

# Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS:	DATE : Feb. 20 <sup>th</sup> 2014
I OIN MEGGING.	DATE .1 CD. 20 2014

# **CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

# SP24V01L0ALZZ

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ACCEPTED BY:	PROPOSED BY: Lendle
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ATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY	

# 3. MECHANICAL DATA

(1) Part Name SP24V01L0ALZZ

(2) Module Size 257.5(W)mm x 174.0(H)mm x 7.0(D)mm max.

(3) Dot Size 0.27 (W)mm x 0.27 (H)mm

(4) Dot Pitch 0.30 (W)mm x 0.30 (H)mm

(5) Number of Dots 640 (W) x 480 (H)dots

(6) Duty 1/242 (Display is divided into 2 blocks)

(7) LCD Film type black/white (negative type)

the upper polarizer is anti-glare type.

The bottom polarizer is transmissive type.

(8) Viewing Direction 12 O'clock

(9) Back Light Light-Emitting Diode

(10) LED Lifetime 50k hrs.

# 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

## 4.1 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

T ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS V35-0V. STANDARD						
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	COMMENT	
Power Supply for Logic	VDD-VSS	0	6.5	V		
Power Supply for LC Drive	VDD-VEE	0	27.5	V		
Input Voltage	Vi	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note 1	
Input Current	li	0	1	Α		
Static Electricity	-	-	-	ı	Note 2	

Note 1 DOFF,FRAME,LOAD,CP,UD0~UD3,LD0~LD3.

Note 2 Make certain you are grounded when handling LCM.

#### 4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	OPERATING		ST	ORAGE	COMMENT	
ITEM	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	COMMENT	
Ambient Temperature	0℃	<b>45</b> ℃	<b>-25</b> ℃	60℃	Note 2,3	
	Note 6	Note7				
Humidity	Not	e 1	N	lote 1	Without condensation	
		9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>		11.76m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Vibration	-	(1.0G)	-	(1.2G)	Note 4	
		Note 5		Note 5		
		490m/s <sup>2</sup>		490m/s <sup>2</sup>	3 Times for each	
Shock	-	(50G)	-	(50G)	direction of ±X ±Y ±Z	
		Note 5		Note 5	pulse width 10mS	
Corrosive Gas	Not Acc	eptable	Not Acceptable			

Note 1 Ta ≤ 40°C:85%RH max.

Ta>40°C:Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C.

- Note 2 Ta at  $-25^{\circ}$ C-----< 48h, at  $60^{\circ}$ C-----< 168h
- Note 3 Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.
- Note 4 5Hz~500Hz (Except resonance frequency) for each direction of X · Y · Z. Any failure caused by connector loosened while testing shall be ignored.
- Note 5 This module should be operated normally after finish the test.

Any failure caused by connector loosened while testing shall be ignored.

- Note 6 Higher LCD driving voltage are needed while operating at  $0^{\circ}$ C, also the response time at  $0^{\circ}$ C, will be slower.
- Note 7 There are possibility that color un-uniformity happened while operating at 45°C
- Note 8 The maximum rating is defined as above based on chamber temperature, which night be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application Moreover some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
  - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
  - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

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# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LCM

#### 5.1 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD-VSS	-	3.0	3.3 5.0	5.25	٧
Input Voltage	VI	H LEVEL	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V
Note 1		L LEVEL	0	-	0.2VDD	V
Power Supply Circuit for Logic Current	IDD	VDD-VSS=3.3V	-	22.0	32.0	mA
Note 2	וסטו	VDD-VSS=5.0V		20.0	30.0	ША
Power Supply Circuit	IEE	VDD-VSS=3.30V	-	20.0	27.0	mA
for LC Driving Note 2	ICC	VDD-VSS=5.0V		18.0	25.0	ША
Recommended		Ta= 0°C , <i>∲</i> =0°	-	23.9	26.5	V
LC Driving Voltage	VDD-VEE	Ta= 25°ℂ , <i>ϕ</i> =0°	-	22.7	-	٧
Note 3		Ta=45°ℂ , <i>∲</i> =0°	18.5	21.6	-	V
Frame Frequency Note4	fFRAME	-	120	130	140	Hz

Note 1 DOFF,FRAME,LOAD,CP,UD0~UD3, LD0~LD3.

