

# HITACHI

KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

FOR MESSRS: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: Nov. 02<sup>th</sup> 2009

## CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

### TX23D38VM0CAA

#### Contents

No.	ITEM	SHEET No.	PAGE
1	COVER	7B64PS 2701-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	1-1/1
2	RECORD OF REVISION	7B64PS 2702-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	2-1/1
3	GENERAL DATA	7B64PS 2703-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	3-1/1
4	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	7B64PS 2704-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	4-1/1
5	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2705-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	5-1/2~2/2
6	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2706-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	6-1/2~2/2
7	BLOCK DIAGRAMS	7B64PS 2707-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	7-1/1
8	RELIABILITY TESTS	7B64PS 2708-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	8-1/1
9	LCD INTERFACE	7B64PS 2709-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	9-1/7~7/7
10	OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	7B63PS 2710-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	10-1/2~2/2
11	APPEARANCE STANDARD	7B64PS 2711-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	11-1/3~3/3
12	PRECAUTIONS	7B64PS 2712-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	12-1/2~2/2
13	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	7B64PS 2713-TX23D38VM0CAA-1	13-1/1

ACCEPTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_

PROPOSED BY: Elton Liu

## 2. RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY

Tel: +86 13728663670  
Email: andeic@andesource.com  
www.andelectronics.com

### 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 9" WVGA of 16:9 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R(red), G(green), B(blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, and COF (chip on film) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX23D38VM0CAA
Module Dimensions	218.0(W) mm x 135.0(H) mm x 11.15 (D) mm
LCD Active Area	195.0(W) mm x 117.0(H) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.24375(W) mm x 0.24375(H) mm
Resolution	800 x 3(RGB)(W) x 480(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally Black
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	16.7M Colors(6-bit + FRC)
Backlight	7 LEDs parallel x 3 serial (21 LEDs in total)
Weight	(330) g (typ.)
Interface	1ch-LVDS/Receiver ; 20 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	1.5 W for LCD (WVGA) ;6.98W for backlight
Viewing Direction	Super Wide Version (In Plane Switching)

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	VDD	0	4.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	VI	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Top	-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	VLED	-	15	V	-

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK, DE, Hsync, Vsync, and RGB data bus.

Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the temperature on the panel surface, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:

- Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
- Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

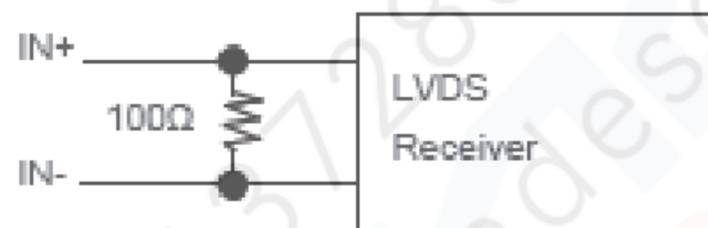
### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	VI	"H" level	-	-	+100	mV	Note 1
		"L" level	-100	-	-		
DPS,FRC,AMODE Signal Input Voltage	VI	"H" level	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	CMOS LEVEL
		"L" level	0	-	0.3VDD		
Power Supply Current	IDD	VDD-VSS =3.3V	-	485	580	mA	Note 2,3
Vsync Frequency	$f_v$	-	-	60	75	Hz	Note 4,5
Hsync Frequency	$f_H$	-	-	31.3	39.4	KHz	Note 4
DCLK Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	-	33.3	35	MHz	Note 4

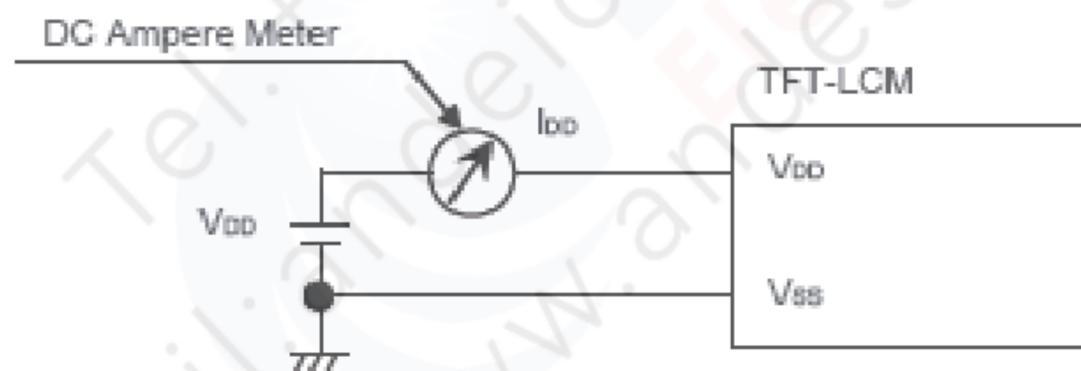
Notes 1 :  $V_{CM} = V_{DD} / 2V$

$V_{CM}$  is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter / receiver .The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with  $100\Omega$ .



Notes 2 :  $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$ ,  $f_{CLK} = 35\text{MHz}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ , DC Current.

Typical value is measured when displaying vertical 256 gray scale. Maximum is measured when displaying Vertical-stripe.



Notes 3 : As this module contains 1.0A fuse, prepare current source that is enough for cutting current fuse when a trouble happens. (larger than 2.5A)

Notes 4 : For LVDS Transmitter Input

Notes 5 : Vertical frequency is recommended to apply 60Hz.

## 5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	VLED	-	11.7	12.0	12.3	V	Note 1
LED Forward Current (Dim Control)	ILED	0V; 0% duty	540	580	620	mA	Note 2
		3.3VDC; 100% duty	15	30	45		
LED lifetime	-	580 mA	-	70K	-	hrs	Note 3

Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 580 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V VLED.

Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying DC voltage or PWM signal from the display interface CN1. The recommended PWM signal is 1K ~ 10K Hz with 3.3V amplitude.

Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 580 mA at 25°C.

