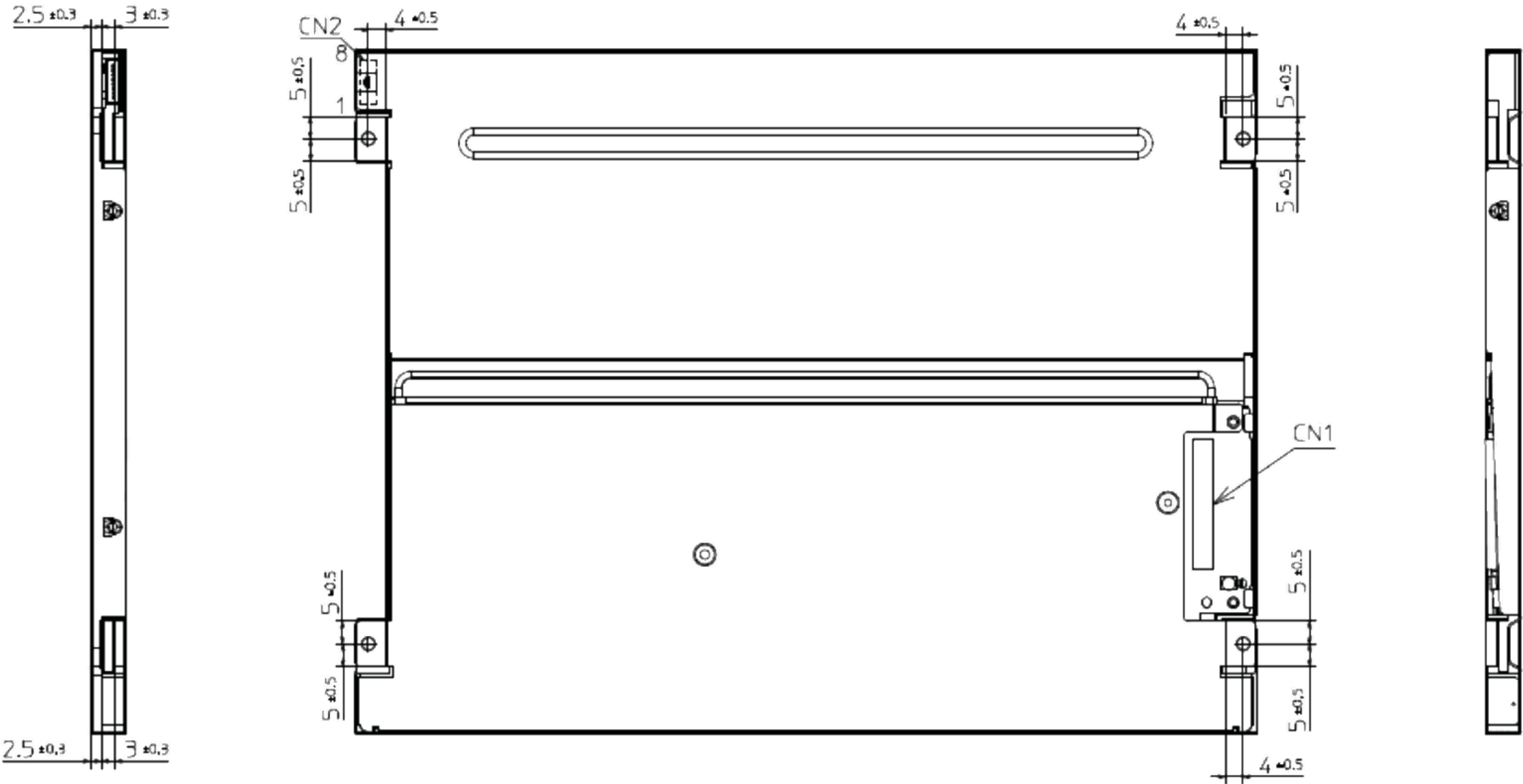


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1:The value in parentheses are for reference  
Note2:The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m

Unit: mm



REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
1st edition	DOD-PP-0910	Jan. 19, 2010	<div>Revision contents</div> <div>New issue</div> <div>Signature of writer</div> <div><div>Approved by</div><div><i>T. Ogawa</i></div><div>T. OGAWA</div></div> <div><div>Checked by</div><div></div><div></div></div> <div><div>Prepared by</div><div><i>T. Ogawa</i></div><div>T. OGAWA</div></div>