Note 2 fFRAME=140Hz,UD0~UD3=0,1,0,1,....LD0~LD3=1.0,1.0,...

VDD-VEE=22.7V,Ta=25°C

Note 3 Recommended LC driving voltage fluctuates about  $\pm 1.0 \text{V}$  by each module.

Test pattern is all "Q".

Note 4 Need to make sure of flickering and rippling of display when setting the frame frequency in your set.

### 5.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
LED Input Voltage	VLED	-	5	5.7	V	
LED Forward Current	ILED	1	204	ı	mA	Note 1
LED Lifetime	-	-	50K	-	V	Note 2

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. VLED and ILED is many to one relationship, the above VLED range is defined to obtain 204 mA.

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 204 mA at  $25^{\circ}$ C.

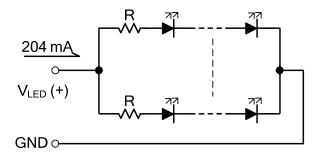


Fig 5.1

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# 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

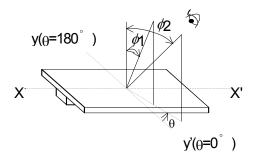
### 6.1 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C (Backlight ON)

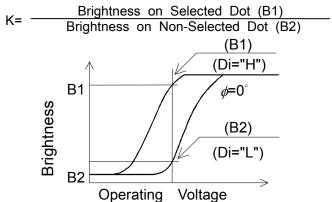
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Viewing Area	<i>φ</i> 2- <i>φ</i> 1	K≧2.0	30	40	-	deg	1,2
Contrast Ratio	K	<i>φ</i> =0° θ=0°	-	(20)	-	ı	3
Response Time (Rise)	tr	<i>φ</i> =0° θ=0°	-	160	210	ms	4
Response Time (Fall)	tf	<i>φ</i> =0° θ=0°	_	110	-	ms	4

(Measure condition by KOE)

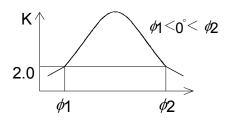
Note 1 Definition of  $\theta$  and  $\phi$  Z (Normal)



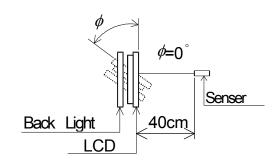
Note 3 Definition of contrast "K"



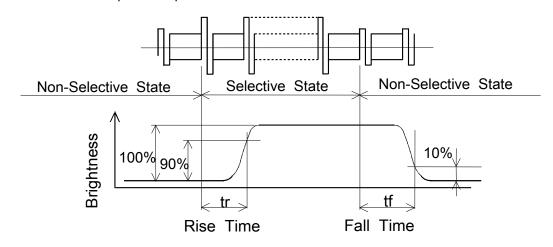
Note 2 Definition of viewing angle  $\phi$ 1 and  $\phi$ 2



Contrast ratio K VS viewing angle  $\,\phi\,$ 



Note 4 Definition of optical response



#### 6.2 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS BACKLIGHT

(LCM, Backlight ON, Ta=25°C)

ITEM	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Brightness	-	110	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1,2
Brightness Uniformity	-	-	±30	%	Note 1,3

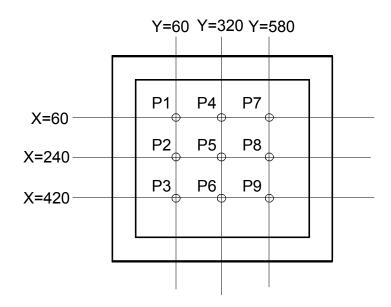
Display data should be all "ON"

Note 1 Measurement after 10 minutes of LED operating.