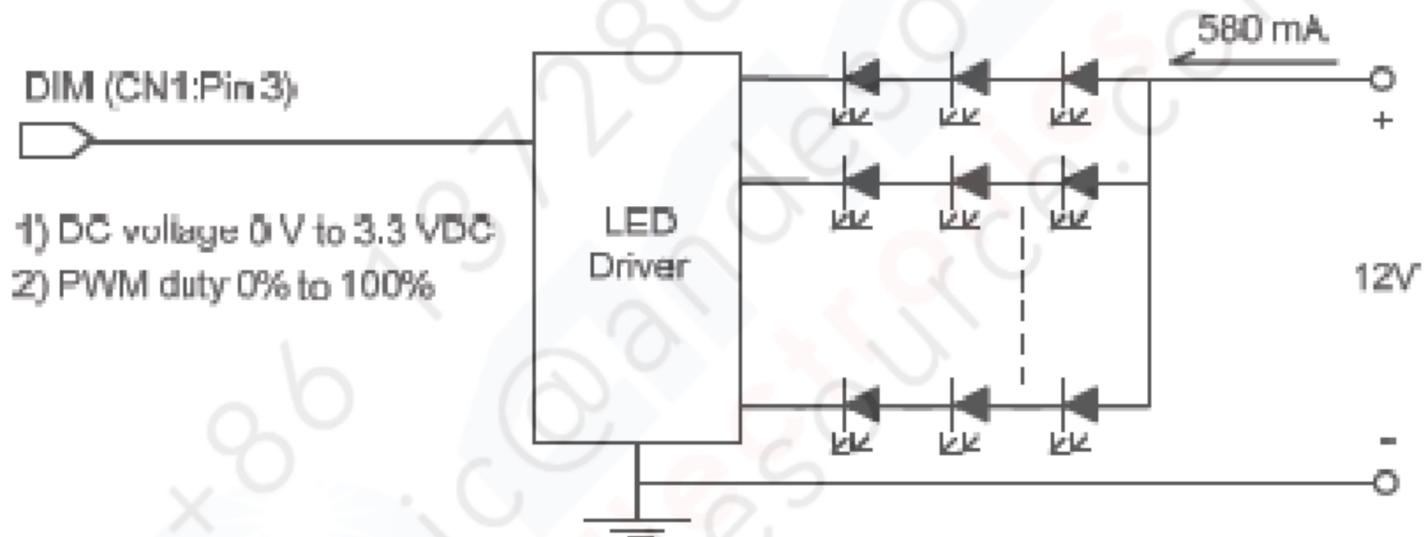


Fig. 5.1

## 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25°C.
- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Brightness of White	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$ , ILED= 580 mA	350	450	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1	
Brightness Uniformity	-		75	-	-	%	Note 2	
Contrast Ratio	CR		500	800	-	-	Note 3	
Response Time	Rise + Fall	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	25	50	ms	Note 4	
NTSC Ratio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	60	-	%	-	
Viewing Angle	$\theta_x$	$\phi = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	-	85	-	Degree	Note 5	
	$\theta_{x'}$	$\phi = 180^\circ, CR \geq 10$	-	85	-			
	$\theta_y$	$\phi = 90^\circ, CR \geq 10$	-	85	-			
	$\theta_{y'}$	$\phi = 270^\circ, CR \geq 10$	-	85	-			
Color Chromaticity	Red	X	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.59	0.64	0.69	-	Note 6
		Y		0.29	0.34	0.39		
	Green	X		0.31	0.36	0.41		
		Y		0.55	0.60	0.65		
	Blue	X		0.10	0.15	0.20		
		Y		0.01	0.06	0.11		
	White	X		0.30	0.35	0.40		
		Y		0.31	0.36	0.41		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from 9 point of the panel, P1~P9 in Fig. 6.2, for the average value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

$$\text{Brightness uniformity} = \frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}} \times 100\%$$

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.

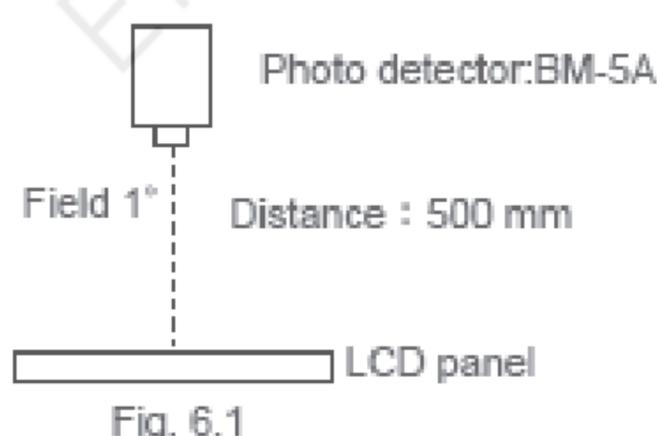


Fig. 6.1

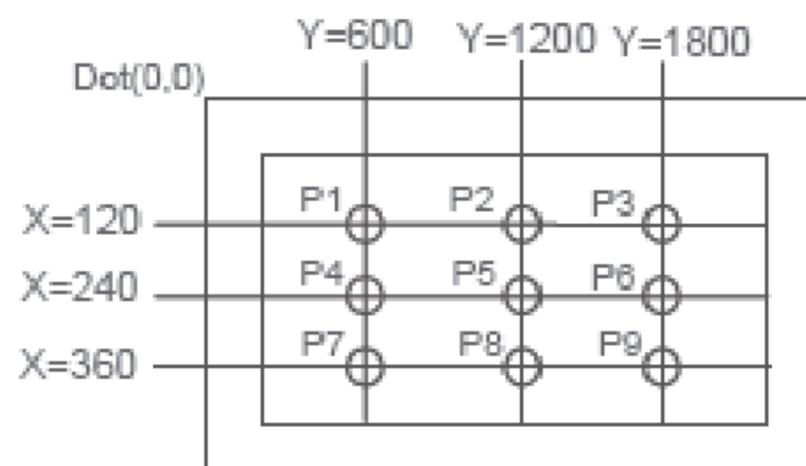


Fig. 6.2

Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness of White}}{\text{Brightness of Black}}$$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness rising to 10% brightness.

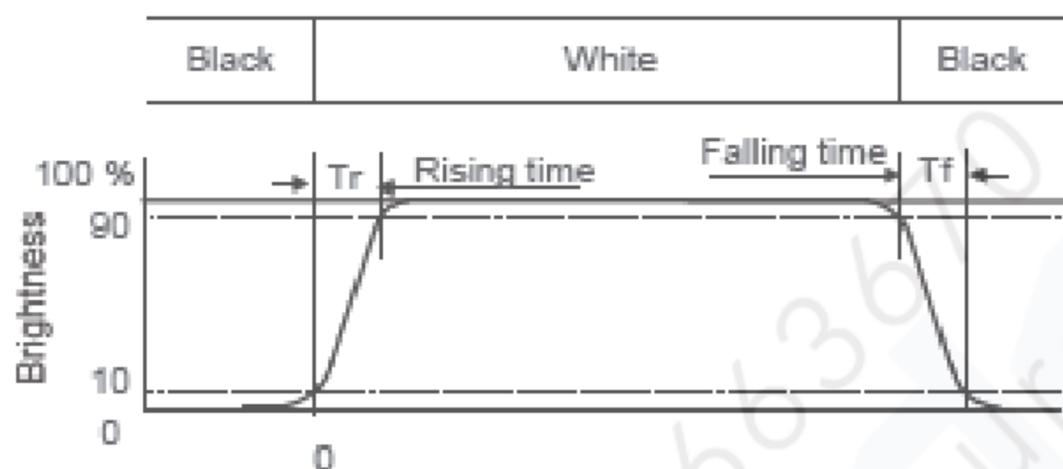


Fig. 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^\circ$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^\circ$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version;  $85^\circ$  viewing angle can be obtained from each viewing direction.

