# PRELIMINARY

# NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC31-42 NL8060BC31-42D

> 31cm (12.1 Type) SVGA

# PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-0002 (3rd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-MD-0111(2).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

#### INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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#### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC31-42 and NL8060BC31-42D are composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### 1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

### 1.3 FEATURES

- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- 6-bit digital RGB signals
- Reversible-scan direction
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Difference between NL8060BC31-42 and NL8060BC31-42D

Polarizer surface	NL8060BC31-42	NL8060BC31-42D
Polarizer surface	Clear	Antiglare

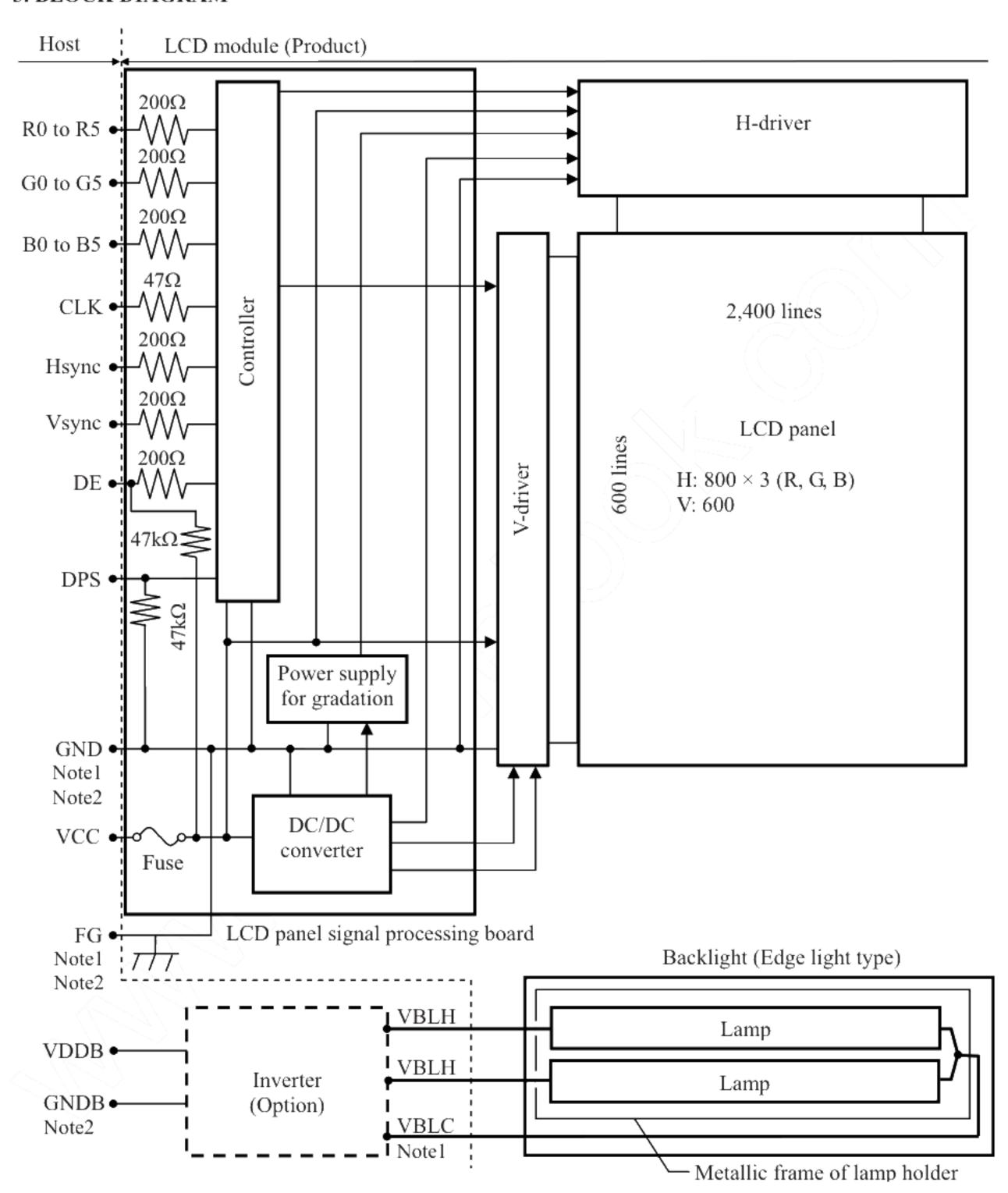
3



### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dientau anaa	246.0 (11) × 194.5 (17) mm			
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V) mm			
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)			
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix			
Display color	262,144 colors			
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels			
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, B	lue dot) vertical stripe		
Dot pitch	$0.1025 \text{ (H)} \times 0.3075 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$			
Pixel pitch	$0.3075 (H) \times 0.3075 (V) mm$			
Module size	280.0 (W) × 210.0 (H) × 11.0	(D) mm (typ.)		
Weight	670g (typ.)			
Contrast ratio	600:1 (typ.)			
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1  • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)  • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 60° (typ.)			
Designed viewing direction	<ul> <li>At DPS= Low or open: Normal scan</li> <li>Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis (perpendicular)</li> </ul>			
Dolanizan aunfaas	NL8060BC31-42	Clear		
Polarizer surface	NL8060BC31-42D	Antiglare		
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]			
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]			
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25ms (typ.)			
Luminance	At IBL = 5.0 mArms / lamp 400 cd/m2 (typ.)			
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Horizontal synchronous signal (Hsync), Vertical synchronous signal (Vsync)			
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V or 5.0V			
	Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps			
Backlight	Replaceable part  • Lamp holder set: Type No. 121LHS22  Recommended inverter (Option)  • Inverter: Type No. 121PW181			
Power consumption	At IBL=5.0mArms / lamp, Ca			

### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG	Connected
GND - VBLC	Not connected
FG - VBLC	Not connected

Note2: GND, FG and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	280.0 ± 0.5 (W) × 210.0 ± 0.5 (H) × 11.0 (typ., D) 11.5 (max., D)	Note1	mm
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	670 (typ.), 700 (max.)		g

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply	LCD panel signal processing board		VCC	-0.3 to +6.5	V	
voltage	Lamp	oltage/	VBLH	1,800	Vrms	
Input voltage	Display No	_	VD	700.00		-
for signals	Function No		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Onavatina	Operating temperature    Front surface   Rear surface		TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating			TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
		$(0)^2$		≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative humidity		ри	≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
Note5		RH	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>	
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Absolute humidity Note5	,	АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m³	Ta> 70°C

Note1: CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5 and B0 to B5)