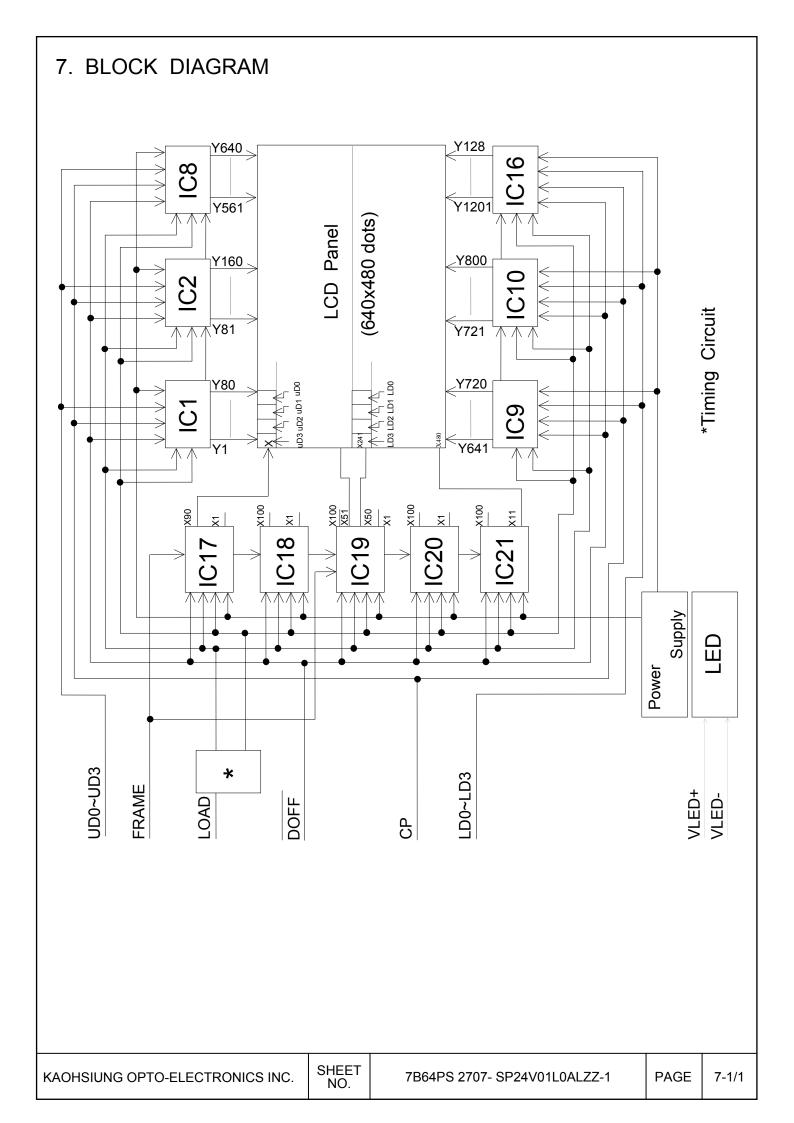
Note 2 Brightness control: 100%. The LED current is 204 mA when applying 5V (VLED).

Note 3 Measurement of the following 9 places on the display.

Definition of the brightness tolerance.

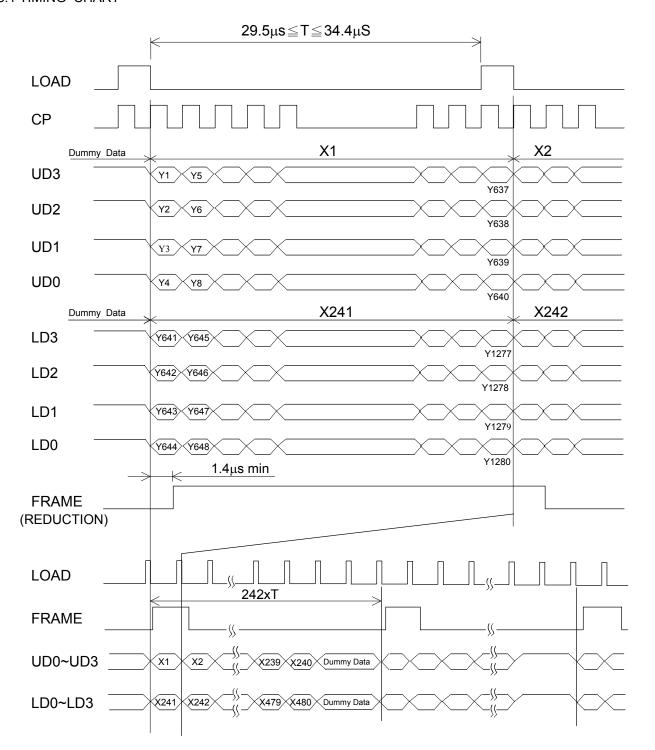


( Max. Brightness or Min. Brightness - Average Brightness ) x 100% Average Brightness



# 8. INTERFACE TIMING CHART

#### 8.1 TIMING CHART



Note 1 Dummy data: "H" level.