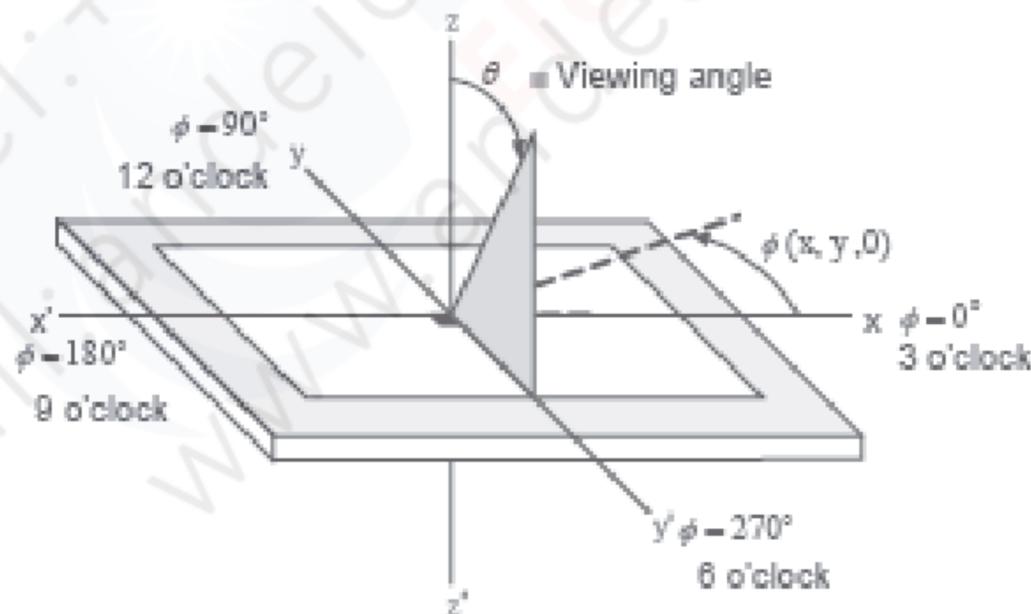
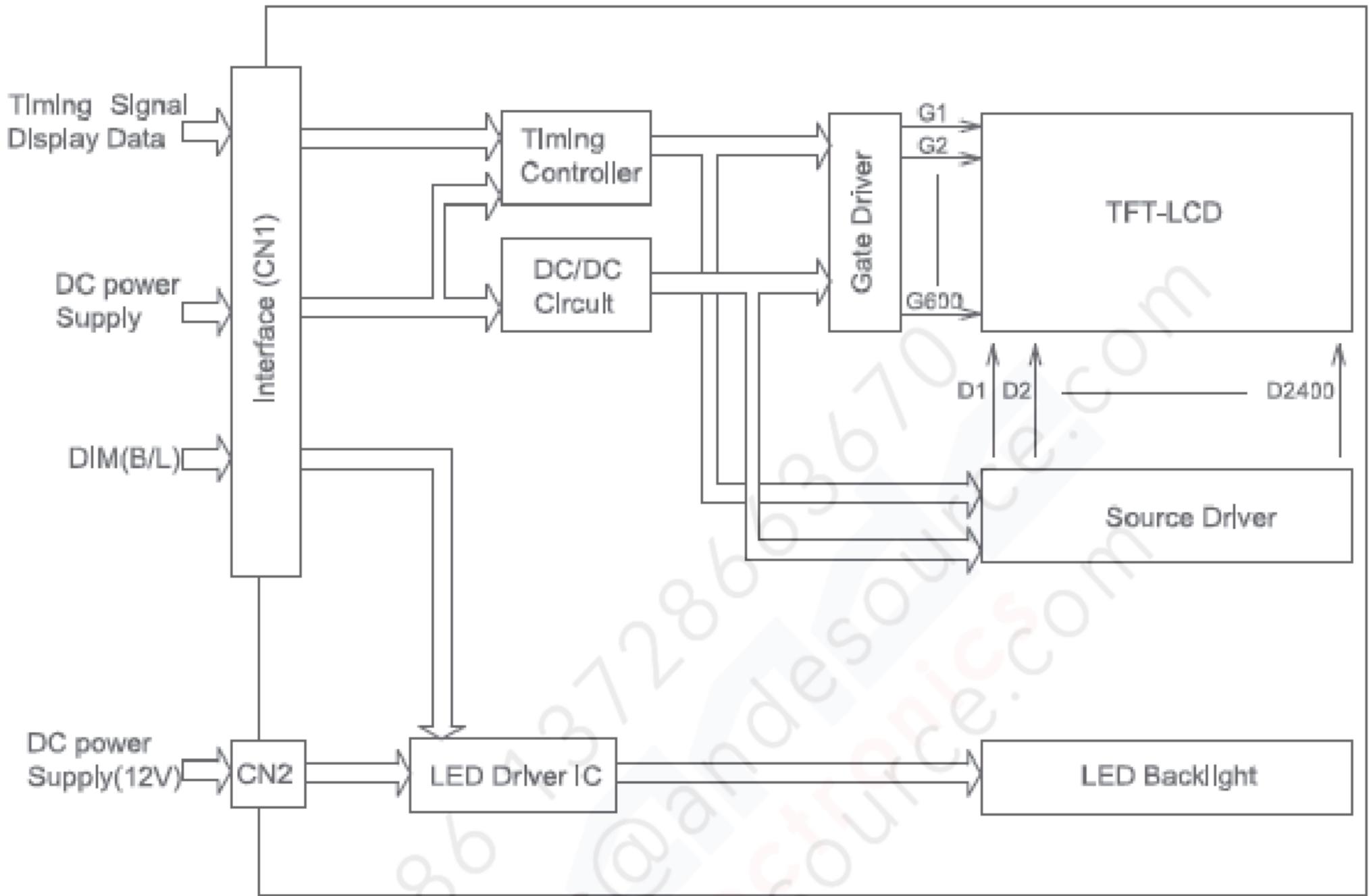


Fig. 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

# 7 BLOCK DIAGRAM



Tel: +86 28 603670  
Email: andeic@andesource.com  
www.andesource.com

## 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition	
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70°C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20°C	240 hrs
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80°C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30°C	240 hrs
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -20°C~70°C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs
Thermal Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) -35°C ↔ 85°C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr	240 hrs
High Temperature & Humidity	1) Operating 2) 40°C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation 4) Note 3	240 hrs
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 50G 4) ±X, ±Y and ±Z directions	Once for each direction
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 200 pF, 250 Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: ± 8KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 8KV	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40°C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.

Note 4: All pins of LCD interface(CN1) have been tested by ±100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

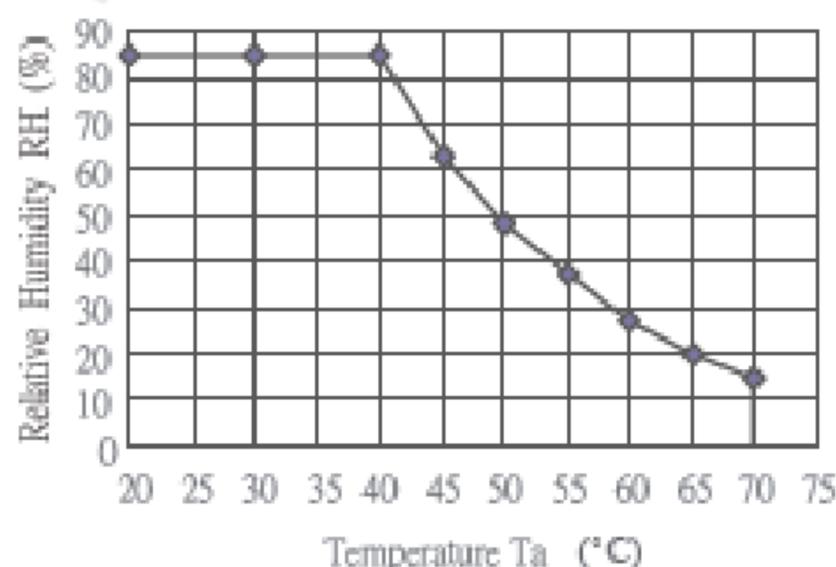


Fig. 8.1

## 9. LCD INTERFACE

### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector is FI-SEB20P-HF13E made by JAE and more details of the connector are shown in the section of outline dimension.

Pin assignment of LCD interface is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VDD	Power Supply (typ.+3.3V)	Note 3
2	VDD		
3	DIM	Normal Brightness:0V or 0% PWM Duty Brightness Control:0V to 3.3VDC or 0% to 100% PWM Duty.	-
4	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
5	IN0-	Pixel Data	Note 2
6	IN0+		
7	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
8	IN1-	Pixel Data	Note 2
9	IN1+		
10	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
11	IN2-	Pixel Data	Note 2
12	IN2+		
13	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
14	CLK IN-	Clock	Note 2
15	CLK IN+		
16	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
17	IN3-	Pixel Data	Note 2
18	IN3+		
19	VSS	GND (0V)	Note 1
20	VSS		

Note 1: All VDD pins should be connected to +3.3V.