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

# 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply vol			3.0	3.3	3.6	V	at VCC= 3.3V		
rower suppry von	lage	VCC	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	at VCC= 5.0V		
Dower cumply our	Power supply current		Power supply current IC		-	TBD Note l	TBD Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
rower suppry cur			-	TBD Note l	TBD Note2	mA	at VCC= 5.0V		
Permissible ripple v	oltage	VRP	•	ı	100	mVp-p	for VCC		
Logic input voltage for	High	VDH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	v			
display signals	Low	VDL	0		0.3VCC	V	CMOS level		
Input voltage for DPS	High	VFH	0.7VCC		VCC	V	CIVIOS IEVEI		
signal	Low	VFL	(		0.3VCC	V			

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

### 4.3.2 Backlight lamp

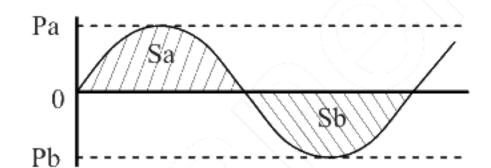
(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	2.0	5.0	5.5	mArms	at IBL= 5.0mArms: L= 400cd/m <sup>2</sup> Note3, Note4
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	560	-	Vrms	Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	Lamp starting voltage VS		-	-	Vrms	Ta= 25°C Note2, Note3, Note5
Lamp starting voltage	V 5	1,560	-	-	Vrms	Ta= -20°C Note2, Note3, Note5
Lamp oscillation frequency	FO	58	63	68	kHz	Note6

Note1: This product consists of 2 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).

Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.



$$\frac{|Pa - Pb|}{|Pb|} \times 100 \le 5\%$$

$$\frac{|Sa - Sb|}{|Sb|} \times 100 \le 5\%$$

Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part.

Note4: This product consists of 2 lamps. 2 lamps are contained in the 1 lamp holder, and both lamps are connected to 1 low voltage cable. Recommended lamp current is 5.0mArms typical for each lamp, and sum of 2 lamps is 10mArms typical. The lamp current should be measured by high-frequency current meter at the low voltage terminal.

Note5: The inverter should be designed so that the lamp starting voltage can be maintained for more than 1 second. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

Note6: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9.2 Timing characteristics".)

n: Natural number (1, 2, 3 ······)

Note7: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.

# 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Notel (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VCC	5.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

#### 4.3.4 Fuse

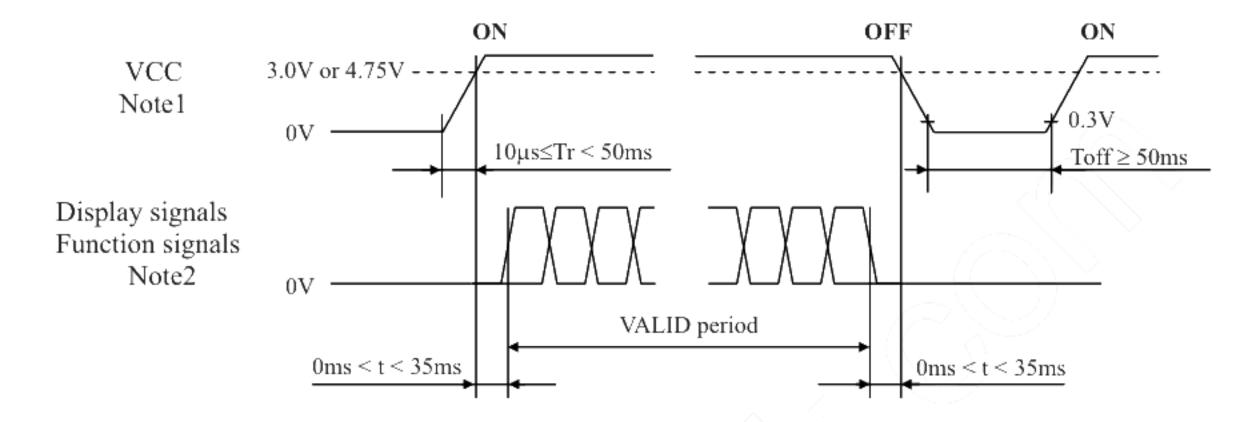
Fuse Parameter			Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
rarameter	Type Supplier		Rating	rusing current	Remarks
VCC	FCC16162AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note l
V C.C.	rcc10102AB	CO., LTD.	32V	4.0A	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

# NL8060BC31-42/42D

### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

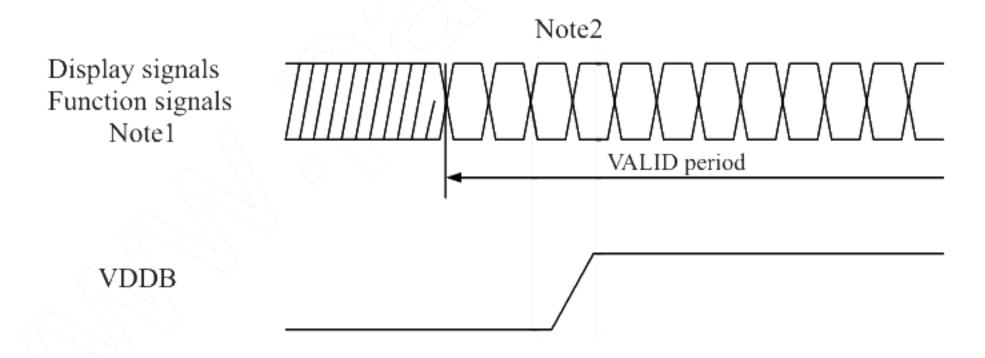
### 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V in "VCC= 3.3V" or 4.75V in "VCC= 5.0V", a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)) and function signal (DPS) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.
If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.

### 4.4.2 Inverter (Option)



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

# 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF9C-41P-1V (2\*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug:	DF9-41S-1V (2*), DF9-41S-1V (3	*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Adaptable	<del>, ` ` ` </del>		DF9-41S-1V (3*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS)
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	Note1
2	CLK	Dot clock	
3	GND	Ground	Note1
4	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	
5	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	Note1
8	GND	Ground	
9	R0	Red data (LSB)	Least significant bit
10	R1	Red data	
11	R2	Red data	
12	GND	Ground	Note1
13	R3	Red data	
14	R4	Red data	
15	R5	Red data (MSB)	Most significant bit
16	GND	Ground	
17	GND	Ground	Note1
18	GND	Ground	
19	G0	Green data (LSB)	Least significant bit
20	G1	Green data	
21	G2	Green data	
22	GND	Ground	Note1
23	G3	Green data	
24	G4	Green data	-
25	G5	Green data (MSB)	Most significant bit
26	GND	Ground	
27	GND	Ground	Note1
28	GND	Ground	
29	В0	Blue data (LSB)	Least significant bit
30	B1	Blue data	
31	B2	Blue data	-
32	GND	Ground	Note1
33	B3	Blue data	
34	B4	Blue data	-
35	B5	Blue data (MSB)	Most significant bit
36	GND	Ground	Note1
			Data enable signal: DE mode
> 37	DE	Selection of DE / Fixed mode	High or Open: Fixed mode
38	N.C.	_	Keep this pin Open.
39	VCC	Power supply	
40	VCC	Power supply	Note1
			High: Reverse scan
41	DPS	Selection of scan direction	1