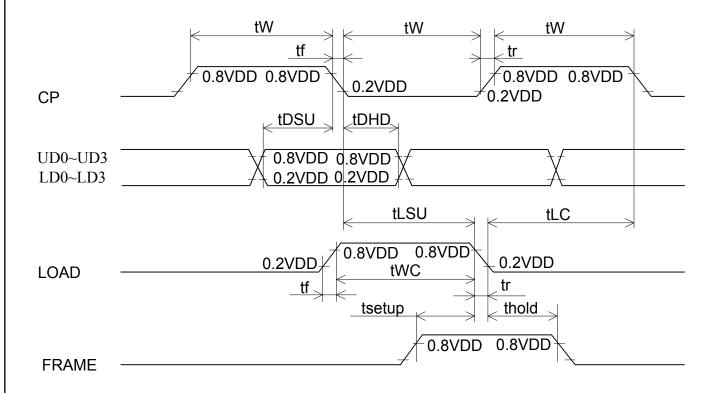
Note 2 Do not input over 242 pulses to load.

### 8.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

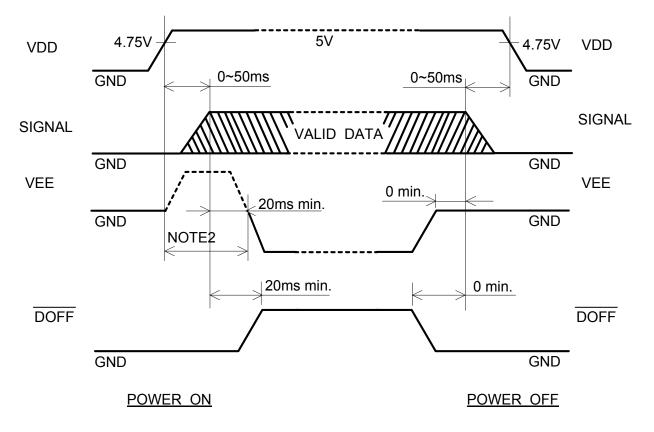
 $0^{\circ}$ C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$   $50^{\circ}$ C

### $VDD=3.3V \pm 0.3V,5V \pm 0.25V$

ITEM	SYMBOL		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT		
Clock Frequency		fCP	-	i	6.5	MHz		
Clock Pulse Width		tW	63	ı	-	ns		
Clock Pise , Fall Time		tr,tf	-	-	20	ns		
Data Set Up Time	tDSU		50	ı	-	ns		
Data Hold Time	tDHD		50	i	-	ns		
Load Set Up Time	tLSU		80	i	-	ns		
Load→Clock Time		VDD=3.3V	120	-	-	ns		
		VDD=5V	80	ı	-			
"Frame" Set Up Time	tsetup		100	·	-	ns		
"Frame" Hold Time	thold		100	ı	-	ns		
"Load" Pulse Width	twc		twc		125	-	-	ns



### 8.3 TIMING OF POWER SUPPLY AND INTERFACE SIGNAL

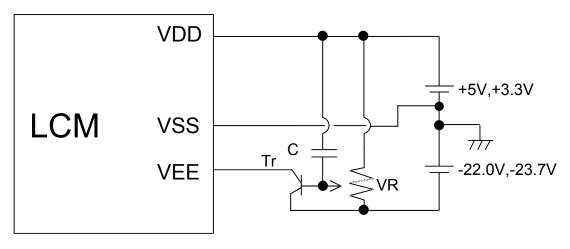


Note 1 The missing pixels may occur when the LCM is driven beyond above power interface timing sequence.

Note 2 In case of not using DOFF controlling, VEE should be at VDD level or open in this time period.