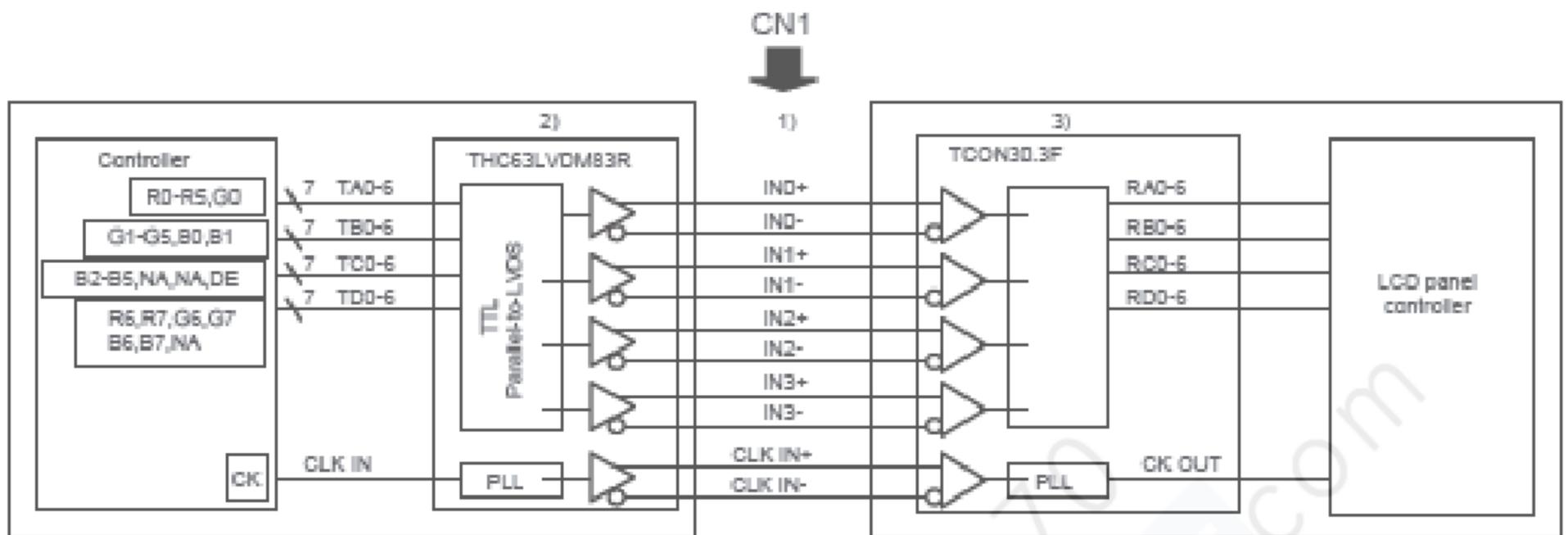
Note 2: All VSS pins should be connected to GND(0V),Metal bezel is connected internally to VSS.

Note 3: In  $n^-$  and  $n^+$  ( $n=0,1,2,3$ ),CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side by side FPC patterns, respectively.

The backlight interface connector is SM08B-SRSS-TB made by JST, and pin assignment of backlight is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Level	Function
1~3	$V_{LED}^+$	-	Power Supply for LED(12V)
4~5	NC	-	No Connection
6~8	$V_{LED}^-$	-	GND

## 9.2 LVDS INTERFACE



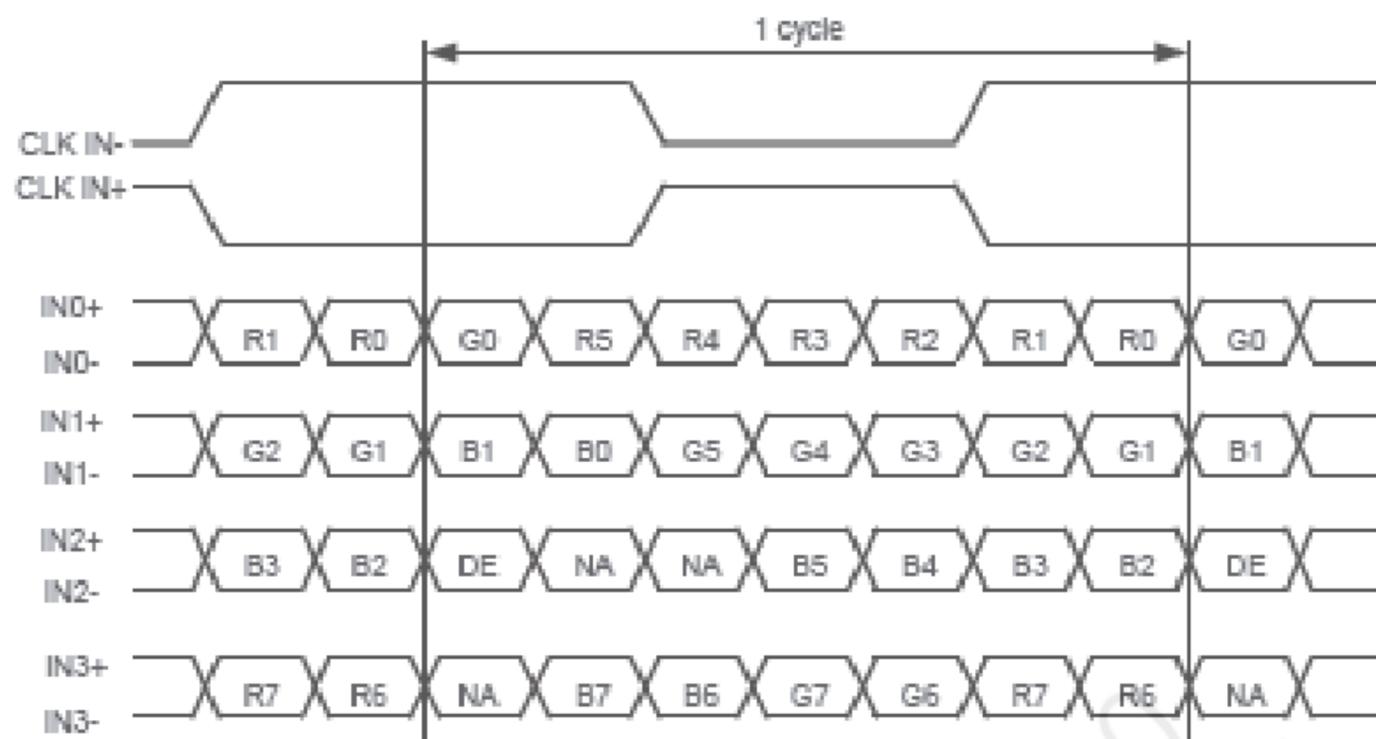
Note 1: 100Ω impedance of LVDS cable is recommended for best optical performance.

Note 2: Transmitter Made by Thine : THC63LVDM83R or equivalent.

Note 3: Receiver (TCON30.3-F) • Made by Thine : THC63LVDF84B equivalent.

## 9.3 DATA MAPPING

Pin No.	Pin name	Data	Pin No.	Pin name	Data
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	20	TC0	B2
52	TA1	R1	22	TC1	B3
54	TA2	R2	23	TC2	B4
55	TA3	R3	24	TC3	B5
58	TA4	R4	27	TC4	(NA)
3	TA5	R5	28	TC5	(NA)
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	30	TC6	DE
6	TB0	G1	50	TD0	R6
7	TB1	G2	2	TD1	R7(MSB)
11	TB2	G3	8	TD2	G6
12	TB3	G4	10	TD3	G7(MSB)
14	TB4	G5	16	TD4	B6
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	18	TD5	B7(MSB)
19	TB6	B1	25	TD6	(NA)



DE : Display Enable

NA : Not Available

Tel: +86 13728663670  
 Email: andeic@andesource.com  
 www.andelectronics.com

## 9.4 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR(8BIT MODE)

Input color		Red Data								Green Data								Blue Data							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