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

# 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

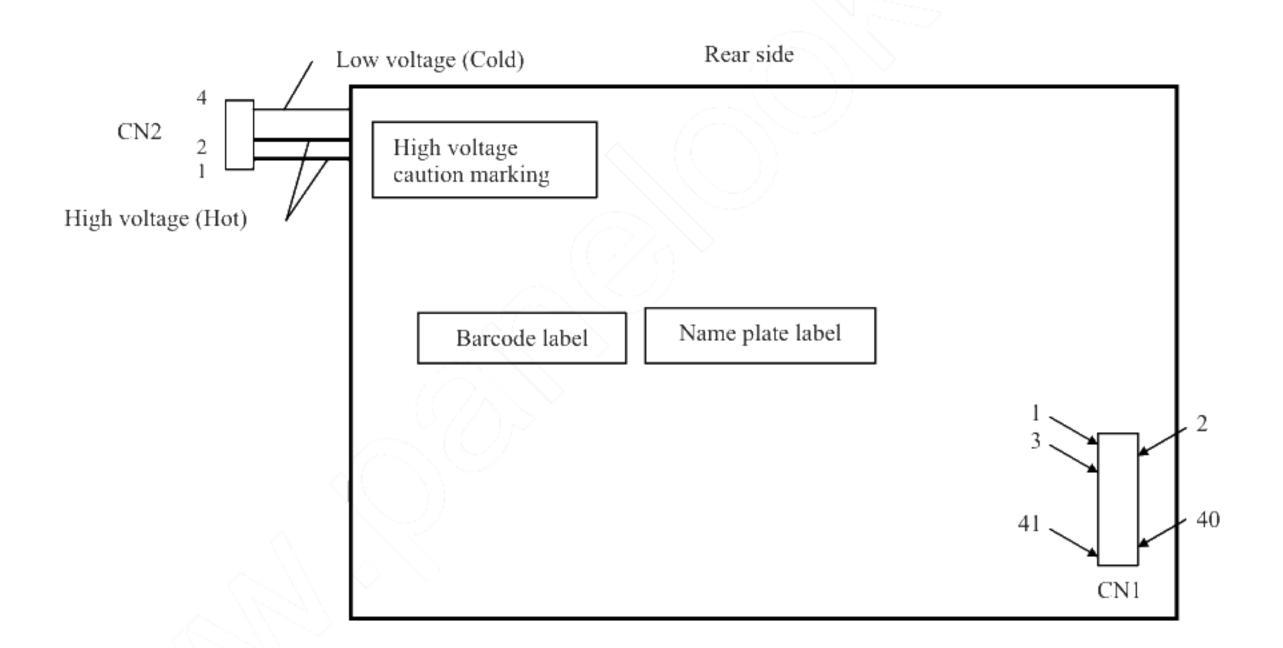
Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

CN2 plug (LCD module side): BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (LF) (SN),

SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
I	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
2	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
3	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
4	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: Black

# 4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket



### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display	t colore						Data	signa	ıl (0:	Low	level	l, 1: I	High I	level)					
Display	COIOIS	R5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	В4	В3	В2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1/	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 /	0	0	0
loo	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1_	1	1	-1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
to.		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	/ 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	<b>↑</b>			:	:						: \ \						:		
grz	$\downarrow$			:	:												:		
Red gray	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	↑			:							:						:		
Green gray	↓						~_/				:						:		
тее	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
~		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	_0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	.0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>2</u>	A(1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay	<b>↑</b>				:												:		
e gi				2	:						:						:		
Blue gray scale	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	I
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	I	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0) B					
C(0, 0)	C( 1, 0)		C( X, 0)		C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C( 1, 1)		C( X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
	•	•	•	•	•	•
	•				•/( )	\ \· \ \
•	•	•	•	•	•\\	() •
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
	•	•	•	•		•
	•			• • •		•
•	•	•	•	<u> </u>	→ •	•
C( 0, 598)	C( 1, 598)		C( X, 598)	<u> </u>	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C( 0, 599)	C( 1, 599)		C( X, 599)	$\underline{\langle \cdot \cdot \cdot \rangle \cdot \rangle}$	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

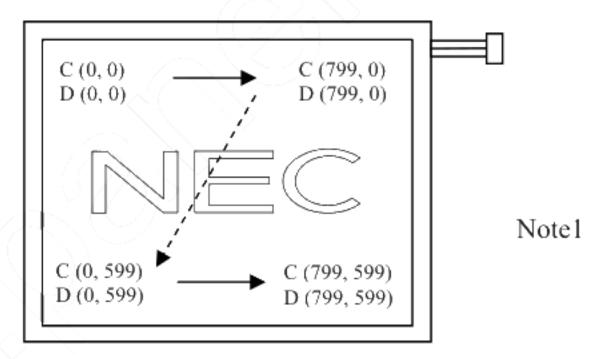


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

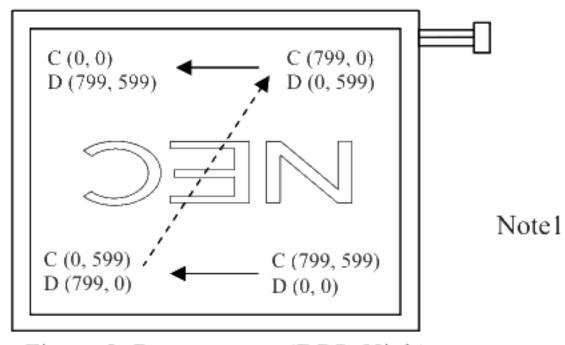


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

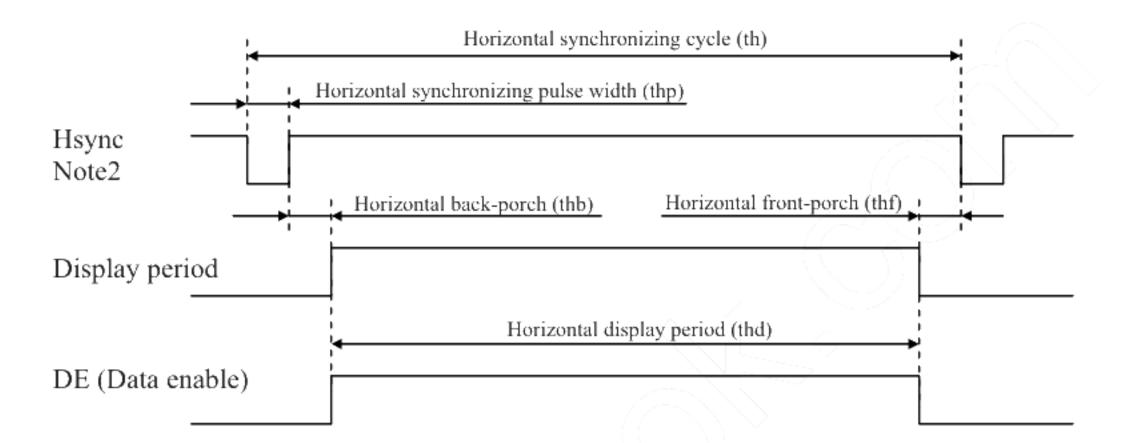
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