Note 3 Operation of VDD-VSS changing  $(3.3 \leftarrow \rightarrow 5.0 \text{V})$  should be done after power off.

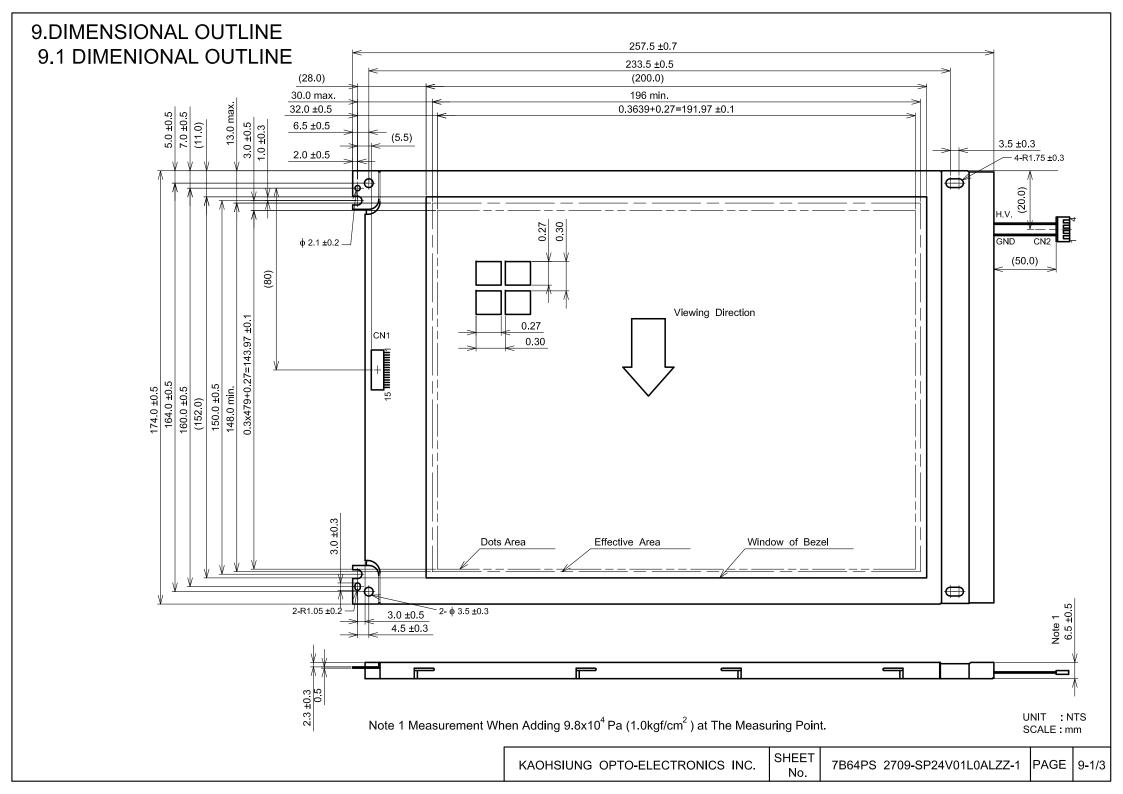
#### 8.4 POWER SUPPLY FOR LCM (EXAMPLE)



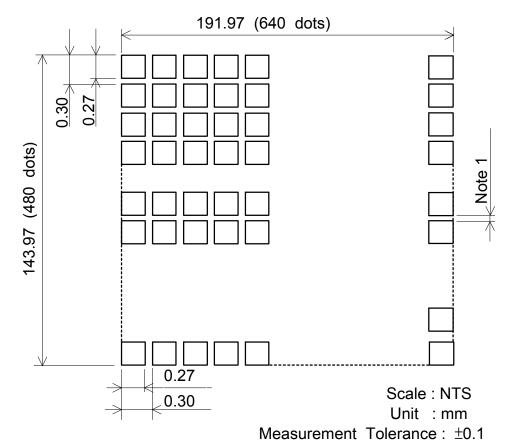
C1,C2: 3.3µF(Aluminium electrolytic capacitor)

 $VR:10\sim20k\Omega$ 

Tr: 2SA673APKC (HFE=100,IC=500mA)or equivalent Tr.