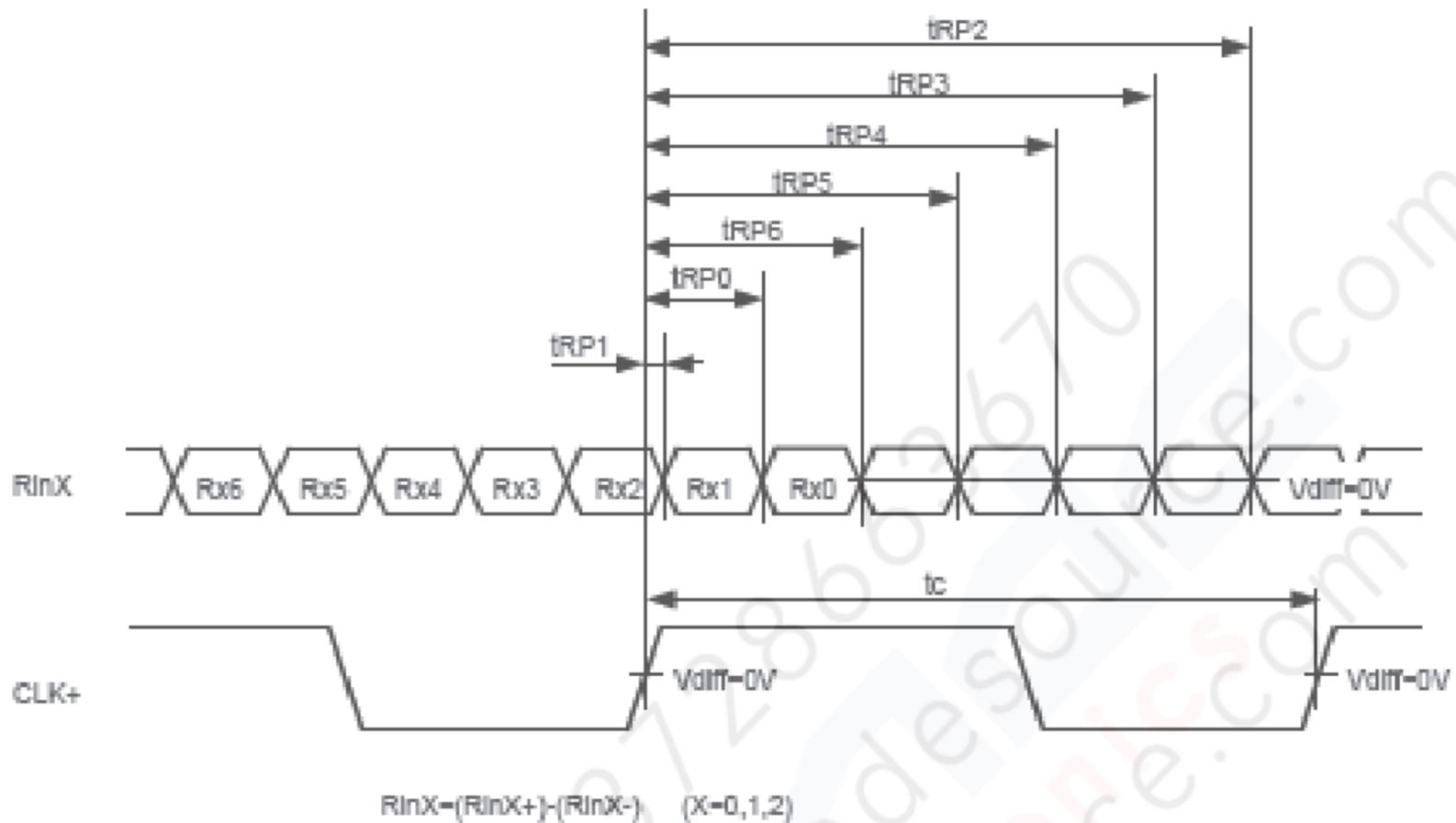
Note 1: Definition of gray scale : Color(n) Number in parenthesis indicates gray scale level. Larger number corresponds to brighter level.

Note 2: Data Signal : 1 : High, 0 : Low

## 9.5 INTERFACE TIMING

### (1) LVDS Receiver Timing

(Interface of TFT module)



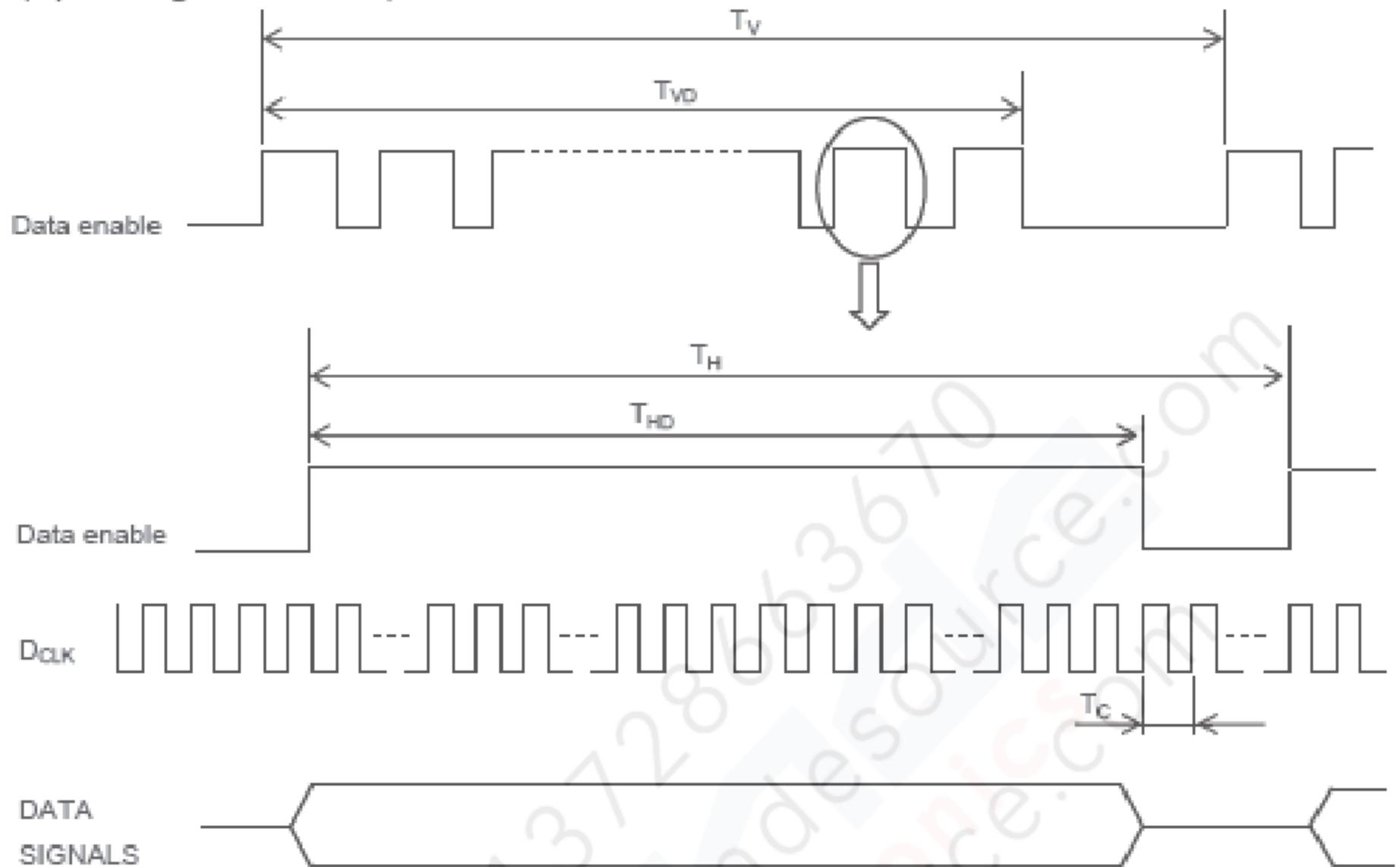
Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
DCLK	FREQUENCY	$1/t_c$	25.0	28.0 1)   33.3 2)	35.0	MHz
$R_{inX}$ ( $X=0,1,2$ )	0 data position	$t_{RP0}$	$1/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$1/7^*t_{CLK}$	$1/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	ns
	1st data position	$t_{RP1}$	-0.65	0	-0.65	
	2nd data position	$t_{RP2}$	$6/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$6/7^*t_{CLK}$	$6/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	
	3rd data position	$t_{RP3}$	$5/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$5/7^*t_{CLK}$	$5/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	
	4th data position	$t_{RP4}$	$4/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$4/7^*t_{CLK}$	$4/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	
	5th data position	$t_{RP5}$	$3/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$3/7^*t_{CLK}$	$3/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	
	6th data position	$t_{RP6}$	$2/7t_{CLK}-0.65$	$2/7^*t_{CLK}$	$2/7t_{CLK}+0.65$	