# 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

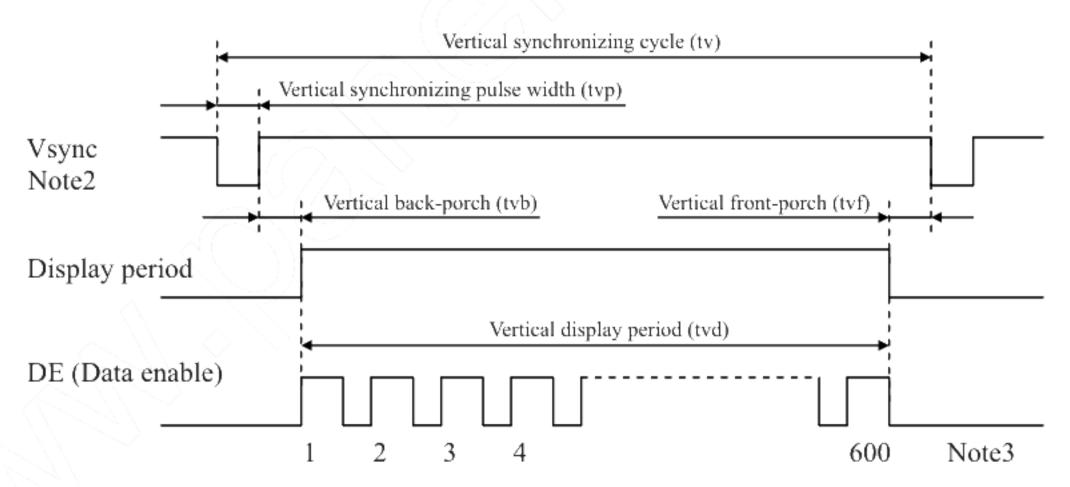
• Horizontal signal

Note1



### • Vertical signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.

Note3: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

# 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

# (a) Fixed mode

(Note1)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Fi	1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)	
CLK		Duty	tcd	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise ti	me, Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	
DATA	CLV DATA	Setup time	tds	3	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DATA	Hold time	tdh	5	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise ti	me, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	Ŋ
		Carala	41-	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)
		Cycle	th		1,024		CLK	
	Disp	olay period	thd		800	·,	CLK	
	Fre	ont-porch	thf		24		CLK	-
11	Pu	thp	12	72	-	CLK		
Hsync	Ba	thb	(-)	128	188	CLK		
	Total of pulse	thp + thb	\-\!	200		CLK	Note2	
	CLV Have	Setup time	ths	3	-	-	ns	
	CLK- Hsync	Hold time	thh	5	-	-	ns	-
	Rise ti	thrf	-	-	10	ns		
		Cuela	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
		Cycle			625		Н	
	Disp	Display period			600			
	Fre	ont-porch	tvf		1		Н	-
	Pu	lse width	tvp	1	2	-	Н	
Vsync	Ba	ick-porch	tvb	-	22	23	Н	
	Total of pulse	width and back-porch	tvp + tvb		24		Н	Note2
	Hsync-	Vsync timing	thv	1	-	-	CLK	
	Vsync-	Hsync timing	tvh	15	-	-	ns	-
	Rise ti	me, Fall time	tvrf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

Note2: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

# NL8060BC31-42/42D

(b) DE mode

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Fi		quency	1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)
CLK	]	Duty	ted	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise tin	ne, Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	
DATA		Setup time	tds	3	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DATA	Hold time	tdh	5	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)		ne, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
		Consta	41-	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	-	1024	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd		800		CLK	
		Conta	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
DE	Vertical (One frame)	1 1		<u> </u>	625	-	Н	
		Display period	tvd		600		Н	
	CLV DE	Setup time		3	-	-	ns	-
	CLK-DE	Hold time	tdeh	5	-	-	ns	
	Rise tin	ne, Fall time	tderf	-	-	10	ns	

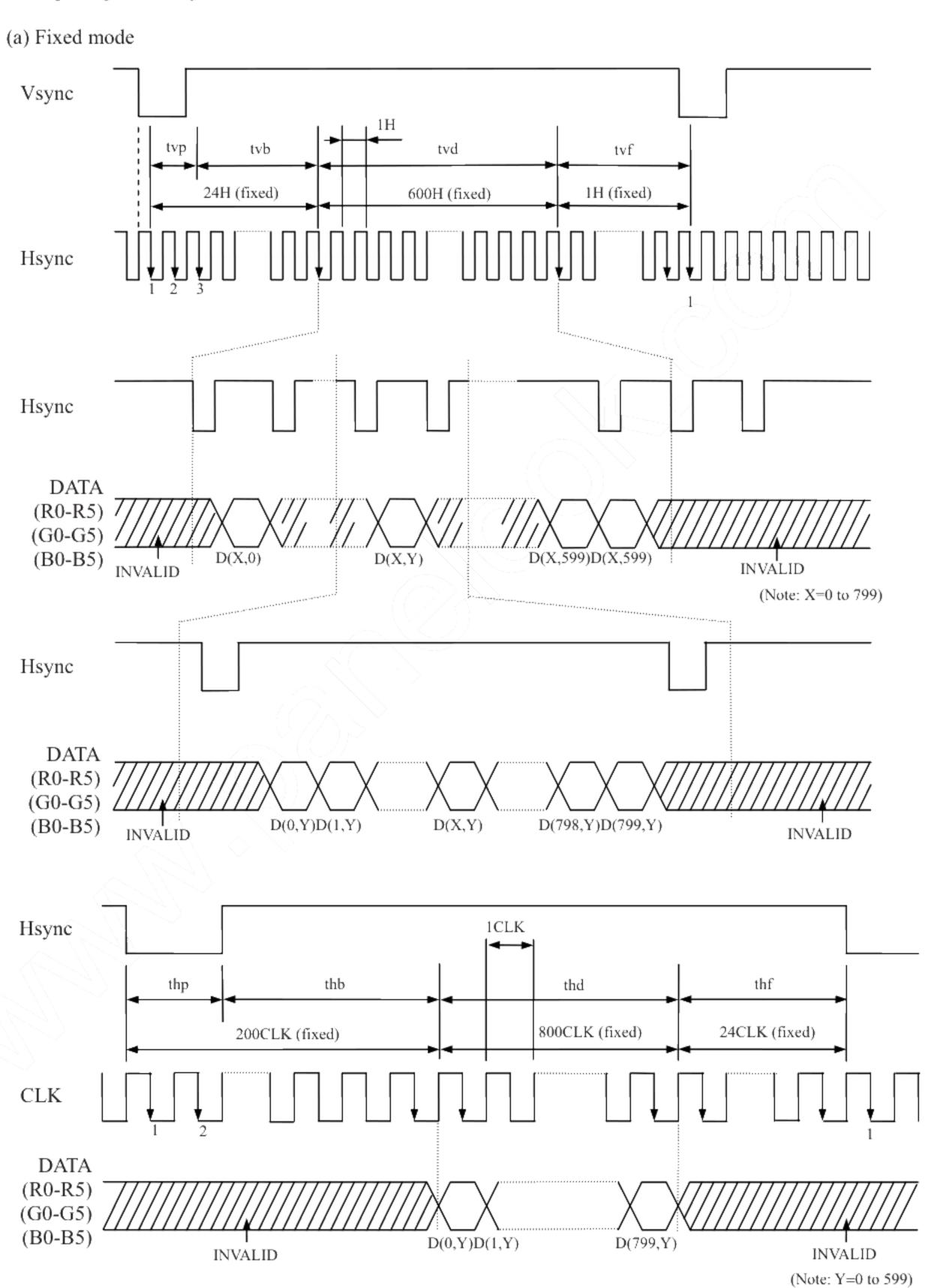
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