# 9.2 DISPLAY PATTERN



Note 1 Center-gap  $60\mu m$  max.

### 9.3 INTERNAL PIN CONNECTION

INTER	RFACE	PIN NO.	SIGNAL	LEVEL	FUNCTION
		1	FRAME	Н	First Line Marker
		2	LOAD	H→L	Data Latch
		3	СР	H→L	Data Shift
		4	DOFF	H/L	H:ON/L:OFF
		5	VDD	-	Power Supply for Logic
		6	VSS	-	Gnd
		7	VEE	-	Power Supply for LC
LCM	I/F1	8	UD0		
		9	UD1	110	Display Data
		10	UD2	H/L	(Upper Half)
		11	UD3		
		12	LD0		
		13	LD1		Display Data
		14	LD2	H/L	(Lower Half)
		15	LD3		

I/F1: MOLEX / 53261-1510

(SUITABLE CONNECTOR: MOLEX/51021-1500)

LED I/F: JAE IL-G-4S-S3C2-SA

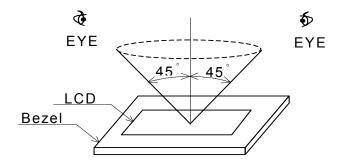
PIN No.	SYMBOL	Function	
1	VSS	GND	
2	NC	No Connect	
3	NC	No Connect	
4	VLED(+5V)	Power Supply for LED	

# 10. APPEARANCE STANDARD

### 10.1 APPEARANCE INSPECTION CONDITION

Visual inspection should be done under the following condition.

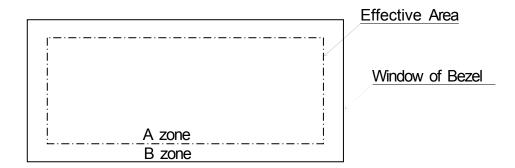
- (1) In the dark room.
- (2) With panel lighted with prescribed LED inverter circuit.
- (3) With eyes 25cm distance from LCM.
- (4) Viewing angle within 45 degrees from the vertical line to the center of LCD.



#### 10.2 DEFINITION OF EACH ZONE

A zone: Within the effective area specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.

B zone: Area between the window of bezel line and the effective area line specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.



### 10.3 APPEAREACE SPECIFICATION

### (1) LCD APPEARANCE

\*) If the problem occures about this item, the responsible person of both party (customer and KOE) will discuss more detail.

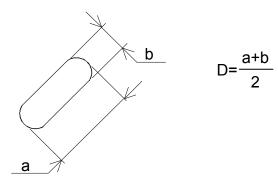
No.	ITEM		CRITERIA				
	Scratches	Serious one is not allow	Serious one is not allowed				
	Dent	Serious one is not allow	Serious one is not allowed				
	Wrinkles in Polarizer	Serious one is not allow	ed	<del>,</del>		*	-
	Bubbles	Average diameter	D(mm)	Maximun	n number Acceptable		
		D≦0.2	2		Ignored		
		0.2 <d≦0.< td=""><td>3</td><td></td><td>12</td><td>О</td><td>-</td></d≦0.<>	3		12	О	-
		0.3 <d≦0.< td=""><td>5</td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></d≦0.<>	5		3		
		0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>None</td><td></td><td></td></d<>			None		
	Stains,		Filamen	tous			
	Foreign	Length L(mm)	\\/idth \\	/(mm)	Maximum number		
	Materials	Length L(mm)	Width W(mm)		Acceptable	О	*
L	Dark Spot	L≦2.0	W≦0.03		Ignored		
С		L≦3.0	0.03 <w< td=""><td><u>≤0.05</u></td><td>6</td><td></td><td></td></w<>	<u>≤0.05</u>	6		
D		-	0.05 <w< td=""><td></td><td>None</td><td></td><td></td></w<>		None		
		Round	1				
		Average diameter	Maximum	number	Minimum		
		D(mm)	Accept	able	Space		
		D<0.2	D<0.2 Ignored		-	О	*
		0.2≦D<0.3	6		10 mm		
		0.3≦D<0.4	4		30 mm		
		0.4≦D	Non	е	-	_	
		The whole Number Filamentous + Round = 10					
		Those wiped out easily	se wiped out easily are acceptable				
	Pinhole	(A+B) / 2≦0.15 Maximum number : Ignored					
		0.15<(A+B) / 2≤0.3 Maximum number : 10					-
		C≦0.03 Maximum number : Ignored					

SHEET
NO.