Note 1:  $f_v=50\text{Hz}$

Note 2:  $f_v=60\text{Hz}$

(2) Timing converter timing

(Input timing for transmitter)

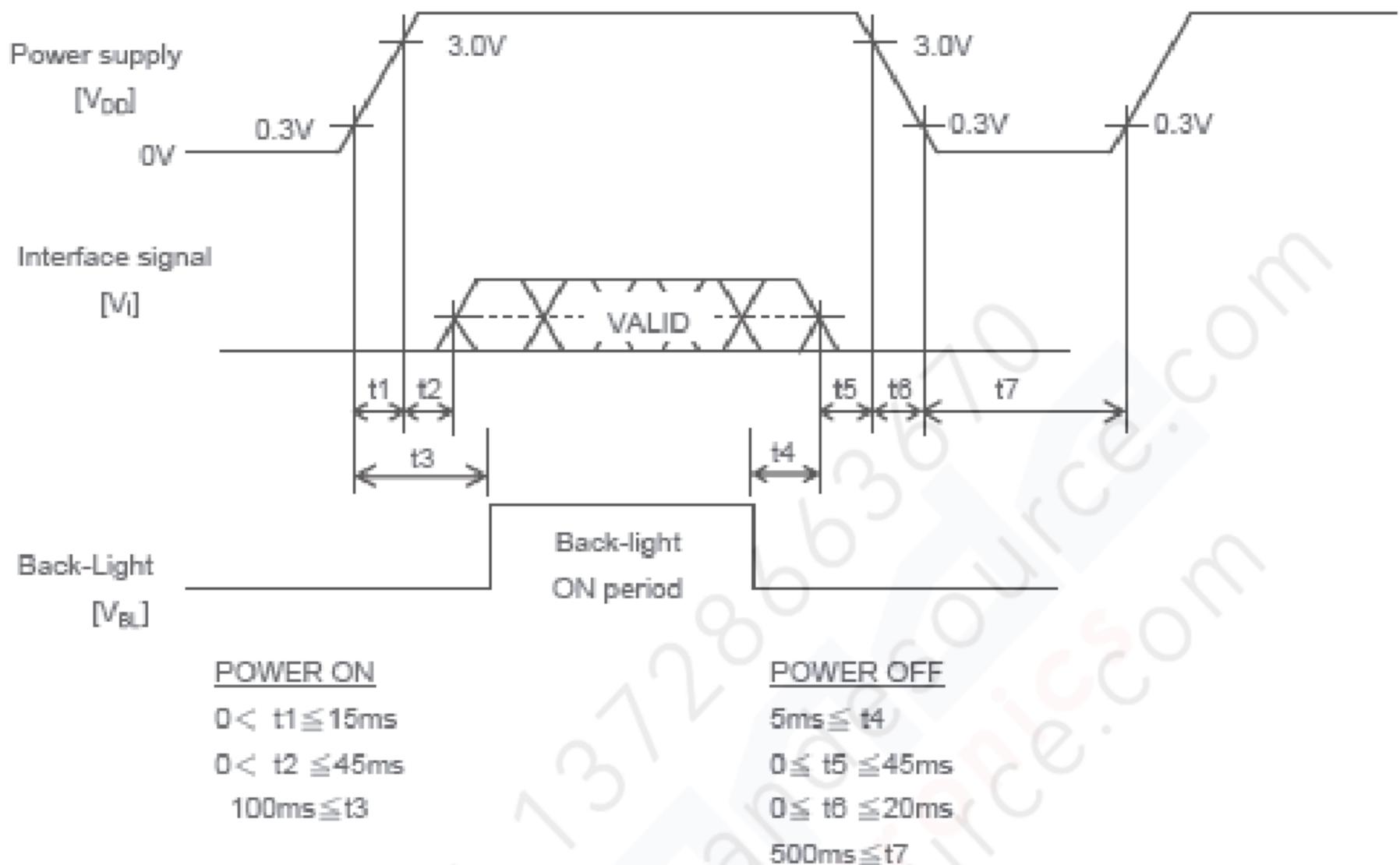


The timings except mentioned above are referred to the specifications of your transmitter.

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
DCLK	Cycle time	$T_C$	28.8	30.0	35.7	ns	
Data Enable	Duty	D	0.45	0.5	0.5	-	
	Horizontal period	$T_H$	842	1056	1056	$T_C$	
	Horizontal width-Active	$T_{HD}$	800	800	800	$T_C$	
	Vertical period	$T_V$	482	525	525	$T_H$	
	Vertical width-Active	$T_{VD}$	480	480	480	$T_H$	
	Frame frequency	$f_V$	42	60	50	Hz	

### (3) TIMING BETWEEN INTERFACE SIGNAL AND POWER SUPPLY

Power Supply, Input Signal and Backlight Voltage ON/OFF/REENTRY should comply with the following sequence.



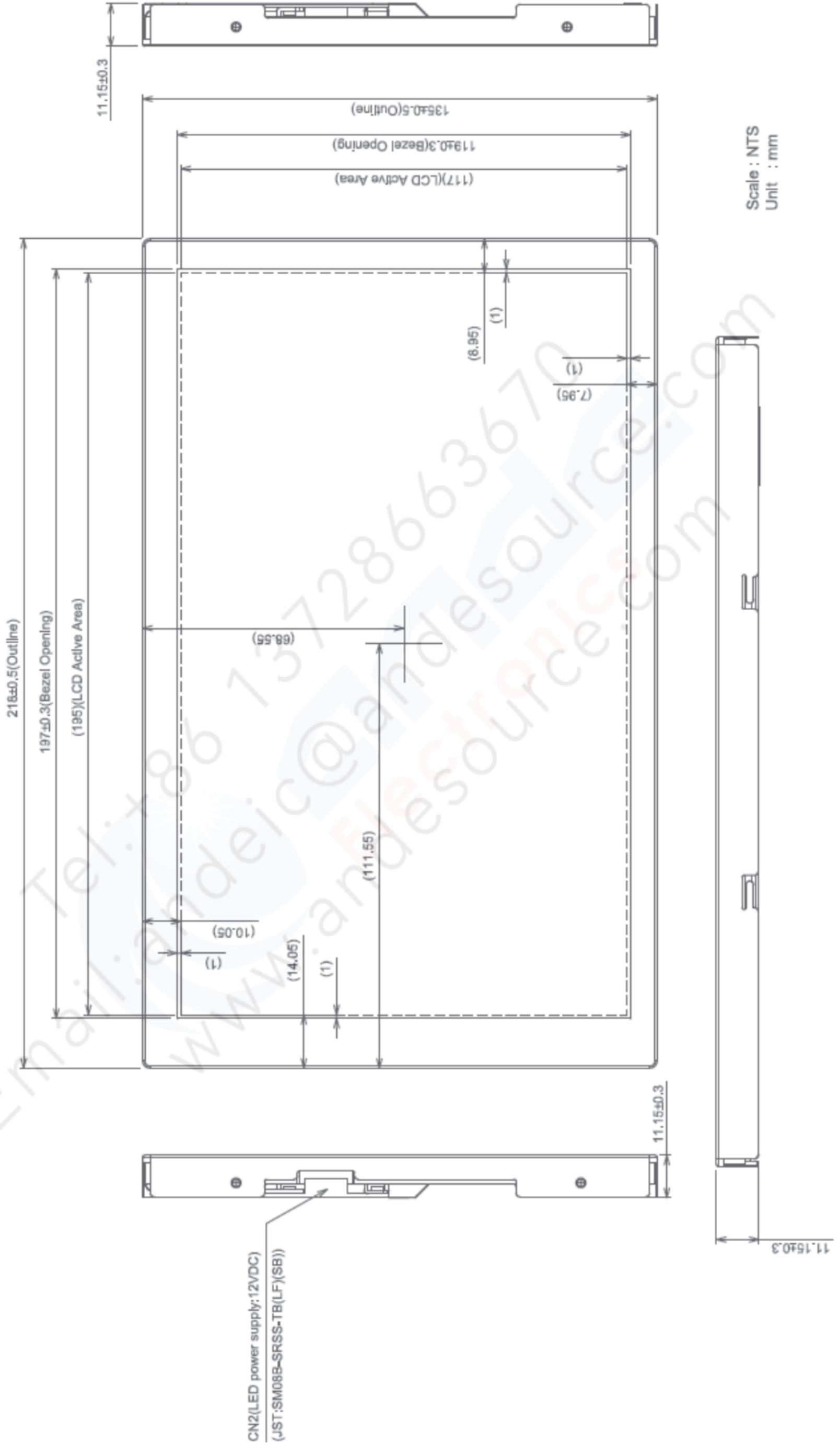
Note 1: In order to prevent electronic parts from destruction caused by latch-up, please input signal after Power Supply Voltage ON. In addition, please turn off signals before power supply voltage OFF.