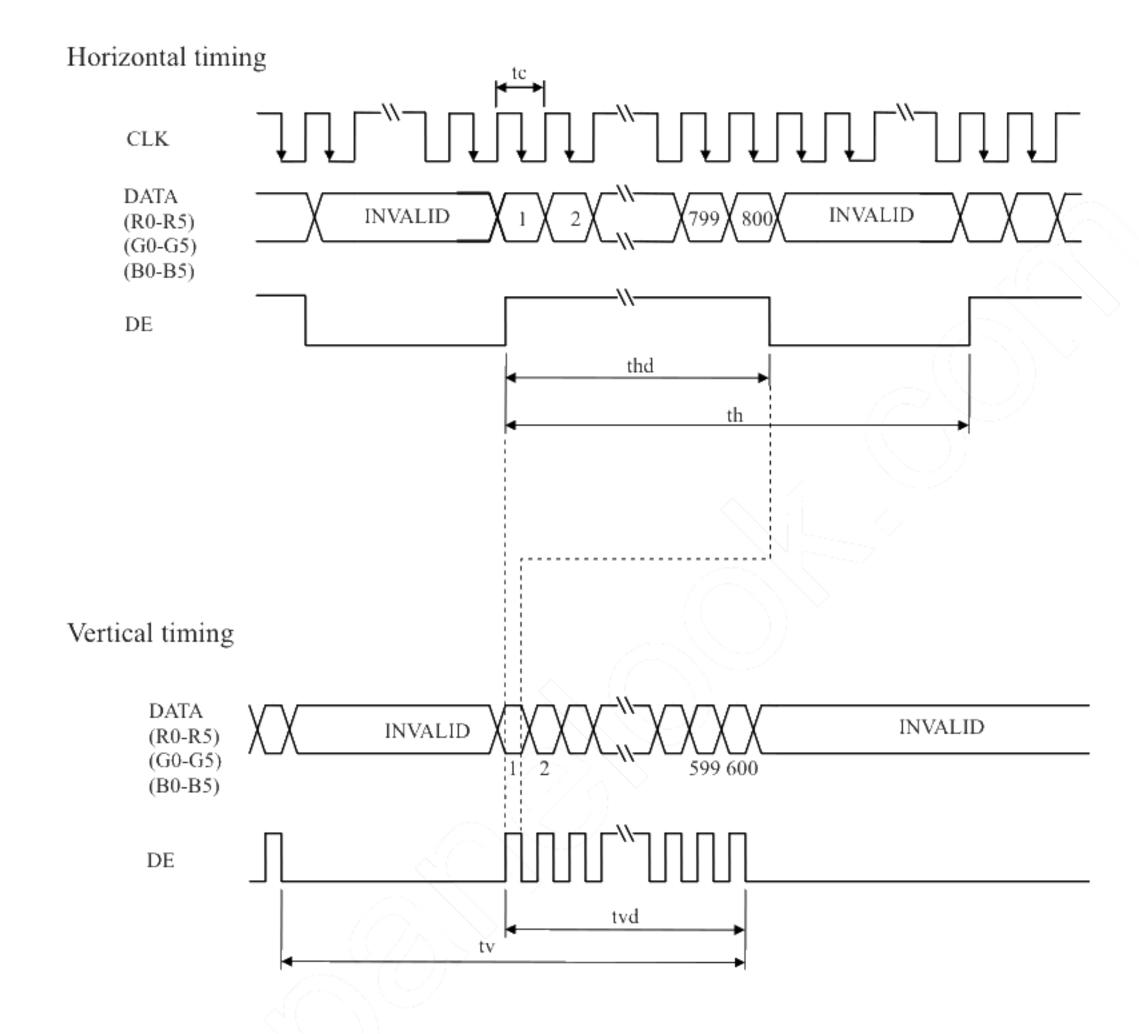
Note2: Hsync signal (CN1-Pin No.4) and Vsync signal (CN1-Pin No.5) are not used inside the product at DE mode, but do not keep these pins open to avoid noise problem.