No.	ITEM	CRITERIA						Α	В
	Contrast	Average diamete	r	Maximum number		Minimum			
	Irregularity	D(mm)		Acce	eptable		Space		
	(Spot)	D≦0.3		lgr	nored		-		
		0.3 <d≦0.45< td=""><td>5</td><td></td><td>15</td><td></td><td>20mm</td><td>О</td><td> - </td></d≦0.45<>	5		15		20mm	О	-
		0.45 <d≦0.6< td=""><td colspan="2">5</td><td colspan="2">20mm</td><td></td><td></td></d≦0.6<>		5		20mm			
L		$0.6 < D \le 0.8$	.6 <d≦0.8< td=""><td colspan="2">3</td><td colspan="2">50mm</td><td></td></d≦0.8<>		3		50mm		
		0.8 <d< td=""><td colspan="2">None</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>		None					
С	Contrast	Width	I	Length	Maximum nu	ımber	Minimum		
_	Irregularity	W(mm)		L(mm)	Acceptab	le	Space		
D	(Line)	W≦0.25		L≦1.2	2		20mm		
	( A pair of	W≦0.2	L≦1.5		3		20mm	О	-
	Scratch)	W≦0.15		L≦2.0	3		20mm		
		W≦0.1		L≦3.0	4		20mm		
		The whole number				6	•		

### Note

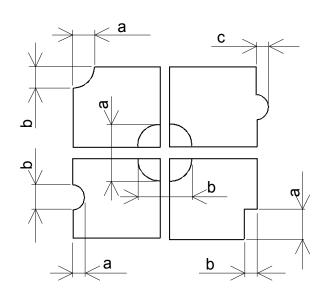
(1) Definition of average diameter D



(2) Definition of length L and width W



(3) Definition of pinhole

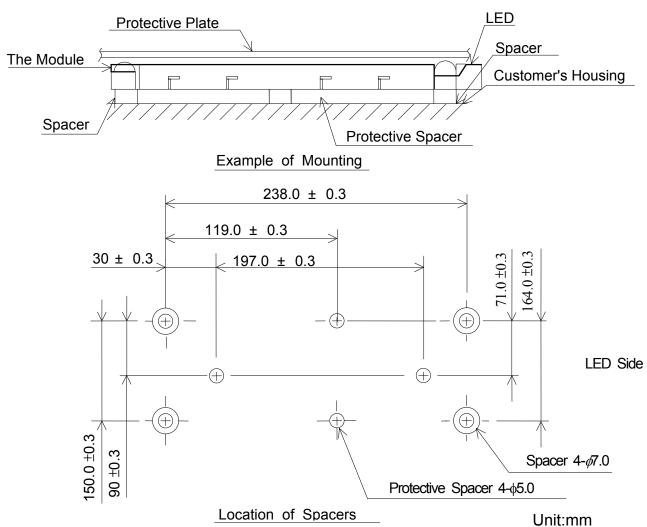


C : Salience

# 11. PRECAUTION IN DESIGN

#### 11.1 MOUNTING METHOD

Since the module is so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the module as shown below, it is necessary to take consideration the following items on attachment to a frame.



- (1) Use of protective plate, made of an acrylic plate, etc, in order to protect a polarizer and LC cell.
- (2) To prevent the module cover from being pressed, the spacers between the module and the fitting plates should be longer than 0.5mm.
- (3) We recommend you to use protective spacer as figure for protecting the module from any kind of shock to your set.
- 11.2 LC DRIVING VOLTAGE (VEE) AND VIEWING ANGLE RANGE
  Setting VEE out of the recommended condition will be a cause for a change of viewing angle range.

Scale:NTS

#### 11.3 CAUTION AGAINST STATIC CHARGE

As this module is provided with C-MOS LSIs the care to take such a precaution as to grounding the operator's body is required when handling it.