Note 2: In order to prevent from function error due to residual charge, please reenter power supply voltage after time stipulated with  $t_7$ .

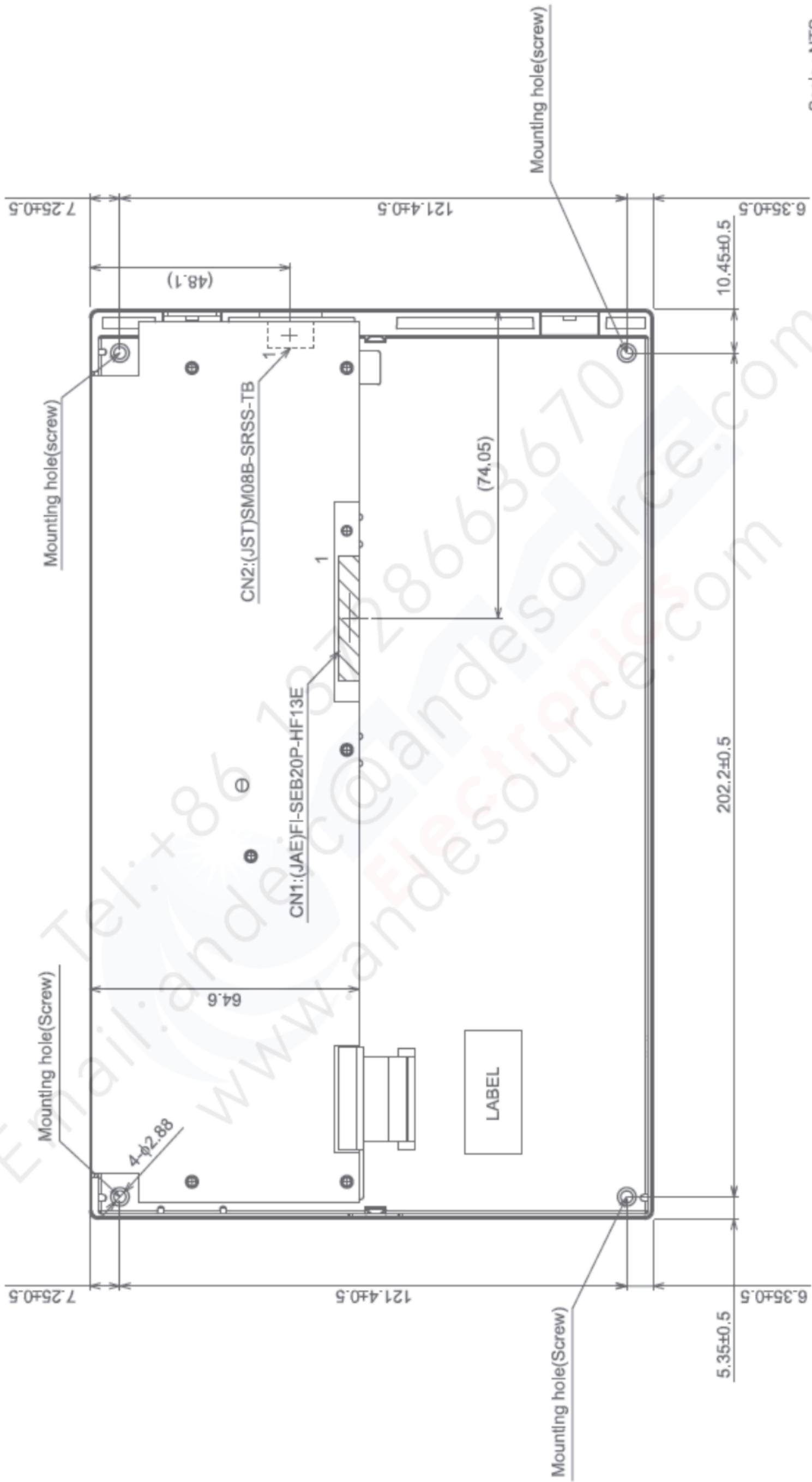
Note 3: Please turn on Backlight after signals fix and turn off before signals down, otherwise noise appears in the display. The noise cause no problem with display performance in case of timing sequence comply with the spec.

# 10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## 10.1 SURFACE SIDE



# 10.2 BACK SIDE



Note 1 : Maximum length of screw for the mounting hole is 3.3mm

# 11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 1200 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 11.1 The inspection should be performed within  $45^\circ$  when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within  $5^\circ$  when display is power on.

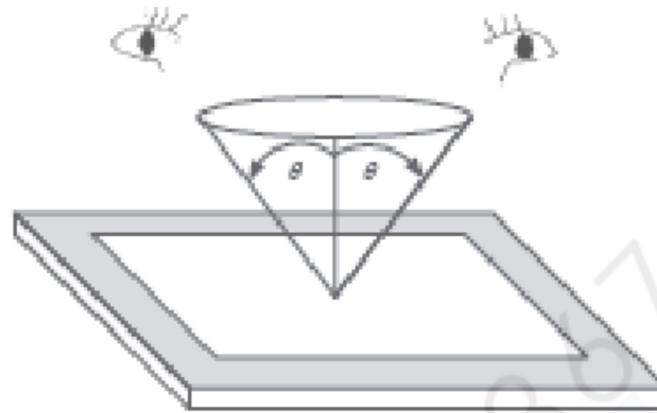


Fig. 11.1

## 11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

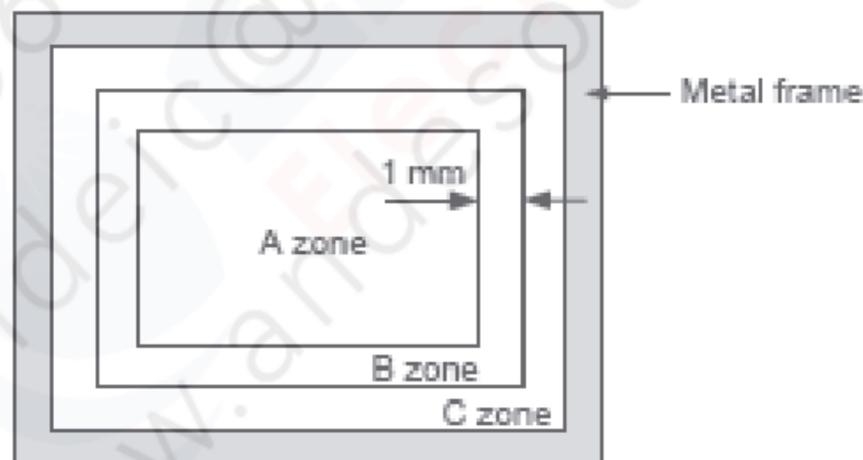


Fig. 11.2

## 11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

When displaying conditions are not stable (ex. at turn on or off), the following specifications are not applied.