3

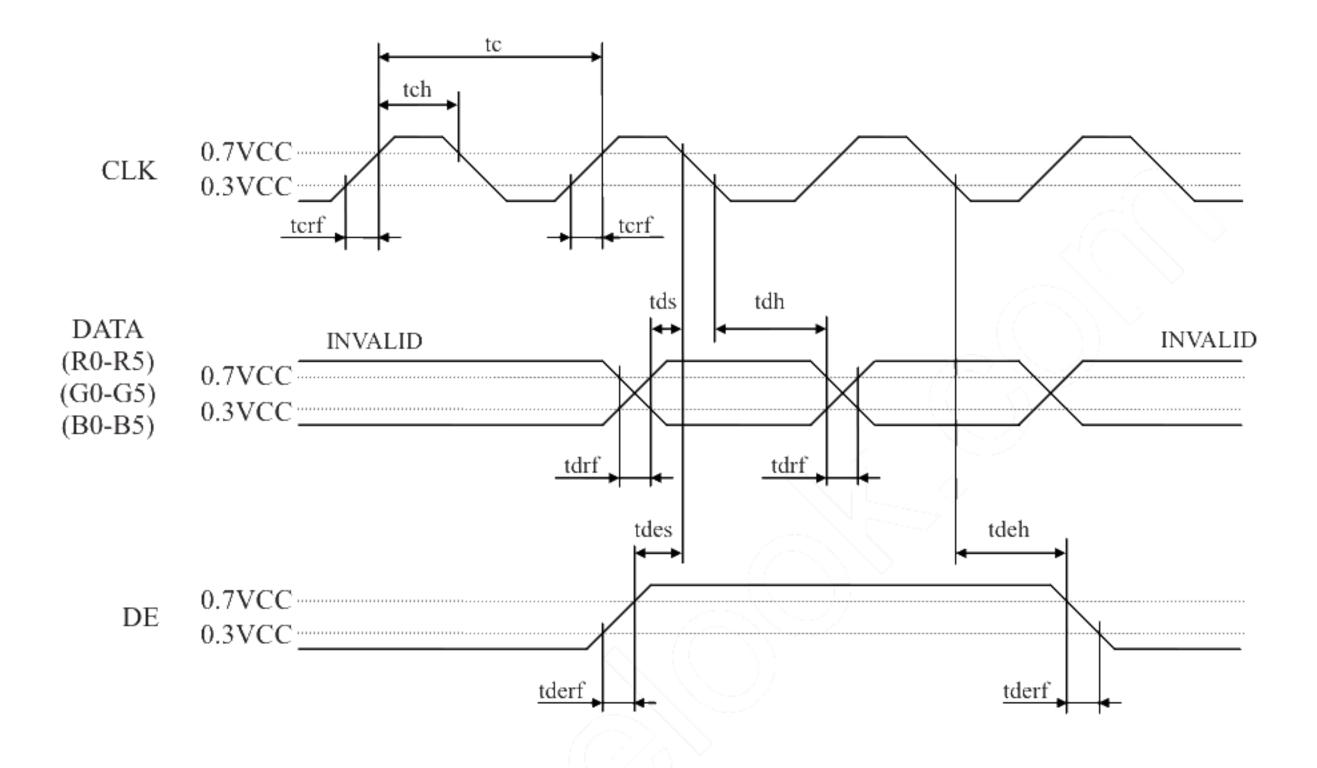
# 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

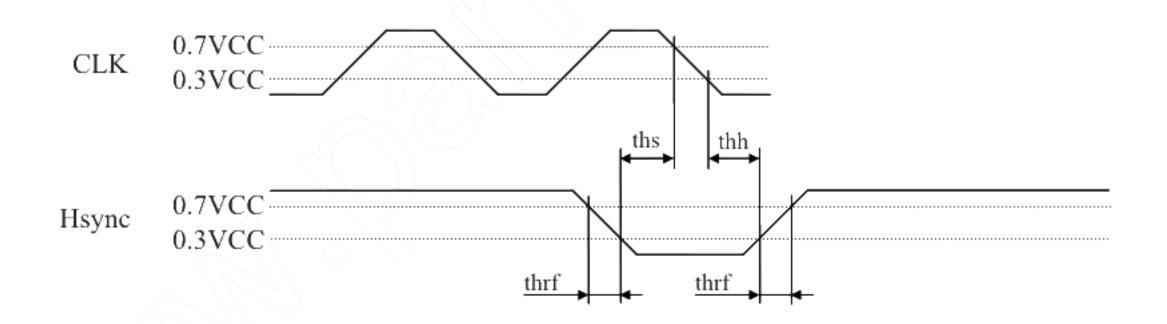


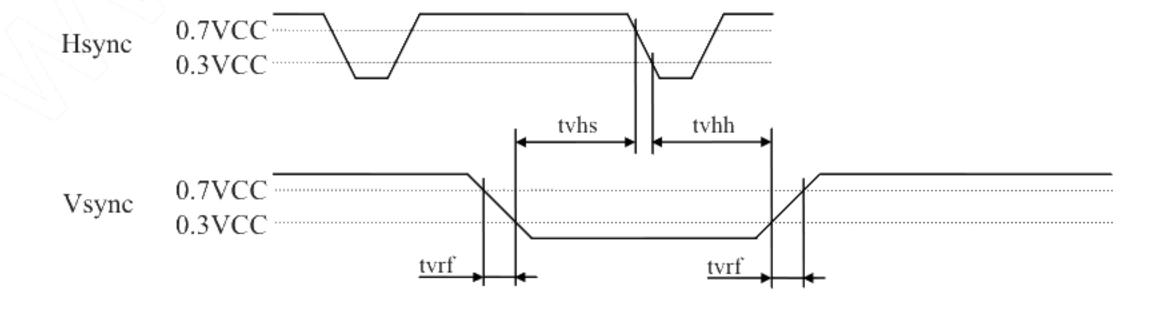
# (b) DE mode



(c) Common item of Fixed mode and DE mode







#### 4.10 OPTICS

### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

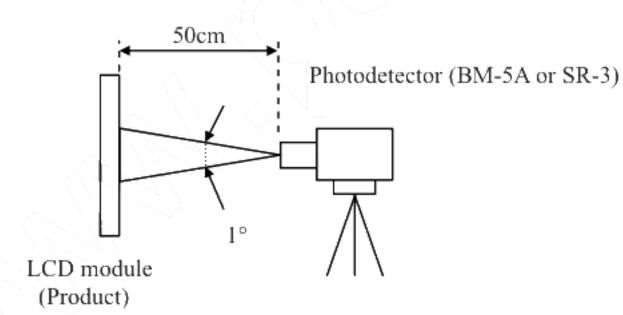
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance	è	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	280	400	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A	-
Contrast rat	io	White/Black at center θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	CR	300	600	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance unifo	ormity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	- /		
	winte	y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	- 7		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	- \ \	. ))	
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	- /	9-2 N		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	- (	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	- \	\ - J	310-3	Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	/ -	\\_/		
	Dide	y coordinate	Ву	-	TBD	j -	~ -		
Color gamı	ıt	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40		%		
Dagnanga tir	27/2	White to Black	Ton	- /	6	15	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Response tir	lie	Black to White	Toff	- (3	19	47	ms	DIVI-3A	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viauring angle	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	⊘θL	70	80	-	0	EZ Contrast	Note8
Viewing angle	Up	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θU	70	80	-	0	EZ Contrast	Notes
	Down	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θD	50	60	-	0		

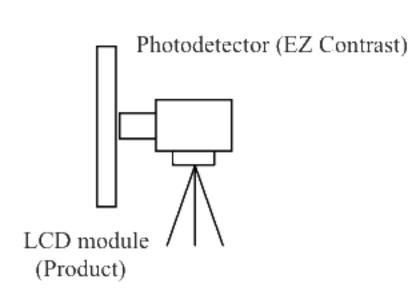
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IBL= 5.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".