#### 11.4 POWER ON SEQUENCE

Input signals should not be applied to LCD module before power supply voltage is applied and reaches to specified voltage (5  $\pm$ 0.25V). If above sequence is not kept, C-MOS LSIs of LCD modules may be damaged due to latch up problem.

#### 11.5 PACKAGING

- (1) No. Leaving products is preferable in the place of high humidity for a long period of time. For their storage in the place where temperature is 35°C or higher, special care to prevent them from high humidity is required. A combination of high temperature and high humidity may cause them polarization degradation as well as bubble generation and polarizer peel-off. Please keep the temperature and humidity within the specified range for use and storing.
- (2) Since upper polarizers and lower aluminum plates tend to be easily damaged, they should be handled with full care so as not to get them touched, pushed or rubbed by a piece of glass, tweezers and anything else which are harder than a pencil lead 3H.
- (3) As the adhesives used for adhering upper/lower polarizers and aluminum plates are made of organic substances which will be deteriorated by a chemical reaction with such chemicals as acetone, toluene ethanol and isopropyl-alcohol. The following solvents are recommended for use: Normal Hexane
  - Please contact us when it is necessary for you to use chemicals other than the above.
- (4) Lightly wipe to clean the dirty surface with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois, soaked in the chemicals recommended without scrubbing it hardly. To prevent the display surface from damage and keep the appearance in good state, it is sufficient, in general, to wipe it with absorbent cotton.
- (5) Immediately wipe off asliva or water drop attached on the display area because its long period adherence may cause deformation or faded color on the spot.
- (6) Fogy dew deposited on the surface and contact terminals due to coldness will be a cause for polarizer damage, stain and dirt on product. When necessary to take out the products from some place at low temperature for test, etc. It is required for them to be warmed up in a container once at the temperature higher than that of room.

- (7) Touching the display area and contact terminals with bare hands and contaminating them are prohibited, because the stain on the display area and poor insulation between terminals are often caused by being touched by bare hands. (There are some cosmetics detrimental to polarizers.)
- (8) In general the quality of glass is fragile so that it tends to be cracked or chipped in handling, specially on its periphery please be careful not give it sharp shock caused by dropping down, etc.

#### 11.6 CAUTION FOR OPERATION

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current driver should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark blue color in them. However those phenomena do not mean impediment or out of order with LCD's which will come back in the specified operating temperature range.
- (3) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electrochemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the relative condition of  $40^{\circ}$ C 50%RH less is required.

#### 11.7 STORAGE

In case of storing for a long period of time (for instance, for years) for the purpose of replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- (1) Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it, and with no desiccant.
- (2) The placing in a dark room where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light is, keeping temperature in the range from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $35^{\circ}$ C.
- (3) Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by anything else. (It is recommended to stone them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.)

#### 11.8 SAFETY

- (1) It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- (2) When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass gall comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

# 12. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK

### 12.1 LOT MARK

Lot mark is consisted of 4 digits for production. Lot and 8 digits for production control.

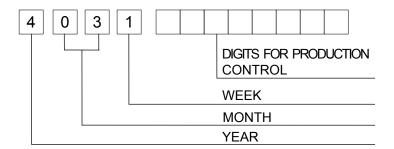


	FIGURE IN
YEAR	LOT MARK
	LOT WINTER
2014	4
2015	5
2016	6
2017	7
2018	8

MONTH	FIGURE IN	MONTH	FIGURE IN
	LOT MARK		LOT MARK
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

WEEK (DAY IN CALENDAR	FIGURE IN LOT MARK
1~7	1
8~14	2
15~21	3
22~28	4
29~31	5

12.2 LOCATION OF LOT MARK on the back side of LCM

4031\*\*\*\*\*\*

### 13. PRECAUTIPON FOR USE

- (1) A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.
- (2) On the following occasions, the handling of the problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible persons of the both parties.
  - 1. When a question is arisen in the specifications.
  - 2. When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.
  - 3. When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to KOE, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.
  - 4. When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.
- (3) Regarding the treatment for maintenance and repairing, both parties will discuss it in six months later after latest delivery of this product.

The precaution that should be observed when handling LCM have been explained above. If any points are unclear of if you have any requests, please contact KOE.