Operating inspection

No	Item			Max. acceptable number	Unit	Remarks
				A-ZONE		
1	Dot defect	Sparkle mode	1-dot	2	pcs	Note 1,2,4
			2-dots	1	Units	Note 1,2,5
			3-dots	0		
			Total	2	Units	Note 1,2
		Black mode	1-dot	3	pcs	Note 1,3,4
			2-dots	2	Units	Note 1,3,5
			3-dots	0		
			Total	3	Units	Note 1,3
		Total	Density	1	Units/φ80mm	Note 1,2,3,6
			Total	3	Units	Note 1
2	Line defect			Serious one is not allowed	-	-
3	Uneven brightness					
4	Stain inclusion Line shape W : width (mm) L : length (mm)	W ≤ 0.02	L : Ignore	Ignore	pcs	Note 7
		W ≤ 0.03	L ≤ 2.0	10		
			L > 2.0	0		
		W ≤ 0.06	L ≤ 1.0	10		
			L > 1.0	0		
W > 0.06	-	(See dot shape)				
5	Stain inclusion Dot shape D : ave. dia (mm)	D ≤ 0.22		Ignore	pcs	Note 7
		D ≤ 0.33		5		
		D > 0.33		0		
6	Scratch on polarizer Line shape W : width (mm) L : length (mm)	W ≤ 0.01	L : Ignore	Ignore	pcs	Note 8
		W ≤ 0.02	L ≤ 40	10		
			L > 40	0		
		W ≤ 0.04	L ≤ 20	10		
			L > 20	0		
7	Scratch on polarizer Dot shape D : ave. dia (mm)	D ≤ 0.2		Ignore	pcs	Note 8
		D ≤ 0.4		10		
		D > 0.4		0		

Non-operating inspection

No	ITEM	Max. acceptable number		Unit	Remarks
		A-zone			
8	Bubbles, peeling In polarizer ( D:ave.dia(mm) )	$D \leq 0.3$	Ignore	pcs	Note 8
		$D \leq 0.5$	10		
		$D \leq 1.0$	5		
		$D > 1.0$	0		
9	Wrinkles on polarizer	Serious one is not allowed		-	-

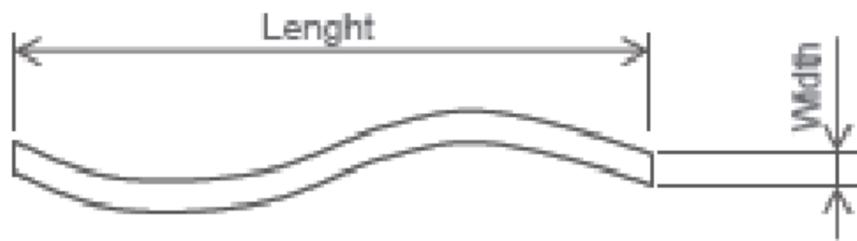


Fig 11.3



Fig 11.4

Note 1: Dot defect : defect area  $> 1/2$  dot

Note 2: Sparkle mode : brightness of dot is more than 30% at black raster.

Note 3: Black mode : brightness of dot is less than 70% at white raster.

Note 4: 1 dot : defect dot is isolated, not attached to other defect dot.

Note 5: N dots : N defect dots are consecutive. (N means the number of defects dots)

Note 6: Density : number of defect dots inside 20mm  $\phi$ .

Note 7: Those stains which can be wiped out easily are acceptable.

Note 8: Polarizer area inside of B-zone is not applied.

## 12. PRECAUTIONS

### 12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 1) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### 12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not pile the displays in order to avoid any scars leaving on the display. In order to avoid any injuries, please pay more attention for the edges of glasses and metal frame, and wear finger cots to protect yourself and the display before working on it.
- 2) Touching the display area or the terminal pins with bare hand is prohibited. This is because it will stain the display area and cause poor insulation between terminal pins, and might affect display's electrical characteristics furthermore.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 4) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 5) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanently damages.
- 6) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1.96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of adding pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### 12.3 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at  $25 \text{ C}^\circ$ . In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than  $\pm 100 \text{ mV}$ .

## 12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

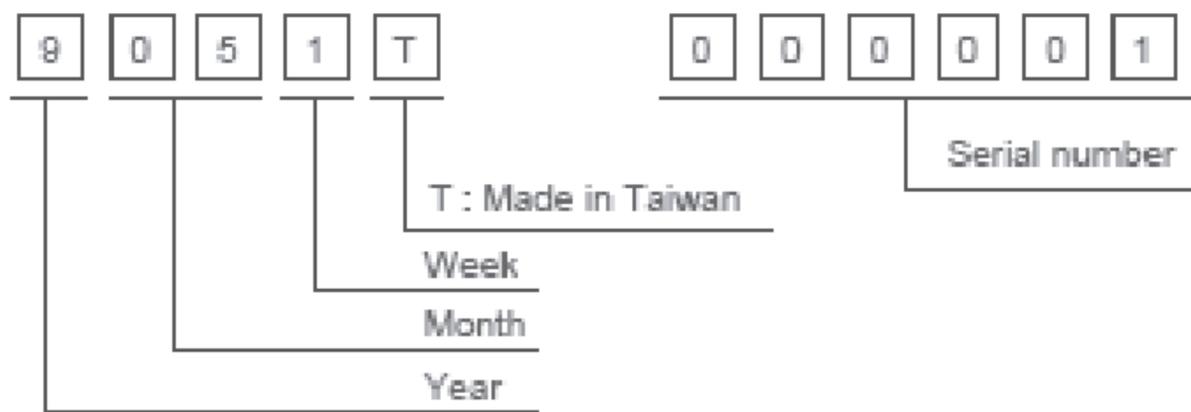
If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from Hitachi, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

Tel: +86 13728663670  
Email: andeic@andesource.com  
www.andelectronics.com

### 13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.



2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Mark
2009	9
2010	0
2011	1
2012	2
2013	3

Month	Mark	Month	Mark
1	01	7	07
2	02	8	08
3	03	9	09
4	04	10	10
5	05	11	11
6	06	12	12

Week (Days)	Mark
1~7	1
8~14	2
15~21	3
22~28	4
29~31	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.1.

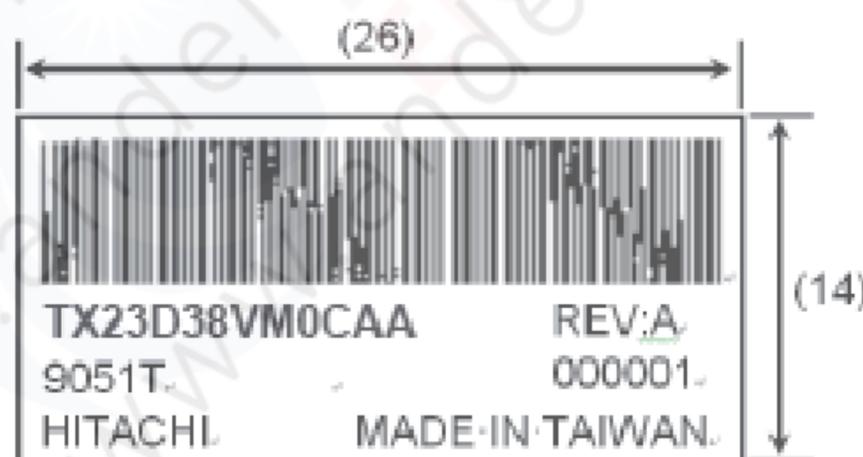


Fig 13.1