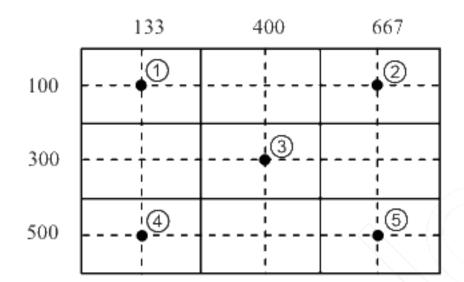
### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

### 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

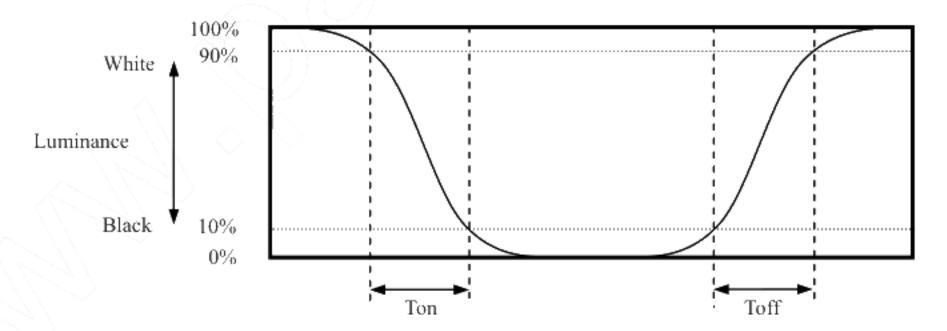
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

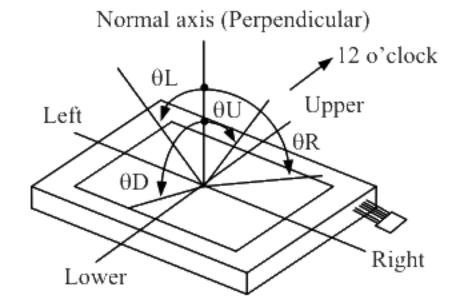


### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



### 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



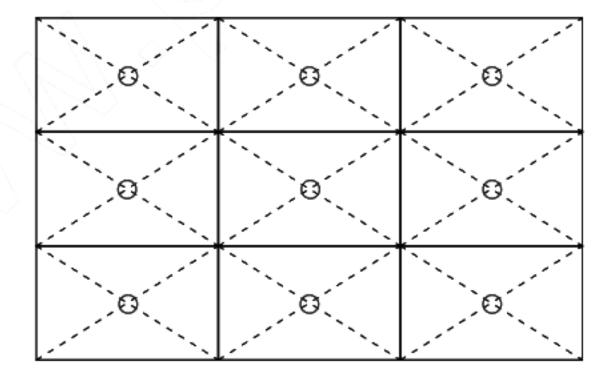


### 5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Test item Condition			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours</li> <li>② Display data is black.</li> </ul>			
High temperature (Operation)	<ul> <li>70 ± 3°C, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ul>			
Heat cycle (Operation)	<ul> <li>① -20 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>70 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle</li> <li>③ Display data is black.</li> </ul>			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>30 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>80 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions  Note I		
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>② 9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>			
Dust (Operation)	<ul> <li>① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901))</li> <li>② 15 seconds stir</li> <li>③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ul>			
Vibration (Non operation)	<ul> <li>① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s²</li> <li>② 1 minute/cycle</li> <li>③ X, Y, Z direction</li> <li>④ 120 times each directions</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions No physical damages		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>539m/ s², 11ms</li> <li>±X, ±Y, ±Z direction</li> <li>5 times each directions</li> </ul>	Notel		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



#### 6. PRECAUTIONS

#### 6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

#### **6.2 CAUTIONS**



\* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.



- \* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.
- \* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s<sup>2</sup> and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))

# 6.3 ATTENTIONS



### 6.3.1 Handling of the product

- Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion except mounting hole portion may cause display mura.
- ② Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- ® Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp.

- 1 If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.

#### 6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 6.3.3 Characteristics

### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

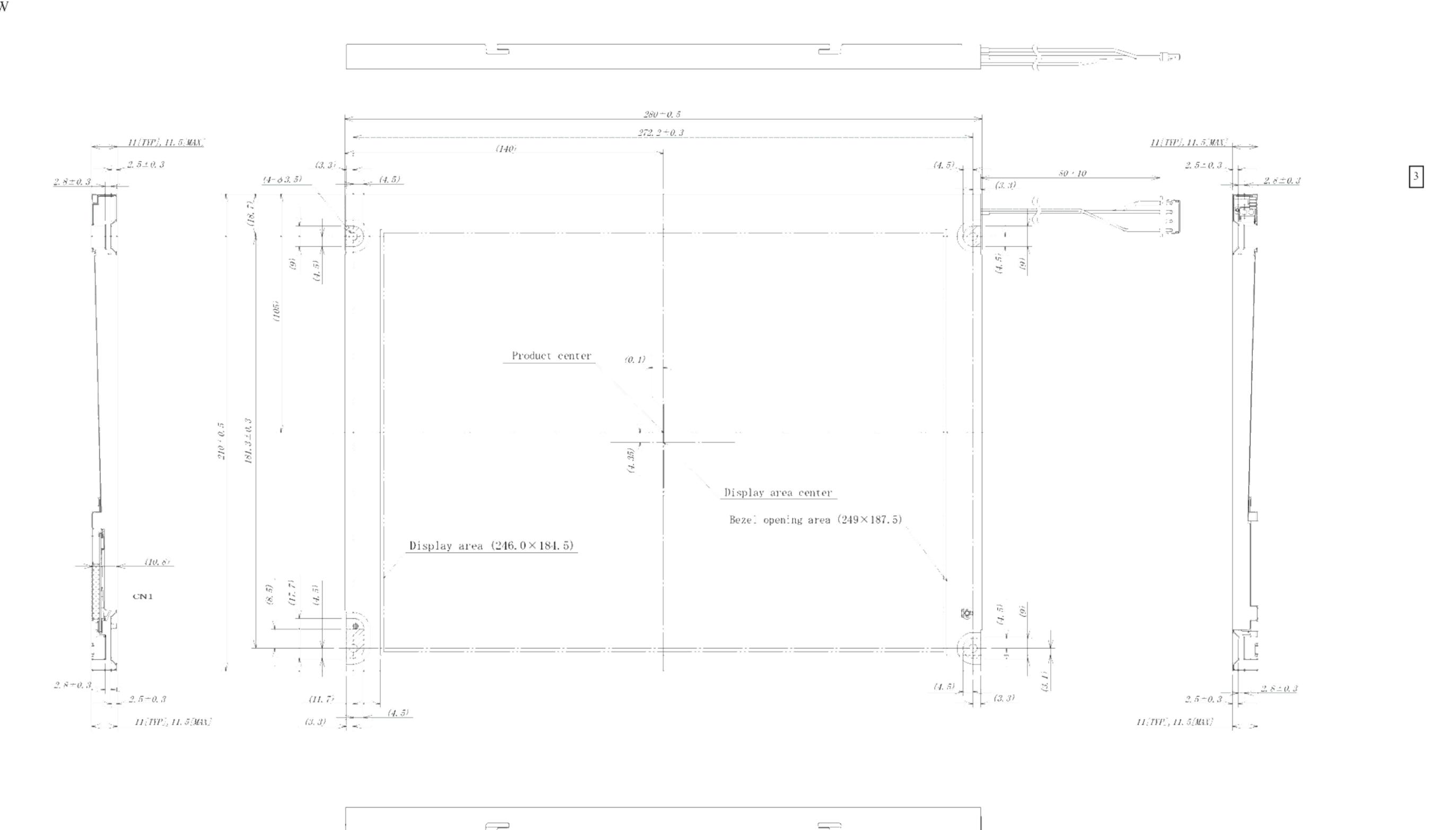
- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.

### 6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing backlight lamps.
- Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.

# 7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

7.1 FRONT VIEW



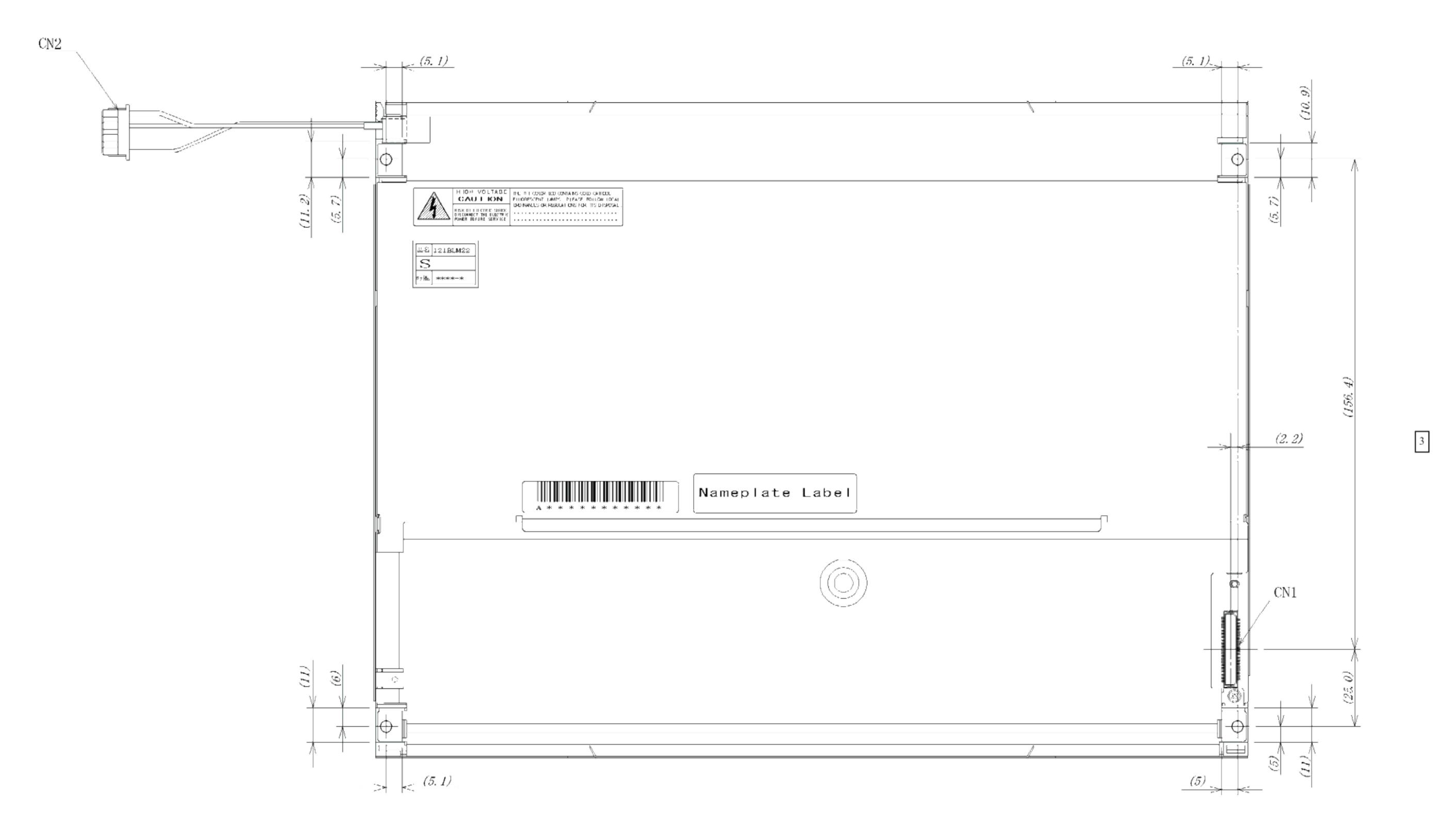
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm



#### REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	R	evision contents and sig	gnature
1st edition	DOD-MD -0099	Jun. 20, 2006	Revision contents  New issue.		
			Writer Approved by T. OGAWA	Checked by	Prepared by A. KUMANO
2nd edition	DOD-MD	Jun. 28	Revision contents		
edition	-0111	2006	P17 Timing characteristics  (a) Fixed mode - DE  • Hsync - Cycle (th): 36.692  (b) DE mode  • Horizontal - Cycle (th): 30  : 80  - Cycle (th) - R  - Display period  • Vertical - Cycle (tv): 5250  - Display period (	CIPLE dition)  UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 (File ge)  arks: L=450cd/m· → L=4 GE SEQUENCE ing board - VCC: Graph Gr	e number: E170632) (elimination)  400cd/m·(correction)  (0.3V, Toff ≥ 50ms) (change)  ) μs (correction)  3.6(max.) μs  8(typ.), 30.1(max.) μs (correction)  p.) CLK (correction)  Iz → 37.463(typ.) kHz (correction)  nax.) CLK  (xx.) CLK (correction)  correction)
			P20 Input signal timing chart  • (b) DE mode - Vertical tin	ning: Vsync (elimination)	)
			Writer Approved by T. OGAWA	Checked by	Prepared by A. KUMANO
3rd edition	DOD-PP- 0002	July 7, 2006	P4 OUTLNE - FEATURES  • Acquisition product for U  P18 Timing characteristics  (b) DE mode  • Parameter: Vsync (eliminate)  P21 Input signal timing chart	ation)	File number: E170632) (addition)
			<ul> <li>(c) Common item of Fixed</li> <li>P27 OUTLINE DRAWINGS -</li> <li>Dimension (4-φ3.5) (addit</li> <li>P28 OUTLINE DRAWINGS -</li> <li>Dimension (2.2) (addition</li> </ul>	FRONT VIEW ion) REAR VIEW	5VCC (elimination)

### REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepared date		Revision contents and sign	nature
3rd edition	DOD-PP- 0002	July 7, 2006	Signature of writer  Approved by	Checked by	Prepared by
			T. OGAWA	_	A. KUMANO
			T. OGAWA		A. KUMANO